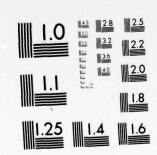
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SEP 79 M K WAHI, G S DULEBA, P R PERKINS F33615-77-C-3054
AFFDL-TR-79-3105-VOL-2-PT- NL AD-A079 803 UNCLASSIFIED 0F 4 ADA 079803

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AFFDL-TR-79-3105 VOLUME II, PART II



EASY-ACLS DYNAMIC ANALYSIS

VOLUME II Component Computer Programs

M. K. Wahi G. S. Duleba

P. R. Perkins

BOEING MILITARY AIRPLANE DEVELOPMENT BOEING AEROSPACE COMPANY P.O. BOX 3999, SEATTLE, WA 98124

SEPTEMBER 1979

TECHNICAL REPORT AFFDL-TR-3105 Volume II, Part II Final Report for Period April 1977 to June 1979

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AIR FORCE FLIGHT DYNAMICS LABORATORY
AIR FORCE WRIGHT AERONAUTICAL LABORATORIES
AIR FORCE SYSTEMS COMMAND
WRIGHT-PATTERSON AIR FORCE BASE, OHIO 45433



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This report has been reviewed by the Information Office (OI) and is releasable to the National Technical Information Service (NTIS). At NTIS, it will be available to the general public, including foreign nations.

This technical report has been reviewed and is approved for publication.

DAVID L. FISCHER, 1LT, USAF

Project Engineer

HOWELL K. BREWER

Chief, Mechanical Branch Vehicle Equipment Division

FOR THE COMMANDER

A R MILTT

Director, Vehicle Equipment Division Air Force Flight Dynamics Laboratories/FEM

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EASY ACLS DYNAMIC ANALYSIS. Volume II. Part II Component Computer Programs.	APRIL 1077 - JUNE 1079
M. K. WAHI, G. S. DULEBA	8. CONTRACT OR GRANT NUMBER(*)
PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADDRESS BOEING MILITARY AIRPLANE DEVELOPMENT, BOEING AEROSPACE COMPANY P.O. BOX 3999, SEATTLE, WA 98124	F33615-77-C-3054 TW 10. PROGRAM ELEMENT PROJECT TAS Project 2402 Task 240201 Work Unit 24020112
AIR FORCE FLIGHT DYNAMICS LABORATORY (AFFDL/FEM) AIR FORCE WRIGHT AERONAUTICAL LABORATORIES WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB, OH 45433	Sep 79 13. NUMBER OF PAGES 393
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FOREWORD

This report presents results of work conducted by the Boeing Company, Seattle, Washington, under Air Force Contract F33615-77-C-3054, "Application of the EASY Dynamic Program to the Analysis of Air Cushion Systems on Aircraft", during the period from 15 April 1977 to 1 June 1979. This contract was conducted under the sponsorship of the Air Force Flight Dynamics Laboratory, Wright-Patterson Air Force Base, Ohio with Mr. Peters Skele and Lt D. L. Fischer as project engineers.

This report is comprised of three volumes.

Volume I - Component Mathematical Models

Volume II - Component Computer Programs

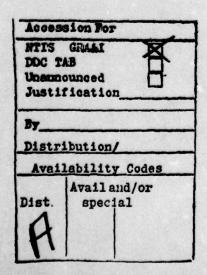
(Parts I and II)

PAGE

Volume III - Description of Simulations

In addition, a User's Manual (Reference 1) has been written to provide a concise reference for day to day usage.

The results presented were developed by the Boeing Aerospace Company. The program managers were A. J. P. Lloyd, H. H. Straub and J. R. Kilner. The principal investigators were Mr. K. Wahi, G. S. Duleba, J. R. Kilner and P. R. Perkins.



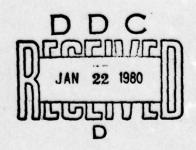


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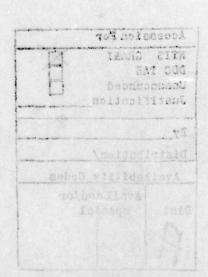
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SECTION VI

SUBROUTINE LISTINGS

This section contains the listings of all the EASY ACLS subroutines. The listings are ordered alphabetically according to subroutine name.

Table 128: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE AB

```
CAB
     SUBROUTINE AB(ABL, XYZ, DSM, IAL, REL, ZTR,
     1 FXT, FYT, FZT, TXT, TYT, TZT, PTR, PTRO, IPTR, PTL, PTLD, IPTL,
     2 VTR, VTRD, IVTR, VTL, VTLD, IVTL, WAR, WAL, CPT,
     3 ROL, PIT, YAW, X, ALT, U, V, W, PA, VU, EPC, WTR, TTR, WTL, TTL, ANE,
     4 ANSET, ANPTS, BST, WLT, CD1, CD2, CDA, BSCG, WLCG, TAU, P,Q,R,
     5 AMODE, ANR. OL. H. DMP)
                                          APRIL 10,1978
00000000
    VERSION 1.
    PURPOSE - MODEL THE PNEUMATIC, GEOMETRIC AND RESULTING
          - DYNAMIC RESPONSE OF A INELASTIC AIR BAG
            - SUSPENSION SYSTEM.
    METHOD - SEE AIR BAG DOCUMENTATION, VOL I, FINAL REPORT
      DIMENSION A(6), B(6), LO(6), XA(12), YA(12), ZA(12), D(12), S(12),
         IS(12), AP(12), LP(12), LH(12), MU(12), REL(1)
DIMENSION XBA(12), YBA(12), ZBA(12), GA(6), GB(6)
      DIMENSION ABL(1), XYZ(1), DSM(1), IAL(1)
      DIMENSION XMU(4), ZTR(1)
      REAL LO, LP, LH, MU, L3, L1, IAL
C
      DIMENSION AZO(6), AYO(10,10,6), AL1(10,10,6), AL3(10,10,6),
     * AAS(10,10,5),BYC(10,10,6),BL1(1C,10,6),BL3(1C,1C,6),
     * BAS(10,10,6)
      COMMON/CIO/IREAD, IWRITE, IDIAG
     COMMON/CTIME/TIME
      COMMON/CXDOT/XD(1)
      COMMON/CDIFS/JST, KIN, TP
C
      DATA RG,NA, TEST2/53.34,10,0./
C
C
C
    CALL SEQUENCE
C
C
  ***** INPUT TABLES OR DATA ARRAYS *****
                    -ARRAYS OF AIR BAG ELEMENT DIMENSIONS; ATTACH
C
      A, B, LO
C
                    -POINT SPACING, ATTACH POINT HEIGHT AND
                    -MEMBRANE CIRCUMFERENCE RESPECTIVELY, INCHES
C
                    -ARRAYS OF ANGULAR POSITION OF FUSELAGE
      GA,GB
                  -CONSTRAINTS ON MEMBRANE SHAPE
                    -ARRAYS OF COCRDINATES OF AIR SAG ELEMENT
      XA,YA,ZA
         -ATTACH POINT, INCHES
C
C
           -ARRAY OF ELEMENT WIDTH, INCHES
      0
C
      S
               -ARRAY OF SLEMENT SCALING FACTORS
   MU -ARRAY OF ELEMENT COEFFICIENTS OF FRICTION
00000
                    -IN X AND Y AXIS RESPECTIVELY
                    -ARRAY OF PARAMETER SET NUMBERS ASSOCIATED
      IS
            -WITH EACH SLEMENT
      AP
                    -ARRAY OF ORIFICE AREA PER UNIT AREA
                    -(OR PORCSITY) OF SAG SURFACE
```

```
LP
                     -ARRAY OF CIRCUMFERENTIAL DISTANCE FROM ATTACH
                     -POINT B TO BEGINNING OF PERFORATIONS, INCHES
      LH
                     -ARRAY OF WIDTH OF PERFORATED AREA, INCHES
                     -RELIEF VALVE AREA OPENING AS A FUNCTION OF
      REL
                     -BAG PRESSURE , ONE DIM. TABLE, SQ. IN VS PSIG
C
    **** OUTPUTS ****
C
      FXT, FYT, FZT
                     -X,Y,Z AXIS,AXIAL, LATERAL AND VERTICAL FORCE
C
                     -SUMMATION TERMS, LBS
C
                     -X, Y, Z AXIS SUMMATION TERMS FOR ROLL, PITCH,
      TXT, TYT, TZT
C
                     -AND YAW MOMENTS, FT-LB.
C
      PTR, PTRD, IPTR -RIGHT AIR BAG PRESSURE, RATE, INT CONTROL, PSIA
C
      PTL, PTLD, IPTL -LEFT AIR BAG PRESSURE, RATE, INT CONTROL, PSIA
C
      VTR, VTRD, IVTR -RIGHT AIR BAG VOLUME, RATE, INT CONTROL, CU FT
C
      VTL, VTLD, IVTL -LEFT AIR BAG VOLUME, RATE, INT CONTROL, CU FT
C
                     -RIGHT AIR FLOW RATE, AIR BAG TO ATMOSPHERE, LB/MIN
      WAR
C
      WAL
                     -LEFT AIR FLOW RATE, AIR BAG TO ATMOSPHERE, LB/MIN
C
    **** INPUTS
C
                   ****
C
                     -ROLL, PITCH, YAW EULER ANGLES, DEG
      ROL, PIT, YAW
C
                     -X, Z EARTH AXIS POSITIONS
      X, ALT
C
      U.V.W
                     -X,Y,Z BODY AXIS LINEAR VELOCITIES, FT/SEC
C
                     -AMBIENT PRESSURE, PSIA
      PA
C
                     -BREAK POINT IN MU-VELOCITY CURVE, IN/SEC
      VU
C
      WTR
                     -SUPPLY RIGHT AIR FLOW RATE TO AIR BAG, LB/MIN
C
      TTR
                     -TEMPERATURE OF WTR AIR, DEGR
C
      WTL
                     -SUPPLY LEFT AIR FLOW RATE TO AIR BAG, LB/MIN
                     -TEMPERATURE OF WTL AIR, DEGR
C
      TTL
C
      NE (ANE)
                     -NUMBER OF AIR BAG ELEMENTS
C
                     -IF ANE-LT-0 MODEL IS SYMMETRIC ABOUT ROLL AXIS -NUMBER OF ELEMENT SHAPE PARAMETER SETS
CCCC
      NSET
      CDA
                      - DISCHARGE COEFF. FOR FLOW THROUGH
                     -RELIEF VALVE
                     -NO. OF ELEMENTS IN A ROW OR COLUMN IN THE
      NPTS
OUUUUUU
                      - PARAMETER SET
      BST, WLT
                     -BODY STATION AND WATER LINE OF AIR BAG AXIS, INCHES
                     -ORIFICE DISCHARGE COEFFICIENT FOR FREE
      CDI
                     -PORTION OF AIR BAG
                     -ORIFICE DISCHARGE COEFFICIENT FOR AIR BAG AREA
      CD2
                     -IN CONTACT WITH THE GROUND
                     -BODY STATION AND WATER LINE OF C.G., INCHES
      BSCG, WLCG
C
                     -TIME CONSTANT FOR AIR BAG VOLUME
      TAU
CC
                     -RATE OF CHANGE, SEC
      P.Q.R
                     -X,Y,Z BODY AXIS ANGULAR VELOCITIES,DEG/SEC
CC
      AMODE, ANR, DL, H-TERRAIN MODEL PARAMETERS, SEE FUNCTION TERRA
                     -DAMPING COEFFICIENT AS A FUNCTION OF
      DMP
CCC
                     -FLATTENED AREA, LB-SEC/IN./SQ IN.
      EPC
                     -PRINT CONTROL, EPC=1. PRINT ELEMENT VARIABLE
                     -VALUES EVERY PRINT INTERVAL
  *** CONSTANTS ***
                      -GAS CUISTANT FOR AIR, FT-LB/LB/DEGR
      RG=53.34
C
C
    WRITTEN SY
                  J.R.KILNER
```

```
INITIAL CALCULATIONS AND ELEMENT SECTION PROPERTY
C
C
  PARAMETER DATA CALCULATED AT TIME=0
C
  I - INPUT DATA ARE UPDATED
                                                XMEMILTE 0.
                                                UV =(SHUEX
     CALL SECOND(CPT)
                                                *O =(E)UHX
     IF(TIME.NE.O.)GOTO 11
                                                 XMUTAIR 1.
C
     NSET=ANSET
     NE =ABS (ANE)
     NPTS=ANPTS
     NSET2=5*NSET+3
     DO 4 I=4, NSET2 ATAG RETEMARAS DAG SIA *****HAE, LMI TAKROR - 0000
                    * 2X,31H*** FOR THIN SYMMETRIC RAGS ***//
     TEST=TEST+ABL(I)
                                             * 37H ELEMENT
C
     NE3=NE*3+3
                                       4 5X UH #4Xd #
     TEST=TEST+XYZ(I)+DSM(I) TEST=TEST+XYZ(I)+DSM(I)
6
     TEST=TEST+IAL(I)
C
     IF (TEST.EQ.TEST2)GO TO 11
     TEST2=TEST . OS . SADS . BH. M. N. I. DIBNISSY JJADE . 1.05. 1931 FI
C
     MS=2
     IF (ANE.LT.C.)MS=1
     CNT=CNTL=CNTF=0.
C
     DO 10 I=1, NSET
     15=1*5
     A(I)=ABL(I5-1)
     S(I)=ABL(I5)
     LC(I)=A8L(I5+1)
     GA(I)=ABL(I5+2)
     GB(I)=ABL(I5+3)
     CONTINUE
10
     00 20 I=1,NE
     I3=I*3
     14=1*4
                                         SP#SINI OCLTWOMPIT)
     XA(I)=XYZ(I3+1)
                                         (WAYWENTIO, ) MIZHYZ
     YA(I)=XYZ(I3+2)
     ZA(I)=XYZ(I3+3)
C
     D(I)=DSM(I3+1)
     S(1)=0SM(13+2)
                                                BEAVER REVE
     MU(I)=DSM(I3+3)
                                           CYCLEPUCKACHER
C
                                                DER COSTERO
     IS(I)=IAL(I4)
     AP(I)=IAL(I4+1)
     LP(I)=IAL(I4+2)
                                                80=92=9092
     LH(I)= IAL(I4+3)
                                               DATID. WHELD
     XBA(I)= SSCG-BST+XA(I)
                                               01=0×+01748
     (I)AY = (I)AEY
                              373
```

```
ZBA(I)= WLCG-WLT+ZA(I) TOBE THEME IS ON SHOITAJUDJAD JAITTHI
20
                               PARAMETER DATA CALCULATED AT TIME-O
     XMU(1)= 0.
     XMU(2)= VU
      XMU(3)= 0.
      XMU(4)= 1.
      WRITE(IWRITE, 6000)
     WRITE(IWRITE, 6002) (I, XA(I), YA(I), ZA(I),D(I),S(I),
     * MU(1), IS(I), AP(I), LP(I), LH(I), I=1, NE)
6000 FORMAT(1H1,34H**** AIR BAG PARAMETER DATA ****,14(5H*****)/
     * 3X,31H*** FOR TWIN SYMMETRIC BAGS ***//
     * 37H ELEMENT
                         XA
                                   YA
                                             ZA,
     * 8X,*D
                  5*,
                                  LP
     * 6X,* MU
                 IS
                        AP
                                         LH*/)
6002 FORMAT(4X,12,2X,3F10.2,F10.2,2F8.3,14,F9.5,2F7.1/)
     CALL ICB(NSET, NPTS, A, B, LO, GA, GB, DMU,
               AZO, AYO, AL1, AL3, AAS, BYO, BL1, BL3, BAS)
C
      CONTINUE
 11
      IF(EPC.EQ.1.)CALL VPRINB(0,I,M,MS,NE,ZGAP,ZO,YO,L1,L3,AS,UTY,
              FFX8AR, FFY8AR, FD8AR, FT8AR, CNT, CNTL, CNTF)
      CNT=CNT+1.
   INITIALIZATION FOR LOOP ITERATION
      FXT =0.
      FYT =0.
      FZT =0.
      TXT =0.
      TYT =0.
      TZT =0.
      CR=COS(.01745*ROL)
      CP=COS(.01745*PIT)
      CY=COS(.01745*YAW)
      SR=SIN(.01745*ROL)
      SP=SIN(.01745*PIT)
                                                * I + ET I T X X S I I has
      SY=SIN(.01745+YAW)
      CPCY=CP*CY
      CRSY=CR*SY
      SR SPCY=SR +SP+CY
      SYSR=SY*SR
      CYCRSP=CY+CR+SP
      CPSR=CP *SR
      CR CP=CR*CP
      SPSR=SP*SR
      SPCR=SP*CR
      P1=P=.01745
      Q1=Q*.01745
```

```
R1=R*.01745
                 DEFERMINE VELOCITY OF MINT I RELATIVE TO SARRE
     U1=U+12.
     V1=V*12.
     W1=W*12.
000000
     M=1 RIGHT AIR BAG
     M=2 LEFT AIR BAG
                                       IV+18#Tel+15^185~=019Y
     I = AIR BAG ELEMENT NUMBER **
      E=+1 IF M=1
                                       INVIGATER-ISTTEY -OTES
      E=-1 IF M=2
                             RDPS#GTES#RRFL = OTEY + 90 # OT EX#SCTX
     DO 31 M=1,MS
     E=1.
     PT=PTR
     IF (M.EQ.1)GOTO 22
     E=-1.
     PT=PTL
     VTS=0.
     AH1=0.
      AH2=0.
      DO 30 I=1.NE
 ** FS REFERS TO FREE SHAPE VALUES
  ** SUBSCRIPT U INDICATES UNSCALED VARIABLE
     ISI=IS(I)
     ZOFSU=AZO(ISI)
      ZOFS =S(I) *ZOFSU
      YOFS =S(I) *AYC(1,1,ISI)
     XBT=XBA(I) AM . E E 1 2 E . ZE AM . SUMO . DYN . HE HOS . DUT . TUTS . AT HE I ZE C .
     YBT=(YBA(I)+YOFS)*E
      28T=28A(I)+20FS
   DETERMINE X AND Z POSITION OF POINT T IN EARTH COORDINATES
      XET=X+12.+XBT+CPCY+YBT+(SRSPCY-CRSY)+ZBT+(SYSR+CYCRSP)
      ZET=-ALT+12.-XBT+SP+YBT+CPSR+ZBT+CRCP
   DETERMINE TERRAIN ELEVATION AT POINT T
      ZEG =TERRA(XET, AMODE, ANR, DL, H, ZTR)
  CALCULATE BAG-GROUND GAP HEIGHT.
   NEGATIVE GAP IMPLIES A LOADED BAG ELEMENT
      ZGAP=-ZEG-ZET
      ZO=ZOFS+ZGAP
      IF(ZGAP.GT.O.) GO TO 44
   LOADED SHAPES
```

```
CNTL=CNTL+1.
C
  DETERMINE VELOCITY OF POINT T RELATIVE TO EARTH
C
   WITH X AND Y COMPONENTS ORIENTED TO BODY AXIS
C
     ZBT=ZBA(I)+ZO
C
     X8TD= Z8T+Q1-Y8T+R1+U1
      YB TO=-ZBT*P1+XBT*R1+V1
      Z8 TD= Y8T*P1-X8T*Q1+W1
     XTD2=XBTD*CP+YBTD*SPSR+ZBTO*SPCR
     YTD2=YSTD *CR-ZBTD*SR
      ZTD=-XBTD *SP+YBTD*CPSR+ZBTD*CRCP
C
      VET=SQRT(XTD2*XTD2+YTD2*YTD2)
   CALCULATE ELEMENT FRICTION COEFFICIENTS
      IF (VET.EQ.O.)GOTO 24
      UTO=MU(I)*TBLU1(VET,XMU,XMU(3),1,-2)
      UTX=UTO*XTD2/VET
      UTY=UTO+YTD2/VET
      GOTO 26
24
      UTX=0.
      UTY=0.
      CONTINUE
26
   CALCULATE ELEMENT DIMENSIONS AND AREAS FOR A
   LOADED SHAPE
      ZOU=ZO/S(I)
      UT=E*UTY
      IF(UT.LT.0.)GOTO 33
      YO=S(I)*TBL2(UT, ZCU, ZOFSU, AYC, DMU, NPTS, IS(I), NA)
      L1=S(I)*TBL2(UT,ZOU,ZOFSU,AL1,DMU,NPTS,IS(I),NA)
      L3=S(I)*TBL2(UT,ZOU,ZOFSU,AL3,DMU,NPTS,IS(I),NA)
      AS=S(I)*S(I)*TBL2(UT, ZOU, ZOFSU, AAS, DMU, NPTS, IS(I), NA)
      GOTO 34
      YO=S(I)*TBL2(UT,ZOU,ZOFSU,BYO,DMU,NPTS,IS(I),NA)
      L1=S(I)*TBL2(UT,ZOU,ZOFSU,BL1,DMU,NPTS,IS(I),NA)
      L3=S(I)*TBL2(UT,ZOU,ZOFSU,BL3,DMU,NPTS,IS(I),NA)
      AS=S(I) +S(I) +TBL2(UT, ZOU, ZOFSU, BAS, DMU, NPTS, IS(I), NA)
      CONTINUE
34
   AIR BAG GROUND REACTION
      AT=0(1)*L3
      FTEAR=(PT-PA) *AT
   CALCULATE FRICTION FORCES
      FFXBAR=-UTX#FT9AR
      FFYBAR =-UTY*FTBAR
```

```
** CALCULATE ELEMENT DAMPING FORCE
                FDBAR=DMP*AT*ZTD #25A*ADD*FSHA*CO*TABB.*A#EDD*ATED
     ** CALCULATE FORCES AND MOMENTS
                                                                  CALL PRICORIPTS AN ATRICATAGE PRESENT
CTTWX10FTV*#T9*5.1-19AW-9TW1*FTT*DR*98E1DGO.1=00TG10.2M.FTG11-1
                FXT=FXT+FFXBAR
                FYT=FYT+FFYBAR
                FZT=FZT-FTBAR-FDBAR
                YST=(YBA(I)+Y0+.5*L3)*E
                TXT=TXT+(-(FTBAR+FDBAR)*YBT-FFYBAR*ZBT)*.08333
                TYT=TYT+((FTBAR+FDBAR)*XBT+FFXBAR*ZBT)*.08333
                TZT=TZT+(FFYBAR*XBT-FFXBAR*YBT)*.08333
                GO TO 66
        CALCULATE ELEMENT DIMENSION AND AREAS FOR FREE SHAPE
  CONTINUE
JANSHER SANSHER SANSHER SANSHER SANSTER ARE STORED SENSIT SITES
JANSHER SANSHER SANSHER SANSHER SANSHER SANSTER SANS
                Y0=AYC(1,1,ISI)
                L1=AL1(1,1,ISI)
                                                                                                                                   LIBOOK OLATEMMYZ **
                L3=0.
                AS = AAS(1,1,ISI)
                UTY=0.
                FFXBAR=0.
                FFYBAR=0.
                FOBAR=0.
                FTBAR=Q.
  65
                CONTINUE
        CALCULATE ELEMENT VOLUME
                VTS=VTS+D(I)*AS*.0005787
C
                IF(AP(I).NE.O.) CALL PERFB(ZGAP, L1, L3, LP(I), LH(I),
                             D(I), AP(I), AH1, AH2)
C
               IF(EPC.EQ.1.)CALL VPRINB(1,I,M,MS,NE,ZGAP,ZO,YO,L1,L3,AS,UTY,
                              FFXBAR, FFYBAR, FDBAR, FTBAR, CNT, CNTL, CNTF)
  30
                CONTINUE
                VTSL=VTS
                AHIL=AHI
                AH2L=AH2
                IF (M.EQ.2) GOTO 32
                VTSR=VTS
                AHIR=AHI
                AHZR=AHZ
                CONTINUE
32
31
                CONTINUE
    ** CALCULATE FLOW RATES, BAG VOLUME RATES OF CHANGE AND
     ** BAG PRESSURE RATES OF CHANGE
C
C
             RIGHT AIR SAG
```

```
** CALCULATE ELEMENT DAMPING PORCE
      N=REL(2)
      AREL = TBLU1(PTR-PA,REL(4),REL(N+4),1,-N)
      CATA=CD1*AH1R+.6667*CD2*AH2R+CDA*AREL
IF(IVTR.NE.O) VTRD=(VTSR-VTR)/TAU
      CALL FNFLOW(PTR, PA, TTR, CATA, 1., FN, WAR)
      IF (IPTR.NE.O) PTRD= (.0001389*RG*TTR*(WTR-WAR)-1.2*PTR*VTRD)/VTR
C
C
     LEFT AIR BAG
  ** TEST FOR SYMMETRIC MODEL
C
                               BARYER-TEYACHORDERANGETA) - INTXTATXT
C
      IF (ANE.LT.O.) GOTO 55 THE ASSESSMENT AS A SECOND ASSESSMENT OF THE TYPE
                           EEEED. # ISB ** SABARA TAY # CABARA TAY TO AT ST
C
      N=REL(2)
      AREL = T9LU1(PTL-PA, REL(4), REL(N+4), 1, -N)
      CATA=CD1*AH1L+.6667*CD2*AH2L+CDA*AREL
      IF(IVTL.NE.O) VTLD=(VTSL-VTL)/TAU
      CALL FNFLOW(PTL, PA, TTL, CATA, 1., FN, WAL)
      IF (IPTL.NE.O) PTLD= (.0001389*RG*TTL*(WTL-WAL)-1.2*PTL*VTLD)/VTL
      RETURN
C
  ** SYMMETRIC MODEL
55
      FXT=2.*FXT
      FYT=0.
      FZT=2.*FZT
      TXT=0.
      TYT=2. *TYT
      TZT=0.
C
      IF (IVTL.NE.O) VTLD=VTRD
      WAL=WAR
      IF (IPTL.NE.O) PTLD=PTRD
C
      RETURN : CETE JACT POLICE PROTEST OF LIAD CONSTRUCTION OF
      END
```

Table 129: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE AC

```
CAC
      SUBROUTINE AC (CLT, CDT, CMT, CYT, CLST, CNST, CL, CD, CM, CY, CLS, CNB, AL, BE)
C
                         PURPLEE - TO SIMULATE ANALYTICAL FINDTIO
C
   VERSION 1. JUNE 1977
C
C
   PURPOSE
            STANDARD JINDIVIK AERODYNAMIC DATA - REF. AERO TECH MEMO
             222. USED FOR TASK 2 TRIM AND DYNAMIC FLIGHT CONDITIONS.
             AERODYNAMIC COEF ARE INTERPOLATED FROM TABLES.
   METHOD
   CALL SEQUENCE
   ****
         TABLES
                 ****
C
         -COEF OF LIFT VS. ANGLE OF ATTACK
    CLT
C
    COT
         -COEF OF DRAG VS. COEF OF LIFT
         -COEF OF PITCH MOMENT VS. COEF OF LIFT
     CMT
     CYT -COEF OF SIDE FORCE VS. ANGLE OF SIDE SLIP
     CLBT -DERIVITIVE, ROLLING MOMENT DUE TO SIDE SLIP VS ANGLE OF ATTACK
C
     CNBT -DERIVITIVE, YAWING MOMENT DUE TO SIDE SLIP VS ANGLE OF ATTACK
C
   ****
         OUTPUTS ****
C
    CL
         -COEF OF LIFT
          -COEF OF DRAG FORCE
C
    CD
         -COEF OF PITCH MOMENT
-COEF OF SIDE FORCE
C
    CM
C
    CY
         -ROLL MOMENT DERIVITIVE
C
    CLB
C
     CNB
         -YAW MOMENT DERIVITIVE
C
   ****
          INPUTS ****
C
    AL
          -ANGLE OF ATTACK
          -SIDE SLIP ANGLE
    BE
C
    WRITTEN BY JOHN MC AVOY AND MAHINDER WAHI
      DIMENSION CLT(1),CDT(1),CMT(1),CYT(1),CLBT(1),CNBT(1)
C**INTERPOLATE CL
      NCLT=CLT(2)
      CL=TBLU1(AL,CLT(4),CLT(NCLT+4),1,-NCLT)
C**INTERPOLATE CD
      NCDT=CDT(2)
      CD=TBLU1(CL,CDT(4),CDT(NCDT+4),1,-NCDT)
C**INTERPOLATE CM
      NCMT=CMT(2)
      CM=TBLU1(CL,CMT(4),CMT(NCMT+4),1,-NCMT)
C**INTERPOLATE CY
      NCYT=CYT(2)
      CY=TBLU1(BE,CYT(4),CYT(NCYT+4),1,-NCYT)
C**INTERPOLATE CLB
      NCLBT=CLBT(2)
      CLS=TSLU1(AL, CLST(4), CLST(NCLST+4),1,-NCLST)
C**INTERPOLATE CNB
      NCNBT=CNBT(2)
      CNB=TBLU1(AL, CNBT(4), CNBT(NCNBT+4),1,-NCNBT)
      CL =-CL
      CD=-CD
      RETURN
      END
```

Table 130: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE AF

```
CAF
     SUBROUTINE AF(FO,COD,C1,C2,C3,C4,C5)
CC
    PURPOSE - TO SIMULATE ANALYTICAL FUNCTIONS
000000000
    METHOD - SEE CODING
    WRITTEN BY - ADAM LLOYD LATEST REVISION FEB 76
    LIMITATIONS - NONE
C
    INPUT/OUTPUT LIST
00000000000000
    FO
              OUTPUT VARIABLE
                                                   ANY
                                                          OUTPUT VAR
    COD
              CODE IDENTIFYING ANALYTICAL FUNCTION --
                                                          INPUT PARAM
              CODE=
                       FO=
                       C1+C2*SIN(C3*TIME+C4)
                       C1+C2*COS(C3*TIME+C4)
              3
                       C1+C2*EXP(-C5*TIME)*SIN(C3*TIME+C4)
                       C1+C2*EXP(-C5*TIME)*COS(C3*TIME+C4)
                       C1+C2*TIME
                       C1+C2*EXP(-C5*TIME)
                                                          INPUT
              CONSTANT INPUTS FOR ABOVE EQNS
                                                                 PARAM
              CONSTANT INPUTS FOR ABOVE EQNS
    CZ
                                                          INPUT
                                                                 PARAM
              CONSTANT INPUTS FOR ABOVE EQNS
    C3
                                                          INPUT
                                                                 PARAM
              CONSTANT INPUTS FOR ABOVE EGNS
    C4
                                                          INPUT
                                                                 PARAM
              CONSTANT INPUTS FOR ABOVE EQNS
                                                          INPUT
                                                                 PARAM
    C5
      COMMON/CTIME/TIME
      NCODE = COD
      GO TO (10,20,30,40,50,60) NCODE
 10
      FO=C1+C2*SIN(C3*TIME+C4)
      GO TO 100
      FO=C1+C2*COS(C3*TIME+C4)
 20
      GO TO 100
      FO=C1+C2*EXP(-C5*TIME)*SIN(C3*TIME+C4)
 30
      GO TO 100
      FO=C1+C2*EXP(-C5*TIME)*COS(C3*TIME+C4)
 40
      GO TO 100
 50
      FO=C1+C2*TIME
      GO TO 100
 60
      FO=C1+C2*EXP(-C5*TIME)
 100
      RETURN
      END
```

Table 131: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE AMACH

```
CAMACH
      FUNCTION AMACH(P,T,A,W,SH)
                                  + I(T) IMAM(I+I) IMAI*(I-SX) + NAMA
    PURPOSE - TO CALCULATE MACH NUMBER IN AN ELEMENT OF KNOWN AREA
              WITH MOIST AIR
    METHOD - CALCULATES F(M)=(W+SQRT(T)/(A+P))+SQRT(R/(GAMMA+32.2))
                     =M/(1.+(GAMMA-1.)*M*M/2.)**(GAMMA+1.)/2.*(GAMMA-1.)
              F(M) IS ONLY SLIGHTLY DEPENDENT ON THE RATIO OF SPECIFIC
 HEATS (GAMMA). HENCE THE ARRAYS OF F(M) VERSUS MACH NUMBER
              ASSUME GAMMA=1.4
    WRITTEN BY - ADAM LLOYD LATEST REVISION NOV 75
            LOX. ACHVARTABLE EXCEEDS UPPER LIMIT OF DATA ARRAY AMI
    LIMITATIONS - NONE
    INPUT/OUTPUT LIST
    AMACH
               MACH NUMBER
                                                                 QUIPUT
               PRESSURE
                                                   PSIA
                                                                 INPUT
C
    T
               TEMPERATURE
                                                   DEGR
                                                                 INPUT
               AREA
                                                   IN2
                                                                 INPUT
               FLOW RATE
                                                   LB/MIN
                                                                 INPUT
    SH
               SPECIFIC HUMIDITY
                                                   LB/LB
                                                                 INPUT
      COMMON/ERMESS/IFATAL, IERR
      COMMON/CIO/IREAD, IWRITE, IDIAG
      DIMENSION AM1 (26) , AM2 (10)
    DATA ARRAYS AM GIVE MACH NUMBER AS A FUNCTION OF F(M)
C
    ARRAY AM1 - INCREMENT IN FM = .02
    ARRAY AM2 - INCREMENT IN FM = .01
      DATA AM1 /
          .000
                   ..020
                             ,.040
                                        ..060
                                                  .. 080
                                                            ..101
          .122
                   ..143
                             ..164
                                        1.185
                                                  ,.206
                                                            1.227
          .248
     3
                   ,.271
                             ..296
                                        ,.319
                                                  ,.343
                                                            , . 368
                   ..421
                             1.449
                                        ..481
          .394
                                                  ,.513
                                                            1.548
          .586
                   1.632
      DATA AM2 /
          .632
                   1.653
     1
                             ,.678
                                        .. 705
                                                  , . 735
                                                            1.772
                   ..875
          .812
                             ,1.0
                                        .1.0
    CALCULATE FLUID PROPERTIES
      CP=SHCP(T,SH)
      R=(53.3+85.7*SH)/(1.+SH)
      GAMMA=1.+R/(CP#778.-R)
    CALCULATE F(M)
      C1=ABS(R#T/(GAMMA #32.2))
      C1 = AMAX2(C1,.01)
      FM=A9S(W=SQRT(C1))/(60.*A=P)
    CALCULATE MACH NUMBER
    TABLES DO NOT PERMIT EXTRAPOLATION
      IF (FM.GT.0.5) GO TO 10
      X1=FM/.02 + 1.
      X2=AMAX1(X1,1.)
```

Table 131: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE AMACH (CONCLUDED)

```
1=X2
    I=MAX0(1,1)
                                           EXTENTEDAMA MOTTOMICE
    AMACH=(X2-I)*(AM1(I+1)-AM1(I)) + AM1(I)
    GO TO 100
                        THE MA WE PROMISE HAND HE WAR FR IN AM SE
    X1=(FM-.50)/.01 + 1.
10
                                          MITH MOTOR AIR
    X2=AMIN1(X1,10.)
    1=X2
    I=MINO(I-9)
                      METHOD - CARCULATES FIME OF WASOR FOR SALES
    AMACH=(X2-I)*(AM2(I+1)-AM2(I)) + AM2(I)
    IF(X1.LE.10.)GO TO 100
  WARNING DIAGNOSTIC IF VALID RANGE OF INDEPENDENT VARIABLE EXCEEDED
   TEST FOR DIAGNOSTIC PRINT OUT
                                       ALIMANAN BRUZZA
     IF(IERR.NE.1)GO TO 100
     WRITE(IWRITE, 9999)
9999 FORMAT(10x,33HNON FATAL ERROR CALLED FROM AMACH/
    1 10X,45HVARIABLE EXCEEDS UPPER LIMIT OF DATA ARRAY AM)
    RETURN
     ENO
```

COMMUNICAMENTALIZARIA COMUNICAMENTALIZARIA COMUNICAMENTALIZARIA COMUNICAMENTA COMUNICAMENTA COMUNICAMENTA COMUNICAMENTA COMUNICAMENTA COMUNICAMENTA COMUNI

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PERSONAL DEPOSIT OF THE PERSONAL PROPERTY OF T

CONTRACTOR STATES

Table 132: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE AP

```
CAP
      SUBROUTINE AP(ELE, ETA, ETAD, IETA, PGR, PGRD, IPGR, X1, X10, IX1,
     1 X2, X20, IX2, ELD, GAM, GAD, A1, A2, A3, A4,
     2 A5, A6, A7, A8, PGL, PIT, PITD, GL1, GL2)
             SIMULATED BY SATURATION FUNCTION WITH DEAD BAND
   VERSION 2.
                               REVISED OCT 3,1977
0000000
   PURPOSE
             SIMULATION OF JINDIVIK AUTOPILOT FOR PITCH CONTROL
   METHOD
             EQUATIONS AND TRANSFER FUNCTIONS SUPPLIED BY AUSTRALIAN GAF.
             AN APPENDIX-AERODYNAMIC DERIVITIVES AND AUTOPILOT/SERVO
             TRANSFER FUNCTIONS FOR MG 203A SHORT SPAN JINDIVIK FITTED
             WITH MG 7/8 WING TIP FUEL PODS. DATE 1973.
C
             PITCH CONTROL IS SIMULATED. GROUND BASED PITCH CONTROL IS
C
   CALL SEQUENCE
   **** OUTPUTS
                    ****
C
     ELE
                     ELEVATOR ANGLE, DEG
C
     ETA, ETAD, IETA
                     ELEVATOR SERVO ANGLE(DEG), RATE AND INTEGRATION CONTROL
C
                     ELEVATOR SERVO DEMAND ANGLE (DEG)
     ELD
CCC
     PGR, PGRD, IPGR
                     PITCH GYRO REF ANGLE(DEG), RATE, INTEGRATION CONTROL
                     TRANSFER FUNCTION INTERMEDIATE STATE PARAMETER
     X1, X10, IX1
                     TRANSFER FUNCTION INTERMEDIATE STATE PARAMETER
     X2, X2D, IX2
   **** INPUTS
000000
     GAM
                     VERTICAL FLIGHT PATH ANGLE IN DEG
                     DEMANDED FLIGHT PATH ANGLE IN DEG
     GAD
                     POS AND NEG LIMIT OF DEAD BAND IN DEG
     A1. A2
                     POS AND NEG FLIGHT PATH ANGLE FOR CONTINUOUS BEEP IN C
     A3, A4
     A5, A6
                     MAX AND MIN PITCH GYRO REFERENCE ANGLE RATES IN DEG
CC
                     SATURATION SLOPES
     8A,7A
     PGL
                     PITCH GYRO REFERENCE ANGLE LIMIT
C
     PIT, PITO
                     AIRCRAFT PITCH ANGLE AND PITCH ANGLE RATE
                     GAIN FOR REF ANGLE (PITCH) LIMITS
C
     GL1
                     GAIN FOR INTEGRATION LIMITS ON ELE SERVO ANGLE
     GL2
C**WRITTEN BY J.J.MCAVOY AND M.K.WAHI
                                                  SEPT 1977
C**PITCH ATTITUDE CONTROL
C == LANDING APPROACH CONDITIONS
         PITCH=1.0 DEG.
         ENGINE SPEED=7000 RPM
         DESCENT RATE =- 2.0 DEG.
         PITCH RATE DEMAND=2.0 DEG/SEC
C***LEVEL FLIGHT CONDITIONS
         PITCH=1.0 DEG
         PITCH RATE DEMAND=4.0 DEG/SEC
C**GROUND CONTROL OF PITCH TO MAINTAIN VERTICAL FLIGHT PATH ANGLE (SEEPING)
C**SATURATION FUNCTION WITH DEAD BAND GIVES PITCH GYRO REF ANGLE RATE
C**SATURATION FUNCTION SHIFT FOR NON ZERO VERTICAL FLIGHT PATH ANGLE
      GS F=GAM-GAD
      CALL SB(PGF,GSF,A1,A2,A3,A4,A5,A6,A7,A8)
C**INTEGRATE WITH LIMITS GYRO PITCH REFERENCE ANGLE RATE
      IF(IPGR.NE.O)PGRO=PGF + GL1*AMIN1(0.,PGL-PGR)
      IF(IPGR.NE.O)PGRD=PGF + GL1*AMAX1(0.,-PGL-PGR)
```

Table 132: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE AP (CONCLUDED)

C**ELEVATOR DEMAND FUNCTION

ELD=0.28*(PITD-PGRD)+0.533*(PIT-PGR)

C**ELEVATOR SERVO FUNCTION INTEGRATION

IF (IX1.NE.0)X1D=191.6*(ELD-ETA)

IF (IX2.NE.0)X2D=X1+61.3*(ELD-97.7*ETA)

IF (IETA.NE.0)ETAD=X2-9.64*ETA + GL2*AMIN1(0.,22.5-ETA)

IF (IETA.NE.0)ETAD=X2-9.64*ETA + GL2*AMAX1(0.,-15.-ETA)

ELE=ETA/1.5

RETURN

END

POS AND USED FLIGHT PATH SHELF FOR CONTINUOUS BEES IN D MAX YOU FIX PITCH SYNG BEFERENCE ANGLE RATES IN BRO CATULATION ILDESS ATOLASTIC STORM BROKES AND BITCH ENGLE FATS ALBERT RITCH BROKES AND BITCH ENGLE FATS SALIS FOR FISH BROKES AND BITCH ENGLE FATS SALIS FOR THEGRATION LINETS ON BEE SHAVO ANGLE FOR

THE CALL THE CONTRACT OF CALL TO THE CALL THE CA

```
CAR
      SUBROUTINE AR (AIL, ZET, ZETD, IZET, RGR, RGRD, IRGR, RI, RID, IR1,
     1 RZ,RZD,IRZ,X1,X10,IX1,X2,XZD,IXZ,AID,AZI,CRS,DC,RUL,ROLD,R,
     2 GL1, GL2)
C
   VERSION 2.
                                REVISED OCT 3,1977
0000
   PURPOSE
             SIMULATION OF JINDIVIK AUTOPILOT FOR ROLL CONTROL
   METHOD
             EQUATIONS AND TRANSFER FUNCTIONS SUPPLIED BY AUSTRALIAN GAF.
C
             AN APPENDIX-AERODYNAMIC DERIVITIVES AND AUTOPILOT/SERVO
C
              TRANSFER FUNCTIONS FOR MK 203A SHORT SPAN JINDIVIK FITTED
C
             WITH MK 7/8 WING TIP FUEL PODS. DATE 1973
C
   CALL SEQUENCE
C
   **** OUTPUTS
                    ****
C
    AIL
                    AILERON DEFLECTION, DEG
CCC
     ZET, ZETD, IZET
                    AILERON SERVO DEFLECTION(DEG), RATE, INTEGRATION CONTROL
     RGR, RGRD, IRGR
                     ROLL GYRO REFERENCE ANGLE(DEG), RATE, INTEGRATION CONTROL
     AID
                     AILERON SERVO DEMAND ANGLE(DEG) FROM AUTOPILOT
00000
     R1,R1D,IR1
                     SERVO MOTOR PARAMETER, RATE, INT CONTROL
     R2,R2D,IR2
                     SERVO MOTOR PARAMETER, RATE, INT CONTROL
     X1,X1D,IX1
                     SERVO MOTOR INTERMEDIATE STATE, RATE, INT CONTROL
     X2, X2D, IX2
                     SERVO MOTOR INTERMEDIATE STATE, RATE, INT CONTROL
   **** INPUTS ****
C
     AZI
                     AIRCRAFT AZIMUTH(+ CLOCKWISE, DEG)
C
     CRS
                     DEMANDED AIRCRAFT COURSE(+ CLOCKWISE, DEG)
C
     OC
                     ALLOWABLE COURSE ERROR (+-DEG)
C
     RCL
                     AIRCRAFT ROLL ANGLE (DEG)
C
     ROLD
                     AIRCRAFT ROLL ANGLE RATE (DEG/SEC)
C
     R
                     AIRCRAFT YAW RATE, DEG/SEC
C
     GL1
                     GAIN FOR GYRO REF ANGLE LIMITS
C
     GLZ
                     GAIN FOR INTEGRATION LIMITS ON AILERON SERVO ANGLE
C
    WRITTEN BY
                   J.J.MCAVDY AND M.K.WAHI
                                                      SEPT 1977
C**AIRCRAFT COURSE CONTROL BY GROUND COMMANDS.
C***GROUND CONTROL COMMAND LEFT OR RIGHT TURN WHICH CAUSES ROLL GYRO REF
    ANGLE TO ROTATE AT 10 DEG/SEC, GYRO REF ANGLE IS LIMITED TO + 30 DEG.
    STRAIGHT COMMAND CAUSES GYRO REF ANGLE TO DEROTATE AT 10 DEG/SEC
    UNTIL REF ANGLE IS ZERO.
      TRGRD=0.0
      IF (AZI.GT.CRS+DC) TRGRD=-10.0
      IF (AZI.LT.CRS-DC) TRGRD=10.0
      IF(AZI.LT.DC.AND.RGR.LT.O.O) TRGRD=10.0
      IF (AZI.GT.-DC.AND.RGR.GT.O.O)TRGRD=-10.0
      IF(IRGR.NE.O)RGRD=TRGRD + GL1*AMIN1(0.,30.-RGR)
      IF (IRGR.NE.O) RGRO=TRGRD + GL1*AMAX1(0.,-30.-RGR)
C**AUTOPILOT AILERON DEMAND FUNCTION
      IF (IR1.NE.O)RID=R
      IF (IR2.NE.O)R2D=R1
      AID=.196*(ROLD-RGRD)+.42*(ROL-RGR)+0.2*R+0.35*R1+0.0082*R2
C**AILEPON SERVO FUNCTION INTEGRATION
      IF (IX1.NE.0)X1D=191.6*(AID-ZET)
      IF(IX2.NE.0)X2D=X1+61.3*(AID-97.7*ZET)
      IF(IZET.NE.0)ZETD=X2-9.64+ZET + GL2*AMIN1(0.,24.-ZET)
      IF (IZET .NE . 0) ZETD= x2-9.04 + ZET + GL2 + AMAX1 (0 ., -24 .- ZET)
      AIL = ZET/3.
      RETURN
```

Table 134: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE AS

```
CAS
      SUBROUTINE AS(ET,
     1 FX, FY, FZ, TX, TY, TZ, G1R, G1RD, IG1R, G2R, G2RD, IG2R, G1L, G1LD, IG1L,
     2 G2L, G2LD, IG2L, TR, TL, CIL, THL,
     3 ROL, PIT, YAW, X, Y, ALT, XD, YD,
     4 BSCG, WLCG, BSH, WLH, ALH, YS, YM, HC, EC, DNC, AC, CSI,
     5 DNT, THK, WDT, TPO, RO, ADR, DMP, VO)
00000000
    VERSION 1.
                                MAY 1978
    PURPOSE - MODEL THE DYNAMIC RESPONSE OF A WATER TWISTER TYPE OF
             - ARRESTING SYSTEM COMPOSED OF A STEEL CABLE PENDANT,
             - NYLON TAPE AND WATER TWISTER ENERGY ABSORBER.
    METHOD - SEE ARRESTING SYSTEM MODEL DOCUMENTATION, VOL I, FINAL REPORT
      DIMENSION ET(23), EUL(3,3)
      REAL LH2, INTT
      COMMON/CTIME/TIME/CIO/IREAD, IWRITE, IDIAG
      COMMON/COVRLY/INST
      DATA TEST2, ZBG/O., 10./
C
    CALL SEQUENCE
0000000
  **** INPUT TABLES ***
      ET
                     -TAPE STRESS AS A FUNCTION OF STRAIN
                     -ONE DIM. TABLE, LBS/SQ IN VS IN/IN
  **** OUTPUTS ****
C
C
      FX . FY . FZ
                     -HOOK FORCES APPLIED AT VEHICLE CG, BODY AXIS, LBS
C
      TX, TY, TZ -HOOK MOMENTS APPLIED AT VEHICLE CG, BODY AXIS, FT-LBS
      GIR, GIRD, IGIR -RIGHT TAPE DRUM ANGULAR DISP, RATE, INT CONTROL, RAD.
C
C
      GZR,GZRD, IGZR -RIGHT TAPE DRUM ANGULAR VEL ,RATE, INT CONTROL, RAD/SE
      GIL, GILD, IGIL -LEFT TAPE DRUM ANGULAR DISP, RATE, INT CONTROL, RAD
      G2L,G2LD, IG2L -LEFT TAPE DRUM ANGULAR VEL ,RATE, INT CONTROL, RAD/SE
0000000
      TR,TL
                     -RIGHT AND LEFT CABLE/TAPE TENSION, LBS
      CIL
                     -HOOK TO CABLE IMPACT LOAD, LBS
      THL
                     -TOTAL LOAD APPLIED TO HOOK, LBS
  **** INPUTS ****
0000000000
      ROL, PIT, YAW
                     -ROLL, PITCH, YAW EULER ANGLES, DEG
      X.Y.ALT
                     -VEHICLE CG POSITON IN EARTH AXIS, FT
                     -VEHICLE CG VELOCITY IN EARTH AXIS, FT/SEC
      XD,YD
      BSCG, WLCG
                     -VEHICLE CG BODY STATION AND WATER LINE, INCHES
                     -HOOK PIVOT BODY STATION AND WATER LINE, INCHES
      BSH.WLH
      ALH
                     -HOOK ARM LENGTH, INCHES
                     -RUNWAY SPAN BETWEEN SHEAVES, FT
      YS
       MY
                     -TAPE DRUM TO SHEAVE DISTANCE, FT
                     -(NOTE, YM.GT. 5 PERCENT YS )
      HC
                     -INITIAL CABLE HEIGHT ABOVE RUNWAY, FT
```

Table 134: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE AS (CONTINUED)

```
EC -CABLE MODULUS OF ELASTICITY, LBS/ SO IN
C
     ONC -CABLE WEIGHT DENSITY, LBS/CU IN
C
C
  AC -CABLE CROSS SECTIONAL AREA, SQ IN
     CSI -INITIAL CABLE STRESS, LBS/SQ IN
  -USED ONLY FOR KINK WAVE ANGLE CALCULATION
C
C
C
     DNT
                   -TAPE WEIGHT DENSITY, LBS/CU IN
C
      THK
           -TAPE THICKNESS, INCHES
C
                   -TAPE WIDTH, INCHES
      WOT
C
                   -MAXIMUM TAPE PAYOUT, FT
     TPO
C
                   -OUTSIDE TAPE DRUM RADIUS, IN
     RO
C
  ADR SOLL SULL
                   -DRUM INERTIA, LBS-SQ IN
C
                   -(INCLUDE ALL ROTATING MASS EXCEPT TAPE)
C
     DMP
                   -WATER TWISTER V-SQ DAMPING COEFFICIENT,
C
                   -IN-LBS/(RAD/SEC) **2
CC
      VO
                   -VEHICLE SPEED DURING INITIAL CABLE PICKUP, FT/SEC
                   -USED FOR KINK WAVE ANGLE CALCULATION ONLY
C
Č
   WRITTEN BY
               J.R.KILNER
  **** INITIAL CONDITION CALCULATIONS ****
      IF (TIME.NE.O.)GOTO 11
     TEST=VO+BSCG+WLCG+BSH+WLH+ALH+EC+DNC+AC+CSI+DNT
          +THK+WDT+TPO+RO
      IF (TEST. EQ. TEST2) GOTO 11
      TEST2=TEST
C
      CALL KINK (VO, CSI, EC, DNC, PKW, C, CSTR)
      IT=0
      IM=0
      PKWDEG=PKW*57.3
      RI2=RO+RO-3.8197*TPO*THK
      IF(RI2.LT.O.)RI2=0.
      RI=SORT(RI2)
      SH=(BSH-BSCG)/12.
      HH=(WLCG-WLH)/12.
      LH2=ALH/12.
      INTT= 1.5708 ** DNT ** WDT
      TRO=.1592*THK/RO
      APG=.373*AC*DNC
      RR=RO
      RL=RO
      ADRX=ADR*.001
      ECX=EC*1.E-6
      NT=ET(2)
      WRITE(IWRITE,6000)
      FORMAT(1H1,35H***** ARRESTING SYSTEM CONSTANTS **,16(5H*****)//)
5000
      WRITE(IWRITE, 6001) 354, YS, AC, TPO, DMP, WLH, YM, ONC, DNT, ADRX,
                       ALH, HC, ECX, THK, RO, CSI, WDT, RI
6001
     FORMAT(7X, +HOOK+, 14X, +FIELD+, 13X, +CABLE+, 19X, +TAPE+, 18X,
     * *ARRESTOR*//7X, *8SH=*, F5.1, * IN*, 6X, *YS =*, F5.1, * FT*, 6X,
     * *AC =*.F5.3,* SQ IN*,9X,*TPC=*,F5.0,* FT*,10X,*DMP=*,F6.2,
```

```
* 16H IN-LBS/(R/S)**2/7X,*WLH=*,F5.1,* IN*,6X,*YM =*,F5.1,* FT*,
    * 6x, *DNC=*, F5.3, * LBS/CU IN*, 5x, *DNT=*, F5.3, * LBS/CU IN IDR=*,
    * F6.1,12HE3 LBS-IN**2/7X,*LH =*,F5.1,* IN*,6X,*HC =*,F5.2,* FT*,
    * 6x, *EC =*, F5.2, *E6 LBS/SQ IN THK=*, F5.3, * IN*, 10x, *RO =*,
    * F6.2,* IN*/43X,*ICS=*,F5.0,* LBS/SQ IN*,5X,*WDT=*,F5.2,* IN*,
    * 10X,*RI =*,F6.2,* IN*/)
     WRITE(IWRITE,6003)(ET(I+3),I=1,NT)
     FORMAT(7X, *TAPE ELASTICITY*//7X, *STRAIN =*, 10F8.3)
6003
     WRITE(IWRITE,6004)(ET(I+3+NT),I=1,NT)
     FORMAT(7X, *STRESS =*, 10F8.0)
6004
     WRITE(IWRITE,6005)VO,PKWDEG
     FORMAT(/7x,*V0 =*,F6.1,* FT/SEC*//7X,*KINK WAVE ANGLE =*,F5.1///)
6005
     IF(RIZ.EQ.O.) WRITE(IWRITE,6002)
6002 FORMAT(4X,21H***** WARNING ***** , *TOTAL TAPE PAYOUT CANNOT*,
     * * BE STORED ON DRUM AS DEFINED*///)
     WRITE(IWRITE, 6007)
6007 FORMAT(1X,23(5H*****)///)
11
     CONTINUE
C
     FX=FY=FZ=TX=TY=TZ=O.
     TR=TL=CIL=THL=0.
     AR=AL=O.
C
  HOOK MISSED CABLE IF IM=1
     IF (IM.EQ.1)GOTO 88
C
C
   BODY-TO-EARTH TRANSFORMATION COEFFICIENTS
     CR = COS ( . 01745 * ROL)
     CP=COS(.01745*PIT)
     CY=COS(.01745*YAW)
     SR=SIN(.01745*ROL)
      SP=SIN(.01745*PIT)
     SY=SIN(.01745*YAW)
     EUL(1,1)=CP*CY
     EUL(2,1)=CP*SY
      EUL(3,1)=-SP
      EUL(1,2)=SR*SP*CY-CR*SY
      EUL(2,2)=SR*SP*SY+CR*CY
      EUL (3,2)=SR*CP
      EUL(1,3)=CR*SP*CY+SR*SY
      EUL(2,3)=CR*SP*SY-SR*CY
      EUL(3,3)=CR*CP
C
C
   DETERMINE POSTIION OF POINT H IN EARTH AXIS
C
      XEH=X-BH*EUL(1,1)+HH*EUL(1,3)
      YEH=Y
      ZEH=-ALT-8H*EUL(3,1)+HH*EUL(3,3)
   NO CABLE HOOKUP IF XEH.LT.O
```

```
IF (XEH.LT.O.)GOTO 88
C
      DETERMINE POSITION OF POINT H IN HOOK-CABLE AXIS
             ZL=-ZEH-HC
             XCH=SQRT(ZL+ZL+XEH+XEH)
             SINC= ZL/XCH
             CDSC=XEH/XCH
                                                                        YCH=YEH
      DETERMINE ANGLE DELTA
             AB=XEH+SY/CY+(ZL/CP-SP+(ZL+SP/CP+XEH/CY))+SR/EUL(2,2)
             GG2=XCH+XCH+AB+AB
             GG=SQRT(GG2)
             SIND= AB/GG
             C
C
      DETERMINE POSITION OF POINT P IN HOOK-CABLE AXIS
             XCP=XCH-LH2*COSD
             YCP=YCH-LH2*SIND
C
C
      TEST FOR CONDITION WHERE HOOK PASSES OVER CABLE
C
      AND FAILS TO HOOKUP
             IF (IT.EQ. 1)GOTO 22
             IT=1
             YR=.5*YS-YCP
             YL=.5*YS+YCP
             IF(XCP.LE.O.)GOTO 22
             IM=1
             D= 12. *XCP
             WRITE(IWRITE, 6006)D, TIME, XEH
             FORMAT(///1x,11(6H******)//3x,28H**** WARNING **** HOOK HAS .
6006
           * 16HMISSED CABLE BY ,F5.2,13H INCHES ****//24X, *T=*, F5.3,4X.
           * *XEH=*,F5.3,* FT*//1X,11(6H*****)///)
             GOTO 88
      HOOK-CABLE ENGAGEMENT
           DETERMINE TAPE PAYOUT
C
C
             AYR=SQRT((.5*YS-YCP)*(.5*YS-YCP)+XCP*XCP)
22
             AYL=SQRT((.5+YS+YCP)+(.5+YS+YCP)+XCP+XCP)
             CPR=(.5*YS-YCP)/AYR
             CPL=(.5*YS+YCP)/AYL
             SPR=XCP/AYR
             SPL=XCP/AYL
             PR =ACOS (CPR)
             PL=ACOS(CPL)
C
             IF (PKW.GT.PR) GOTO 24 MAN TA ATMINIST CHARGE CHARGE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF TH
             AR =AYR-YR
             GOTO 26
             SPR=SIN(PKW)
             CPR=COS (PKW)
```

```
AR=(1.-CPR)*XCP/SPR+.5*YS-YCP-YR
26
              IF(PKW.GT.PL)GGTO 28 A PARCH MI MILLION CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT
              AL=AYL-YL
              GOTO 30
28
              SPL=SIN(PKW)
              CPL=COS (PKW)
              AL=(1.-CPL) *XCP/SPL+.5*YS+YCP-YL
C
       DETERMINE UNSTRAINED TAPE PAYOUT
30
              ARU=.08333*RO*G1R*(1.-.5*TRO*G1R)
              ALU=.08333*R0*G1L*(1.-.5*TR0*G1L)
              RR = RO * (1. - TRO * G1R)
              RL=R0*(1.-TR0*G1L)
       DETERMINE TAPE STRAIN AND TAPE/CABLE TENSILE LOAD
              UR=(AR-ARU)/(ARU+YM)
              UL=(AL-ALU)/(ALU+YM)
              TR=WOT*THK*TBLU1(UR,ET(4),ET(NT+4),1,-NT)
TL=WOT*THK*TBLU1(UL,ET(4),ET(NT+4),1,-NT)
       DETERMINE HOOK-CABLE IMPACT LOAD
              IF (PR.GE.PKW.AND.PL.GE.PKW)GDTO 40
              VS=XD*XD+YD*YD
              AV=YD/XD
              FR=FL=0.
              IF(PKW.GT.PR)FR=APG*VS*COS(PKW-AV)/SPR
              IF (PKW.GT.PL) FL=APG*VS*COS(PKW+AV)/SPL
              CIL=FR+FL
C
C
            DETERMINE HOOK ANGLE RELATIVE TO BODY X AXIS
C
              XEG=XEH+ZBG*EUL(1,3)
              YEG=YEH+Z8G*EUL(2,3)
              ZEG=ZEH+ZBG*EUL(3,3)
              FF2=XEG+XEG+(YEG-YEH+AB)+(YEG-YEH+AB)+(ZEG+HC)+(ZEG+HC)
              EE=Z9G
              COSH=(EE*EE+GG2-FF2)/(2.*EE*GG)
              SINH=SQRT(1.-COSH*COSH)
       CALCULATE HOOK COMPONENT FORCES IN HOOK-CABLE AXIS
              FCX=-TR*SPR-TL*SPL-CIL
              FCY= TR*CPR-TL*CPL-CIL*AV
              THL=SQRT(FCX*FCX+FCY*FCY)
       DETERMINE BODY FORCES AND MOMENTS AT VEHICLE CG
              FXEP= FCX*COSC
              FYSP= FCY
              FZEP=-FCX*SINC
```

Table 134: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE AS (CONCLUDED)

```
CALCULATION OF TRUMP GROUND CLEARANCE FOR SACH SEGMENT
          FX=FXEP*EUL(1,1)+FYEP*EUL(2,1)+FZEP*EUL(3,1)
          FY=FXEP*EUL(1,2)+FYEP*EUL(2,2)+FZEP*EUL(3,2)
          FZ=FXEP*EUL(1,3)+FYEP*EUL(2,3)+FZEP*EUL(3,3)
  BIC. BIN
                          COMMONATE AT EXPELM, PCH, PTK, SINKRI, YCG, DANK
          BP=BH+LH2*SINH
     . CONTHP=HH+LH2*COSH OTTX 75. COCTIX OK . X . EG. ATEC. H. MAEDA 92 ADMINOD
          TX=-HP*FY
                         118771 . (00 1) 0321 . (00 1) MAY . (00 34 4 10 . (00 1) 051
fooillhox,
          TY=HP*FX+8P*FZ
          TZ=-8P*FY, MM, VARY, RRI. TATZI, NALARI, RIGI, NIJINZA JANHONHO
    C
       CALCULATE DRUM DISPLACEMENT AND VELOCITY RATES
                                        CONSCISSION CONTINUES IN CONTINUES AND
    88
          RI4=RI**4
          DRR4=RR++4-RI4
                                                      00 18 (=1, MST 08
          DRL4=RL**4-RI4
          VIR=386 J(INTT+DRR4+ADR)
                                             DEST OF SAN TEX BY PRADE WIT I
          VIL=386./(INTT+DRL4+ADR)
    C
          IF (IG1R.NE.O)G1RD=G2R
          IF(IG2R.NE.O)G2RD=VIR*(-DMP*G2R*A8$(G2R)+RR*TR)
          IF(IG1L.NE.O)G1LD=G2L
          IF(IG2L.NE.O)G2LD=VIL*(-DMP*G2L*ABS(G2L)+RL*TL)
          RETURN
          END
```

Table 135: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE CLRNCE

```
CCLRNCE
       SUBROUTINE CLRNCE
C CALCULATION OF TRUNK GROUND CLEARANCE FOR EACH SEGMENT
      COMMON/AREAV/S,AATFN,APLAT,APLCH,APLTK,ATKAT,ATKCH,AGAP,ATK,ACH,
     1 ATKCN, APRV, VCH, VTK, VPLM, VCHD, VFAN, ATKATC, ATKCHC
      COMMON/STATE/PPLM, PCH, PTK, SINKRT, YCG, DPHI, DTHETA, THETAE, PHIE, SIE
     1 ,XV,VV,QFANX
      COMMON/SPACE/N,M,BETA,DELX,XCX(100),ZCX(100),XG(100),YG(100),
     1ZG(100),SL4(100),YGH(100),ISEG(100),ITYP(100),DELTA(100),XCHI(100)
     2,ZCHI(100),XCG
      COMMON/FLAGS/ICLN, IDIF, IFLAG, ISTAT, IPP, IPRV, MM, NSTOP
      ICLNS=ICLN
      COSCOS=COS (PHIE) + COS (THETAE)
C CALCULATE SEGMENT GAP
      DO 16 I=1,NSTOP
      YGH(I)=SL4(I)-YG(I)*COSCOS
C IF NEGATIVE SET GAP TO ZERO
      YGH(I) = AMAX1(YGH(I),0.0)
C TEST FOR HARD SURFACE CONTACT ON SEGMENT
C IF ANY SEGMENT CONTACTS HARD SURFACE WRITE ERROR ONCE
      IF (YGH(I).LE.O.O.AND.ICLN.EQ.O) WRITE(6,9001)
9001
       FORMAT(5X, * HARD SURFACE CONTACT THIS STEP *)
      IF(YGH(I).LE.O.O) ICLN=ICLN+1
16
      CONTINUE
      ICLN=ICLNS
         RETURN
        END
```

Table 136: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE CDVCHP

CDVCHP SUBROUTINE COVCHP C SUBROUTINE TO CALCULATE DVCHP COMMON/DYNAMIC/TIME, FTIME, DTIME, IQ, NQ, DVCH, DVTK, VELX, DERY (13) 1.DVCHP COMMON/GEOMET/A,B,HYI,L,D,LS,LP,SH,NH,AH,NR,PHI1,PHI2,R1,R2,L1,L2, 1A1,A2,X1,X2,HY COMMON/STATE/PPLM, PCH, PTK, SINKRT, YCG, DPHI, DTHETA, THETAE, PHIE, SIE 1 ,XV,VV,QFANX COMMON/AREAV/S, AATFN, APLAT, APLCH, APLTK, ATKAT, ATKCH, AGAP, ATK, ACH, 1 ATKCN, APRV, VCH, VTK, VPLM, VCHD, VFAN, ATKATC, ATKCHC VCHSS=VCH PRAT=(PCH+(PTK-PCH)+0.1)/PTK CALL HYCURY (PRAT, HX) HY=HYI*HX COMMONATERNIETLIGICIES GELLER REZERORMO CALL TRUNK (ISHAPE) - 441 TATEL GASAL SIGTEM SILVED A SALANDANDO CALL SEGMNT(1) CALL COORDN CALL PROFILE CALL CLRNCE OU THOU OF YET SELVENTS TO EMBRIE ADSELLTON CALL SHAPEZ DVCHP=(VCHSS-VCH)/((PCH/PTK)-PRAT) RETURN

END

HAUTOS

Table 137: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE COORDN

```
CCOORDN
     SUBROUTINE COORDN
C THIS SUBROUTINE CALCULATES X AND Z COORDINATES OF THE GROUND
C POINT CORRESPONDING TO EACH SEGMENT, FOR A PARTICULAR ACLS
C OR IENTATION
     REAL L,L1,L2,LS,LP,MASS
      COMMON/VEHCL/MASS, AIX, AIZ, AIXY, AIYZ, AIZX, CC, GG, FF, AIFAN
COMMON/SPACE/N, M, BETA, DELX, XCX(100), ZCX(100), XG(100), YG(100),
     1ZG(100),SL4(100),YGH(100),ISEG(100),ITYP(100),DELTA(100),XCHI(100)
     2,ZCHI(100),XCG
      COMMON/STATE/PPLM, PCH, PTK, SINKRT, YCG, DPHI, DTHETA, THETAE, PHIE, SIE
     1 ,XV,VV,QFANX
      COMMON/BTERM/811,812,813,821,822,823,831,832,833
      COMMON/FLAGS/ICLN, IDIF, IFLAG, ISTAT, IPP, IPRV, MM, NSTOP
C CALL BMATRIX FOR SPACIAL TRANSFORMATION
      CALL ROTATE
C DO LOOP OF ALL SEGMENTS TO GROUND POSITION
      DO 10 I=1,NSTOP
      XCXCC=(XCX(I)-CC)
      ZCXFF=(ZCX(I)-FF)
C CALCULATE VECTOR DA FOR SEGMENT
      SL4(I)=(YCG+XCXCC*B12+ZCXFF*B32)/B22-GG
      SL4GG=(SL4(I)+GG)
C CALCULATE X-GROUND COORDINATE
      XG(I)=XCXCC*B11-SL4GG*B21+ZCXFF*B31+XCG
C CALCULATE Z-GROUND COORDINATE
      ZG(I)=XCXCC*813-SL4GG*823+ZCXFF*833
   10 CONTINUE
      RETURN
      END
```

Table 138: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE DL

```
CDL
      SUBROUTINE DL(FY, VD, TX, TZ, CYB, CYBD, CYP, CYR, CYDR, CYDA, KCY,
     1 CYTR, CYFS, KCYGE, KCYB, KCYBR, CLB, CLBD, CLP, CLR, CLDR, CLDA, KCL,
     2 CLTR, CLFS, KCLGE, KCLB, KCLBR, CNB, CNBD, CNP, CNR, CNDR, CNDA,
     3 CNTR, CMFS, KCNGE, KCNB, KCNBR, RUD, AIL, FSP, UD, WD, FYIN, TXIN,
     4 TZIN,AMASS,B,XAC,DIM,CAS,SAS,U,V,W,P,R,BETA,EV,VBAR,QBAR,RW)
      REAL KCY, KCYGE, KCYB, KCYBR, KCL, KCLGE, KCLB, KCLBR, KCNGE, KCNB, KCNBR
      REAL KCN
    VERSION 3.
                                                      AUG 18 1977
    PURPOSE
               COMPUTE LATERAL-DIRECTIONAL FORCES AND MOMENTS
               USE LINEAR STABILITY DERIVATIVES TO COMPUTE SIDE
    MEHTOD
               FORCE, Y AXIS ACCEL., AND ROLL AND YAW MOMENTS.
0000000
               TRASFORM TO BODY AXES AND ADD IN EXTERNAL FORCES, TORQUES
    CALL SEQUENCE
    ***** CUTPUTS
                          -Y BODY AXIS FORCE SUM, LBS
      FY
      VD
                          -Y BODY AXIS ACCELERATION, FT/SEC**2
                          -X,Z BODY AXIS (ROLL, YAW) MOMENTS, FT-LBS
      TX,TZ
            INPUTS
    *****
C
    AERO-DERIVATIVES - - UNITS FOR DIMENSIONAL CASE
C
    SIDE FORCE COEFFICIENTS
C
      CYB.CYBD
                          -BETA AND BETA DOT COEFFICIENTS (NONDIM.)
0000000
                          -V AND VD COEFFICIENTS (DIM.), LB-SEC/FT,
                          -LB-SEC**2/FT
      CYP, CYR, CYDR, CYDA -ROLL RATE, YAW RATE, RUDDER AND AILERON
                          -COEFFICIENTS, LB-SEC/DEG, LB-SEC/DEG,
                          -LB/DEG, LB/DEG
      KCY
                          -AEROELASTIC EFFECTS COEFFICIENT (MACH, ALT)
      CYTR
                          -TAKEOFF OR RECOVERY TRUNK COEFFICIENT (NONDIM)
00000000
                          -V COEFFICIENT (DIM.), LB-SEC/FT
                          -FLIGHT SPOILER COEFFICIENT, LB/DEG
      CYFS
      KCYGE
                          -GROUND EFFECT FACTOR ON CYB
      KCYB
                          -LARGE SIDE SLIP ANGLE FACTOR FOR CYB
      KCYBR
                          -SIDE FORCE RUDDER EFFECTIVENESS PARAMETER FOR
                          -LARGE SIDE SLIP ANGLES
    ROLLING MOMENT COEFFICIENTS
      CLB,CLBD
                          -BETA AND BETA DOT COEFFICIENTS (NONDIM.)
C
                          -V AND VD COEFFICIENTS(DIM), LB-SEC, LB-SEC++2
      CLP, CLR, CLDR, CLDA -ROLL RATE, YAW RATE, RUDDER AND AILERON
00000000000000000
                          -COEFFICIENTS, FT-LB-SEC/DEG, FT-LB-SEC/DEG,
                          -FT-LB/DEG, FT-LB/DEG
      KCL
                          -AEROELASTIC EFFECTS COEFFICIENT (MASH, ALT)
      CLTR
                          -TAKEOFF/RECOVERY TRUNK COEFFICIENT (NONDIM.)
                          -V COEFFICIENT (DIM.), LB-SEC
      CLFS
                          -FLIGHT SPOILER COEFFICIENT, FT-LB/DEG
                          -GROUND EFFECT FACTOR ON CLB
      KCLGE
      KCLS
                          -LARGE SIDE SLIP ANGLE FACTOR FOR CLB
      KCLBR
                          -RUDDER EFFECTIVENESS PARAMETER FOR LARGE
                          -SIDE SLIP ANGLES
    YAWING MOMENT COEFFICIENTS
      CNB, CNBD
                          -BETA AND BETA DOT COEFFICIENTS (NONDIM.)
                          -V AND VD COEFFICIENTS (DIM.), LB-SEC, LB-SEC ** 2
      CNP, CNR, CNDR, CNDA -ROLL RATE, YAW RATE, RUDDER AND AILERON
C
                          -COEFFICIENTS, FT-LB-SEC/DEG, FT-LB-SEC/DEG,
                          -FT-L8/DEG,FT-L3/DEG
      KCN
                          -AEROELASTIC EFFECTS COEFFICIENT (MACH, ALT)
```

Table 138: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE DL (CONTINUED)

```
CNTR
                         -TAKEOFF/RECOVERY TRUNK COEFFICIENT (NONDIM.)
                        -V COEFFIEICNT (DIM.), LB-SEC
                        -FLIGHT SPOILER COEFICIENT, FT-LB/DEG
      CNFS
                        -GROUND EFFECT FACTOR ON CNB
      KCNGE
      KCN8
                        -LARGE SIDE SLIP ANGLE FACTOR FOR CNB
      KCNBR
                        -RUDDER EFFECTIVENESS PARAMETER FOR LARGE
                        -SIDE SLIP ANGLES
C
    CONTROL SURFACES
      RUD, AIL, FSP
                        -RUDDER, AILERON AND FLIGHT SPOILER
                        -DEFLECTIONS, DEG
    LONGITUDINAL ACCELERATIONS
                         -X, Z BODY AXIS ACCELERATIONS, FT/SEC**2
    EXTERNAL FORCES AND MOMENTS
      FYIN
                        -Y BODY AXIS FORCE, LBS
                        -X AND Z BODY AXIS MOMENTS, FT-LBS
      TXIN, TZIN
    CONSTANTS
      AMASS
                        -RIGID BODY MASS, SLUGS
      8
                        -WING SPAN, FT
                        -X AXIS LOCATION OF CENTER OF PRESSURE
      XAC
                        -FROM C.G., FT
                         -INDICATOR FUNCTION FOR AERO COEFFICIENTS
      DIM
                              O= BODY AXIS, DIM.
                               1= BODY AXIS, NONDIM.
                               2= STABILITY AXIS, DIM.
                               3= STABILITY AXIS, NONDIM.
      CAS, SAS
                         -DIRECTION COSINES FOR STABILITY AXIS
C
                         -OR BODY AXIS DEPENDING ON DIM.
    STATES AND AERO-VARIABLES
                         -X, Y, Z BODY AXIS VELOCITIES, FT/SEC
CCC
      U.V.W
      P,R
                         -X, Z BODY AXIS ANGULAR RATES, DEG/SEC
      BETA
                         -SIDESLIP ANGLE, DEG
                         -Y BODY AXIS ACCELERATION TERM FOR VD, FT/SEC ** 2
      EV
      V9 AR
                         -TRUE AIRSPEED, FT/SEC
C
      QBAR
                         -DYNAMIC PRESSURE TIMES REFERENCE AREA, LBS
C
      RW
                         -Y BODY AXIS ANGULAR RATE GUST, DEG/SEC
    WRITTEN BY A.W. WARREN AS COMPONENT LD IN FLIGHT CONTROLS
                                               SEPT. 1976
                            LIBRARY.
    MODIFIED BY MAHINDER WAHI
                                                         MAY 2 1977
                         INITIALIZATION
      DATA ISW, RPD /0, .01745329/
      IF (ISW-EQ.1) GO TO 10
      IF (CYB .EQ. .99999) CYB =0.
      IF(CYBD .EQ. .99999) CYBD =0.
      IF (CYP .EQ. .99999) CYP =0.
      IF (CYR
              .EQ. .99999) CYR =0.
      IF (CYDR .EQ. .99999) CYDR =0.
      IF(CYDA .EQ. .99999) CYDA =0.
      IF (CYTR .EQ. .99999) CYTR =0.
      IF(CYFS .EQ. .99999) CYFS =0.
      IF (KCYGE. EQ. .99999) KCYGE=1.
      IF (KCYB .EQ. .99999) KCYB =1.
      IF (KCYBR. EQ. .99999) KCYBR=1.
      IF (KCY . EQ. . 99999) KCY =1.
```

```
IF(CL8 .EQ. .99999) CL8 =0.
     IF(CLBD .EQ. .99999) CLBD =0.
IF(CLP .EQ. .99999) CLP =0.
     IF(CLR . EQ. .99999) CLR =0.
     IF(CLDR .=Q. .99999) CLDR =0.
      IF(CLDA .EQ. .99999) CLDA =0.
     IF (CLTR . EQ. .99999) CLTR =0.
     IF(CLFS .EQ. .99999) CLFS =0.
     IF (KCLGE.EQ. .99999) KCLGE=1.
      IF (KCLB . EQ. . 99999) KCLB =1.
     IF(KCLBR.EQ. .99999) KCLBR=1.
      IF (KCL .EQ. .99999) KCL =1.
C
     IF (CNB .EQ. .99999) CNB =0.
     IF(CNBD .EQ. .99999) CNBD =0.

IF(CNP .EQ. .99999) CNP =0.

IF(CNR .EQ. .99999) CNR =C.

IF(CNDR .EQ. .99999) CNDR =0.

IF(CNDA .EQ. .99999) CNDA =0.
      IF(CNTR .EQ. .99999) CNTR =0.
     IF (CNFS .EQ. .99999) CNFS =0.
IF (KCNGE.EQ. .99999) KCNGE=1.
IF (KCNB .EQ. .99999) KCNB =1.
     IF (XAC _EQ_ _99999) XAC _C
C
            .EQ. .99999) XAC =0.
      IF (XAC
      IF (UD
              .EQ. .99999) UD=WD=0.
      IF(FYIN .EQ. .99999) FYIN=TXIN=TZIN=O.
      IF(RUD .EQ. .99999) RUD =C.
IF(AIL .EQ. .99999) AIL =O.
      IF(FSP .EQ. .99999) FSP =0.
      ISW=1
C
                        DIMENSIONAL FORCE AND MOMENT SOLUTION
   10 IF(DIM.EQ.1. . OR. DIM.EQ.3.) GO TO 20
C
               SOLUTION OF IMPLICIT EQN FOR FY AND VD USING ASOL, EVP
      VWDOT= RW+VBAR+RPD
      ASOL= 1.- CYBD/AMASS
      EVP = EV + VWDQT
      FY= ((CYB*KCY + CYTR)*KCYGE*V + CYBD*EVP + CYP*P + CYR*R
           + CYDA*AIL + CYFS*FSP)*KCYB + CYDR*RUD*KCYBR
      FYAERO= FY/ASOL
      FY= (FY + FYIN)/ASOL
      VDP= FY/AMASS + EVP
      VD= VDP - VWDOT
                   ROLL AND YAW MOMENT COMPUTATIONS
     KCN=KCY
     TXS= ((CLB*KCL + CLTR)*KCLGE*V + CLBD*EVP + CLP*P + CLR*R
             + CLDA*AIL + CLFS*FSP)*KCL3 + CLDR*RUD*KCL3R
     TZS= ((CNB*KCN + CNTR)*KCNGE*V + CNBO*EVP + CNP*P + CNR*R
        + CNDA #AIL + CNFS #FSP) #KCNB +CNDR #RUD #KCNBR
      IF (DIM.EQ.2.) GO TO 40
```

Table 138: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE DL (CONCLUDED)

```
BODY AXIS TORQUES
C
   30 TX= TXS + TXIN
      TZ = TZS + TZIN + XAC*FYAERO
      RETURN
                   STABILITY AXIS TORQUES
C
  40 TX = TXS*CAS - TZS*SAS + TXIN
TZ = TXS*SAS + TZCTCTS
C
      TZ = TXS*SAS + TZS*CAS + TZIN + XAC*FYAERO
      RETURN
CCC
               NONDIMENSIONAL FORCE AND MOMENT SOLUTION
   20 BDIM= B/(VBAR+VBAR)
      BET1= BETA +RPD
      P1 = P*RPD
      R1= R*RPD
      AIL1= AIL*RPD
      RUD1= RUD*RPD
      FSP1= FSP*RPD
C
               SOLUTION OF IMPLICIT EQN FOR FY AND VD USING ASOL, DSOL
      DIV= (1. - BET1**2)/VBAR
      ASOL= 1. - QBAR*BDIM*CYBD*DIV/AMASS
      DSOL=EV*DIV - BET1*(U*U0+W*WD)/VBAR**2 + RW*RPD
      FY= QBAR*(((CYB*KCY + CYTR)*KCYGE*BET1 + BDIM*(CYBD*DSOL
                +CYP*P1 + CYR*R1) + CYDA*AIL1 + CYFS*FSP1)*KCYB
     2
                 +CYDR*RUD1*KCYBR)
      FYAERO= FY/ASOL
      FY= (FY+FYIN)/ASOL
      VD= FY/AMASS + EV
               ROLL AND YAW MOMENT COMPUTATIONS
C
C
      KCN=KCY
      BETDOT= FY*DIV/AMASS + DSOL
      TXS=QBAR*B*(((CLB*KCL + CLTR)*KCLGE*BET1 + BDIM*(CLBD*BETDOT
                   + CLP*P1 + CLR*R1) + CLDA*AIL1 + CLFS*FSP1)*KCLB
                   + CLDR*RUD1*KCLBR)
      TZS= QBAR*B*(((CNB*KCN + CNTR)*KCNGE*BET1 + BDIM*(CNBD*BETDOT
                   + CNP*P1 + CNR*R1) + CNDA*AIL1 + CNFS*FSP1)*KCNB
                   + CNDR*RUD1*KCNBR)
      IF (DIM.EQ.1.) GO TO 30
      IF (DIM.EQ.3.) GO TO 40
      END
```

```
CDS
      SUBROUTINE DS (U,UD, IU, V,VD, IV, W, WD, IW, P,PD, IP,Q,QD, IQ,
     1 R,RD,IR,ROL,ROLD,IROL,PIT,PITD,IPIT,YAW,YAWD,IYAW,
     2 XD, YD, Z, ZD, IZ, PDOT, QDOT, RDOT, ROD, PID,
     3 UDOT, VDOT, WDOT, TX, TY, TZ, XXI, YYI, ZZI, XZI)
    VERSION 2.
                                JULY 8 1977
   PURPOSE: SIX DEGREE OF FREEDOM RIGID BODY EQUATIONS OF MOTION
C
   METHOD: EULER ANGLES
   CALL SEQUENCE:
   **** OUTPUTS
C
                   ****
C
    LINEAR VELOCITIES -- BODY AXES
C
                    - X AXIS LINEAR VELOCITY, ACCEL, INT CONTROL, FT/SEC
       U,UD,IU
C
       V, VD, IV
                    - Y AXIS LINEAR VELOCITY, ACCEL, INT CONTROL, FT/SEC
C
       WI. CW. W
                    - Z AXIS LINEAR VELOCITY, ACCEL, INT CONTROL, FT/SEC
C
    ANGULAR VELOCITIES -- BODY AXES
C
                    - X AXIS ANGULAR VELOCITY, ACCEL, INT CONTROL, DEG/SEC
       P,PD,IP
C
                    - Y AXIS ANGULAR VELOCITY, ACCEL, INT CONTROL, DEG/SEC
       9,90,19
C
                    - Z AXIS ANGULAR VELOCITY, ACCEL, INT CONTROL, DEG/SEC
       R,RD,IR
C
    EULER ANGLES -- EARTH TO BODY - YAW, PITCH, ROLL
C
       ROL, ROLD, IROL - ROLL ANGLE, RATE, INT CONTROL, DEG
       PIT, PITO, IPIT - PITCH ANGLE, RATE, INT CONTROL, DEG
C
       YAW, YAWD, IYAW - YAW ANGLE, RATE, INT CONTROL, DEG
C
C
    POSITION -- EARTH AXES
C
       XD
                    - X AXIS LINEAR VELOCITY, FT/SEC
C
       YD
                    - Y AXIS LINEAR VELOCITY, FT/SEC-
C
                    - - Z AXIS POSITION (ALT), VELOCITY, INT CONTOL, FT
       Z,ZD,IZ
C
    ANGULAR ACCELERATION
                               BODY AXES
C
       POOT
                    - X AXIS ANGULAR ACCELERATION, DEG/SEC2
C
       TOOP
                    - Y AXIS ANGULAR ACCELERATION, DEG/SEC2
C
       ROOT
                    - Z AXIS ANGULAR ACCELERATION, DEG/SEC2
C
                               **********
  *********
                      INPUTS
C
    LINEAR ACCELERATION
                              BODY AXES
C
                   - X AXIS LINEAR ACCELERATION, FT/SEC2
       UDOT
C
       YDOT
                    - Y AXIS LINEAR ACCELERATION, FT/SEC2
C
       WOOT
                    - Z AXIS LINEAR ACCELERATION, FT/SEC2
C
    MOMENTS
C
       TX, TY, TZ
                    - X,Y,Z AXIS TORQUES, FTLBS
    MOMENTS OF INERTIA
C
C
       XXI, YYI, ZZI - X, Y, Z AXIS MOMENTS OF INERTIA, SLUG-FT2
                    - PRODUCT OF INERTIA, SLUG-FT2
C
       XZI
C
                                             MAY 1976
      WRITTEN BY
                    J.D. BURROUGHS
000
     AS COMPONENT **SO** IN FLT CONTROLS LIBRARY
                                       JULY 1977
    MODIFIED BY M.K. WAHI
      DATA RPO, DPR /.01745329,57.29578/
      CP=COS(PIT*RPD)
      SP=SIN(PIT*RPD)
      CR = COS (ROL * RPD)
      SR=SIN(ROL*RPD)
      P1 = P*RPD
      Q1 = Q*RPD
      RI= R*RPD
 ************* LINEAR VELOCITY EQUATIONS *********
      IF (IU.NE.O)UD=UDOT
      IF(IV.NE.O)VD= VDOT
```

Table 139: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE DS (CONCLUDED)

```
IF(IW.NE.O)WO= WOOT
 ******** *** ANGULAR VELOCITY EQUATIONS **********
     IF(XZI.NE.O..AND.XZI.NE. .99999) GO TO 100
     IF(IP.NE.O)PD=(TX-Q1*R1*(ZZI-YYI))/XXI*DPR
     IF(IQ.NE.C)QD=(TY-P1*R1*(XXI-ZZI))/YYI*DPR
     IF(IR.NE.O)RD=(TZ-Q1*P1*(YYI-XXI))/ZZI*DPR
     GO TO 160
100
     If (IQ.NE.3)QD=((TY-P1*R1*(XXI-ZZI)+(R1*R1-P1*P1)*XZI)/YYI)*DPR
     IF(IP+IR.EQ.0)GO TO 160
     TEM=ZZI/XZI
     DIV=XXI*TEM-XZI
     QR =Q1 *R1
     PQ=P1*Q1
     SUM=ZZI-YYI+XXI
    IF(IP.NE.O)PD=((TX*TEM+TZ-QR*(TEM*(ZZI-YYI)+XZI)
 1 +PQ#SUM)/DIV)*DPR
 TEM=XXI/XZI
     IF (IR.NE.O)RO=(TX+TZ*TEM-QR*SUM+PQ*(TEM*(XXI-YYI)+
    1 XZI))/DIV*DPR
C ********* EULER ANGLE EQUATIONS *********
160
     IF (IPIT.NE.O) PITD=Q*CR-R*SR
     PID = PITO
     IF (CP.NE.O.)PSID=(Q*SR+R*CR)/CP
     IF (IYAW.NE.O) YAWD=PSID
     IF (IROL.NE.O) ROLD=P+PSID*SP
     ROD = ROLD
 ******** POSITION EQUATIONS *********
           TEST IF X AND Y (LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE) ARE BOTH FROZEN
     SPSR=SP*SR
     SPCR=SP*CR
     CY=COS (YAW*RPD)
     SY=SIN(YAW*RPD)
     XD=CY+CP+U+(-SY+CR+CY+SPSR)+V+(SY+SR+CY+SPCR)+W
     YD=SY*CP*U+(CY*CR+SY*SPSR)*V+(-CY*SR+SY*SPCR)*W
200
     IF(IZ.NE.O)ZD=SP*U-CP*SR*V-CP*CR*W
C ************* ANGULAR ACCELERATIONS (FOR OUTPUT PURPOSES ONLY) ****
     PDOT=PD
     QDCT=QD
     RDOT=RD
     RETURN
     END
```

CDU

CC

000

C

C

C

CC

CC

C

CCC

000

C

C

CCC

C

CCC

CC

CCCC

0000000

000

C

SUBROUTINE DU(T2, WZ, P1, P100T, IP1, T1, W1, P2, AK, AL, D, TAM, H0, FC)

PURPOSE - ANALYSIS OF DUCT, USING SIMPLIFIED MODEL WITH SINGLE STATE VARIABLE

METHOD - SEE SECTION 3.1.1 FOR DERIVATION OF EQUATIONS
FINAL REPORT AFFOL-TR- VOLUME I

CONTRACT NO. F33615-76-C-3100, JULY 1977.

THE INPUTS TO EACH DUCT RELATED MODEL ARE THE
INLET FLOW RATE, INLET TEMPERATURE, AND OUTLET
PRESSURE, WHILE OUTPUTS ARE THE OUTLET FLOW RATE AND
TEMPERATURE AND INLET PRESSURE. THE INLET PRESSURE
IS TREATED AS A STATE VARIABLE.

LIMITATIONS - IF TEMPERATURE CHANGES ARE LARGE, ADDITION OF THERMAL NODES SHOULD BE CONSIDERED

WRITTEN BY ADAM LLOYD AS COMPONENT *DE* IN ECS LIBRARY NOV. 1975

MODIFIED BY - MAHINDER WAHI

AUGUST 1977

INPUT/OUTPUT LIST

72	OUTLET TEMPERATURE (PORT NO 2)	DEGR	OUTPUT	VAR
W2	GUTLET FLOW	LB/MIN	OUTPUT	VAR
P1	INLET PRESSURE(PORT NO 1)	PSIA	DUTPUT	STATE
PIDOT	INLET PRESSURE DERIVATIVE	PSIA/SEC	DUTPUT	DERIV
IP1	INTEGRATOR CONTROL		PROGRAM	4 VAR
T1	INLET TEMPERATURE	DEGR	INPUT	VAR
W1	INLET FLOW	LB/MIN	INPUT	VAR
P2	OUTLET PRESSURE(PORT NO 2)	PSIA	INPUT	VAR
AK	K FACTOR		INPUT	PARAM
AL	LENGTH	FT	INPUT	PARAM
0	DIAMETER	IN	INPUT	PARAM
TAM	EFFECTIVE LOCAL AMBIENT TEMP	DEGR	INPUT	PARAM
НО	EXTERNAL HEAT TRANSFER COEFFICIENT (BASED ON INTERNAL WETTED AREA)	BTU/FT2 HR DEGR	INPUT	PARAM
FC	FREQUENCY CONTROL ON P1. (FC.GE.1. A VALUE OF FC GREATER THAN 1. DECREASES FREQUENCY RESPONSE OF P1)	INPUT	PARAM
	CORRESPONDINGLY			

COMMON/ERMESS/IFATAL, IERR
COMMON/CIO/IREAD, IWRITE, IDIAG

CALCULATE GAS CONSTANT AND RATIO OF SPECIFIC HEATS, BASED ON
INLET TEMPERATURE

CP=SHCP(T1,0.)
R=53.3
GAMMA=1.+R/(778.*CP-R)
G1=1./(GAMMA-1.)
G2=(GAMMA-1.)/2.

Table 140: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE DU (CONCLUDED)

CALCULATE OUTLET FLOW BASED ON INLET TEMPERATURE C CA=.785398*D*D CALL FNFLOW(P1,P2,T1,CA,AK,FN,W2) CALCULATE OVERALL CONDUCTANCE (UA) BASED ON AVERAGE FLOW WBAR= !ABS (W1)+ABS (W2))/2. WBAR=AMAX1(WBAR,.01) HINT=HI(1,T1,T1,WBAR,O.,D,AL,O.) THE INPUT VALUE OF THE EXTERNAL HEAT TRANSFER COEFFICIENT IS BASED ON THE INTERNAL WETTED AREA. HENCE UA IS GIVEN BY UA=0.004363*D*AL*HINT*HO/(HINT+HO) UA IS IN BTU/MIN DEGR C CONSTANT 0.004363=PI/(60.*12.) C CALCULATE OUTLET TEMPERATURE T2 T2=TAM+(T1-TAM)/EXP(UA/(CP*WBAR)) WARNING DIAGNOSTIC IF TEMPERATURE CHANGE EXCEEDS 300 DEGR C IF (ABS (T1-T2) . LE. 300.) GO TO 10 IF(T1.GT.T2) T2=T1-300. IF(T2.GT.T1) T2=T1+300. TEST FOR DIAGNOSTIC PRINT OUT C IF (IERR.NE.1) GO TO 10 WRITE(IWRITE, 9999) 9999 FORMAT(10X,45HNON FATAL ERROR GALLED FROM DUCT COMPONENT DU/ 1 10x, 35HTEMPERATURE CHANGE EXCEEDS 300 DEGR) CALCULATE INLET PRESSURE BASED ON AVERAGE FLUID TEMPERATURE 10 TBAR=(T1+T2)/2. PBAR=(P1+P2)/2. CALCULATE MACH NUMBER BASED ON AVERAGE CONDITIONS AM=AMACH(PBAR, TBAR, CA, WBAR, O.) IF (IP1.NE.O)P1DOT=R*TBAR*(W1-W2)*(1.+G2*AM*AM)**G1/(60.*CA*AL*FC) RETURN END

Table 141: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE DV

```
COV
      SUBROUTINE DV (T2, W2, P1, P1DOT, IP1, T1, W1, P2, OPE, AL, D, DPO,
     1 TAM.HO.FC.VAL)
C
    PURPOSE - ANALYSIS OF A VALVE (BUTTERFLY GATE OR GLOBE) IN A DUCT
C
CCC
    METHOD - CALLS VLX TO CALCULATE FLOW ACROSS VALVE. REMAINDER
              OF ANALYSIS SIMILAR TO DUCT (DE). VALVE OPENING IS INPUT.
000
    LIMITATIONS - AS FOR DUCT COMPONENT DE
000
   WRITTEN BY ADAM LLOYD AS COMPONENT *VD* IN ECS
                          LIBRARY
                                       NOV . 1975
CC
    MODIFIED BY - MAHINDER WAHI
                                                      AUGUST 1977
C
C
C
    INPUT/OUTPUT LIST
C
C
               OUTLET TEMPERATURE (PORT NO 2)
    T2
                                                   DEGR
                                                             OUTPUT VAR
C
                                                   LB/MIN
               OUTLET FLOW
    W2
                                                             OUTPUT VAR
C
    P1
               INLET PRESSURE(PORT NO 1)
                                                             OUTPUT STATE
                                                   PSIA
C
    PIDOT
               INLET PRESSURE DERIVATIVE
                                                   PSIA/SEC
                                                             OUTPUT DERIV
C
    IP1
               INTEGRATOR CONTROL
                                                             PROGRAM VAR
C
    TI
               INLET TEMPERATURE
                                                   DEGR
                                                             INPUT VAR
C
               INLET FLOW
    W1
                                                   LB/MIN
                                                             INPUT
                                                                    VAR
C
    P2
               OUTLET PRESSURE(PORT NO 2)
                                                   PSIA
                                                             INPUT
                                                                    VAR
C
    OPE
               VALVE OPENING
                                                             INPUT
                                                                   PARAM
C
                  VAL=1. DEGREES OPEN
C
                  VAL=2,3. FRACTIONAL OPENING
C
                            (O.LE.OPEN.LE.1.)
C
    AL
               LENGTH
                                                   FT
                                                             INPUT
                                                                    PARAM
C
               DIAMETER
                                                                    PARAM
                                                   IN
                                                             INPUT
C
    DPO
               POPPET DIAMETER
                                                                    VAR
                                                   IN
                                                             INPUT
               (REQUIRED FOR GLOBE VALVES ONLY)
C
    TAM
               EFFECTIVE LOCAL AMBIENT TEMP
                                                   DEGR
                                                             INPUT
                                                                     PARAM
C
    HO
               EXTERNAL HEAT TRANSFER COEFFICIENT BTU/FT2
                                                             INPUT
                                                                    PARAM
C
               (BASED ON INTERNAL WETTED AREA)
                                                  HR DEGR
C
    FC
               FREQUENCY CONTROL ON PI. (FC.GE.1.)---
                                                             INPUT PARAM
C
               A VALUE OF FC GREATER THAN 1.
C
               DECREASES FREQUENCY RESPONSE OF P1
C
               CORRESPONDINGLY
CC
               CODE IDENTIFYING TYPE OF VALVE
    VAL
                                                             INPUT PARAM
               =1. BUTTERFLY VALVE
C
               =2.
                    GATE VALVE
C
                    GLOBE VALVE
               =3.
C
      COMMON/ERMESS/IFATAL, IERR
      COMMON/CIO/IREAD, IWRITE, IDIAG
    CALCULATE GAS CONSTANT AND RATIO OF SPECIFIC HEATS, BASED ON
    INLET TEMPERATURE
      CP=SHCP(T1.0.)
      R=53.3
```

Table 141: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE DV (CONCLUDED)

GAMMA=1.+R/(778.*CP-R) G1=1./(GAMMA-1.) G2=(GAMMA-1.)/2. CALCULATE OUTLET FLOW (FLOW THROUGH VALVE) USING SUBROUTINE VLX CA=.785398*D*D CALL VLX(P1,P2,T1,D,DP0,OPE,VAL,W2) CALCULATE OVERALL CONDUCTANCE (UA) BASED ON AVERAGE FLOW C WBAR= (ABS (W1)+ABS (W2))/2. WBAR=AMAX1(WBAR,.01) HINT=HI(1,T1,T1,WBAR,O.,D,AL,O.) C THE INPUT VALUE OF THE EXTERNAL HEAT TRANSFER COEFFICIENT IS BASED ON THE INTERNAL WETTED AREA. HENCE UA IS GIVEN BY UA=0.C04363*D*AL*HINT*HO/(HINT+HO) C CONSTANT 0.004363=PI/(60.*12.) UA IS IN BTU/MIN DEGR C CALCULATE OUTLET TEMPERATURE T2 T2=TAM+(T1-TAM)/EXP(UA/(CP*WBAR)) WARNING DIAGNOSTIC IF TEMPERATURE CHANGE EXCEEDS 300 DEGR C IF (ABS(T1-T2).LE.300.)GO TO 10 IF(T1.GT.T2) T2=T1-300. IF(T2.GT.T1) T2=T1+30C. C TEST FOR DIAGNOSTIC PRINT OUT IF (IERR.NE.1) GO TO 10 WRITE(IWRITE,9999) 9999 FORMAT(10X,45HNON FATAL ERROR CALLED FROM COMPONENT DV 1 10X, 35HTEMPERATURE CHANGE EXCEEDS 300 DEGR) CALCULATE INLET PRESSURE BASED ON AVERAGE FLUID TEMPERATURE TBAR=(T1+T2)/2. 10 PBAR=(P1+P2)/2. CALCULATE MACH NUMBER BASED ON AVERAGE CONDITIONS AM=AMACH(PBAR, TBAR, CA, WBAR, O.) IF(IP1.NE.0)P1DOT=R*TBAR*(W1-W2)*(1.+G2*AM*AM)**G1/(60.*CA*AL*FC) RETURN END

COMMONICATIONS OF THE CONTRACT AND ARTER OF STOCIFED HEATS, BASED ON

TARAL TURNS

Table 142: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE DYNFAN

```
CDYNFAN
      SUBROUTINE DYNFAN(QFAN, PFAN)
C DYNAMIC FAN MODEL SUBROUTINE
C INPUT FLOW AND OUTPUT PRESSURE
      COMMON/ESTMD/GEC, DAMPC, U, DECCL, HDC, PHA, CENFX, CENFZ, ZEPRV, ZPRV
     1.QP2.SLOPE
       COMMON/COMPRS/ALO, AL1, AL2, AL3, AL4, GO, G1, G2, G3, G4, QP1
      COMMON/FMERR/FMC
      DATA 01/0./
C COMPUTE POWER SERIES TERMS

IF (FMC.GT.O.) Q1=QFAN

Q2=Q1*Q1

Q1=QFAN
      Q1=QFAN
Q3=Q2*Q1
04-03*01
      04=03*01
      PF AN=G0+G1 *Q1+G2*Q2+G3*Q3+G4*Q4
      IF(Q1.LT.QP2)PFAN=G0+G1*QP2+G2*QP2*QP2+G3*QP2*QP2*QP2+G4*(QP2)**4
     1+(0P2-01)*SLOPE
      RETURN
     END
```

Table 143: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE EC

```
CEC
      SUBROUTINE EC(PR, WN2, TFT, TRT, TSR, TFN, TFP, TBT, TBP, TPO,
     1 PRO, PROD, IPRO, PRR, PRRO, IPRR, X2, X20, IX2, X3, X30, IX3, FX,
     2 FZ,TY,TH,FSP,FST,PPU,TPU,W2,T2,THT,C1,C2,C3,C4,C5,C6,C7,
     3 C8,TC1,ZTA,AMN,TC2,GAMX,GAMZ,XO,ZO,PAM,TAM,P2,FAN,BLD,FX1)
   VERSION 4.
                                            REVISED SEPT 10,1977
CC
   PURPOSE
             ENGINE TRANSIENTS MODEL
C
   METHOD
             FIRST ORDER LAG FOR SPINDOWN AND SECOND ORDER LAG FOR
C
             SPINUP FOLLOWED BY BODY AXIS TRANSFORMATION. REVERSE
C
             THRUST OPERATION ALSO INCLUDED. BLEED AND FAN AIR
C
             PRESSURES AND TEMPERATURES ARE THEN CALCULATED AS
C
             FUNCTIONS OF THRUST AND MACH NUMBER.
C
C
   CALL SEQUENCE
C
   ****
          TABLES
                   ****
C
     PR
                   -COMMAND PRESSURE RATIO AS A FUNCTION OF THRUST
                    LEVER ANGLE (THT); ONE DIMENSIONAL TABLE
0000
                   -NATURAL FREQUENCY SQUARED AS A FUNCTION OF
     WN2
                    ACTUAL ENGINE PRESSURE RATIO(PRO); ONE DIM. TBL
                   -ENGINE FORWARD THRUST AS A FUNCTION OF MACH NUMBER
     TFT
C
                    (AMN) AND ACTUAL PRESSURE RATIO(PRO); TWO DIM. TBL
C
                   -ENGINE REVERSE THRUST AS A FUNCTION OF MACH NUMBER
     TRT
                    (AMN) AND ACTUAL PRESSURE RATIO(PRO); TWO DIM. TBL
CCCC
     TSR
                   -ENGINE SPEED AS A FUNCTION OF MACH NO. AND
                    INSTANTANEOUS THRUST (TWO DIMENSIONAL TABLE)
     TEN
                   -TEMPERATURE RISE FAN-INLET TO OUTLET AS A
CCC
                    FUNCTION OF CORRECTED ENG. SPEED(ONE DIM. TABLE)
     TFP
                   -PRESSURE RATIO FAN OUTLET TO INLET AS A FUNCTION
CC
                    OF CORRECTED ENG. SPEED (ONE DIM. TABLE)
                   -TEMPERATURE RISE COMPRESSOR-INLET TO OUTLET AS A
     TBT
CCCC
                    FUNCTION OF CORRECTED ENG. SPEED(ONE DIM. TABLE)
                   -PRESSURE RATIO COMPRESSOR OUTLET TO INLET AS A
     TBP
                    FUNCTION OF CORRECTED ENG. SPEED (ONE DIM. TABLE)
     TPO
                  - CORRECTED BLEED FLOW RATE AS A FUNCTION OF
C
                   ENGINE PORT PRESSURE DROP (ONE DIM. TABLE)
CCCC
          OUTPUTS ****
     PRO, PROD, I PRO-ACTUAL ENGINE PRESSURE RATIO, RATE, INT CONTROL.
     PRR, PRRD, IPRR-REVERSE ENGINE PRESSURE RATIO, RATE, INT CONTROL
                   -INTERMEDIATE VALUE OF PROD, RATE, INT CONTROL
X2, X2D, IX2
                   -INTERMEDIATE VALUE OF PROD, RATE, INT CONTROL
     X3, X30, IX3
                   -X AND Z AXIS FORCES, LBS
     FX,FZ
                   -Y AXIS TORQUE(PITCHING MOMENT), FT-LBS
     TY
     TH
                   -ENGINE THRUST, LBS
                   -FAN STAGE DELIVERY PRESSURE (PSIA)
     FSP
     FST
                   -FAN STAGE DELIVERY TEMPERATURE (DEG RANKINE)
     PPU
                   -BLEED PRESSURE UPSTREAM OF THE PORT (PSIA)
     TPU
                   -BLEED TEMPERATURE UPSTREAM OF THE PORT (DEG RANKINE)
                  - BLEED AIR FLOW RATE (LB/MIN) PORT NO 2
     W2
     T2
                   -BLEED TEMPERATURE DOWNSTREAM OF THE PORT(DEG RANKINE)
   ****
           INPUTS
                   *****
     THT
                   -THRUST LEVER ANGLE
```

Table 143: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE EC (CONTINUED)

```
-POSITIVE DEADBAND ON THT
C
    CZ
           -NEGATIVE DEADBAND ON THT
C
                  -POSITIVE SATURATION INTERCEPT(.GT.C1)
     C3
                 -NEGATIVE SATURATION INTERCEPT(.LT.C2)
000000000000000000000
    C4
    C5
                 -POSITIVE SATURATION LIMIT ON THT
     C6
                 -NEGATIVE SATURATION LIMIT ON THT
    C7
            -SATURATION SLOPE(MUST BE +VE)
                 -SATURATION SLOPE(MUST BE +VE)
     CS
     TC1
                  -ENGINE SPINDOWN TIME CONSTANT, SEC
             -DAMPING RATIO (SPINUP)
    ZTA
     AMN
                 -MACH NUMBER
                  -THRUST REVERSERS TIME CONSTANT, SEC
    TC2
    GAMX,GAMZ
                 -x, Z DIRECTION COSINES
     X0, Z0
                 -THRUST LOCATION COMPONENTS FROM C.G., FT
                -AMBIENT PRESSURE (PSIA)
     PAM
     TAM
                 -AMBIENT TEMPERATURE (DEGREES RANKINE)
     P2
                 - BLEED PRESSURE DOWNSTREAM OF THE PORT(PSIA)PORT NO 2
     FAN
                 -INDICATOR FUNCTION FOR ENGINE FAN AIR CALCULATIONS
                        O= TO BE INCLUDED
                        1= TO BE EXCLUDED
                 -INDICATOR FUNCTION FOR ENGINE BLEED AIR CALCULATION
     BLD
                        O= TO BE INCLUDED
                       1= TO BE EXCLUDED
00000
     FX1
                 -EXTERNAL FORCE X-AXIS(THRUST REDUCTION DUE TO
                 USE OF A THRUSTER), LBS
     WRITTEN BY - MAHINDER WAHI
                                                          APRIL 1977
      DIMENSION PR(1), WN2(1), TFT(1), TRT(1)
      DIMENSION TSR(1), TFN(1), TFP(1), TBT(1), TBP(1), TPG(1)
C
            INITIALIZATION
      IF (AMN.EQ. .99999) AMN=0.
      IF (PAM.EQ. .99999) PAM=14.7.
      IF(TAM.EQ. .99999) TAM=459.
      IF(FX1.EQ. .99999) FX1=0.
   PUT LIMITS WITH A DEAD ZONE ON THRUST LEVER ANGLE INPUT.
      CALL SBITHT, THT, C1, C2, C3, C4, C5, C6, C7, C8)
      IF(THT-0.)10,20,20
   10 ISW = 0
      GO TO 30
   20 ISW = 1
   30 CONTINUE
   CALCULATE ENGINE COMMAND PRESSURE RATIO FROM TABLE LOOKUP ROUTINE
      NPR = PR(2)
      PRI = TBLU1(THT, PR(4), PR(NPR+4), 1, -NPR)
      EPS = PRI-PRO
      SP1 = AMAX1(SPS,O.)
      EP2 = AMIN1(EPS,0.)
      IF(IX3.NE.0)X30 =(EP2-X3)/TC1
   CALCULATE ENGINE SPINUP NATURAL FREQUENCY SQ. FROM TABLE LOOKUP ROUT.
      NWN = WN2(2)
      WNS = TELUI(PRO, WN2(4), WN2(NWN+4), 1, -NWN)
      EM1= EP1=WNS
      WN = SCRT(WNS)
      IF(IX2.NE.0)X2D = EM1-2.*WN*ZTA*X2
      IF(IPPC.NE.O) PROD =x2+x3
```

Table 143: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE EC (CONTINUED)

```
IF(ISW.EQ.O) GO TO 40
     CALCULATE ENGINE FORWARD THRUST FROM STANDARD TABLE LOOKUP ROUTINES
           N1 = TFT(3)+4 TO 1 FEED ARTHOUGH MOST ERUTAS ERITTS
           N2 = TFT(2)+TFT(3)+4
           N3 = TFT(2)
           N4 = TFT(3)
           TF = TBLU2(AMN,PRO,TFT(N1),TFT(4),TFT(N2),1,1,-N3,-N4,N3,N4)
           GO TO 50
      40 IF(IPRR.NE.O) PRRD = (PRO-PRR)/TC2
C CALCULATE ENGINE REVERSE THRUST FROM STANDARD TABLE LOOKUP ROUTINES
           N1 = TRT(3)+4
           N2 = TRT(2)+TRT(3)+4 200 2017 2018 2018 2018 2018
           N3 = TRT(2)
           N4 = TRT(3)
            TR = TBLU2(AMN, PRR, TRT(N1), TRT(4), TRT(N2), 1, 1, -N3, -N4, N3, N4)
      50 TH = TR+TF+FX1 MAR 249 MARCH 48 MARC
C BODY AXIS TRANSOFRMATION
         FX = TH*GAMX
FZ = TH*GAMZ
            TY = Z0*FX-X0*FZ
C
            IF (BLD.NE.O. .AND. FAN.NE.O.) GO TO 70
      RAM RISE/COMPRESSOR INLET CONDITIONS
            PT = PAM+(1+ .2*AMN*AMN)*+3.5
            TT = TAM*(1+ .2*AMN*AMN)
     CORRECTED ENGINE SPEED RATIO
            N1 = TSR(3)+4
            N2 = TSR(2)+TSR(3)+4
            N3 = TSR(2)
            N4 = TSR(3)
            SPD= TBLU2(AMN,TH,TSR(N1),TSR(4),TSR(N2),1,1,-N3,-N4,N3,N4)
            ENC= SPD+SQRT(519./TT)
            IF (FAN.NE.O.) GO TO 60
C
        FAN STAGE DELIVERY TEMPERATURE AND PRESSURE
            NX = TFN(2)
            DTF= TBLU1(ENC,TFN(4),TFN(NX+4),1,-NX)
            FST= TT*(1.+DTF)
            NX = TFP(2)
            FPR= TBLU1(ENC, TFP(4), TFP(NX+4),1,-NX)
            FSP= PT*FPR
      60 CONTINUE
            IF (9LD.NE.O.) GO TO 70
      BLEED AIR PRESSURE AND TEMPERATURE CALCULATIONS
      PRESSURE AND TEMPERATURE UPSTREAM OF BLEED PORT
            NX = TBT(2)
            DT = TBLU1(ENC, T3T(4), T8T(NX+4), 1, -NX)
            TPU= TT*(1.+0T)
            NX = T9P(2)
            CPR = TBLU1(ENC, TBP(4), TBP(NX+4), 1, -NX)
   FURS PPU = PT+CPR MOSA LOS YONGUCESA BESTER SUPERE SALONE
            PRAT=PPU/P2
            NX = TPO(2)
             WCR= TBLU1(PRAT, TPO(4), TPO(NX+4), 1, -NX)
     FLOWRATE AND TEMPERATURE DOWNSTREAM OF BLEED PORT
            W2 = WCR#PPU/SQRT(TPU)
                                                                 CXXXXXX MALE, CALLES & INCREM DE DE TENT
            TZ= TPU
```

Table 143: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE EC (CONCLUDED)

A AU SIS OF AN EJECTOR WITH CONVERSING-CITYPROTES

ACONVERGENT-DIVENCENT NOBELE DIFFUSER LOSS ACTOR

VERSION 2. SERT 100 P

.

70 CONTINUE RETURN END

TIRE BUSSON TA GRUSSBAR JATOT ETAROJA

```
CEJ
      SUBROUTINE EJ (TAB, T3, W3, P1, P1DOT, IP1, T1, W1, T2, P2, P3,
     1 ANT. ANE. AK)
   VERSION 2. SEPT 1977
    PURPOSE - ANALYSIS OF AN EJECTOR WITH CONVERGING-DIVERGING
C
              NOZZLE AND SUBSONIC OR CHCKED FLOW CONDITIONS
C
C
           - USES A TWO DIEMNSIONAL INPUT TABLE OF FLOW RATIO (TOTAL/
    METHOD
              PRIMARY) AS A FUNCTION OF THE TWO PRESSURE RATIOS (TOTAL/
C
              SECONDARY AND PRIMARY/SECONDARY). FOR CHOKED THROAT FLOW
C
              UPSTREAM PRESSURE IS COMPUTED TO MATCH FLOW. FOR SUBSONIC
C
              FLOW THE EXIT PRESSURE(STATIC) EQUALS SECONDARY SUPPLY
C
              PRESSURE.
C
C
   CALL SEQUENCE
C
   ***** TABLES
                  ****
C
      TAB
              -FLOW RATIO (TOTAL/PRIMARY) AS A FUNCTION OF THE TWO
C
              -PRESSURE RATIOS(TOTAL/SECONDARY AND PRIMARY/SECONDARY)
C
              -TWO DIMENSIONAL TABLE.
C
   ****
          DUTPUTS ****
C
      T3
              -OUTLET TEMPERATURE, DEG RANKINE (PORT NO 3)
C
      W3
              -TOTAL OUTLET FLOW, LB/MIN(PORT NO 3)
C
      71
              -INLET PRESSURE PRIMARY AIR SOURCE, PSIA
                                                         PORT
C
      PLOOT
              -INLET PRESSURE DERIVATIVE, PSIA/SEC
                                                          ) NO
C
      IP1
              -INTEGRATOR CONTROL FOR PI
                                                      11
C
   ****
          INPUTS ****
C
      T1
              -INLET TEMPERATURE PRIMARY SOURCE, DEG RANKINE
C
              -INLET FLOW RATE PRIMARY SOURCE, LBS/MIN(PORT NO 1)
      W1
C
              -INLET TEMPERATUREE SECONDARY SOURCE, DEG RANKINE
      T2
C
      P2
              -INLET PRESSURE SECONDARY AIR SOURCE, PSIA(PORT NO 2)
C
      P3
              -OUTLET PRESSURE, PSIA(PORT NO 3)
C
      ANT
              -NOZZLE THROAT AREA, SQFT
C
      ANE
              -NOZZLE EXIT AREA, SQFT
              -CONVERGENT-DIVERGENT NOZZLE DIFFUSER LOSS FACTOR
C
      AK
C
              - (FOR CONVERGENT NOZZLE, INPUT AK=0., ANE=ANT)
C
     WRITTEN BY MAHINDER WAHI AND ADAM LLOYD
                                                    JUNE 1977
C
      DIMENSION TAB(1)
      DATA GAMMA /1.400/
    CHECK TO SEE IF CHOKING AT NOZZLE THROAT
      WCHO = 31.9*ANT*P1/SQRT(T1)
      IF (W1.LT.WCHO) GO TO 10
    CHOKED FLOW - CALCULATE UPSTREAM PRESSURE TO MATCH FLOWS
      P1CAL = W1 *SQRT(T1)/(31.9*ANT)
      IF(IP1.NE.O) P1DOT= (P1CAL-P1)/.01
      GO TO 100
    FLOW IS NOT CHOKED - CALCULATE DYNAMIC HEAD AT THROAT
   10 AM = AMACH(P1,T1,ANT,W1,0.)
      PTS = P1/(1.+(GAMMA-1.)*AM*AM/2.)**(GAMMA/(GAMMA-1.))
      AO = PI-PTS
      ALOSS = 4Q*AK
    CALCULATE TOTAL PRESSURE AT NOZZLE EXIT
      PE = PI-ALOSS
```

Table 144: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE EJ (CONCLUDED)

```
AME = AMACH(PE,T1,ANE,W1,O.)
     PESCAL = PE/(1.+(GAMMA-1.)*AME*AME/2.)**(GAMMA/(GAMMA-1.))
     PERR = P2-PESCAL
     IF(IP1.NE.O) PIDOT= PERR/.01
C
 100 N1= TAB(3)+4
     N2= TAB(2)+TAB(3) +4
     N3= TAB(2)
     N4= TAB(3)
     PRATI= P3/P2
     PRAT2= P1/P2
     WRAT= TBLU2(PRAT1, PRAT2, TAB(N1), TAB(4), TAB(N2), 1, 1, -N3, -N4, N3, N4)
     C1=W1*SQRT(T1)*WRAT
     C2=C1/(W1*(T1-T2))
     B=2.*T2+1./(C2*C2)
     T3=(B+SQRT(B*8-4.*T2*T2))/2.
     W3=C1/SQRT(T3)
     RETURN
     END
```

Table 145: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE ELAS

```
CELAS
      SUBROUTINE ELAS(NSIDE, NEND, SPH, STH, AA, B, LO, EPI, ETI, RA, NU, XR, PTM)
000
    VERSION 2
                                         REVISED MARCH 1979
00000
    WRITTEN BY - GS DULEBA
    PURPOSE - TO COMPUTE DATA ARRAYS FOR BOTH FREE AND LOADED
               ACLS ELASTIC TRUNK SHAPES (FOR COMPONENT TS)
00000000
    METHOD - SUBROUTINES ENDFS, ENDLS, SIDEFS AND SIDELS ARE CALLED
              BY QNWT TO DETERMINE TRUNK CROSS-SECTIONAL SHAPES.
              DATA ARRAYS ARE FILLED WITH CALCULATED TRUNK PARAMETERS.
    OUTPUTS - DATA ARRAYS FOR VARIABLES YO, L1, L2, L3, VC, VS, E1, E3 AND ZO
              ARE STORED IN COMMON/STRCH/.
    INPUTS - SEE TS NOMENCLATURE FOR ARGUMENT LIST
      COMMON/ELAST/L2, NPHP, NTHP, NTS, YO, L1, PI, POZ, SR, E1, E3
      COMMON/CIO/IREAD, IWRITE, IDIAG
      COMMON/STRCH/EYO(2560), EL1(2560), EL3(2560), EVC(2560), EVS(2560),
     2 EE1(2560), EE3(2560), EL2(2560), AZO(512)
      DIMENSION AA(1),8(1),LO(1),X(7),R(7),P(150),AJ(7,7),BJ(7,9),IP(8)
      DIMENSION XR(1), SPT(7), SPR(7), PZL(5)
      DIMENSION EPI(1), ETI(1), RA(1), NU(1), SPH(1), STH(1)
      REAL L1, L2, LO, NU, L3
      EXTERNAL ENDES
      EXTERNAL ENDLS
      EXTERNAL SIDEFS
      EXTERNAL SIDELS
      EQUIVALENCE (X(1),Q),(X(2),V),(X(4),A),(X(5),C),(X(7),L3)
      DATA PZL/1.,.8,.6,.4,.2/
C
      CALL SECOND(CPT)
      WRITE(6.5) CPT
 5
      FORMAT(//, 20X, F10.3, 17H CPU SECONDS ****)
      PI=3.14159265
      PO2=PI/2.
C
      NPR=8
      NZ=5
      NPT=8
       ANZ=NZ
C
     ********
      DPT=PTM/(NPT+1)
      DPR=1./NPR
      IP(1)=50
C
      NTHP=STH(2)
      NTHS=STH(3)
      NPHP=SPH(2)
      NPHS=SPH(3)
      00 10 I=1,NPHP
```

the state of the s

```
10
     P(11+1)=SPH(NPHS+1+3)
     NW=11+2*NPHP
DO 12 I=1,NTHP
 12
     P(NW+I) = STH(NTHS+I+3)
     NPA=11+NPHP
     NPB=11+2*NPHP+NTHP
     NTS=NPA+NPHP+1
CCC
    CALCULATE SHAPES FOR TRUNK END SECTIONS
     P(1)=0.
     IF (NEND.EQ.0) GO TO 501
     DO 500 I=1, NEND
     SR=XR(I)
     P(2)=AA(I)
     P(3)=B(I)
     P(4)=LO(I)
     P(7)=EPI(I)
     P(8)=ETI(1)
     P(9)=NU(I)
     P(10)=RA(I)
C
     DO 15 IQ=1,NPHP
 15
     P(NPA+IQ)=SPH(3+NPHS+NPHP*I+IQ)
     DO 16 19=1,NTHP
     P(NPB+IQ)=STH(3+NTHS+NTHP*I+IQ)
 16
CC
    SOLVE FOR FREE SHAPE PARAMETER DATA
      0=0L
     00 20 J=1,NPT
     P(6)=0PT*J
     X(1) = .3 * P(4)
     x(2)=x(1)+1.
      X(3) = 2.5
     X(4)=4.*X(1)
     X(5)=1.5
      JQ =0
     DO 20 K=1.NPR
      PR=(NPR-K) *DPR
      P(5)=P(6)*(1.-PR)
CCC
    END ELEMENT FREE SHAPE CALCULATIONS
      NY=0
      GO TO 102
 101 X(1)=.3*P(4)
      X(2)=X(1)+1.
      X(3) = 2.5
     X(4)=2.*X(1)
      NY=1
      10=0
      CALL QNWT(X,5,7,ENDFS,P,.OC1,IP,JQ,R,RMS,AJ,BJ)
 102
      IF(RMS.LE.0.001) GO TO 19
      IF(NY.EQ.0) GO TO 101
```

```
WRITE(6,18) RMS, I, J, K, I
      FORMAT(/, 2x, F8.3, 315, 5x, 30HCONVERGENCE HAS FAILED - ENDFS,
 18
     221H TRUNK SECTION NUMBER, 15)
 19
      CONTINUE
      JQ=1
      AZO(NPR*NPT*(I-1)+NPR*(J-1)+K)= P(11)
C
20
      CONTINUE
C
C
    SOLVE FOR LOADED SHAPE PARAMETER DATA
     X(1)=.3*P(4)
     x(2)= (1)-1.
      X(3)=..5
      X(4)=4.*X(1)
      X(5)=X(4)-1.
      X(6)=1.5
      X(7)=0.
      00 30 J=1,NPT
      IF(J.EQ.1) GO TO 215
      DO 214 M=1,7
 214 X(M)=SPT(M)
215
      CONTINUE
      P(6)=0PT*J
C
      JQ=0
      DO 30 K=1 ,NPR
      IF(K.EQ.1) GO TO 217
      DO 216 M=1,7
 216 X(M)=SPR(M)
 217
      CONTINUE
      PR = (NPR-K) *DPR
      P(5)=P(6)*(1.-PR)
      P11=AZO(NPT*NPR*(I-1)+NPR*(J-1)+K)
      00 30 L=1,NZ
      P(11)=P11*(NZ+1-L)/ANZ
      IF(L.GT.3) GO TO 888
C
      NY=0
      GO TO 104
 103
     X(1) = .3 + P(4)
      X(2)=X(1)+1.
      X(3)=2.5
      X(4)=2,+X(1)
      X(5)=X(4)+1.
      X(6)=1.5
      X(7)=.1*P(4)*(L-1)
      NY=1
      J0=0
      CALL QNWT(X,7,7,ENDLS,P,.05,IP,JQ,R,RMS,AJ,BJ)
      IF(RMS.LE.0.05) GO TO 42
      IF (NY.EQ.0) GO TO 103
      WRITE(6,41) RMS, J, K, L, I
      FORMATI/, 2x, F8.3, 315, 5x, 3CHCONVERGENCE HAS FAILED - ENDLS.
     2 21H TRUNK SECTION NUMBER, 15)
 888 IF(L.LT.(NZ-1)) GO TO 30
```

Table 145: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE ELAS (CONTINUED)

```
NN= L+NZ*(K-1)+NPR*NZ*(J-1)+NZ*NPR*NPT*(I-1)
     EYO(NN) = TBLU1(PZL(L), PZL(L-3), EYO(NN-3), 2,3)
     EL1(NN)= TBLU1(PZL(L),PZL(L-3),EL1(NN-3),2,3)
     EL2(NN)= TBLU1(PZL(L),PZL(L-3),EL2(NN-3),2,3)
     EL3(NN) = TBLU1(PZL(L), PZL(L-3), EL3(NN-3), 2,3)
     EE1(NN)= TBLU1(PZL(L),PZL(L-3),EE1(NN-3),2,3)
     EE3(NN)= TBLU1(PZL(L),PZL(L-3),EE3(NN-3),2,3)
     EVC(NN) = TBLU1(PZL(L), PZL(L-3), EVC(NN-3), 2, 3)
     EVS(NN)= TBLU1(PZL(L),PZL(L-3),EVS(NN-3),2,3)
     GO TO 30
42
     CONTINUE
     IF(L.NE.1) GO TO 219
     00 218 M=1,7
218
     SPR(M)=X(M)
219
     CONTINUE
     IF((L+K).NE.2) GO TO 221
     DO 220 M=1,7
220
     SPT(M)=X(M)
     CONTINUE
221
     JQ=1
     NN= L+NZ*(K-1)+NPR*NZ*(J-1)+NZ*NPR*NPT*(I-1)
     EYO(NN)=YO
     EL1(NN)=L1
     EL2(NN)=L2
     EL3(NN)=X(7)
     EE1(NN)=E1
     EE3(NN)=E3
C
     72=F1117=C
Y2=AMIN1(Y2,C)
     YC=Y2/C
     A2=.5*A/C*(Y2*SQRT(C*C~Y2*Y2)+C*C*(PD2+ASIN(YC)))
     X2=.5*A*A/C/C*(C*C*(Y2+2.*C/3.)-Y2*Y2*Y2/3.)/A2
     EVC(NN) = A2*(P(10)+Y0-X2)
C
     Y1=P(3)+P(11)-V
     Y1=AMIN1(Y1,V)
     YV=Y1/V
      A1=.5*Q/V*(Y1*SQRT(V*V-Y1*Y1)+V*V*(PO2+ASIN(YV)))
     X1=.5+Q+Q+(Y1+2.+V/3. - Y1+Y1+Y1/V/V/3.)/A1
     V1=A1*(P(10)+Y0+L3+X1)-P(3)*(P(2)-L3-Y0)*(P(10)+.5*(P(2)+L3+Y0))
      EVS(NN)=V1+L3*P(11)*(P(10)+Y0+.5*L3)+A2*(P(10)+Y0-X2)+
    2 .5#P(2)#P(3)#(P(10)+2.#P(2)/3.)
     CONTINUE
     CALL SECOND (CPT)
     WRITE(6,5) CPT
      CALL ELWR(I, NPR, NPT, NZ, NEND, DPT, P(2), P(3), P(4), P(9), P(10), P(7),
    2 P(8))
 500
     CONTINUE
 501 CONTINUE
    SIDE ELEMENT FREE SHAPE CALCULATIONS
      II=NEND+1
      IZ=NEND+NSIDE
```

Table 145: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE ELAS (CONTINUED)

```
DO 900 I=I1,I2
P(2)=AA(I)
P(3)=B(I)
P(4)=LO(I)
P(7)=EPI(I)
P(8)=ETI(I)
     IF (NSIDE. EQ.0) GO TO 901
     P(9)=NU(I)
P(10)=RA(I)
C
     DO 36 IQ=1,NPHP
     P(NPA+IQ) = SPH(3+NPHS+NPHP*I+IQ)
36
     DO 40 J=1,NPT
     P(6)=DPT*J
     X(1)=.3*LO(I)
     X(2)=2.5
     X(3)=1.5
      JQ=0
     00 40 K=1,NPR
      PR = (NPR-K) +DPR
      P(5)=P(6)*(1.-PR)
C
     NY=0
     GO TO 106
 105
     X(1) = .4*P(4)
      X(2)=2.3
      X(3)=1.3
     NY=1
      0=QL
     CALL QNWT(X,3,7,SIDEFS,P,.OO1,IP,JQ,R,RMS,AJ,BJ)
      IF(RMS.LE.0.001) GO TO 39
      IF (NY.EQ.0) GO TO 105
      WRITE(6,38) RMS, I, J, K, I
      FORMAT(/,5x,E15.4, 315,5x, 31HCONVERGENCE HAS FAILED - SIDEFS,
     2 21H TRUNK SECTION NUMBER, 15)
 39
      CONTINUE
      J0=1
      AZO(NPR*NPT*(I-1)+NPR*(J-1)+K)= P(11)
 40
      CONTINUE
    SOLVE FOR LOADED SHAPE PARAMETER DATA
     X(1)=.3*P(4)
X(2)=2.5
      X(3)=1.5
      X(4)=0.
     00 50 J=1,NPT ( 519 ( 519 ) 50 OH ( 19 ) 50 OH
      P(6)=DPT#J
      J0=0
      IF(J.EQ.1) GO TO 315
      DO 314 M=1,4
 314
     X(M)=SPT(M)
 315
      CONTINUE
      DO 50 K=1,NPR
```

Table 145: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE ELAS (CONCLUDED)

```
IF (K.EQ.1) GO TO 317
     DO 316 M=1,4
316
     X(M)=SPR(M)
317
     CONTINUE
     PR=(NPR-K)*DPR
     P(5)=P(6)*(1.-PR)
     DO 50 L=1.NZ
     P(11)=AZO(NPT*NPR*(I-1)+NPR*(J-1)+K)*(NZ+1-L)/ANZ
C
     PURPOSE - TO COMPUTE AN INCOMPLETE ELLIPTIC INTECRAL CO=YM
     GO TO 108
107
     X(1) = .4*P(4)
     X(2)=2.3
     X(3)=1.5
     X(4)=.1*P(4)*(L-1)
     NY=1
     J0=0
     CALL QNWT (X,4,7,SIDELS,P,.OO1,IP,JQ,R,RMS,AJ,BJ)
108
     IF(RMS.LE.0.001) GO TO 48
     IF (NY.EQ.0) GO TO 107
     WRITE(6,47) RMS,I,J,K,I 01 00 450 1340 2040 114149 45
47
      FORMAT(/,5x,E15.4,315,5x,31HCONVERGENCE HAS FAILED - SIDELS,
    2 21H TRUNK SECTION NUMBER, 15)
49
     CONTINUE
     IF (L.NE.1) GO TO 319
     DO 318 M=1.4
318 SPR(M)=X(M)
319 CONTINUE
     IF((L+K).NE.2) GO TO 321
     DO 320 M=1,4
320 SPT(M)=X(M)
321 CONTINUE
     JQ=1
     NN= L+NZ*(K-1)+NPR*NZ*(J-1)+NZ*NPR*NPT*(I-1)
C
     S3=SIN(X(3))
     R2=X(1)*P(6)/P(5)
     Y0=R2*S3
      EYO(NN)=YO
      EL1(NN)=X(1)*X(2)
      EL2(NN)=R2*X(3)
     EL3(NN)=X(4)
     EE1(NN)=E1
     EE3(NN)=E1
C
      ACV=.25*R2*R2*(2.*X(3)-SIN(2.*X(3)))
      EVC(NN) = ACV
      EVS(NN)=ACV + .25*X(1)*X(1)*(2.*X(2) + SIN(2.*X(2)))
     2 + (P(11)-X(1))*(AA(I)-YO) + X(1)*X(4) + .5*P(2)*P(3)
50
     CONTINUE
      SALL ELWR(I,NPK,NPT,NZ,NEND,DPT,P(2),P(3),P(4),P(9),P(10),P(7),
     2 P(8))
900
     CONTINUE
901
     CONTINUE
      RETURN
      END
```

Table 146: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE ELFX

```
CELFX
                                                    SUBROUTINE ELFX(TH.PHI.E)
C
 CC
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                REVISED MARCH 1979
                                    VERSION 2
 C
                                    WRITTEN BY - GS DULEBA DAY ( - ) * RESPONDED TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O
 C
 C
                                    PURPOSE - TO COMPUTE AN INCOMPLETE ELLIPTIC INTEGRAL OF THE
 C
                                                                                                                       SECOND KIND
  CC
                                    OUTPUTS -
                                                                                                                     VALUE OF INTEGRAL
  C
                                                                      E
  C
  CC
                                     INPUTS
                                                                                                                       INPUT MODULUS
                                                                                                                       INPUT PARAMETER ALLEGO AS A SECOND TO A SE
                                                                      PHI
                                                      IF (PHI.LT.O..OR.TH.LT.O.) GO TO 77
                                                   PORTINITION OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF STATE O
                                                      E=C.
                                                     RETURN
           80
                                                     CONTINUE
                                                      AK=SIN(TH)
                                                      SI=SIN(PHI)
                                                      CO=COS(PHI)
                                                      AN=1.
                                                      AD=2.
                                                      S1=.5*PHI-.25*SIN(2.*PHI)
                                                      E=PHI-.5*AK*AK*S1
                                                      1=1
           20
                                                      I = I+1
                                                      IF(I.GT.20) GO TO 200
                                                      AI=I
                                                     N=2*I
                                                      BN=N
                                                       AN=AN+(2.+AI-3.)
                                                       AD=2.*AD*AI
                                                       S2=((BN-1.)*S1-CO*SI**(BN-1.))/BN
                                                       S1=S2
                                                       DE =AN/AD+S2+AK++BN
                                                       E=E-DE
                                                       IF ((DE*DE).LT.1.E-06) GO TO 200
                                                       GO TO 20
                                                      RETURN
             200
                                                       END ITESTATIONS + TESTAT STATESTATES + TOLETUMISTS
```

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(# 19# 1519#2. * (A12#1118. * LOV-11PALI**(1118-11118) * 2

Table 147: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE ELKX

```
SUBROUTINE ELKX(TH,E)
CELKX
C
                VERSION 2 HORAM QBETVER
0000000000000000
                                                                                                                                                      REVISED MARCH 1979
                 WRITTEN BY - GS DULEBA
                 PURPOSE - TO COMPUTE A COMPLETE ELLIPTIC INTEGRAL OF THE SECOND
                 OUTPUTS -
                          BE ANTO VALUE FINTEGRAL DE SENTA JEMBROM ET SEZ - STURME
                 INPUTS
                               TH ACTINPUT MODULUS TO ACTION TO SEE 
                         DATA PIZ/1.570796/
                         IF (TH.LT.O.) GO TO 77
                         GO TO 80
                         E=0.
     77
                         RETURN
                         AK=SIN(TH)
     80
                         AN=1.
                         AD=2.
                         E=PI2*(1.-.25*AK*AK)
                         1=1
     20
                         I = I+1
                         IF(1.GT.20) GO TO 200
                         AI=I
                         N= 2*1
                         AN=AN*(2.*AI-1.)
        AD=AD+2.*AI
                          DE=PI2*AN*AN/AD/AD/(BN-1.)*AK**BN
                          IF((DE+0E).LT.1.E-06) GO TO 200
                          GO TO 20
                          RETURN
      200
                          END
```

HRITELINGITE. 105) TAZONI-NPRETU-LIKI +UESI-NPRI

(1-0*1)*T90*I14

APITE(IMPITE:113) PTLAPTS

Table 148: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE ELWR

```
CELWR
      SUBROUTINE ELWR(I, NPR, NPT, NZ, NEND, DPT, A, B, LO, NU, RA, EPI, ETI)
C
C
                                       REVISED MARCH 1979
    VERSION 2 HORAM GREEVER
C
C
C
    WRITTEN BY - GS DULEBA
C
C
    PURPOSE - TO PRINT COMPUTED DATA ARRAYS FOR ACLS ELASTIC
C
             TRUNK COMPONENT TS.
C
C
    OUTPUTS - NONE
C
C
    INPUTS - SEE TS NOMENCLATURE FOR ARGUMENT LIST VARIABLES
      COMMON/STRCH/ EYO(2560), EL1(2560), EL3(2560), EVC(2560),
     2 EVS(2560), EE1(2560), EE3(2560), EL2(2560), AZO(512)
      COMMON/CIO/IREAD, IWRITE, IDIAG
      REAL LO, NU
      NI=NPR*NPT*(I-1)
      NPT2=NPT/2
      TF(I.NE.1) GO TO 199
      WRITE(IWRITE, 100)
      WRITE(IWRITE, 200)
      WRITE(IWRITE, 300)
      WRITE(IWRITE, 400)
 199
      CONTINUE
      IF(I.GT.NEND) GO TO 5
      WRITE(IWRITE, 101) I,A,B,LO,NU,RA,EPI,ETI
      GO TO 8
      WRITE(IWRITE, 103) I, A, B, LO, NU, EPI, ETI
      CONTINUE
     FORMAT (///12H*** DATA SET, 12, 23H *** TRUNK END ELEMENT,
     2 4(4H****)/10X,2HA=,F6.2, 10X,2HB=,F6.2, 10X,3HLD=,F6.2,
     3 8X,3HNU=,F5.2,8X,3HRA=,F6.2,8X,4HEPI=,F6.3,8X,4HETI=,F6.3//
     4 53X,18H*** ZOFS ARRAY ***/)
     FORMAT(///,5X,12H*** DATA SET,12,24H *** TRUNK SIDE ELEMENT ,
     2 4(4H****)/10X,2HA=,F6.2, 10X,2HB=,F6.2, 10X,3HLU=,F6.2,
     3 10X,3HNU=,F5.2,10X,4HEPI=,F6.3,10X,4HETI=,F6.3, //53X,18H*** ZD
     4FS ARRAY ***/)
    OUTPUT ARRAYS
      DO 10 M=1,NPR
      K=NPR+1-M
      WRITE(IWRITE, 105) (AZO(NI+NPR*(J-1)+K), J=1, NPT)
 10
      CONTINUE
      WRITE(IWRITE, 110)
      DO 20 J=1,NPT2
      PT 1=0PT*(2*J-1)
      PT2=PT1+DPT
      WRITE(IWRITE, 113) PT1, PT2
      DO 20 M=1, NPR
      K=NPR+1-M
```

Table 148: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE ELWR (CONTINUED)

```
N1=NI*NZ+NZ*(K-1)+NPR*NZ*(2*J-2)
                                           210F50 1. .8: .6: .4.
      N2=N1+NPR +NZ
      WRITE(IWRITE, 115) (EYO(L+N1), L=1, NZ), (EYO(L+N2), L=1, NZ)
20
      CONTINUE
      WRITE(IWRITE, 120)
      DO 30 J=1.NPT2
      PT1=0PT*(2*J-1)
      PT2=PT1+OPT
      WRITE(IWRITE, 113) PT1, PT2
      DO 30 M=1,NPR
      K=NPR+1-M
      N1=NI*NZ+NZ*(K-1)+NPR*NZ*(2*J-2)
      N2=N1+NPR *NZ
      WRITE(IWRITE, 115) (EL1(L+N1), L=1, NZ), (EL1(L+N2), L=1, NZ)
30
      CONTINUE
      WRITE(IWRITE, 150)
      DO 50 J=1,NPT2
      PT 1=DPT*(2*J-1)
      PT2=PT1+DPT
      WRITE(IWRITE, 113) PT1, PT2
      DO 50 M=1 , NPR
      K=NPR+1-M
      N1=NI*NZ+NZ*(K-1)+NPR*NZ*(2*J-2)
      N2=N1+NPR *NZ
      WRITE(IWRITE, 115) (EL2(L+N1), L=1, NZ), (EL2(L+N2), L=1, NZ)
 50
      CONTINUE
      WR ITE (IWR ITE, 135)
      00 40 J=1,NPT2
      PT 1=DPT * (2*J-1)
      PT2=PT1+OPT
      WRITE(IWRITE, 113) PT1, PT2
      DO 40 M=1 . NPR
      K=NPR+1-M
      N1=NI*NZ+NZ*(K-1)+NPR*NZ*(2*J-2)
      N2=N1+NPR *NZ
      WRITE(IWRITE, 116) (EL3(L+N1), L=1, NZ), (EL3(L+N2), L=1, NZ)
 40
      CONTINUE
C
C
C
 100
      FORMAT(39H1***** TRUNK ELEMENT SECTION PROPERTIES ,12(6H******))
 105
      FORMAT(20X,8F10.2)
      FORMAT(//54X,16H*** YO ARRAY ***)
 110
      FORMAT (//20x, 12HTRUNK PRES =, F5.2, 47x, 12HTRUNK PRES =, F5.2)
 113
      FORMAT(2X,5F11.2,12X,5F11.2)
 115
      FORMAT(2X, F11.0, 4F11.2, 12X, F11.0, 4F11.2)
 115
      FORMAT(///54X,16H*** L1 ARRAY ***/)
 120
      FORMAT(///54X,16H*** L3 ARRAY ***/)
 135
      FORMAT(///54X,16H*** L2 ARRAY ***/)
 150
      FORMAT(//,6x,67HFOR ALL ARRAYS- ROWS 1-8 CORRESPOND TO PR= 0, 1/8,
 200
     2 2/8, . . . , 7/8)
 300
     FORMAT(/,6x,75HFOR ZOFS ARRAY- COLUMNS 1-8 CORRESPOND TO PT= PTM+(
     2 1, 2, 3, . . . ,31/9
     FORMAT (/, 6x,75hFOR ALL OTHER ARRAYS- COLUMNS 1-5 CORRESPOND TO ZO/
```

Table 148: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE ELWR (CONCLUDED)

```
.6, .4, .2)
                               2ZOFS= 1, .8,
                                                                                                                                                                               至16年至2010年至2011年至3月
                                                          WRITELLINGTE, ILST LEYOTL+MI).[+I, NZ). (EYEVL+NZ)
                                   END
                                                                                                                                                              TOSI, ETIANILETERN
                                                                                                                                                                     (1-L#S1#T90mg T9
                                                                                                                                   WEITELTHRITE, LLD: PTINTIFTE
                                                                                                                                                                                        Med + ROMEX
                                                                                                             15-1451年5月年5日来9日以十十月一六月年5州十万月中日以上2十
                                ARMA JAM DE DE
                                                                                                              NI=01=02+NI*(X+1)-NPR*NZ*(Z*J+2)
                                WEST EST ( EL 2123) ( EL 21644) ( EL 21642) ( EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 216442) (  EL 2164442) (  EL 216444442) (  EL 21644442) (  EL 21644442) (  EL 216444444442) (  
                                                                                                              [五一七年至]米区的本景等的十十二十岁)半五日辛苦的年工时末江1
                               FORMS IN THIS SEA TRUME ELEMENT SECTION PROPERTIES SECURIT ARREST
                                                                                                          THER YANGS BY WHENAS, SACALIS SHEDO
       FORMA (LIVACOX. 12HT RUNK FRES #. FS.2) & TX. 12HTRUNK FRES #. FS.2)
                                                                                                     THER YAREA EL HEMMOS, TAPLICATION
FIRMATION OF CENTRON ALL ARRAYS ADMS 1-9 CORRESPOND TO PRE DE 1784
FORMATIVIOTATEHROR ZORS ARRAY - COLUMNS 1-6 CORRESPOND TO THE PTHELE
```

Table 149: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE ENDFS

```
CENDFS
     SUBROUTINE ENDFS(Y,M,K,R,P)
C
YERSION 2
                                   REVISED MARCH 1979
   WRITTEN BY - GS DULEBA
    PURPOSE - TO COMPUTE THE SHAPE PARAMETERS FOR AN ELASTIC TRUNK
             (COMPONENT TS) END ELEMENT IN THE FREE OR UNLOADED
             CONFIGURATION
    METHOD - TRUNK MERIDIAN IS ASSUMED IN THE SHAPE OF TWO ELLIPTICAL
            ARCS(INNER AND OUTER). LOADS IN THE HOOP AND MERIDIAN
            DIRECTIONS ARE CALCULATED FROM ASSUMED SHAPE USING
            MEMBRANE THEORY. HOOP AND MERIDIAN STRAINS ARE FOUND
            FROM LOAD/DEFLECTION CURVES AND MUST BE COMPATIBLE
            WITH ASSUMED SHAPE FOR A VALID SOLUTION.
    NOMENCLATURE
             PRESSURE RATIO (PT-PC)/(PT-PA)
      PR
             MAJOR AXIS FOR OUTER ELLIPSE
MINOR AXIS FOR OUTER ELLIPSE
      Q
             SWEPT ANGLE FOR OUTER ELLIPSE
      PH1
             MAJOR AXIS FOR INNER ELLIPSE
      A
             MINOR AXIS FOR INNER ELLIPSE
             SWEPT ANGLE FOR INNER ELLIPSE
      COMMON/ELAST/L2, NPH, NTH, NTS, YO, L1, PI, PO2, SR, EP1, EP2
      REAL L1, L2, L10, L20, NP, NT, NET, NEP
      DIMENSION Y(5),R(5),P(70)
C
      PR = P(5)/P(6)
     Q=Y(1)
      V=Y(2)
      PH1=Y(3)
      A=Y(4)
      G2=Y(5)
      C= PR + A + A + V/Q/Q
      SG=SIN(G2)
     CG=COS (G2)
     RE=A*C/SQRT(A*A*CG*CG+C*C*SG*SG)
      YO=RE*SG
      C2=COS (PH1)
      SZ=SIN(PH1)
     RA=Q*V/SQRT(Q*Q*C2*C2+V*V*S2*S2)
      R2Q=SQRT(Q+Q+(Q+Q-ZA+ZA)/V/V + ZA+ZA)
                              18'8' BHI | X872 7
      PH2=ASIN(ZA/R2Q)
      IF (PH1.GT.PO2) PH2=PI-PH2
    CALCULATE MERIDIAN LENGTH LZ FOR INNER ELLIPSE
```

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Table 149: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE ENDFS (CONTINUED)

```
AYC=A+A+(A+A-YO+YO)
          IF (AYC.LT.O.) AYC =-AYC
          R2P=SQRT(AYC/C/C+Y0*Y0)
          PH3=ASIN(YO/R2P)
          IF(G2.GT.PO2) PH3=PI-PH3
          Z=0.
          AC=A+A-C+C HOR SERVENARIAS SEARS BHT STUGRED OF H BEDAVUS
    IF(AC.LT.O.) GO TO 80
          SOAC=YY*SORT(AC)
          THE=ASIN(SQAC/A)
CLAS
          IF(G2.GE.PO2) GO TO 76
     W=ASIN(RE*SG/A)
CALL ELFX(THE,W,E)
          L2=A*E E8 TRUM ONA REVXES WORTER HER CLE I MOSE
          GO TO 7801TH/GZ OTJAV & ADR BALAS CRESTER ATTE
          G3=PI-G2
     76
          CALL ELKX (THE, E1)
          W=ASIN(RE*SIN(G3)/A)

CALL ELFX(THE,W,E2)

L2=A*(2.*E1-E2)

CONTINUE

GD TO 84

CONTINUE

ACC=YY*SQRT(-AC)/C

THE=ASIN(ACC)
     78
     80
          THE=ASIN(ACC)
          IF(G2.GE.PO2) GO TO 82
          CALL ELKX (THE, E1)
          G3=P02-G2
          W=ASIN(RE*SIN(G3)/C)
          CALL ELFX (THE, W, E2)
          L2=C*(E1-E2)
          GO TO 84
          G3=G2-P02
     82
          CALL ELKX (THE, E1)
          W=ASIN(RE*SIN(G3)/C)
          CALL ELFX (THE, W, E2)
          L2=C*(E1+E2)
     84
          CONTINUE
        CALCULATE MERIDIAN LENGTH L1 FOR OUTER ELLIPSE
          QV=Q*Q-V*V
          YY=1.
          IF(QV.LT.C.) GO TO 180
          SOV=YY*SORT(OV)
          THE=ASIN(SQV/Q)
          IF (PH1.GT.(2.*PI)) GO TO 179
          IF (PH1.GT.(1.5*PI)) GO TO 177
          IF(PH1.GT.PI) GO TO 175
          IF(PH1.GE.PO2) GO TO 176
          W=ASIN(RA+S2/Q)
          CALL ELFX (THE, W, E)
          L1=0*E
          GO TO 184 TILLE REMAI FOR SI HTEMES MATTERS - TARRES
     175 G3=PH1-PI
```

```
CALL ELKX (THE, E1)
    W=ASIN(RA*SIN(G3)/Q)
    CALL ELFX (THE, W, E2)
    L1=Q*(2.*E1+E2)
    GO TO 184
176
    G3=PI-PH1
    CALL ELKX (THE, E1)
    W=ASIN(RA*SIN(G3)/Q)
    CALL ELFX (THE, W, E2)
    L1=Q*(2.*E1-E2)
                                            TOWN -- SHOW I MANAGE
    GO TO 184
    CONTINUE
    G3=2.*PI-PH1
    CALL ELKX (THE.E1)
     W=ASIN(RA*SIN(G3)/Q)
    CALL ELFX (THE, W, E2)
    L1=Q*(4.*E1-E2)
    GO TO 184
179
     G3=PH1-2.*PI
     CALL ELKX (THE, E1)
    L1=Q*4.*E1-100.*G3
    GO TO 184
180
    QVV=YY*SORT(-QV)/V
     THE=ASIN(QVV)
     IF (PH1.GT.PI) GO TO 181
    IF(PH1.GE.PO2) GO TO 182
CALL ELKX(THE,E1)
    G3=P02-PH1
     W=ASIN(RA*SIN(G3)/V)
    CALL ELFX (THE, W, E2)
    L1=V+(E1-E2)
    GO TO 184
    G3=1.5*PI-PH1
    CALL ELKX (THE, E1)
    W=ASIN(RA+SIN(G3)/V)
    CALL ELFX (THE, W, E2)
    L1=V*(3.*E1-52)
     GO TO 184
182
     G3=PH1-P02
     CALL ELKX (THE, E1)
     W=ASIN(RA*SIN(G3)/V)
     CALL ELFX (THE, W, E2)
     L1=V*(E1+E2)
     CONTINUE
184
    B=P(10)+YO
     ET1=0.
     ET2=0.
     RRS1=0.
     RRS2=0.
     EP1=0.
     EP 2=0 .
     SR1=0.
     SR2=C.
   DIVIDE OUTER ELLIPSE INTO J1 FINITE LENGTHS AND COMPUTE
```

```
LOADS AND STRAINS AT EACH POINT
      J1=20.*L1/(L1+L2)
      IF(J1.LT.1) J1=1
      IF(J1.GT.19) J1=19
      J2=20-J1
      DT1=PH2/J1
      DT2=PH3/J2
C
      RTH=P(4)/(1.+P(7))*SR + P(10)
C
      TH=PI-PH2-.5*DT1
      00 65 J=1,J1
      TH=TH+DT1
      STH=SIN(TH)
      CTH=COS(TH)
C
      R2Q=Q*Q/SQRT(Q*Q*STH*STH + V*V*CTH*CTH)
      R1Q=R2Q*R2Q*R2Q*V*V/Q/Q/Q/Q
      RR=B+R2Q*STH
      R22=8/STH+R2Q
      NT=P(6)*R22*(1.-R2Q*(B+RR)/2./RR/R1Q)
      NP=P(6)*R2Q*(B+RR)/2./RR
      IF (SR.EQ.O.) RTH=RR
     NEP=RR/RTH*(NP-P(9)*NT)
NET=(NT-P(9)*NP)*RR/RTH
      EP =R1Q*TBLU1(NEP, P(12), P(NPH+12), 1, NPH)
      ET =R1Q*TBLU1(NET,P(NTS),P(NTH+NTS),1,NTH)
      SR1=SR1+R10
      Z=J
      EP1=EP1+EP
      ET1=ET1+ET
 65
      RRS1=RRS1+RR
CCC
    DIVIDE INNER ELLIPSE INTO J2 FINITE LENGTHS AND COMPUTE
    LOADS AND STRAINS AT EACH POINT
      TH=-.5*DT2+PI
      DO 75 J=1,J2
      TH=TH+DT2
      STH=SIN(TH)
      CTH=COS(TH)
C
      R2P=A*A/SQRT(A*A*STH*STH + C*C*CTH*CTH)
      RR1=R2P*R2P*R2P*C*C/A/A/A/A
      RO=B+R2P*STH
      RO=AMAX1(RO,.1)
      NT=P(5)*(R2P+B/STH)*(1.-R2P*(B+R0)/2./R0/RR1)
      NP=P(5)*R2P*(B+R0)/2./R0
      IF (SR.EQ.O.) RTH=RO
      NEP=RO/RTH*(NP-P(9)*NT)
      NET=(NT-P(9)*NP)*RO/RTH
      EP=RR1*TBLU1(NEP,P(12),P(NPH+12),1,NPH)
      ET=RR1*TBLU1(NET,P(NTS),P(NTH+NTS),1,NTH)
      SR2=SR2+RR1
      ET2=ET2+ET
```

Table 149: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE ENDFS (CONCLUDED)

```
EP2=EP2+EP
75
    RRS2=RRS2+RO
C
   COMPUTE AVERAGE STRAINS
    EP1=EP1/SR1
     EP2=EP2/SR2
    ET1=ET1/SR1
    ET2=ET2/SR2
C
C
    L10=(1.+P(7))*L1/(1.+EP1)
L20=(1.+P(7))*L2/(1.+EP2)
   COMPUTE RESIDUALS (=0. AT SOLUTION)
C
C
    R(1)=P(4) - L10 -L20
R(2)= P(2)- ZA - YO
     R(3)= P(3)- V+RA*C2 + C - RE*CG
C
    D2=P(2)*L20/P(4)
    DO2= P(10) + .5*D2
DO1= P(10) + D2 + .5*(P(2)-D2)
IF(Z.EQ.O.) GO TO 110
    R41=ET1 - ((1.+P(8))*RRS1/001/Z - 1.)
     GO TO 115
110
    R41=0.
    IF(Z. EQ.20.) GO TO 120
 115
     R42=ET2 - ((1.+P(8))*RRS2/D02/(20.-Z) - 1.)
     GO TO 125
120
    R42=0.
    CONTINUE
125
     R(4)=R41
     R(5)=R42
     P(11)=C-RE*CG
     RETURN
     END
```

Table 150: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE ENDLS

```
CENDLS
      SUBROUTINE ENDLS (Y,M,K,R,P)
C
0000000
                                        REVISED MARCH 1979
    VERSION 2
    WRITTEN BY - GS DULEBA
    PURPOSE - TO COMPUTE THE SHAPE PARAMETERS FOR AN ELASTIC TRUNK
               (COMPONENT TS) END ELEMENT IN THE LOADED CONFIGURATION
CC
    METHOD - TRUNK MERIDIAN IS ASSUMED IN THE SHAPE OF TWO ELLIPTICAL
C
              ARCS(INNER AND OUTER). LOADS IN THE HOOP AND MERIDIAN
C
              DIRECTIONS ARE CALCULATED FROM ASSUMED SHAPE USING
C
              MEMBRANE THEORY. HOOP AND MERIDIAN STRAINS ARE FOUND
C
              FROM LOAD/DEFLECTION CURVES AND MUST BE COMPATIBLE
C
              WITH ASSUMED SHAPE FOR A VALID SOLUTION.
C
C
    NOMENCLATURE
C
               PRESSURE RATIO (PT-PC)/(PT-PA)
       PR
C
       0
               MAJOR AXIS FOR OUTER ELLIPSE
C
               MINOR AXIS FOR OUTER ELLIPSE
000
               SWEPT ANGLE FOR OUTER ELLIPSE
       PH1
               MAJOR AXIS FOR INNER ELLIPSE
       A
       C
               MINOR AXIS FOR INNER ELLIPSE
C
       G2
               SWEPT ANGLE FOR INNER ELLIPSE
C
               MEMBRANE LENGTH IN GROUND CONTACT
C
      COMMON/ELAST/L2,NPH,NTH,NTS,YO,L1,PI,PO2,SR,EP1,EP3
      REAL L1, L2, L3, L10, L20, L30, NP, NT, NET, NEP
      DIMENSION ANT(2), ANP(2), Y(7), R(7), P(70)
C
      PR= P(5)/P(6)
      Q=Y(1)
      V=Y(2)
      PH1=Y(3)
      A=Y(4)
      C=Y(5)
      G2=Y(6)
      L3=Y(7)
C
      SG=SIN(G2)
      CG=COS(G2)
      RE =A*C/SQRT(A*A*CG*CG+C*C*SG*SG)
C
       YO=RE*SG
      C2=COS(PH1)
      SZ=SIN(PH1)
C
       RA=Q*V/SQRT(Q*Q*C2*C2+V*V*S2*S2)
       ZA=RA*S2
       R2Q=SQRT(Q*Q*(Q*Q-ZA*ZA)/V/V + ZA*ZA)
       PH2=ASIN(ZA/R2Q)
       IF (PH1.GT.PC2) PH2=PI-PH2
C
```

Table 150: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE ENDLS (CONTINUED)

```
COMPUTE MERIDIAN LENGTH LZ FOR INNER ELLIPSE
      AYC=A*A*(A*A-Y0*Y0)
                                                       SIMPLE I
      IF(AYC.LT.O.) AYC =- AYC
      R2P=SQRT(AYC/C/C+YO+YO)
                                                    EVS GB=EHI-PS
      PH3=ASIN(YO/R2P)
      IF(G2.GT.PO2) PH3=PI-PH3
      DTH=.05*(PH2+PH3)
      THO=PI-PH2
      TH=THO-.5+DTH
      Z=0.
      AC=A*A-C*C
      YY=1.
      IF(AC.LT.O.) GO TO 80
      SQAC=YY*SORT(AC)
      THE=ASIN(SQAC/A)
C
      IF(G2.GE.PO2) GO TO 76
      W=ASIN(RE+SG/A)
      CALL ELFX (THE, W, E)
      L2=A*E
      GO TO 78
                                                    ABI OT DO
 76
      G3=PI-G2
      CALL ELKX (THE, E1)
      W=ASIN(RE*SIN(G3)/A)
      CALL ELFX (THE, W, E2)
      L2=A+(2.+E1-E2)
      CONTINUE
 78
      GO TO 84
 80
      CONTINUE
      ACC=YY+SQRT(-AC)/C
      THE=ASIN( ACC)
      IF(G2.GE.PO2) GO TO 82
      CALL ELKX (THE, E1)
      G3=P02-G2
      W=ASIN(RE*SIN(G3)/C)
      CALL ELFX (THE, W, E2)
      L2=C*(E1-E2)
      GO TO 84
 82
      G3=G2-P02
      CALL ELKX (THE, E1)
      W=ASIN(RE#SIN(G3)/C)
      CALL ELFX (THE, W, E2)
      L2=C*(E1+E2)
 84
      CONTINUE
    COMPUTE MERIDIAN LENGTH L1 FOR OUTER ELLIPSE
      QV=Q*Q-V*V
      YY=1 .
      IF(QV.LT.O.) GO TO 180
      SQV=YY*SQRT(QV)
      THE=ASIN(SOV/Q)
      IF(PH1.GT.(2.*PI)) GO TO 179
      IF(PH1.GT.(1.5*PI)) GO TO 177
      IF(PH1.GT.PI) GO TO 175
                                                       PR 52=0.
      IF (PH1.GE.PO2) GO TO 176
```

```
CALL ELFX (THE, W, E) REMNI 804 SJ HTSMES MAIGISEN BIUSMES
                                           AVCESTA A LACE OVA
     L1=Q*E
                                       TRIAYCLET GAT AYCHAYCE
REPOSOR CLASC/CACHYONYON
     GO TO 134
     G3=PH1-PI
                                             PERSONAL PROPERTY
     CALL ELKX (THE, E1)
                                      TRIGO, 672, 9721 PH3=P1-PH3
     W=ASIN(RA+SIN(G3)/Q)
     CALL ELFX (THE, W, E2)
     L1=Q*(2.*E1+E2)
     GO TO 184
176
     G3=PI-PH1
     CALL ELKX (THE. E1)
     W=ASIN(RA*SIN(G3)/Q)
     CALL ELFX (THE, W, E2)
     L1=Q*(2.*E1-E2)
     GO TO 184
177
     CONTINUE
     G3=2.*PI-PH1
     CALL ELKX (THE, E1)
     W=ASIN(RA*SIN(G3)/Q)
     CALL ELFX (THE, W, E2)
     L1=0*(4.*E1-E2)
     GO TO 184
179
      G3=PH1-2.*PI
     CALL ELXX (THE, E1)
     L1=Q*4.*E1-100.*G3
     GO TO 184
     QVV=YY*SORT(-QV)/V
180
     THE=ASIN(QVV)
     IF(PH1.GT.PI) GO TO 181
     IF(PH1.GE.PO2) GO TO 182
     CALL ELKX (THE, E1)
     G3=P02-PH1
                                       INTERNATIONAL OR TO BE.
     W=ASIN(RA*SIN(G3)/V)
     CALL ELFX (THE, W, E2)
     L1=V*(51-E2)
     GO TO 184
     G3=1.5*PI-PH1
     CALL ELKX (THE, E1)
     W=ASIN(QA*SIN(G3)/V)
     CALL ELFX (THE, W, E2)
                                              (IS SHITT ONLY JUAN
     L1=V*(3.*E1-E2)
      GO TO 184
                                           CALL BL-XITHE, W.EZ)
      G3=PH1-PO2
182
     CALL ELKX (THE, E1)
      W=ASIN(RA*SIN(G3)/V)
     CALL ELFX (THE, W, E2) ABTUD MADA AN HEOMEN MATERIAL SEMESTICALS
      L1=V*(E1+E2)
184
      CONTINUE
     3=P(10)+Y0
      31=8+L3
     ET1=C.
     ET2=0.
      RRS1=0.
      RRS2=0.
```

```
EP1=0.
     EP2=0.
     SR 1=0 .
     SR2=0.
CC
    DIVIDE OUTER ELLIPSE INTO J1 FINITE LENGTHS AND COMPUTE
    LOADS AND STRAINS AT EACH POINT
     J1=20.*L1/(L1+L2)
     IF(J1.LT.1) J1=1
     IF(J1.GT.19) J1=19
     J2=20-J1
     DT1=PH2/J1
     DT2=PH3/J2
C
     RTH=SR*P(4)/(1.+P(7)) + P(10)
     TH=PI-PH2-.5*DT1
C
     00 65 J=1,J1
     TH=TH+DT1
     STH=SIN(TH)
     CTH=COS(TH)
C
     R2Q=Q*Q/SQRT(Q*Q*STH*STH + V*V*CTH*CTH)
     R10=R2Q*R2Q*R2Q*V*Y/Q/Q/Q/Q
      NT=P(6)*(R2Q+B1/STH)*(1.-R2Q*(B1+RR)/2./RR/R1Q)
     NP=P(6)*R2Q*(B1+RR)/2./RR
IF(SR.EQ.O.) RTH=RR /
NEP=RR/RTH*(NP-P(9)*NT)
     NET=(NT-P(9)*NP)*RR/RTH
     EP=R1Q*TBLU1(NEP,P(12),P(NPH+12),1,NPH)
      ET =R1Q*TBLU1(NET,P(NTS),P(NTH+NTS),1,NTH)
      SR1=SR1+R1Q
      ANP(1)=EP/R1Q
      ANT(1)=ET/R10
      Z=J
     EP1=EP1+EP
     ET1=ET1+ET
      RRS1=RRS1+RR
 65
CCC
    DIVIDE INNER ELLIPSE INTO J2 FINITE LENGTHS AND COMPUTE
    LOADS AND STRAINS AT EACH POINT
      TH=PI-.5*0T2 ... - 13-.053\\SDO\\SERFE(8)4-.23\\ - STO-54
      DO 75 J=1,J2
      TH=TH+DT2
      STH=SIN(TH)
      CTH=COS(TH)
      R20=A+A/SQRT(A+A+STH+STH + C+C+CTH+CTH)
     RR1=R2P*R2P*R2P*C*G/A/A/A
      PO=8+92P*STH
      RO=AMAX1(.1,RO)
      NT=P(5) *(R2P+B/STH)*(1.-R2P*(B+R0)/2./R0/RR1)
      NP=P(5) +R2P+(9+R0)/2./R0
      IF(SR.EO.O.) RTH=RO
```

Table 150: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE ENDLS (CONCLUDED)

```
NEP=RO/RTH*(NP-P(9)*NT)
     NET=(NT-P(9)*NP)*RO/RTH
     EP=RR1*TBLU1(NEP,P(12),P(NPH+12),1,NPH)
     ET=RR1*TBLU1(NET,P(NTS),P(NTH+NTS),1,NTH)
     SR2=SR2+RR1
C
     IF(J.GT.1) GO TO 70
     ANP(2)=EP/RR1
     ANT(2)=ET/RR1
     CONTINUE
     ET2=ET2+ET
     EP2=EP2+EP
 75
     RRS2=RRS2+RO
    COMPUTE AVERAGE STRAINS
     EP1=EP1/SR1
     EP2=EP2/SR2
     EP3= .5*(ANP(1)+ANP(2))
     ET3= .5*(ANT(1)+ANT(2))
     ET1=(ET1*0T1+L3*ET3)/(SR1*0T1+L3)
     ETZ=ETZ/SR2
     L10= (1.+P(7))*L1/(1.+EP1)
     L20= (1.+P(7))*L2/(1.+EP2)
     L30= (1.+P(7))*L3/(1.+EP3)
    COMPUTE RESIDUALS (=0. AT SOLUTION)
     R(1)= P(4) - L10 - L20 - L30
     R(2) = P(2)-L3 - Y0 - ZA
     R(3)= P(3)- V+RA*C2 + C - RE*CG
     D2= L20*P(2)/P(4)
     DO2= P(10) + .5*D2
     DO1=P(10) + D2 + .5*P(2)/P(4)*(P(4)-L20)
     IF (Z.EQ.O.) GO TO 110
     R41=ET1 - ((1.+P(8))*RRS1/D01/Z - 1.)
     GO TO 115
 110
     R41=0.
     IF (Z.EQ.20.) GO TO 120
     R42=ET2 - ((1.+P(8))*RRS2/D02/(20.-Z) - 1.)
     GO TO 125
 120
     R42=0.
 125
     CONTINUE
      R(4)=R41
      R(6)=C-PR*A*A*V/Q/Q*(.25*L3+8)/(.75*L3+8)
      R(7)=P(11) - C + RE*CG
      RETURN
      END
```

Table 151: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE ES

```
CES
      SUBROUTINE ES(TSR, TFN, TFP, TBT, TBP, TPO, TH, THD, ITH, FX, FZ, TY,
     1 FSP, FST, PPU, TPU, W2, T2, TCON, THR, AMN, GAMX, GAMZ, X0, Z0,
     2 PAM, TAM, P2, FAN, BLD, FX1)
C
    VERSION 3. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . SEPT. 9 1977
C
C
    PURPOSE
              INPLANE, FIRST ORDER LAG ENGINE MODEL INCLUDING BLEED AIR
C
              AND FAN AIR CALCULATIONS
C
C
    METHOD
              FIRST ORDER LAG FOLLOWED BY BODY AXIS TRANSFORMATION AND
             CALCULATION OF PRESSURES AND TEMPERATURES AT BLEED PORT
C
C
             AND AT FAN STAGE (FUNCTIONS OF THRUST AND MACH NO.)
C
   CALL SEQUENCE
                   ****
000
   ****
          TABLES
                   -ENGINE SPEED AS A FUNCTION OF MACH NO. AND
     TSR
                    INSTANTANEOUS THRUST (TWO DIMENSIONAL TABLE)
CCC
     TFN
                   -TEMPERATURE RISE FAN-INLET TO OUTLET AS A
                    FUNCTION OF CORRECTED ENG. SPEED(ONE DIM. TABLE)
C
     TFP
                   -PRESSURE RATIO FAN OUTLET TO INLET AS A FUNCTION
C
                    OF CORRECTED ENG. SPEED (ONE DIM. TABLE)
C
     TBT
                   -TEMPERATURE RISE COMPRESSOR-INLET TO OUTLET AS A
C
                    FUNCTION OF CORRECTED ENG. SPEED (ONE DIM. TABLE)
CC
     TBP
                   -PRESSURE RATIO COMPRESSOR DUTLET TO INLET AS A
                    FUNCTION OF CORRECTED ENG. SPEED (ONE DIM. TABLE)
C
     TPO
                   - CORRECTED BLEED FLOW RATE AS A FUNCTION OF
                     ENGINE PORT PRESSURE DROP (ONE DIM. TABLE)
C
   **** OUTPUTS ****
C
    TH, THO, ITH
                    -THRUST, THRUST RATE, INT. CONTROL, LBS
C
     FX,FZ
                   -X AND Z AXIS FORCES, LBS
C
                   -Y AXIS TORQUE(PITCHING MOMENT), FT-LBS
     TY
C
     FSP
                   -FAN STAGE DELIVERY PRESSURE (PSIA)
C
                   -FAN STAGE DELIVERY TEMPERATURE (DEG RANKINE)
     FST
C
     PPU
                   -BLEED PRESSURE UPSTREAM OF THE PORT (PSIA)
C
     TPU
                   -BLEED TEMPERATURE UPSTREAM OF THE PORT (DEG RANKINE)
C
                   -BLEED FLOW RATE DOWNSTREAM OF THE PORT (LB/MIN)NO 2
     W2
C
     T2
                   -BLEED TEMPERATURE DOWNSTREAM OF THE PORT (DEG RANKINE)
C
C
          INPUTS
   ****
                  *****
C
     TCON
                     -ENGINE TIME CONSTATN, SEC.
C
     THR
                     -REQUESTED (INPUT) THRUST, LBS
C
     AMN
                   -MACH NUMBER
C
     GAMX.GAMZ
                   -x, Z DIRECTION COSINES
C
     X0.20
                   -THRUST LOCATION COMPONENTS FROM C.G., FT
CC
                   -AMBIENT PRESSURE (PSIA)
     PAM
     TAM
                   -AMBIENT TEMPERATURE (DEGREES RANKINE)
c
                  - BLEED PRESSURE DNSTRM OF THE PORT(PSIA)NO 2
     P2
CC
     FAN
                   -INDICATOR FUNCTION FOR ENGINE FAN AIR CALCULATIONS
                         O= TO BE INCLUDED
CCC
                         1= TO BE EXCLUDED
     BLD
               -INDICATOR FUNCTION FOR ENGINE BLEED AIR CALCULATION
                         0= TO BE INCLUDED
                         1= TO BE EXCLUDED
     FX1
                  -EXTERNAL FORCE X-AXIS(THRUST REDUCTION DUE TO
```

```
USE OF A THRUSTER ) LOS
                                     I ASP, PST, PPU, TPU, WE, TZ
     C
        WRITTEN BY MAHINDER WAHI
     C
     C
          DIMENSION TSR(1), TFN(1), TFP(1), TBT(1), TBP(1), TPO(1)
               INITIALIZATION
      IF (AMN.EQ. .99999) AMN=0.
          IF (PAM.EQ. .99999) PAM=14.7
          IF (TAM.EQ. .99999) TAM=459.
  IF(FX1.EQ. .99999) FX1=0.
IF(TCON.NE.O.) GO TO 10
      THE THR
                  FRURET RO ENGITOMIST BRATE MAS TE MANS
          GO TO 20
       10 IF(ITH.NE.O)THO= (THR - TH)/TCON
          TH = TH + FX1
       BODY AXIS TRANSOFRMATION
       20 FX= TH*GAMX
FZ = TH*GAMZ
    TY = Z0*FX-X0*FZ
          IF (BLD.NE.O. .AND. FAN.NE.O.) GO TO 70
       RAM RISE/COMPRESSOR INLET CONDITIONS
          PT = PAM*(1+ .2*AMN*AMN)**3.5
          TT = TAM*(1+ .2*AMN*AMN)
     C CORRECTED ENGINE SPEED RATIO
          N1 = TSR(3)+4
          N2 = TSR(2)+TSR(3)+4
          N3 = TSR(2)
          N4 = TSR(3)
          SPD= TBLU2 (AMN, TH, TSR (N1), TSR (4), TSR (N2), 1, 1, -N3, -N4, N3, N4)
          ENC= SPD*SQRT (519./TT)
          IF (FAN.NE.O.) GO TO 60
        FAN STAGE DELIVERY TEMPERATURE AND PRESSURE
       NX = TFN(2)
          DTF= TSW1(ENC,TFN(4),TFN(NX+4),1,-NX)
 CANTAMAS SE FST≈ TT*(1.+DTF) ASSTRANCE SECRET COMPA
 NX = TFP(2)
FPR= TBLU1(ENC, TFP(4), TFP(NX+4), 1, -NX)
          FSP= PT*FPR
       60 CONTINUE
          IF(8LD.NE.O.) GO TO 70
      BLEED AIR PRESSURE AND TEMPERATURE CALCULATIONS
       PRESSURE AND TEMPERATURE UPSTREAM OF BLEED PORT
          NX = TBT(2)
          DT = TSLU1(ENC, TBT(4), TBT(NX+4), 1, -NX)
          TPU= TT*(1.+DT)
          NX = TBP(2)
          CPR = TBLU1(ENC, TBP(4), TBP(NX+4),1,-NX)
          PPU = PT*CPR
          NX = TPO(2)
          WCR= TBW1(PRAT, TPO(4), TPO(NX+4),1,-NX)
       FLOWRATE AND TEMPERATURE DOWNSTREAM OF BLEED PORT
          WZ = WCR*PPU/SQRT(TPU)
       70 CONTINUE TOTAL TRUBETTATIVANIE BORDE JAMBETYAL
```

Table 151: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE ES (CONCLUDED)

SUBROUTING STEEL FR. PT. DPT. IL RETURN END PURPOSE - TO PROVIDE A TWO SIMENSIONAL TABLE LUCK-UP CARAGOLITY FOR SLASTIC TRUSK COMPONENT IS. INTERPOLATED WARTABLE DITAN BHUZZZZZ COMMON/STRONG ROWED LARD NEED 1 KPSWAND CONTROL ON APPRIL 11.1-9ADA1*20.*11*(9MG..1)MD12-9MG |.1.TE, 9MG181 The I May I'M SPORICINIONALISKICIAL + (SMICHARID 32 = NH [HH 2 N2 = NH] + H 2

G2+300(41) - 1420(N2)-420(N1))40NF

111-191-110-101 4 10-1

Table 152: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE ETB2

```
CETB2
      SUBROUTINE ST32(I,PR,PT,OPT,Z)
C
CCC
    VERSION 2
                                         REVISED MARCH 1979
C
C
    WRITTEN BY - GS DULEBA
C
C.
    PURPOSE - TO PROVIDE A TWO DIMENSIONAL TABLE LOOK-UP
C
               CAPABILITY FOR ELASTIC TRUNK COMPONENT TS.
000
    OUTPUTS -
             INTERPOLATED VARIABLE
      Z
000000
    INPUTS
             TRUNK ELEMENT SET NUMBER
      PR
             PRESSURE RATIO
      PT
             TRUNK PRESSURE
             SPACING OF TRUNK PRESSURE DATA POINTS
      DPT
C
C
      COMMON/STRCH/DUM(20480),AZO(512)
      DATA NPR/8/, NPT/8/, NN/64/
C
      NI=NN*(I-1)
      PK =PR *NPR
      KP=PK
      KP=MAXO(O,MINO(6,KP))
      DKP=PK-KP
      ADKP=ABS(DKP)
      IF(ADKP.GT.1.) DKP=SIGN(1.,DKP)*(1.+.02*(ADKP-1.))
      K1=NPR-KP
      K2=K1-1
C
      PJ=PT/DPT
      PJ=AMAX1(0.,PJ)
       J1=PJ
       J1=MAXO(1, MINO(7, J1))
      J2=J1+1
      NK1=NI+NPR *(J1-1)
      N1=NK1+K1
       N2=NK1+K2
       G1=AZO(N1) + (AZO(N2)-AZO(N1))*DKP
       NK 1=NI+NPR +(J2-1)
       N1=NK1+K1
       N2=NK1+K2
       G2=4ZO(N1) + (AZO(N2)-AZO(N1))*DKP
       Z=G1 + (G2-G1)=(PJ-J1)
       RETURN
       END
```

Salah Sa

Table 153: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE ETB3

```
CET93
      SUBROUTINE ETB3(I,PR,PT,DPT,ZR,E,F)
C
CCCC
                                 REVISED MARCH 1979
    VERSION 2
    WRITTEN BY - GS DULEBA
CC
    PURPOSE - TO PROVIDE A THREE DIMENSIONAL TABLE LCOK-UP
C
              CAPABILITY FOR ELASTIC TRUNK COMPONENT TS.
00000000
    OUTPUTS -
            INTERPOLATED VARIABLE
    INPUTS
            TRUNK ELEMENT SET NUMBER
      PR
            PRESSURE RATIO
      PT
            TRUNK PRESSURE
CCCC
            SPACING OF TRUNK PRESSURE DATA POINTS
      OPT
            RATIO OF LOADED MEMBRANE HEIGHT TO FREE HEIGHT
      ZR
            DATA ARRAY
C
      DIMENSION E(1)
      DATA NPR/8/,NPT/8/,NZ/5/,NN/320/,NJ/40/
C
      NI=NN*(I-1)
      ZL=ZR*NZ-1.
      ZL=AMAX1(ZL,-1.)
      LZ=ZL
      LZ=MAXO(O,MINO(4,LZ))
      L1=NZ-LZ
      L2=L1-1
      PK=PR*NPR
      KP=PK
      KP=MAXC(0,MINO(6,KP))
      DKP=PK-KP
      ADKP=ABS(DKP)
      IF(ADKP-GT-1.) DKP=SIGN(1..DKP)*(1.+.02*(ADKP-1.))
      K1=NPQ-KP
      K2=K1-1
      PJ=PT/DPT
      PJ=AMAX1(0.,PJ)
      J1=PJ
      J1=MAXO(1.MINO(7.J1))
      J2=J1+1
      DZL=ZL-LZ
      NL 1=NI+NJ + (J1-1)+NZ + (K1-1)+L1
      NL2=NL1-1
      NL 2=MAXO(NL2,1)
      C1=E(NL1) + (E(NL2)-E(NL1))+DZL
      NL1=NI+NJ*(J1-1)+NZ*(K2-1)+L1
```

Table 153: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE ETB3 (CONCLUDED)

NL2=NL1-1 NL2=MAXO(NL2,1) C2=E(NL1) + (E(NL2)-E(NL1))*DZL C NL1=NI+NJ*(J2-1)+NZ*(K1-1)+L1 NL 2=NL 1-1 NL 2=MAXO(NL2,1) C3=E(NL1) + (E(NL2)-E(NL1))*DZL C NL1=NI+NJ*(J2-1)+NZ*(K2-1)+L1 NL2=NL1-1 NL2=MAXO(NL2,1) C4=E(NL1) + (E(NL2)-E(NL1))*DZL C G1=C1 + (C2-C1)*DKP G2=C3 + (C4-C3)*OKP F=G1 + (G2-G1)*(PJ-J1)RETURN END

```
CFD
      SUBROUTINE FD (U, UD, IU, V, VO, IV, P, PD, IP, R, RD, IR, ROL, ROLD,
     1 IROL, YAW, YAWO, IYAW, XD, YD, Z, ZD, IZ, POOT, ROOT, UOOT, VOOT, TX, TZ,
     2 XXI,ZZI,XZI,PIT)
   VERSION 2.
                                                    JULY 1977
   PURPOSE
             FOUR DEGREE OF FREEDOM RIGID BODY EQUATIONS OF MOTION
   METHOD
          EULER ANGLES
   CALL SEQUENCE
   **** GUTPUTS
                   ****
    LINEAR VELOCITIES -- BODY AXES
                   - X AXIS LINEAR VELOCITY, ACCEL, INT CONTROL, FT/SEC
       U,UD,IU
C
       V,VD,IV
                   - Y AXIS LINEAR VELOCITY, ACCEL, INT CONTROL, FT/SEC
C
    ANGULAR VELOCITIES -- BODY AXES
                   - X AXIS ANGULAR VELOCITY, ACCEL, INT CONTROL, DEG/SEC
C
                 - Z AXIS ANGULAR VELOCITY, ACCEL, INT CONTROL, DEG/SEC
       R,RD,IR
C
    EULER ANGLES -- EARTH TO BODY - YAW, PITCH, ROLL
C
      ROL, ROLD, IROL - ROLL ANGLE, RATE, INT CONTROL, DEG
C
      YAW, YAWD, IYAW - YAW ANGLE, RATE, INT CONTROL, DEG
C
    POSITION - EARTH AXES
C
                   - X AXIS LINEAR VELOCITY, FT/SEC
       XD
C
                   - Y AXIS LINEAR VELOCITY, FT/SEC
       YD
C
        Z,ZD,IZ
                    - Z AXIS POSITION(ALT), VELOCITY, INT CONTROL, FT
C
    ANGULAR ACCELERATION -- BODY AXES
C
                   - X AXIS ANGULAR ACCELERATION, DEG/SEC2
       POOT
C
                   - Z AXIS ANGULAR ACCELERATION, DEG/SEC2
       ROOT
C
   **** INPUTS ****
C
    LINEAR ACCELERATION - BODY AXES
                   - X AXIS LINEAR ACCELERATION, FT/SEC2
C
       UDOT
C
       VOOT
                   - Y AXIS LINEAR ACCELERATION, FT/SEC2
C
    MOMENTS
C
       TX,TZ
                   - X,Z AXIS TORQUES, FTLBS
C
    MOMENTS OF INERTIA
C
                    - X.Z AXIS MOMENTS OF INERTIA, SLUG-FT2
       XXI,ZZI
CC
       XZI
                    - PRODUCT OF INERTIA, SLUG-FTZ
    EULER ANGLE
                  - EARTH TO BODY - PITCH
C
      PIT
                     - PITCH ANGLE, DEG
C
     WRITTEN BY
                  M.K. WAHI
                                                    MARCH 1977
      DATA RPD, DPR /.01745329,57.29578/
      CP=COS(PIT*RPD)
      SP=SIN(PIT*RPD)
      CR=COS(ROL*RPD)
      SR=SIN(ROL *RPD)
C *********** LINEAR VELOCITY EQUATIONS **********
      IF (IU.NE.O)UD=UDOT
      IF(IV.NE.O)VD=VDOT
C ************* ANGULAR VELOCITY EQUATIONS ********
      IF(XZI.NE.O..AND.XZI.NE. .99999) GO TO 100
      IF(IP.NE.O)PD=(TX/XXI) +OPR
      IF (IR.NE.O)RD=(TZ/ZZI)*DPR
      GO TO 160
  100 IF(IP+IR.EQ.0)GO TO 160
      TEM=ZZI/XZI
      DIV=XXI*TEM-XZI
      IF(IP.NE.O)PO=((TX*TEM+TZ)/DIV)*DPR
      TEM=XXI/XZI
```

Table 154: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE FD (CONCLUDED)

THE AKES TURBURS - FYLES

Table 155: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE FG

```
CFG
     SUBROUTINE FG(FO, FODOT, IFO, FIN, G1, MX1, MN1, G2, MX2, MN2)
C
     REAL MX1, MN1, MX2, MN2
                        SEPT-1,1977
    VERSION 1.
    PURPOSE - SIMULATION OF A SIMPLE GENERAL PURPOSE FLIGHT
          AND GROUND CONTROLLER FOR AIRCRAFT
C
    CALL SEQUENCE
    METHOD - SEE CODING
C
C
C
    ***** OUTPUTS ****
C
C
     FC
            -CONTROLLER OUTPUT
            -OUTPUT DERIVATIVE
C
     FODOT
            -INTEGRATOR CONTROL
C
     IFO
          INPUTS ****
C
    ****
C
     FIN
            -COMMAND SIGNAL
            -GAIN (SLOPE) FOR COMMAND SIGNAL INPUT
C
     G1
CCC
            -UPPER LIMIT OF SATURATION ON COMMAND SIGNAL INPUT
     MX1
            -LOWER LIMIT OF SATURATION ON COMMAND SIGNAL INPUT
     MN1
CCC
            -LOOP GAIN (SLOPE) FOR THE INTEGRATOR
     G2
     MX2
            -UPPER LIMIT OF SATURATION ON OUTPUT
C
     MN2
            -LOWER LIMIT OF SATURATION ON OUTPUT
C
C
                                                 SEPT 1977
    WRITTEN BY
              MAHINDER WAHI
     X1= G1*FIN
     IF(X1.GT.MX1) X1= MX1+.01*(FIN-MX1)
     IF(X1.LT.MN1) X1= MN1+.01*(FIN-MN1)
     X2= X1-F0
     X3= G2*X2
      IF(X3.GT.MX2) X3= MX2+.01*(X2-MX2/G2)
     IF (X3.LT.MN2) X3= MN2+.01*(X2-MN2/G2)
     IF(IFO.NE.O) FODOT= X3
     RETURN
     END
```

Table 156: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE FH

```
CFH
      SUBROUTINE FHICF, CR, TZ, WC, WCDOT, IWC, P1, P100T, IP1, T1, W1,
     1 P2,PRR,PRS,TC)
C
C
   VERSION 2.
                                               SEPT. 12, 1977
C
                INCLUDES A TIME CONSTANT
C
    PURPOSE -
                FAN MODEL WITH TRASITION BETWEEN STALL AND RECOVERY
C
C
    METHOD
                IT IS ASSUMED THAT TRANSITION FROM NROMAL TO STALLED
C
                OPERATION OCCURS WHEN THE PRESSURE RATIO EXCEEDS THE
C
                STALL PRESSURE RATIO AND THAT TRANSITION FROM STALLED
C
                TO NORMAL OCCURS WHEN PRESSURE RATIO FALLS BELOW A
C
                REVERSE PRESSURE RATIO.
C
C
    CALL SEQUENCE
C
    **** TABLES
                   ****
C
      CF
               -FAN FLOW RATE(FORWARD) AS A FUNCTION OF FAN
                PRESSURE RATIO, ONE DIMENSIONAL TABEL
C
      CR
               -FAN FLOW RATE (REVERSE) AS A FUNCTION OF FAN
C
                PRESSURE RATIO, ONE DIMENSIONAL TABLE
C
    ****
           OUTPUTS
C
      WC
               -FAN FLOW RATE, LB/MIN
C
               -FAN FLOW RATE DERIVATIVE, LB/MIN/SEC
      WCDOT
      IWC
               -INTEGRATOR CONTROL FOR WC
CCC
      P1
               -INLET PRESSURE(PORT NO.1), PSIA
      P1 DOT
               -INLET PRESSURE DERIVATIVE, PSIA/SEC
CCC
      IP1
               -INTEGRATOR CONTROL ON PI
      T2
               -OUTLET TEMPERATURE(PORT NO.2), DEGR
C
    ****
           INPUTS ****
C
      P2
               -OUTLET PRESSURE(PORT NO.2), PSIA
C
               -INLET FLOWRATE(PORT NO.1), L8/MIN
      W1
C
               -INLET TEMPERATURE (PORT NO.1), DEGR
      TI
C
      PRR
               -PRESSURE RATIO BELOW WHICH TRANSITION FROM
C
                STALLED TO NORMAL OPERATION OCCURS
C
      PRS
               -PRESSURE RATIO ABOVE WHICH TRANSITION FROM
C
                NORMAL TO STALLED OPERATION OCCURS
C
      TC
               -FAN TIME CONSTANT
C
C
                   MAHINDER WAHI AND ADAM LLDYD
    WRITTEN BY
                                                           SEPT. 1977
      DIMENSION CF(1), CR(1)
      T2=T1
C
    CALCULATE FAN PRESSURE RATIO
      PICAL=WI*SQRT(TI)/WC
      IF(IP1.NE.O) PIDOT= (PICAL-P1)/.01
      PR = P2/P1
      NX= CF(2)
    CALCULATE FORWARD AND REVERSE FLOW RATE BY TABLE LOOK UP
       WCF= T3LU1(PR,CF(4),CF(NX+4),1,-NX)
      WCR= T3LU1(PR, CR(4), CR(NX+4), 1, -NX)
    LOGIC FOR DECIDING NORMAL (FORWARD) OR STALLED (REVERSE) OPERATION
      IF(WC.GT.WCF) CR(50)= 1
       [F(WC.LT.WCR) CR(50)=-1
      I=(PR.GT.PRS) CR(50)=-1
       IF (PR.LT.PRR) CR(50)= 1
```

Table 156: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE FH (CONCLUDED)

METHOD - USES CLEMATED DATA FROM MIL-STD-ELCA

IF(CR(50)) 20,20,10

10 WCCAL= WCF
GO TO 30

20 WCCAL= WCR

30 IF(IWC.NE.O) WCDOT= (WCCAL-WC)/TC

RETURN

Table 157: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE FL

```
CFL
      SUBROUTINE FL (PAM, TAM, PRM, TRM, ALT, AMN, DAY)
C
    PURPOSE - TO CALCULATE AMBIENT DATA GIVEN ALTITUDE
C
               AND MACH NUMBER.
C
000000
    METHOD - USES CLIMATIC DATA FROM MIL-STD-21CA
                                         MIL-STD-2108
                                         US STANDARD ATMOSPHERE
               DEFAULTS TO US STANDARD ATMOSPHERE
CC
    WRITTEN BY - ADAM LLOYD
                                          LATEST REVISION
                                                             DEC 76
    MODIFIED FOR ACLS BY - PAUL R. PERKINS
                                                             DEC.78
    LIMITATIONS - ALTITUDES OF 0-100000 FT
C
C
C
    INPUT/OUTPUT LIST
C
    PAM
                AMBIENT PRESSURE
                                                      PSIA
                                                              QUTPUT
                                                                      VAR
000000
    TAM
                AMBIENT TEMPERATURE
                                                     DEGR
                                                              OUTPUT
                                                                       VAR
    PRM
                RAM PRESSURE (100P/C RECOVERY)
                                                     PSIA
                                                              OUTPUT
                                                                       VAR
                RAM TEMPERATURE (100P/C RECOVERY)
    TRM
                                                     DEGR
                                                              OUTPUT VAR
    ALT
                ALTITUDE
                                                      FT
                                                              INPUT VAR
    AMN
                MACH NUMBER
                                                              INPUT VAR
    DAY
                CODE DESIGNATING DAY
                                                              INPUT PARAM
                           MIL-STD-2108 OPERATIONAL (1P/C RISK) HOT DAY
                     =1
CC
                     =2
                           MIL-STD-210A HOT DAY
                           MIL-STD-210A TROPICAL DAY
                     = 3
C
                     =4
                           US STANDARD ATMOSHPERE (1962)
C
                     =5
                           MIL-STD-210A POLAR DAY
C
                     =6
                           MIL-STD-210A COLD DAY
C
                           MIL-STD-2108 OPERATIONAL (1P/C RISK) COLD DAY
                     =7
C
C
    THE FOLLOWING ARE OUTPUT THROUGH COMMON BLOCK AMISS
C
C
    PAMB
                AMBIENT PRESSURE
                                                      PSIA
C
    TAMB
                AMBIENT TEMPERATURE
                                                      DEGR
C
    PRAM
                               (100P/C RECOVERY)
                RAM PRESSURE
                                                      PSIA
C
    TRAM
                RAM TEMPERATURE (100P/C RECOVERY)
                                                      DEGR
                                                      FT
                ALTITUDE
    AMNX
                MACH NUMBER
      COMMON/CIO/IREAD, IWRITE, IDIAG
      COMMON/AMISS/PAMB, TAMB, PRAM, TRAM, Z, AMNX
       COMMON/ERMESS/IFATAL, IERR
     ALL DATA ARRAYS INPUT AT INCREMENTS OF 5000 FT
       DIMENSION TA1(21), TA2(21), TA3(21), TA4(21), TA5(21), TA6(21), TA7(21),
     1 PA(21)
      DATA TAL /
           580.,555.,534.,517.,501.,487.,481.,470.,451.,439.,430.,
           425 . , 425 . , 425 . , 425 . , 425 . , 426 . , 430 . , 433 . , 436 . , 443 . /
      2
      DATA TAZ /
           563.,543.,524.,505.,485.,466.,447.,430.,415.,417.,420.,
           421.,422.,422.,425.,428.,432.,436.,440.,444.,448. /
```

```
DATA TAS /
          550.,530.,511.,491.,472.,453.,433.,414.,395.,377.,360.,
          351.,362.,373.,384.,391.,397.,404.,411.,418.,424. /
      DATA TA4 /
          519.,501.,483.,465.,447.,430.,412.,394.,390.,390.,390.,
          390.,390.,390.,392.,395.,398.,400.,403.,406.,409. /
      DATA TAS /
          444.,453.,450.,436.,422.,407.,393.,391.,390.,389.,388.,
          386.,385.,383.,382.,381.,380.,378.,378.,378.,378. /
      DATA TAG /
          400.,445.,445.,431.,414.,396.,377.,375.,375.,361.,337.,
          335.,335.,347.,359.,365.,364.,362.,360.,358.,356. /
      DATA TA7 /
          382.,405.,411.,402.,390.,377.,366.,359.,360.,357.,346.,
          337.,337.,341.,341.,340.,339.,341.,342.,346.,349. /
      DATA PA
          14.69, 12.23, 10.11, 8.30, 6.76, 5.40, 4.375, 3.465, 2.73, 2.15, 1.692,
          1.332,1.049,0.826,0.651,0.514,0.406,0.322,0.255,0.203,0.1616 /
      NDAY=DAY
    DEFAULT VALUE OF DAY= .99999, WHICH RESULTS IN SELECTION OF
    STANDARD DAY (DAY=4)
      IF (DAY.LT.1.0.OR.DAY.GT.7.0) NDAY=4
    CHECK IF ALTITUDE IS WITHIN ALLOWABLE RANGE
      IF(ALT.GE.C.O.AND.ALT.LE.1000CO.) GO TO 10
    TEST FOR DIAGNOSTIC PRINT OUT
      IF (IERR.NE.1)GO TO 10
      WRITE (IWRITE, 9999)
 9999 FORMAT(10X,30HNON FATAL ERROR CALLED FROM FL/
     1 10x,41HALTITUDE OUTSIDE ALLOWABLE RANGE (0-100K))
    CALCULATE AMBIENT PRESSURE
      X1=ALT/5000. + 1.
 10
      X2=AMIN1 (AMAX1(X1,1.),21.)
      I=X2
      I=MINO(MAXO(I,1),20)
      PAMB=(X2-I)*(PA(I+1)-PA(I)) + PA(I)
C
    CALCULATE AMBIENT TEMPERATURE
      GO TO (11,12,13,14,15,16,17) NDAY
C
    MIL-STD-2108 OPERATIONAL (1P/C RISK) HOT DAY
      TAMB = (X2-I) * (TA1(I+1)-TA1(I)) + TA1(I)
 11
      GO TO 20
    MIL-STD-210A HOT DAY
 12
      TAMB = (X2-I) * (TA2(I+1)-TA2(I)) + TA2(I)
      GO TO 20
    MIL-STD-210A TROPICAL DAY
      TAMB = (X2-I) * (TA3(I+1)-TA3(I)) + TA3(I)
 13
      GO TO 20
    U.S. STANDARD ATMOSHPERE (1962)
 14
      TAMB = (X2 - I) * (TA4(I+1) - TA4(I)) + TA4(I)
      GO TO 20
    MIL-STD-210A POLAR DAY
 15
      TAMB = (X2-I) + (TA5(I+1) - TA5(I)) + TA5(I)
      GO TO 20
    MIL-STD-210A COLD DAY
      TAMB = (X2 - I) * (TA6(I+1) - TA6(I)) + TA6(I)
 16
      GO TO 20
    MIL-STD-2109 OPERATIONAL (1P/C RISK) COLD DAY
```

Table 157: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE FL (CONCLUDED)

17 TAMB=(X2-1)*(TA7(I+1)-TA7(I)) + TA7(I)
C CALCULATE RAM CONDITIONS. ASSUMES GAMMA=1.4
20 PRAM=PAMB*(1.+.2*AMN*AMN)**3.5
TRAM=TAMB*(1.+.2*AMN*AMN)
PAM=PAMB
TAM=TAMB
TAM=TAMB
TRM=TRAM
PRM=PRAM
AMNX=AMN
Z=ALT
RETURN
END

Table 158: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE FLOW

```
CFLOW
      SUBROUTINE FLOW
 SUBROUTINE TO FIND FLOW AND PRESSURE VALUES DURING DYNAMIC SIMULATION
      COMMON/COEFFS/CPA, CAF, CPC, CPT, CTC, CGAP, CTA, CVENT, CKK
      COMMON/FLUID/QFAN, QPLAT, QPLCH, QPLTK, QTKAT, QTKCH, QCHAT, PATFN, PFAN,
     1 PAT, TEMPAT, RHO, QVENT
      COMMON/AREAV/S, AATFN, APLAT, APLCH, APLTK, ATKAT, ATKCH, AGAP, ATK, ACH,
     1 ATKCN, APRY, VCH, VTK, VPLM, VCHD, VFAN, ATKATC, ATKCHC
      COMMON/STATE/PPLM, PCH, PTK, SINKRT, YCG, DPHI, DTHETA, THETAE, PHIE, SIE
     1 ,XV,VV,QFANX
      COMMON/PRV/DPRV, PPLMB, XA, AKPRV, AMPRV, SPRV, NPRV, A VENT
      COMMON/FLAGS/ICLN, IDIF, IFLAG, ISTAT, IPP, IPRV, MM, NSTOP
       COMMON/COMPRS/ALO, AL1, AL2, AL3, AL4, GO, G1, G2, G3, G4, QP1
C
      DIMENSION PEN(60)
C
      TIRH0=2.0/RH0
C PLENUM TO TRUNK FLOW
       SIGN=1-0
       IF((PPLM-PTK).LT.0.0) SIGN=-1.0
      QPLTK=SIGN*CPT*APLTK*SQRT(ABS(TIRHO*(PPLM-PTK)))
C PLENUM TO CUSHION FLOW
       SIGN=1.0
       IF((PPLM-PCH).LT.O.O) SIGN=-1.0
      QPLCH=SIGN*CPC*APLCH*SQRT(ABS(TIRHO*(PPLM-PCH)))
C TRUNK TO CUSHION FLOW
       SIGN=1.0
       IF((PTK-PCH).LT.0.0) SIGN=-1.0
      QTKCH=SIGN*CTC*SQRT(ABS(TIRHO*(PTK-PCH)))*(ATKCH+0.66667*ATKCHC)
C TRUNK TO ATMOSPHERE FLOW
      SI GN=1.0
      IF(PTK.LT.O.O)SIGN=-1.
      QTKAT=SIGN*CTA*SQRT(TIRHO*ABS(PTK))*(ATKAT+0.66667*ATKATC)
C PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE FLOW
      QVENT=0.0
      IF (NPRV.LE.O) GO TO 10
      CALL VALVE
      SIGN=1.
      IF (PPLM.LE.C.O) SIGN=-1.
      QVENT=AVENT*CVENT*SQRT(TIRHO*ABS(PPLM))*SIGN*NPRV
C FAN INLET PRESSURE
      CALL DYNFAN(QFANX,PFAN)
10
      PATFN=0.0
      IF (AATFN.GE.1.0)GO TO 20
      SIGN=1.0
      IF(QFANX.LT.O.O)SIGN=-1.0
      PATFN=-RHO/2. *SIGN*(QFANX/AATFN/CAF) **2
   20 SIGN=1.
      IF(PPLM.LT.O.O) SIGN=-1.0
C PLENUM TO ATMOSPHERE FLOW
      QPLAT=APLAT+CPA+SQRT(TIRHC+ABS(PPLM))+SIGN
C CUSHION TO ATMOSPHERE FLOW
      SIGN=1.0
      IF (PCH.LT.C.O) SIGN=-1.0
      QCHAT=AGAP*CGAP*SQRT(TIRHO*ABS(PCH))*SIGN
```

Table 158: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE FLOW (CONCLUDED)

```
RETURN
WO ITALUM LEND
                                                           C SUBSOUTINE TO FIND FLOW AND PRESSURE VALUES DUSING O
                                             COMMON/CORFEE/CPA, CAR, CPC, CPT, CTC, COAF, CTA, CVENT, CXX
 COMPON/FLUTS/SPAM, SPLAT, SPLCH, SPLTK, STKAT, STKCH, SCHAT, PATEN, PRAM,
                                                                                                                                                         I PAT. TEREAT. RHO. QVENT
   COMMON/AREAVYS, AATER, APLAT, APLCH, APLTE, ATRAT, ATRCH. AGAP, ATK, ACH.
                                                            I A PRONTAPE VENERAL VENERAL WORLD SEE AND ATMATE ATRICHE
    COMMON/STATENT, ATEMTO, THEO, DAY, TANKE, ATEM, NOTHETA, THETAE, PHIESSEE
                                             COMMONATE FOREVERENCE A LAKERY LAMPRY SERVICE VARIETY
                                           COMMON/COMPRE/ALC.ALL.ALE.ALB.ALB.GG.G1.G2.G2.G3.G4.GA.
                                                                                                                                                                          C PLEMUN TO TRUNK FLOW
                                                                                                                    D.I-MUDIS LO.E. TJ. (FOR-MJ99)191
     OTKCHESISHECTERSORTIABETTERHORENTK-PEHILLRIATICH-O.0066 (*ATRELOT
                         THATESTOURCEASTATE THE CARD A A STATE A TAKE A TAKE
                                                                                                                                                      WOJA BY JAY ABIJBR BANKESAR
                                                        CHERT = A VENT * CYENT * CYENT A TENER A BELEFICIAL D* CENT A CHAPRE
                                                                                           ATHAM-SHIZZ PROIGNATOR ANNOUNTENANCA CARRA
                                                                                                                                           O. I - PROTECTO . O. Purk 1981 5 F
                                                                                    MATERIAL SHORT ENAMOUNTS TIRO DAY A DO FRANCH TANDO
```

Table 159. LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE FM.

CFM

SUBROUTINE FM(STC, FAN, ORF, AII, PPRV, TRK, XXX, YYY, X1, X1D, IX1 2, X2, X2D, IX2, X3, X3D, IX3, X4, X4D, IX4, X5 3, X5D, IX5, X6, X6D, IX6, X7, X7D, IX7, X8, X8D 4, IX3, X9, X9D, IX9, X10, X10D, IX10, X11, X11D 5, IX11, X12, X12D, IX12, X13, X13D, IX13, CPU 6, BM, BN, VLX, PPAT, TAM, AMS, VCD, VPL, VFN, AAT, APA 7, APT, APC, TSI, FMC)

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VERSION 1

MARCH 1979

WRITTEN BY - GS DULEBA

PURPOSE - TO INCORPORATE THE INELASTIC ACLS TRUNK MODEL DEVELOPED BY FOSTER MILLER ASSOCIATES INTO THE STANDARD EASY COMPONENT LIBRARY

OF COURATE, INT CONTROL: PT

METHOD - COMPONENT FM HAS REPLACED THE FOSTER MILLER ACLS MAIN PROGRAM. NECESSARY FOSTER MILLER SUBROUTINES WHICH SUPPORT THE MAIN PROGRAM WERE ADDED TO THE EASY LIBRARY

ARGUMENT LIST

**** INPUT DATA ARRAYS ****

- STC -MISC DATA ARRAY; PARAMETERS USED IN CALCULATION OF HEAVE-PITCH-ROLL LOAD MAPS
- FAN -FAN DATA ARRAY: POLYNOMIAL COEFFICIENTS, FAN AIR INERTANCE, MAXIMUM STABLE PRESSURE
- ORF -MISC DATA ARRAY; ORIFICE AREA, NUMBER OF ORIFICE ROWS, SPACING, DIMENSIONS, X COORDINATE OF CG
- AII -AIRCRAFT DATA ARRAY; MOMENTS AND PRODUCTS OF INERTIA HORIZONTAL, VERTICAL, AND LATERAL CG DISTANCES FROM CUSHION CENTER
- PRV -PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE DATA ARRAY; NUMBER OF VALVES, DIMENSIONS, STIFFNESS, MASS
- TRK -TRUNK DATA ARRAY; ATTACH POINT DIMENSIONS, TRUNK FREE HEIGHT, AND TRUNK POLYNOMIAL COEFFICIENTS
- *** -MISC COEFFICIENT ARRAY; VARIOUS DISCHARGE COEF-FICIENTS, POLYTROPIC CONSTANT (DEFAULT VALUES FOR THIS TABLE ARE PROVIDED IN SUBROUTINE PARAMS)
- TYY -MISC DATA ARRAY; GROUND EFFECT COEFFICIENT, PRV DAMPING RATIO, COEFFICIENT OF FRICTION, TRUNK DAMPING CONSTANT, BRAKING DECELERATION (DEFAULT VALUES FOR THIS TABLE ARE PROVIDED IN SUBROUTINE PARAMS)

***** CUTPUTS ****

Table 159: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE FM (CONTINUED)

CC	X1,X10,IX1	PLENUM PRESSURE, RATE, INT CONTROL; PSFG
C	X2,X2D,IX2	CUSHION PRESSURE, RATE, INT CONTROL; PSFG
CC	X3,X3D,IX3	TRUNK PRESSURE, RATE, INT CONTROL: PSFG
CC	X4,X40,IX4	VEH SINK RATE, ACCEL, INT CONTROL; FT/SEC
C	X5,X5D,IX5	Y COORD OF CG, RATE, INT CONTROL; FT
C	X6,X6D,IX6	PITCH RATE, ACCEL, INT CONTROL; RAD/SEC
C	X7,X70,IX7	ROLL RATE, ACCEL, INT CONTROL; RAD/SEC
C	x8,x80,1x8	ROLL ANGLE, RATE, INT CONTROL; RAD
C	X9,X9D,IX9	PITCH ANGLE, RATE, INT CONTROL; RAD
C	X10,X100,IX	10 YAW ANGLE, RATE, INT CONTROL; RAD
C	X11,X110,IX	11 PRV STROKE, RATE, INT CONTROL; FT
C	X12,X120,IX	12 PRV VELOCITY, ACCEL, INT CONTROL; FT/SEC
C	X13,X130,IX	13 FAN AIR FLOW, RATE, INT CONTROL; CFS
C	CPU AJUGIAJ	CUMULATIVE CPU TIME; SEC
C **	*** INPUTS ***	SAND THE PARTY SERVICES OF THE PARTY OF THE
000	BM	NUMBER OF STRAIGHT TRUNK SEGMENTS PER QUARTER OF TRUNK PERIPHERY
CCC	8N 00 40 447	NUMBER OF CURVED TRUNK SEGMENTS PER QUARTER OF TRUNK PERIPHERY
C	VLX	AIRCRAFT FORWARD VELOCITY, FT/SEC
C	PPAT	AMBIENT PRESSURE, PSFG
C	TAM	AMBIENT TEMPERATURE, DEGF
C	MAMS PARTE	AIRCRAFT WEIGHT, LBS
C	VCD	CUSHION DEAD VOLUME, CU FT
CC	VPL	PLENUM VOLUME, CU FT
C	VFN	FAN VOLUME, CU FT
0000000000000	AAT	FAN INLET ORIFICE AREA, SQ FT
C	APA DEGINE	PLENUM-TO-ATMOSPHERE ORIFICE AREA, SQ FT
C	APT	PLENUM-TO-TRUNK ORIFICE AREA, SQ FT

000	APC PLENUM-TO-CUSHION ORIFICE AREA, SQ FT
000000	TSI STATIC/DYNAMIC OPTION PARAMETER = -1 DYNAMIC MODE ONLY. INITIAL CONDITIONS FOR STATES 1,2,3 AND 13 ARE ESTIMATED BY THE PROGRAM. REMAINING INIT CONDS MUST BY INPUT BY USER.
San Artis	OGINERAL CONDS = 0 DYNAMIC MODE ONLY. ALL INITIAL CONDS
CC	= 1 STATIC LOAD MAPS + DYNAMIC MODE. INIT CONDS FOR STATES 1,2,3 AND 13 ARE EST— IMATED BY THE PROGRAM. REMAINING MUST BE INPUT BY USER.
000	= 2 STATIC LOAD MAPS + DYNAMIC MODE. ALL INIT CONDS MUST BE INPUT BY USER.
00000	= 3 STATIC LOAD MAPS + EQUILIBRIUM CALCS + DYNAMIC MODE. INIT CONDS FOR STATES 1,2, 3 AND 13 ARE SET TO EQUILIBRIUM CALCS. USER MUST INPUT OTHERS.
00000	# 4 STATIC LOAD MAPS + EQUILIBRIUM CALCS + DYNAMIC MODE. INIT CONDS FOR STATES 1,2, 3 AND 13 ARE ESTIMATED BY PROGRAM. USER MUST INPUT OTHERS.
0000	= 5 STATIC LOAD MAPS + EQUILIBRIUM CALCS + DYNAMIC MODE. USER MUST INPUT ALL INIT CONDITIONS.
0000	FMC COMPONENT MODE OPTION LE.O. FOSTER MILLER MODE - DUPLICATES FOSTER MILLER/NASA ACLS PROGRAM.
00000	GT.O. EASY MODE - ENABLES EASY ANALYSES WHICH REQUIRE LINEARIZATION (STEADY STATE, LINEAR ANALYSIS)
C	COMMON/COEFFS/CPA, CAF, CPC, CPT, CTC, CGAP, CTA, CVENT, CKK
C	COMMON/FORTQ/FCP, FTP, FORCT, FDF, FORCEY, TCPX, TTPX, TORQTX, TDFX, 1TORQUEX, TCPZ, TTPZ, TORQTZ, TDFZ, TORFZ, TORQUEZ COMMON/AREAV/S, AATFN, APLAT, APLCH, APLTK, ATKAT, ATKCH, AGAP, ATK, ACH, 1 ATKCN, APRV, VCH, VTK, VPLM, VCHD, VFAN, ATKATC, ATKCHC
C	COMMON/GEOMET/A,B,HYI,L,D,LS,LP,SH,NH,AH,NR,PHI1,PHI2,R1,R2,L1,L2,1A1,A2,XX1,XX2,HY
C	COMMON/STERM/811,812,813,821,822,823,831,832,833

```
COMMON/SHAPE/AGAPI(100), AGAPR(100), ATKI(100), ATKR(100), ATKCHI(100)
     1,aTKCHR(100),aTKATI(100),aTKATR(100),aCHI(100),aCHR(100)
     2,ATKCNI(100),ATKCNR(100),VCHI(100),VCHR(100),VTKI(100),VTKR(100)
     3,XCH(100),XTK(100),ZCH(100),ZTK(100),PERI(100)
C
      COMMON/VEHCL/MASS, AIX, AIZ, AIXY, AIYZ, AIZX, CC, GG, FF, AIFAN
C
      CDMMON/SPACE/N,M,BETA,DELX,XCX(100),ZCX(100),XG(100),YG(100),
     12G(100), SL4(100), YGH(100), ISEG(100), ITYP(100), DELTA(100), XCHI(100)
     2, ZCHI (100), XCG
C
      COMMON/LOADS/FORCNS (3,10),CCS(3,10),YCGS(3,10),PHIS(3,10),AGAPS(3,10
     110),PCHS(3,10),QFANS(3,10),PFANS(3,10),PPLMS(3,10),THIS(3,10),
     1FFS(3,10), TORXS(3,10), TORZS(3,10), PTKS(3,10)
C
       COMMON/COMPRS/ALO, AL1, AL2, AL3, AL4, GO, G1, G2, G3, G4, QP1
C
      COMMON/FLUID/QFAN, QPLAT, QPLCH, QPLTK, QTKAT, QTKCH, QCHAT, PATFN, PFAN,
     1 PAT, TEMPAT, RHO, QVENT
C
      COMMON/DYNAMIC/TIM, FTIME, DTIME, IQ, NQ, DVCH, DVTK, VELX, DERY(13)
     1.0VCHP
C
      COMMON/ESTMO/GEC, DAMPC, U, DECCL, HDC, PHA, CENFX, CENFZ, ZEPRV, ZPRV
     1.QPZ,SLOPE
      COMMON/LABL/LABEL (80)
C
      COMMON/STATIC/YSTRT, YSTOP, PSTRT, PSTOP, TSTRT, TSTOP
     1, PHIYC, THEYC, YCPHI, YCTHE
      COMMON/PRV/DPRV.PPLMB.XA.AKPRV.AMPRV.SPRV.NPRV.AVENT
      COMMON/FLAGS/ICLN, IDIF, IFLAG, ISTAT, IPP, IPRV, MM, NSTOP
      COMMON/HCUR/AHO, AH1, AH2, AH3
      COMMON/SAVE/R11,R21,PH111,PH121,L11,L21,A11,A21,D2D2H81,DXAMA81,
      1 BETAD21, SINPHRI, D21, SINPH21, ALMAZ, X11, X21, X121, SI
      COMMON/STATE/PPLM, PCH, PTK, SINKRT, YCG, DPHI, DTHETA, THETAE, PHIE
      2.SIE.XV.VV.QFANX
      COMMON/CPROV/PV(1)
      COMMON/CTIME/TIME
      COMMON/CSIMUL/DD(6),TINC,TMAX
      COMMON/COVRLY/INST
      COMMON/CNTRLS/I1, I2, IMODE, E(1)
      COMMON/FMERR/FMX
      COMMON/CORDER/NOX,NOV,NOP
      COMMON/CNAMEX/XS(1)
      COMMON/FMPCH/NPCH
      DIMENSION STC(1), AII(1), CRF(1), FAN(1), PPRV(1), TRK(1), XXX(1), YYY(1)
      REAL L, LS, LP, L1, L2, MASS
      DATA PI, RADIAN/3.141592653,0.0174532/
      DATA HKILL/0./
      DATA PCNX/1CHPCHFM
```

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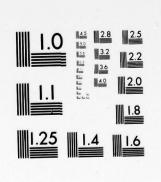
```
000000
      ************************
    INITIAL PHASE OF PROGRAM SETS FOSTER MILLER VARIABLES
    EQUAL TO USER INPUT DATA
      CALL SECOND(CPU)
      TIM=TIME
      VELX=VLX
      PAT=PPAT
      TEMPAT=TAM
      MASS=AMS
      VCHO=VCD
      VPLM=VFN+VPL
      VFAN=VFN
      AATFN=AAT
      APLAT=APA
      APLTK=APT
      APLCH=APC
      IF (TIME.NE.PV(27)) GO TO 20
      NFM=0
      NPCH=2
      IF(NOX.EQ.13) GO TO 2
      DO 3 I=1,NOX
 3
      IF (PCNX . EQ . XS (I)) NPCH=I
      FMX=FMC
      IF (INST.NE.26.OR. IMODE.NE.7.) FMX=1.
      SUM=FMX
      DO 10 J=4,13
      L=LX
 10
      SUM=SUM+STC(J)+ XJ*AII(J)
      DO 11 J=4,9
      XJ=J
 11
      SUM=SUM+ XJ*PPRV(J)
      00 12 J=4,15
      L=LX
      SUM=SUM+XJ*FAN(J)
 12
      IF (TSI.EQ.0.99999) TSI=0.
      ISTAT=TSI
      DO 13 J=4,11
      L=LX
      SUM=TSI+SUM+ORF(J) *XJ+TRX(J) *XJ+XXX(J)+YYY(J)
 13
      SUM=SUM+BM+BM+BN+AAT+APA+APT+APC
      IF(SUM.EQ.FAN(17)) GO TO 20
      FAN(17) = SUM
      M= BM
      N=BN
      GO=FAN(4)
      G1=FAN(5)
      G2=FAN(6)
      G3=FAN(7)
      G4=FAN(8)
      OP1=FAN(9)
      ALO=FAN(10)
      AL1=FAN(11)
      AL2=FAN(12)
```

```
AL3=FAN(13)
AL4=FAN(14)
               AIFAN=FAN(15)
LS=ORF(9)
D=ORF(10)
XCG=ORF(11)
NR =ORF(4)
NH=ORF(5)
AH=ORF(6)
SH=ORF(7)
LP=ORF(8)
AIX=AII(4)
AIZ=AII(5)
AIXY=AII(6)
AIYZ=AII(7)
AIZX=AII(8)
CC=AII(9)
GG=AII(10)
FF=AII(11)
PHA=AII(12)
HDC=AII(13)
IF(PPRV(4).EQ.1.99999) PPRV(4)=0.
NPRV=PPRV(4)
DPRV=PPRV(5)
PPLMB=PPRV(6)
XA=PPRV(7)
AKPRV=PPRV(8)
AMPRV=PPRV(9)
A=TRK (4)
B=TRK(5)
L=TRK(6)
HYI=TRK(7)
AHC=TRK(8)
AH1=TRK(9)
AH2=TRK(10)
AH3=TRK(11)
CALL PARAMS
IF (XXX(2).EQ.1.99999) GO TO 5
CKK=XXX(4)
CPA=XXX(5)
CAF=XXX(6)
CPC=XXX(7)
CPT=XXX(8)
CTC=XXX(9)
CTA=XXX(10)
CGAP=XXX(11)
CONTINUE
IF (YYY12) . EQ . 1 . 99999) GO TO 6
GEC=YYY(4)
ZEPRV=YYY(5)
U=YYY(6)
DECCL=YYY(7)
DAMPC=YYY(8)
QP2=YYY(9)
SLOPE=YYY (10)
CVENT=YYY(11)
```

```
CONTINUE
     YSTRT=STC(4)
     YSTOP=STC(5)
     PHIYC=STC(6)*RADIAN
     THEYC=STC(7)*RADIAN
     PSTRT=STC(8) *RADIAN
    PSTOP=STC(9)*RADIAN
     YCPHI=STC(10)
     TSTRT=STC(11) *RADIAN
     TSTOP=STC(12)*RADIAN
     YCTHE=STC(13)
   SUBROUTINE FMWRIT WILL PRODUCE A LIST OF FOSTER MILLER
CCC
   INPUT VARIABLES AND THEIR RESPECTIVE VALUES
     CALL FMWRIT V. * MOITANIMENT MARGONS, RORRE KOLTATZW. XELTAMBOR
C
CC
     ISHAPE=1
     LIMP=500
 DATA CONVERSION SECTION
 CONVERT DATA TO PROPER UNITS
C
     MASS=AMS/32.2
      PAT=PPAT+144.0
     AH=AH/144.0
     DPRV=DPRV/12.
     PPLMB=PPLMB*144.
     XA=XA/12.
     AKPRV=AKPRV*12.
     AMPRV=AMPRV/32.
 PARAMETER CALCULATION
 RHO IS AIR DENSITY
      RHO=1.241/(460.0+TEMPAT)
C CALCULATE PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE PARAMETERS
     APRV=3.141592653*DPRV*DPRV/4.0
     SPRV=3.141592653*DPRV
     ZPRV=2.*ZEPRV*SQRT(AKPRV*AMPRV)
 *************************
 INITIAL ASSESSMENT OF AREAS , VOLUMES
 ISHAPE VALUE OF O MEANS INFEASIBLE TRUNK , ERROR RETURN
 CALL GEOMETRY ROUTINES TO INITIALIZE TRUNK GEOMETRY
     HY=HYI
     D2 I=0.
     CALL TRUNK (ISHAPE)
     IF(ISHAPE.EQ.0) WRITE(6,3999)
     IF (ISHAPE.EQ.O)GO TO 299
     CALL SEGMNT(0)
     CALL SHAPE1(0)
     IF(ISTAT) 500, 500, 100
```

BOEING AEROSPACE CO SEATTLE WA BOEING MILITARY AIRPL--ETC F/G 9/2
EASY ACLS DYNAMIC ANALYSIS. VOLUME II. PART II. COMPONENT COMPU--ETC(U)
SEP 79 M K WAHI, G S DULEBA, P R PERKINS F33615-77-C-3054 AD-A079 803 UNCLASSIFIED AFFDL-TR-79-3105-VOL-2-PT-NL 2 of 4 ADA 079803 CAS 1 B

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MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART
NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS-1963-A

Table 159: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE FM (CONTINUED)

```
*********************************
                    STATIC PART OF THE PROGRAM
 *************************
 ****************************
 DETERMINE STATIC CHARACTERISTICS OF ACLS
100
     ICLN=1
                                            THE LOT BERNT !
C SUBROUTINE STATIC IS STATIC ITERATOR
     CALL STATIC(ICASE)
C ICASE IS ERROR FLAG FOR ITERATION, ZERO CAUSES RETURN
     IF(ICASE.EQ.0) WRITE(6,9100)
      FORMAT(5X, *STATICS ERROR, PROGRAM TERMINATION*,/)
      IF(ICASE.EQ.O) GO TO 299
     IF(ISTAT.EQ.1.OR.ISTAT.EQ.2) GO TO 200
C NPRV IS NUMBER OF PRESSURE RELIEF VALVES
     IF (NPRV.EQ.0) GO TO 198
     IF (PPLM.LT.PPLMB) GO TO 198
     WRITE(6,9000) PPLM
9000 FORMAT(10X,*INFEASIBLE CONFIGURATION*,//,15X,*INCREASE PRESSURE ACTU-
    ITUATION LIMIT OF*,/,15x,*PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE TO AT LEAST*,/,15x,
    1 F10.4,*PSF*,/)
     IPLM=0
     GO TO 299
 198 CONTINUE
 PARAMETER CALCULATION
C FAN HORSEPOWER
     HP=QFAN*PFAN/550.
C FAN STALL MARGIN
     SC=ABS (PFAN
                 -QP1)/QP1*100.
C WRITE FINAL EQUILIBRIUM CONDITIONS AND STATIC CHARACTERISTICS
C OBTAINED FROM SUBROUTINE STATIC
     WRITE(6,9201)
     FORMAT(1H1,/////)
9201
     WRITE(6,9034)
     FORMAT(44x,31H STATIC EQUILIBRIUM CONDITIONS ,/)
9034
     WRITE (6,9037) YCG
       FORMAT(43x, 27H HEIGHT OF CG = ,F8.3,2x,3H FT )
9037
     PHIC=PHIE+180./3.14159
WRITE(6,9080)PHIC
9080 FORMAT(43X,27H PITCH ANGLE =,F8.3,2X,8H DEGREES)
     THETAEC=THETAE*180./3.14159
     WRITE (6,9082) THETAEC
9082 FOR MAT 143X, 27H ROLL ANGLE
                                      =, F8.3, 2X, 8H DEGREES, /)
     WRITE(6.9060) SI
9060
     FORMAT(43X,27H CUSHION PERIMETER
                                       =,F8.3,2X.10H FT
     WRITE (6,9061) VCH
9061
     FORMAT (43x, 27H CUSHION VOLUME
                                      =,F8.3,2X,8H CU FT )
     WRITE (6,9062) VTK
9062 FORMAT(43X,27H TRUNK VOLUME
                                     =,F8.3,2X,8H CU FT )
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WRITE(5,9038)AGAP
 9038 FORMAT(43x,27H AIR GAP AREA =,F8.3,2x,8H SO FT
     WRITE(6,9063)ACH
     FORMAT (43X, 27H CUSHION AREA
                                           =,F8.3,2X,8H SQ FT
9063
     WRITE(6,9081)ATKCN
 9081 FORMAT(43X,27H GROUND CONTACT AREA
                                           =,F8.3,2X,8H SQ FT )
     WRITE(6,9064)ATKAT
     FORMAT(43x,27H ORIFICE AREA TRUNK-ATMOS =, F8.3,2x,8H SQ FT
9064
      WRITE (6.9065) ATKCH
      FORMAT(43X,27H ORIFICE AREA TRUNK-CUSH =,F8.3,2X,6H SQ FT ,/)
9065
     WRITE (6, 9039) PCH
                                          =,F8.3,2X,9H PSFG
       FORMATI 43X, 27H CUSHION PRESSURE
9039
     WRITE(6,9040) PTK
       FORMAT(43X,27H TRUNK PRESSURE
9040
                                            =,F8.3,2X,9H PSFG
      WRITE(6,9041)PPLM
       FORMATI 43X, 27H PLENUM PRESSURE
                                             =,F8.3,2X,5H PSFG ,/)
9041
      WRITE (6, 9042) QFAN
     FORMAT(43x,27H TOTAL AIR FLOW = ,F8.3,2X,10H CU FT/SEC )
9042
     WRITE(6,9043)QCHAT
9043
      FORMAT (43x, 27H TOTAL CUSHION FLOW
                                           =, F8.3, 2X, 10H CU FT/SEC)
     WRITE (6,9044) QPLCH
      FORMAT(43x,27H FLOW PLENUM TO CUSHION =,F8.3,2X,10H CU FT/SEC)
9044
     WRITE (6,9045) QPLTK
      FORMAT(43x,27H FLOW, PLENUM TO TRUNK =,F8.3,2x,10H CU FT/SEC)
9045
      WRITE(6,9046)QTKCH
      FORMAT (43x,27H FLOW, TRUNK TO CUSHION =, F8.3,2X,10H CU FT/SEC)
9046
     WRITE(6,9047)QTKAT
9047
      FORMAT(43X,27H FLOW, TRUNK TO ATMOSPHERE =,F9.3,2X,10H CU FT/SEC)
      WRITE(6,9049) OPLAT
9049
      FORMAT(43x,27H FLOW, PLENUM TO ATMOSPHERE=, F8.3, 2x, 10H CU FT/SEC ,
     1 /1
 9203 FORMAT(/)
     WRITE(6,9203)
     WR ITE (6,9070) SC
 9070 FORMAT(43x,27H FAN STALL MARGINE =,F8.3,2X,8H PERCENT)
      IF(SC.LT.5.0)WRITE(6,9071)
 9071 FORMAT(43x, *-WARNING-FAN CRITICALLY STABLE-*/)
      WRITE (6,9066) HP
9066
     FORMATI/, 43X, 27H THEORETICAL FAN POWER =, F8.3, 2X, 4H HP
     1)
200
      CONTINUE
     WRITE(6,9300)
      FORMAT(1H1,//////,52X,16H STATIC LOAD MAP,///,57X,6H HEAVE,//)
9300
      PHIYC=PHIYC/RADIAN
      THEYC=THEYC/RADIAN
      WRITE(6,9301) PHIYC, THEYC
 9301 FORMAT(10x,15H PITCH ANGLE = ,F12.5,/,10x,15H ROLL ANGLE = ,F12.5
     1./1
      WR ITE (6,9401)
                                             TRUNK
                                 CG
                                                      CUSHION
9401 FORMAT(10X,*
                     LOAD
                     FAN HEIGHT
                                           CONTACT
        CAM
                                 GAP
                                      PRESSURE
                                                 PRESSURE
     2 10x,*
                                                              PRESSURE
     3RE
             FLOW
                           AREA
                                      AREA
                            FT
                                       PSFG PSFG
             LSS
                                                                PSEG
                                       SQ FT +,/)
           CU FT/SEC
                          SO FT
      DO 9400 IJ=1,10
```

Company of the Compan

```
WRITE(6,9305)FORCNS(1,IJ), YCGS(1,IJ), PTKS(1,IJ), PCHS(1,IJ), PFANS(
    11, IJ1, QFANS(1, IJ), AGAPS(1, IJ), CCS(1, IJ)
9305 FORMAT(10X,F13.1,F13.4,3F13.1,F13.2,F13.4,F13.3)
9400
     CONTINUE
     WRITE (6,9325)
9325
     FORMAT(1H1,/////)
     WRITE(6,9310) YCPHI
9310
    FORMAT(///,57x,6H PITCH,//,10x,16H CG ELEVATION = ,F12.5,/,10x,
    2 19H ROLL ANGLE
                    = 0.0,/)
     WRITE(6,9402)
                                         TRUNK
                  MOMENT
                              PITCH
9402
    FORMAT(10X,*
                                                   CUSHION
       FAN
                FAN
                              GAP
                                       CONTACT
    2 10x,*
                        ANGLE
                                  PRESSURE
                                             PRESSURE
                                                        PRESSURE
    3RE
            FLOW
                        AREA
                                  AREA
                                           *,/
            FT LBS
                         DEG
                                    PSFG
                                              PSFG
    4 10x,*
                                                          PSFG
    5
           CU FT/SEC
                        SQ FT
                                   SQ FT
     DO 9410 IJ=1,10
     WRITE(6,9305) TORZS(2,IJ), PHIS(2,IJ), PTKS(2,IJ), PCHS(2,IJ), PFANS(2,
    11J), QFANS (2,1J), AGAPS (2,1J), CCS(2,1J)
9410
    CONTINUE
     WR ITE (6,9325)
     WRITE(6,9320) YCTHE
9320 FORMAT(////,58X,5H ROLL,//,10X,16H GC ELEVATION = ,F12.5,/,10X,
    2 19H PITCH ANGLE = 0.0,/)
     WRITE(6,9403)
                  MOMENT ROLL
                                         TRUNK
                                                   CUSHION
9403 FORMAT(10X,*
                                       CONTACT
    1
       FAN
                  FAN
                              GAP
                        ANGLE
                                  PRESSURE
                                             PRESSURE
    2 10X,*
                                                        PRESSURE
             FLOW
                        AREA
                                   AREA
    3RE
                                           *,/
            FT LBS
                        DEG
                                    PSFG
                                               PSFG
                                                          PSFG
    4 10X,*
           CU FT/SEC
                        SQ FT
                                   SQ FT
     DO 9420 IJ=1,10
     WRITE(6,9305)TORXS(3,IJ),THIS(3,IJ),PTKS(3,IJ),PCHS(3,IJ),PFANS(3,
    11J),QFANS(3,1J),AGAPS(3,1J),CCS(3,1J)
9420 CONTINUE
     CONTINUE
 20
     MASS=AMS/32.2
      PAT=PPAT*144.0
 ***********************************
DYNAMIC PART OF THE PROGRAM
C INITIALIZATION OF ACLS TO INPUT STATE VALUES
500 CONTINUE
C*********
 ESTIMATION OF PRESSURE, FLOW INITIAL CONDITIONS
     IF (INST.NE.26) GO TO 777
     IF(IMCDE.NE.7) GO TO 777
     IF(TIME.NE.PV(27)) GO TO 777
```

```
DTIME=TINC
  IST=2 + MAXO(-1.MINO(5.ISTAT))
  GO TO (72,75,75,72,73,72,75),IST
                                                    ENTERNATIO
   PTK=0.8*QP1
   PPLM=0.8*QP1
   PFAN=PPLM
   CALL FMFAN
                                   SER LENIES STRIPPLESTO
   OF ANX = QFAN
  GO TO 74 THROSO STUATTERS ON RHOUGH AND SULAY DAITING HYATED O
73 DO 70 IJ=1.10
   IF (X5.GT.YCGS (1, IJ))GO TO 71
70 CONTINUE
71 IF(IJ.EQ.1)IJ=2
   111=11-1
   YCGSIJ=YCGS(1,IJ)-YCGS(1,IJ1)
   IF (ABS(YCGSIJ) .LE.0.00000C1)G0 TO 72
   YFACT=(X5-YCGS(1,IJ1))/(YCGS(1,IJ)-YCGS(1,IJ1))
   PCH=PCHS(1,IJ1)+(PCHS(1,IJ)-PCHS(1,IJ1))*YFACT
   PTK=PTKS(1,IJ1)+(PTKS(1,IJ)-PTKS(1,IJ1))*YFACT
   PPLM=PPLMS(1,IJ1)+(PPLMS(1,IJ)-PPLMS(1,IJ1))*YFACT
   QFANX=QFANS(1,IJ1)+(QFANS(1,IJ)-QFANS(1,IJ1))*YFACT
   PCH=AMAX1 (PCH,0.)
   PTK=AMAX1 (PTK,0.)
   PPLM=AMAX1 (PPLM,0.)
   QFANX=AMAX1(QFANX,C.)
74 CONTINUE
   XV=0.
   VV=O.
   SIE=0.
 SET IC FOR EASY STATES TO FM VALUES
   X1=PPLM
   X2=PCH
   X3=PTK
   XIO=SIE
   X11=XV
   X12=VV
   X13=QFANX
   CONTINUE
EQUATE FM STATES WITH EASY STATES
   PPLM=X1
   PCH=X2
   PTY=X3
   SINKRT=X4
   YCG=X5
   DPHI=X6
   DTHETA=X7
   THETAE=X8
```

PHIE=X9

```
SIE=X10
      XV=X11
      VV=X12
      OFANX=X13
      CONTINUE
510
       ICLN=0
C SET INDICATOR FOR PLENUM-TRUNK -CUSHION MODEL
      IPP=1
      PTESTP=ABS(PTK-PPLM)/PTK
      IF (PTESTP.LE.O.1.AND. INST.EQ.26) IPP=0
C OBTAIN INITIAL VALUE OF DVCHP AND INITIALIZE GEOMETRY
      PCHSS=(PCH+(PTK-PCH)*0.1)/PTK
      CALL HYCURV(PRAT, HX)
      HY=HYI+HX
      CALL TRUNK (ISHAPE)
      IF (ISHAPE.EQ.O) WRITE(6,3999)
      IF(ISHAPE.EQ.O)GO TO 299

CALL SEGMNT(1)

CALL COORDN

CALL PROFILE

CALL CLRNCE

CALL SHAPE2

VCHSS=VCH
      VCHSS=VCH
      CALL HYCURV((PCH/PTK),HX)
      HY=HYI *HX
      CALL TRUNK (ISHAPE)
      IF(ISHAPE.EQ.0) WRITE(6,3999)
      IF(ISHAPE.EQ.O)GO TO 299
      CALL SEGMNT(1)
      CALL COORDN
      CALL PROFILE
      CALL CLRNCE
      CALL SHAPEZ
      DVCHP=(VCH-VCHSS)/((PCH/PTK)-PCHSS)
      INUM=0
      DVTK=0.
      DVCH=SINKRT*ACH
      CALL STEQU
    DEFINE EASY DERIVATIVES FROM FM DERIVATIVES
      IF(IX1.NE.O) XID=DERY(1)
      IF(IX2.NE.O) X2D=DERY(2)
      IF(IX3.NE.O) X3D=DERY(3)
      IF (IX4.NE.0) X4D=DERY(4)
      IF(IX5.NE.O) X5D=DERY(5)
      IF(IX6.NE.O) X6D=DERY(6)
      IF(IX7.NE.O) X7D=DERY(7)
      IF(IX8.NE.O) X8D=DERY(8)
      IF(IX9.NE.0) X90=DERY(9)
      IF(IX10.NE.0) X100=DERY(10)
      IF(IX11.NE.O) X110=DERY(11)
      IF(IX12.NE.O) X120=DERY(12)
      IF (IX13.NE.0) X130=DERY(13)
```

Same at the last the Control of the

CALL OUTFM (INUM)

BUMITHOD PER

JULIAN, J=M2

```
GO TO 999
              3999 FORBATION, GOA, BANKER FAILURE TO CONVERGE ###
777 CONTINUE
  EQUATE FM STATES WITH EASY STATES
     PPLM=X1
     PCH=X2
     PTK=X3
     SINKRT=X4
     YCG=X5
     DPHI=X6
     DTHETA=X7
     THETAE=X8
     PHIE=X9
     SIE=X10
     XV=X11
     VV=X12
     QFANX=X13
     IF(INST.EQ.25.AND.IMODE.EQ.7) GO TO 95
     DVCH=0.
     DVTK=0.
     DVCHP=0.
     CALL HYCURV((PCH/PTK), HX)
     HY=HYI *HX
     CALL TRUNK (ISHAPE)
     IF(ISHAPE.EQ.O) WRITE(6,3999)
     IF(ISHAPE.EQ.O)GO TO 299
     CALL SEGMNT(1)
     CALL COORDN
     CALL PROFILE
     CALL CLRNCE
     CALL SHAPE 2
     NFM=-10
     GO TO 98
95
     CONTINUE
     NFM=NFM+1
98
     CALL STEQU
   DEFINE EASY DERIVATIVES FROM FM DERIVATIVES
     IF(IX1.NE.O) X1D=DERY(1)
     IF(IX2.NE.O) X2D=DERY(2)
     IF(IX3.NE.O) X3D=DERY(3)
      IF(IX4.NE.O) X40=DERY(4)
      IF(IX5.NE.O) X50=0ERY(5)
      IF(IX6.NE.C) X6D=DERY(6)
      IF(IX7.NE.O) X7D=DERY(7)
      IF(IXS.NE.O) X8D=DERY(8)
      IF (IX9.NE.0) X9D=DERY (9)
      IF(IX10.NE.0) X100=DERY(10)
      IF(IX11.NE.O) X11D=DERY(11)
      IF(IX12.NE.0) X12D=DERY(12)
      IF(IX13.NE.O) X13D=DERY(13)
      IF (NFM.LT.4) GO TO 110
      INUM=1
```

CALL OUTFM(INUM)
NFM=0

110 CONTINUE
999 CONTINUE
3999 FORMAT(//,40X,31H***** FAILURE TO CONVERGE *****)
GO TO 300

299 SK=1./HKILL
SK1=SK*100.

300 CONTINUE
RETURN

END

TELLARSON OF TO THE LEVEL OF TO THE COLUMN OF THE COLUMN O

Table 160: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE FMFAN

CEMMRIT CEMEAN SUBBROUTENS PMARIT SUBROUTINE FMFAN STATIC FAN MODEL SUBROUTINE INPUT PRESSURE AND OUTPUT FLOW VERSION I COMMON/COMPRS/ALO,AL1,AL2,AL3,AL4,GO,G1,G2,G3,G4,QP1 COMMON/FLUID/QFAN,QPLAT,QPLCH,QPLTK,QTKAT,QTKCH,QCHAT,PATFN,PFAN, 1 PAT, TEMPAT, RHO, QVENT PURPLES - TO PRINT A LIST OF INDUT MILLER ACLS TRUNK COMPLENEY COMPUTE POWER SERIES TERMS PFAN2=PFAN+PFAN INPUT SY THE USER. PFAN3=PFAN2*PFAN PFAN4=PFAN3*PFAN C FAN CURVE FOR STATIC ITERATIONS QFAN=ALO+AL1*PFAN+AL2*PFAN2+AL3*PFAN3+AL4*PFAN4 RETURN COMMON FOR TO FER, FTP, BORET, FOR, BOREEY, TORK, TTPK, TOROTON LIDROUGK, TCPL, TTPZ, TORQTZ, TOPI, YORFZ, TOROUSZ COMMON/AREAV/S, AA TEN, ARLAT, APLCH, APLYK, ATKAT, ATKCH, AGAP, ATK, ACH, L ATRONIAPRY, VOHIVITY, FRUMI VOHO, VRANGAYKATO, ATROHO COMMON/CECMET/A. B. HYI. E. D. C. C. EP. SH. MH. AH. MR. PHII. PHIZ. RI. RZ. EI. LZ. COMMON/STERMYSII,812,813,821,822,823,831,832,833 COMMON/SHAPEZAGAPTITEO: ABAPRITOCI, ATKITCOL, ATKRITOO; ATKRITOO; LATRICHRILDON ATKATILDON ATKATELDON JACHILLOON ACHRILDON CORMUNISTATE/PRIMERCH, RIK, STRIKRT, YOG, OPRI, DTRETA, THETAEJRHIE, SIE COMMON/VERCE/MASS, ATKIATI, ATKY ATTY, ATTX; CC, OC, FF, ATFAM COMMINNER A CERNAMA BETA , DEL SA EL 1001, ECXI 1001, XGI 1014, VOI 1001, 1001) THOM, (001) AT 120, 1001) PYTT, 1001 PER 1-1001 POY (1001) e32, 1001 (251 COMMON/LOADS/FORCES(0,10).CO.,t3.10).YCGS(3,10).PHIS(3,10).AGAPS,3.10).PCMS(3,10).OFAMS(3,10).PHIS(3,10). 18F5(1,10) - TORKS(3,10) - TORES(3,10) - FTKS(3,10) COMMON/COMPS:/ALG/ALI/ALZ/ALZ/ALA/CO.SI/GZ/GZ/GA/QPI COMMON/FLUTO/OF AM, OFLAT, OFLOH, OFLTK, OTKAT, OTKLH, OCHAT, FATEN, OFAN, THEVO, DHA, TARKET, TAR 1

COMMON/OFMAMIC/TEME, BITME, DTIME, 10, 110, DVCH, DVTX, VELX, DERVICES

COMMON/SSTMO/CEC. DAMPC. U. OECCL, MCC. PMA. CEMPX. CEMPZ. ZERR V. CRRY

Table 161: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE FMWRIT

C FM	SUBRO	UTINE F	MWR IT						
C	WEDG TON				SKI MARCIA T	TUD ROUT			
C	VERS ION	0 45 6							
C	WRITTEN	8Y - G	S DULEBA	. ATURO, H					
00000	PURPOSE	MILL A DE	RINT A LI ER ACLS SCRIPTION T BY THE	TRUNK COM	PONENT	FM. THE ES AND T	HE VALU	NCLUDES	
C									
	COMMO	N/COEFF	S/CPA, CAP	F,CPC,CPT	,CTC,CG	AP,CTA,C	VENT,CK	KANT BR	
С			/FCP.FTP				TPX,TOR	OTX, TDFX	,
c	COMMO	N/AREAV	VCH, VTK,	APLAT, AP	LCH, APL	TK ,ATKAT		AGAP,ATK	,ACH,
c c		N/GEOME	T/A,8,HY	I,L,D,LS,	LP,SH,N	H, AH, NR,	PHI1,PH	12,R1,R2	,L1,L2,
	COMMO	N/BTERM	/311,812	,813,821,	822,823	,831,832	,833		
c	1,ATKC	HR (100) NI (100)	/AGAPI(10, ATKATI(10, ATKCNR(10,	100),ATKA	TR(100)	,ACHI(10 CHR(100)	O),ACHR	(100)	
c		N/STATE	/PPLM,PCI	H,PTK,SIN	KRT,YCG	,DPHI,DT	HETA,TH	ETAE,PHI	E,SIE
c	COMMO	N/VEHCL	/MASS,AI	X,AIZ,AI	CY,AIYZ,	AIZX,CC,	GG,FF,A	IFAN	
	126(10		/N,M,BET						
С			/FORCNS(:						GAPS (3,10
c			RXS (3,10						
c	COMM	ON/COMP	RS/ALO, A	L1,AL2,AL	_3,AL4,G	0,G1,G2,	G3,G4,Q	P1	
			/QFAN, QPI		I,QPLTK,	QTKAT,QT	KCH, OCH	AT,PATFN	PFAN.
С	COMMO:		IC/TIME,	FTIME, DT	IME, IQ,N	Q, DVCH, D	VTX, VEL	X,DERY(1	3)
С	COMMO 1,QP2,		/GEC , DAM	PC,U,DECC	CL,HOC,P	HA,CENFX	CENFZ,	ZEPRV,ZP	RV

Table 161: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE FMWRIT (CONTINUED)

```
C
                              COMMON/LABL/LABEL (80)
 C
                              COMMON/STATIC/YSTRT, YSTOP, PSTRT, PSTOP, TSTRT, TSTOP
                           1.PHIYC.THEYC.YCPHI.YCTHE
 C
                               COMMON/PRV/DPRV, PPLMB, XA, AKPRV, AMPRV, SPRV, NPRV, AVENT
  C
                               COMMON/FLAGS/ICLN, IDIF, IFLAG, ISTAT, IPP, IPRV, MM, NSTOP
  C
                               COMMON/HCUR/AHO, AH1, AH2, AH3
  C
                               COMMON/SAVE/R11,R21,PH111,PH121,L11,L21,A11,A21,D2D2HBI,DXAMABI,
                           1 BETADZI, SINPHRI, DZI, SINPHZI, ALMAZ, X11, X21, X121, SI
                               **************************************
                               WRITE(6,50)
                               WR ITE(6,70)
                               WRITE(6,71)
                               WRITE (6,72)
                               WRITE(6,73)
                               WRITE(6,74)
                               WRITE (6,100)
                               WRITE(6,101) MASS
                               WRITE(6,102) AIX
                               WRITE (6,103) AIZ
                               WRITE(6,104) AIXY
                               WRITE(6,105) AIYZ
                               WRITE(6,106) AIZX
                               WR ITE (6,107) CC
                               WRITE(6,108) GG
                               WRITE(6,109) FF
                              WRITE(6,110) PHA WRITE(6,111) HOC
                             WRITE(6,111) HOC

WRITE(6,112)

WRITE(6,113) LS

WRITE(6,114) D

WRITE(6,115) A

WRITE(6,116) B

WRITE(6,117) L
WRITE(6,112)
                               WRITE(6,118) HYI WARREND ARTEN AND ARTEN ARTEN
                                                                                                                N. (.D.TD.LBROBA) BODN YZWE . SHTS. WEEL &
                                WRITE(6,120) NH
                               WRITE(6,121) AH
WRITE(6,122) SH
                                WRITE(6,123) LP
                                                                                               (AUNISE) MOTTALEMIA REWITHER SINCE XIAL T
                                WRITE(6,124)
                                WRITE(6,125) AHO STORE THE TEST OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT
                                WRITE(6,126) AH1 44 A MANAGEMENT AND THE STATE OF THE STA
                                WRITE(6,127) AH2
                                WRITE(6,128) AH3
                               WRITE(6,131) AIFAN
                                WRITE(6,132)
                                                                                                                                                                       ATTESME MOTTOKEE, XD-) TAMECE
                               WRITE(6,133) GO
```

Table 161: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE FMWRIT (CONTINUED)

```
WRITE(6,134) G1
     WRITE(6,135) G2
     WRITE (6,136) G3
     WRITE(6,137) G4
     WRITE(6,138) ALO
     WRITE(6,139) AL1
     WRITE(6,140) AL2
     WRITE(6,141) AL3
     WRITE(6,142) AL4
     WRITE(6,143) QP1
     WR ITE (6,144)
     WRITE(6,145) APLCH
     WRITE(6,146) APLTK
     WRITE(6,147) APLAT
     WRITE(6,148) AATFN
     WRITE(6,149) VPLM
     WRITE(6,150) VCHO
     WR ITE (6,151)
     WRITE(6,152) NPRV
     WRITE (6,153) DPRV
     WRITE(6.154) PPLMB
     WRITE(6,155) XA
     WRITE(6,156) AKPRV
     WRITE(6,157) AMPRV
     WRITE(6,158)
     WRITE (6,160) PAT
     WRITE (6,161) TEMPAT
     WRITE(6,162)
     WRITE(6.163) M
     WRITE (6,164) N
50
     FORMAT(1H1,///,48x,26HAIR CUSHION LANDING SYSTEM//,42x,40HEASY ADA
    2PTATION OF FOSTER-MILLER PROGRAM)
70
     FORMAT(/,15x,20(5H*****)/,15x,20(5H*****))
71
     FORMAT(/,33X,48HTHIS COMPONENT MAY BE USED IN TWO DIFFERENT OPER,
    2 13HATING MODES -,/,38x,35Hl. FOSTER MILLER MCDE (FMCFM.LE.O.),
    3 /,41x,44HIN THIS MODE, THE PROGRAM WILL DUPLICATE THE,/
     ,41x,42HFOSTER MILLER/NASA ACLS PROGRAM. THE EASY,/,41x,46HCOMMAND *SIMULATE* WILL INITIATE THE ANALYSIS.)
     FORMATI/, 41x, 46HIF THE DYNAMIC PORTION OF THE PROGRAM IS TO BE,/
72
    2 ,41x,43HEXECUTED, THE USER SHOULD SET *INT MODE=7*.,//
    3 ,41X,48HNO EASY ANALYTICAL COMMOND OTHER THAN *SIMULATE*,/
     ,41x,28HSHOULD BE USED IN THIS MODE .. /
    5 ,38x,27H2. EASY MODE (FMCFM.GT.O.),/
    6 ,41x,48HIN THIS MODE, EASY ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES SUCH AS )
73
     FORMAT(41x,43H*STEADY STATE* AND *LINEAR ANALYSIS*, WHICH,/
    2 ,41x,40HREQUIRE MODEL LINEARIZATION MAY BE USED .,//
    3 ,41X,49HIF NON-LINEAR SIMULATION (*SIMULATE*) IS DESIRED,,/
    4 ,41x,33HTHE USER SHOULD SET *INT MODE=7*.,//
    5 ,38x,55HNOTE - RESULTS OF *LINEAR ANALYSIS* MAY BE ERRONEOUS IF,/
    6 ,45x,51HTHE SYSTEM IS NOT AT A STEADY STATE OPERATING POINT)
     FORMAT(/,15X,20(5H*****)/,15X,20(5H*****)//)
     FORMAT(51x, 19 HAIRCRAFT PARAMETERS)
100
     FORMAT(40x,33HTOTAL WEIGHT OF AIRCRAFT = ,F10.3, 5H
101
                                                                   LBS)
     FORMAT (40X,33HROLL INERTIA
                                                  = ,F10.3,13H
102
                                                                   SLUG
    29 FT1
103
     FORMATI+0X,33HPITCH INERTIA
                                                   = ,F1C.3,13H
                                                                   SLUG
                                                                         S
```

Table 161: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE FMWRIT (CONTINUED)

```
20 FT)
        FORMAT (40X, 33HPRODUCT OF INERTIA-IXY
                                                = ,F10.3,13H
                                                                     SLUG
        20 FT)
        FORMAT (40X, 33HPRODUCT OF INERTIA-IYZ
                                               = ,F10.3,13H
    105
                                                                     SLUG
        20 FT)
106
        FORMAT(40X,33HPRODUCT OF INERTIA-IZX = ,F10.3,13H
                                                                     SLUG
        20 FT)
        FORMAT (40X,33HCG HOR DIS FROM CUSH CNTR - CC = ,F10.3, 4H
    107
                                                                     FT)
        FORMAT(40X,33HCG VER DIS FROM CUSH CNTR - GG = ,F10.3, 4H
108
                                                                     FT)
    109
        FORMAT(40X,33HCG LAT DIS FROM CUSH CNTR - FF = ,F10.3, 4H
                                                                     FT)
 110
        FORMAT (40X, 33HPROJECTED HEAVE AREA
                                              = ,F10.3, 7H
                                                                     SQ FT1
         FORMAT (40X, 33HHEAVE DRAG COEFFICIENT = , F10.3)
    111
    112
        FORMATI//,53X,16HTRUNK PARAMETERS)
    113
        FORMAT (40x, 33HSTRAIGHT SECTION LENGTH
                                                      = ,F10.3, 4H FT)
         FORMATI40X, 33HINNER ATTACHMENT DISTANCE
                                                       = ,F10.3, 4H
                                                                     FT)
    114
    115
        FORMAT(40X, 33HHORIZ DIST BET ATTACH PNTS
                                                      = ,F10.3, 4H
                                                                     FTI
         FORMAT(40x, 33HVERT DIST BET ATTACH PNTS
    116
                                                       = ,F10.3, 4H
                                                                     FT)
         FORMAT(40x,33HPERIMETER OF TRUNK CROSSECTION = ,F10.3,4H
    117
                                                                    FT)
                                                      = ,F10.3, 4H
    118
         FORMAT (40X, 33HTRUNK FREE HEIGHT HYI
                                                                    FT/)
         FORMAT (40x, 33 HNUMBER OF ORIFICE ROWS
    119
                                                       = , [6]
         FORMATI40X,33HNUMBER OF ORIFICES PER ROW
    120
                                                       = , 16)
         FORMAT (40X, 33HAREA OF EACH ORIFICE
    121
                                                       = , F10.3, 7H
                                                                      SQ IN
    122
         FORMATI 40x, 33HSPACING BETWEEN ORIFICE ROWS
                                                      = , F10.3, 4H
                                                                     FT)
    123
       FORMAT(40x,27HPERIPHERAL DISTANCE BETWEEN/
                40x,33HINNER ATTACHMT PNT + FIRST ROW = , F10.3, 4H FT)
         FORMAT(/,40x,31HTRUNK CHARACTERISTIC POLYNOMIAL/40x,19HZ=HY/HYI, X
        2=PCH/PTK/40X, 29HZ=AHC+AH1*X+AH2*X*X+AH3*X*X*X/)
         FORMAT (40X, 33HAHO TRUNK COEFFICIENT
    125
                                                      = ,F10.31
    126
         FORMATI40X,33HAH1 TRUNK COEFFICIENT
                                                      = ,F10.3)
    127
         FORMAT 140X, 33HAH2 TRUNK COEFFICIENT
                                                      = , F10.3)
    128
         FORMAT(40x,33HAH3 TRUNK COEFFICIENT
                                                      = ,F10.3)
    129
         FORMAT(//, 54X, 14HFAN PARAMETERS)
    130
         FORMAT (40X,33HVOLUME OF FAN
                                                       = ,F10.3, 7H CU FT)
    131
         FORMAT (40X, 33HFAN AIR INERTANCE
                                                       = ,F10.3,19H LBS-SEC
        2*SEC/FT**5)
    132
         FORMAT (/, 40x, 29HFAN CHARACTERISTIC POLYNOMIAL/
        2
                  40X,36HP=GQ+G1*A+G2*A*A+G3*A*A*A+G4*A*A*A*A/
                  40X,41HQ=ALO+AL1*P+AL2*P*P+AL3*P*P*P+AL4*P*P*P*P/}
    133
        FORMAT 140X,33HGO FAN COEFFICIENT
                                                       = ,E12.5 )
         FORMAT (40X, 33HG1 FAN COEFFICIENT
                                                       = ,E12.5 )
    134
         FORMAT(40X,33HG2 FAN COEFFICIENT FORMAT(40X,33HG3 FAN COEFFICIENT
    135
                                                       = ,E12.5 )
                                                       = , 212.5 )
    136
    137
         FORMAT 140X, 33HG4 FAN COEFFICIENT
                                                       = ,E12.5 )
    138
         FORMAT (40X,33HALO FAN COEFFICIENT
                                                       = , =12.5 )
    139
         FORMAT(40X,33HAL1 FAN COEFFICIENT
                                                       = , E12.5)
    140
         FORMAT(40X,33HAL2 FAN COEFFICIENT
                                                       = , 512.5)
    141
         FORMAT(40X,33HAL3 FAN COEFFICIENT
                                                       = , E12.5)
         FORMATI40X,33HAL4 FAN COEFFICIENT
    142
                                                       = , E12.51
         FORMAT (40X, 33HQP1 MAXIMUM STABLE PRESSURE
    143
                                                       = , F10.3, 5H PSF)
    144
         FORMAT(//,51x,21HAIR SUPPLY PARAMETERS)
    145
         FORMAT (40x, 33HORIFICE AREA-PLENUM TO CUSH
                                                      = ,F10.3, 7H
                                                                     SO FT)
    146
         FORMAT(40x,33HORIFICE AREA-PLENUM TO TRUNK
                                                       = ,F10.3, 7H
                                                                     SQ FT)
    147
         FORMAT 140X , 33HAREA-PLENUM TO ATMOSPHERE
                                                       = ,F10.3, 7H
                                                                     SO FTI
                                                       = ,F10.3, 7H
                                                                     SQ FT)
    148
         FORMATI40X,33HEFFECTIVE AREA-ATM TO FAN
    149
         FORMAT (40X,33HPLENUM VOLUME
                                                       = ,F10.3, 7H
                                                                     CU FT)
    150
         FORMAT (40X, 33HDEAD VOLUME OF CUSHION
                                                       = ,F10.3, 7H
                                                                     CU FT)
```

Table 161: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE FMWRIT (CONCLUDED)

151	FORMAT(//, 52X, 27HPRESSURE RELIEF VALVE (PRV))		
152	FORMAT(40X,33HNUMBER OF PRV	, 16)	
153	FORMATION SOURTHITTER OF THE	.F10.3.8H	INCHES)
154	CODWARD	,F10.3,5H	PSI)
155		,F10.3,8H	INCHES)
156	500M171 0H 00H07777	,F10.3,9H	
157	CONMITTER TO THE TOTAL TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TOTAL TO THE TO		LB/INCH)
158	FORMAT(//,50x,24HENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS)	,F10.3,4H	LB)
160	FARMATIAN SOULTHOOP, TOTAL	A STATE OF STREET	
	2IN)	,F10.3,11H	LBS/SQ
161	FORMATION SOUTHER THE TOTAL	A CAM E S A PORTUN	
162	FORMATI TOX 133 MAMBIENI TEMPEKATURE	,F10.3, 7H	DEG F)
	FORMAT(//,51X,21HSIMULATION PARAMETERS)		
163	FORMAT(40X,33HSTRAIGHT SEGMENTS/4 =	, 16)	
164	FORMAT140X,33HCURVED SEGMENTS/4 =	. 16)	
	RETURN	FORSELT LON.	
	END FARMER STORY HOLDER THE THE STORY		

TRESTRICT NAME OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY

Table 162: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE FN

```
CFN
      SUBROUTINE FN (FANFLO, STALL, T2, W2, PIN, TIN, PR, P2, FAM, TAM,
     1PRM, TRM, NUI, NUF, COR, RPM)
C
    PURPOSE - COMPONENT FN DETERMINES THE OUTPUT FLOW
                  RATE AND OUTPUT TEMPERATURE OF A FAN.
C
C
                  THE USER MUST INPUT TABULAR VALUES OF
    METHOD
C
                  FLOW AS FUNCTION OF BOTH PRESSURE RATIO
                  AND FAN RPM. THIS IS AN INLET COMPONENT. THE INLET
C
                  RAM EFFECT CAN BE INPUT BY THE USER ALONG
                  WITH THE FAN EFFICIENCY. IF STALL DATA IS
C
                 INPUT, AN ERROR MESSAGE IS PRINTED WHENEVER
                  THE FAN IS OPERATING IN THE STALL REGION.
   WRITTEN BY - PAUL R. PERKINS
                                                             DEC . 78
   INPUT/OUTPUT LIST
C
     FANFLO
                  TABLE OF FAN OUTPUT=F(PR,RPM)
                                                    L3/SEC
                                                             INPUT TABLE
C
     STALL
                  TABLE OF STALL POINTS=F(PR)
                                                    LB/SEC
                                                             INPUT TABLE
0000000
     P2
                  OUTPUT PRESSURE
                                                    PSIA
                                                             INPUT VAR
     PAM
                  AMBIENT PRESSURE
                                                    PSIA
                                                             INPUT VAR
                  AMBIENT TEMPERATURE
     TAM
                                                    DEGR
                                                             INPUT VAR
                  RAM PRESSURE (100P/C RECOVERY)
     PRM
                                                    PSIA
                                                             INPUT VAR
                               (100P/C RECOVERY)
                  RAM TEMP
     TRM
                                                             INPUT VAR
                                                    DEGR
                  INLET RAM EFFICIENCY
     NUI
                                                             INPUT PARAM
     NUF
                  FAN EFFICIENCY
                                                             INPUT PARAM
00000000000
     COR
                  THIS IS A LOGICAL VARIABLE WHICH
                                                             INPUT PARAM
                  ELIMINATES THE FAN FLOW CORRECTIONS
                  (I.E. FOR PIN/PO AND TIN/TO ) WHEN
                  COR=O.C.
     RPM
                  FAN SPEED
                                                   RPM
                                                             INPUT VAR
     PIN
                  FAN INPUT PRESSURE
                                                   PSIA
                                                             CUTPUT VAR
     TIN
                  FAN INLET TEMPERATURE
                                                   DEGR
                                                             OUTPUT VAR
     T2
                  FAN OUTLET TEMPERATURE
                                                   DEGR
                                                             OUTPUT VAR
     PR
                  PRESSURE RATIO PZ/PIN
                                                             OUTPUT VAR
     W2
                  FAN FLOW RATE
                                                   LB/SEC
                                                             OUTPUT VAR
      DIMENSION FANFLO(80), STALL(40)
      COMMON/CIO/IREAD, IWRITE, IDIAG
      COMMON/ERMESS/IFATAL, IERR
      REAL NUI, NUF
      IF (NUI.EQ..99999) NUI=0.
      IF (NUF.EQ. . 99999) NUF=1.0
      IF (PRM.EQ..99999) PRM=PAM
      IF (TRM. EQ . . 99999) TRM=TAM
      IF(COR.EQ..99999) COR=0.0
    CALCULATION OF THE INPUT PRESSURE AND TEMPERATURE
    WITH RAM EFFECTS.
      PIN=(PRM-PAM) =NUI+PAM
      TIN=(TRM-TAM) *NUI+TAM
    CALCULATION OF THE GAS CONSTANTS AND THE RATIO OF
    SPECIFIC HEATS BASED ON INLET TEMPERATURE.
      CP=SHCP(TIN,0.0)
      R=53.35
```

Table 162: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE FN (CONCLUDED)

```
GAMMA=1.+R/(778.*CP-R)
        G1=(GAMMA-1.)/GAMMA
      CALCULATION OF THE CHANGE IN AIR TEMPERATURE PRODUCED
      BY THE FAN AND THE RESULTING OUTPUT TEMPERATURE.
        DELT=(TIN/NUF)*(PR**G1-1.)
        T2=TIN+DELT
        NX=FANFLO(2)
        NY=FANFLO(3)
      TABLE LOOK UP ROUTINE FOR DETERMINING THE IDEAL FAN FLOW
      RATE GIVEN THE PRESSURE RATIO AND FAN RPM.
        WI DEAL=TBLU2(PR,RPM,FANFLO(4+NY),FANFLO(4),FANFLO(4+NX+NY),1,1,
       INX .NY .NX .NY)
        RATIO=1.0
      CORRECTION OF THE IDEAL FLOW RATE FOR PIN/PO AND TIN/TO
  C
      RATIOS. THIS CORRECTION IS NOT MADE IF COR=0.0.
        IF(COR.EQ.0.0) GO TO 177
DELTA=PIN/14.696
      THETA=TIN/518.7
        RATIO=DELTA/SQRT(THETA)
RRECTED FAN FLOW RATE.
      CORRECTED FAN FLOW RATE.
  177 W2=WIDEAL*RATIO
      LOGIC TO DETERMINE IF THE FAN IS OPERATING IN THE
      STALL RANGE. IT USES THE TABLE LOOK UP DATA FOR
      FAN STALL POINTS -VS- PRESSURE RATIO. IF STALL DATA
      HAS NOT BEEN INPUT, THIS SECTION IS SKIPPED.
C
        IFISTALL(2).EQ.1.99999) GO TO 277
        NX=STALL(2)
        WSTALL=TBLU1(PR,STALL(4),STALL(4+NX),1,NX)
        IF (WSTALL.LE.WIDEAL) GO TO 277
 IF (IERR.NE.1) GO TO 277
        WRITE(IWRITE, 270)
270 FORMAT(10X,42HTHE FAN IS OPERATING IN THE STALL REGION. )
277 RETURN
END
```

Table 163: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE FNFLOW

```
CENFLOWS
      SUBROUTINE FNFLOW(P1, P2, T, CA, AK, FN, W)
C
C
    PURPOSE - TO CALCULATE FLOW (W) AND/OR CHESTER SMITH COMPRESSIBLE
C
              FLOW FUNCTION (FN) GIVEN UPSTREAM AND DOWNSTREAM PRESSURES
C
               (P1 AND P2), TEMPERATURE (T), EFFECTIVE AREA (CA) AND LOSS
              FACTOR (AK).
              * NOTE * IF P2 IS GREATER THAN P1, OUTPUTS FN AND W WILL
              BE NEGATIVE. FN IS BASED ON P/PS.
              FOR ORIFICE CALCULATIONS, INPUT AK=1.
            - USES TABULAR DATA FOR FN=F(PRESSURE RATIO)
CCC
    WRITTEN BY -
                                          LATEST REVISION
                     ADAM LLOYD
                                                               NOV 75
00000
    LIMITATIONS - K FACTOR MUST NOT EQUAL ZERO
    INPUT/OUTPUT LIST
C
000000
    PI
               UPSTREAM PRESSURE
                                                     PSIA
                                                                INPUT
                DOWNSTREAM PRESSURE
    P2
                                                     PSIA
                                                                INPUT
    T
                TEMPERATURE
                                                     DEGR
                                                                INPUT
    CA
                EFFECTIVE AREA
                                                     IN2
                                                                INPUT
    AK
                K FACTOR (MUST NOT EQUAL ZERO)
                                                                INPUT
    FN
                COMPRESSIBLE FLOW FACTOR
                                                                OUTPUT
                FLOW RATE
                                                    LB/MIN
                                                                CUTPUT
      DIMENSION ANF (34)
      COMMON/ERMESS/IFATAL, IERR
      COMMON/CIO/IREAD.IWRITE.IDIAG
      DATA ANF/
                 ,.1453 ,.2044 ,.2491 ,.2862 ,.3183 ,.3469 ,.3729 ,
          0.0
          .3966 ,.4186 ,.4390 ,.4582 ,.4762 ,.5394 ,.5916 ,.6361 ,
     3
           .6745 ,.7081 ,.7378 ,.7642 ,.8188 ,.8609 ,.8939 ,.9199 ,
           .9404 ,.9566 ,.9693 ,.9791 ,.9866 ,.9920 ,.9959 ,.9984 ,
           .9997 ,1.0
      IF(P2.GT.P1)G0 TO 100
      PS=(P1*(AK-1.)+P2)/AK
      IF (PS.GE.O.) PS=AMAX1(PS,0.00001)
      IF(PS.LT.O.)PS=AMIN1(PS,-.00001)
      PR=PI/PS
      IF(PR.LT.0.)GO TO 10
      X1=1.+ 200.*(PR-1.)
      IF(PR.GT.1.06) X1=13. + 50.*(PR-1.06)
      IF(PR.GT.1.20) X1=20. + 20.*(PR-1.20)
      IF (PR.GT.1.90) GO TO 10
      I=X1
      FN=(X1-I) * (ANF(I+1)-ANF(I)) + ANF(I)
      GO TO 20
    CHOKED FLOW
 10
      FN=1.
      W=31.9*FN*CA*P1/SQRT(T)
 20
      IF (P1.LT.O.) W=-W
      GO TO 200
```

Table 163: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE FNFLOW (CONCLUDED)

```
REVERSE FLOW - FN AND W ARE NEGATIVE
     100 PS=(P2*(AK-1.)+P1)/AK
  IF(PS.GE.C.)PS=AMAX1(PS,0.00001)
IF(PS.LT.0.)PS=AMIN1(PS,-.00001)
        IF (P1.LT.0.)GO TO 150
 IF(PR.LT.0.)GO TO 110
X1=1.+200.*(PR-1.)
        IF(PR.GT.1.06) X1=13. + 50.*(PR-1.06)
        IF(PR.GT.1.20) X1=20. + 20.*(PR-1.20)
        IF(PR.GT.1.90) GO TO 110
        1=X1
        FN=-(X1-I)*(ANF(I+1)-ANF(I)) - ANF(I)
        GO TO 120
       CHOKED REVERSE FLOW
        FN=-1.
        W=31.9*FN*CA*P2/SQRT(T)
     120
        GO TO 200
       REVERSE FLOW - NEGATIVE PI
     150
        FN=-1.+.1*P1
        W=31.9*FN*CA*P2/SQRT(T)
        IF (P2.LT.O.) W=-W
     200
        RETURN
        END
```

Table 164: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE FORCE

```
CFORCE
     SUBROUTINE FORCE
C FORCES AND TORQUES ASSOCIATED WITH A PARTICULAR ACLS ORIENTATION
C ARE CALCULATED
     COMMON/ESTMD/GEC, DAMPC, U, DECCL, HDC, PHA, CENFX, CENFZ, ZEPRV, ZPRV
     1.QP2.SLOPE
     COMMON/FLUID/QFAN,QPLAT,QPLCH,QPLTK,QTKAT,QTKCH,QCHAT,PATFN,PFAN,
     1 PAT, TEMPAT, RHO, QVENT
     COMMON/DYNAMIC/TIME, FTIME, DTIME, IQ, NQ, DVCH, DVTK, VELX, DERY(13)
     1, DVCHP
     COMMON/SPACE/N,M,BETA,DELX,XCX(100),ZCX(100),XG(100),YG(100),
     1ZG(100),SL4(100),YGH(100),ISEG(100),ITYP(100),DELTA(100),XCHI(100)
     2, ZCHI (100), XCG
     COMMON/VEHCL/MASS, AIX, AIZ, AIXY, AIYZ, AIZX, CC, GG, FF, AIFAN
     COMMON/AREAV/S, AATFN, APLAT, APLCH, APLTK, ATKAT, ATKCH, AGAP, ATK, ACH,
     1 ATKCN, APRV, VCH, VTK, VPLM, VCHD, VFAN, ATKATC, ATKCHC
     GDMMON/SHAPE/AGAPI(100), AGAPR(100), ATKI(100), ATKR(100), ATKCHI(100)
     1,ATKCHR(100),ATKATI(100),ATKATR(100),ACHI(100),ACHR(100)
     2,ATKCNI(100),ATKCNR(100),VCHI(100),VCHR(100),VTKI(100),VTKR(100)
     3,XCH(100),XTK(100),ZCH(100),ZTK(100),PERI(100)
     COMMON/STATE/PPLM, PCH, PTK, SINKRT, YCG, DPHI, DTHETA, THETAE, PHIE, SIE
     1 .XV.VV.QFANX
     COMMON/FORTQ/FCP.FTP.FORCT.FDF.FORCEY.TCPX.TTPX.TOROTX.TDFX.
     1TORQUEX, TCPZ, TTPZ, TORQTZ, TDFZ, TORFZ, TORQUEZ
     COMMON/GEOMET/A,8,HYI,L,D,LS,LP,SH,NH,AH,NR,PHI1,PHI2,R1,R2,L1,L2,
     1A1,A2,X1,X2,HY
     COMMON/FLAGS/ICLN, IDIF, IFLAG, ISTAT, IPP, IPRV, MM, NSTOP
 CALCULATE TRANSCENDENTALS ONLY ONCE
      CSSCS=COS(PHIE)*SIN(THETAE)*SIN(SIE)-COS(SIE)*SIN(PHIE)
      CPCT=COS(PHIE) +COS(THETAE)
C CLEAR TOTAL FORCES AND TORQUES TO ZERO
     FORCT=0.0
     TTPX=0.0
     TTPZ=0.0
     TCPX=0.0
     TCPZ=0.0
     TORFZ=0.0
     TORQTX=0.0
     TOROTZ=0.0
FORCES AND TORQUES INDEPENDENT OF SEGMENTS INDIVIDUALLY
C HEAVE FORCES CUSHION AND TRUNK
      FCP=PCH*ACH
      FTP=PTK *ATKCN
C COMPUTE VELOCITY FOR DRAG FORCE
      V=VELX*CSSCS+SINKRT*CPCT
      SIGN=1.
      IF(V.GT.0.0)SIGN=-1.0
C HEAVE DRAG FORCE
      FDF=0.5*HDC*PHA*RHO*V*V*SIGN
C DRAG TORQUE
      TOFZ=FDF+CENFX
      TDFX=-FDF*CENFZ
```

Table 164: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE FORCE (CONCLUDED)

```
FORCES AND TORQUES DEPENDENT ON SEGMENTS INDIVIDUALLY
C SUM INDIVIDIDUAL SEGMENTS TO FIND TOTALS
    DO 10 I=1,NSTOP
C CUSHION PRESSURE TORQUES
    TCPZ=TCPZ+(XCH(I)-CC)*PCH*(ACHI(I)-ACHR(I))
    TCPX=TCPX-(ZCH(I)-FF)*PCH*(ACHI(I)-ACHR(I))
C TORQUES DUE TO CONTACT FORCE
     TTPZ=TTPZ+(XTK(I)-CC)*(PTK*(ATKCNI(I)+ATKCNR(I)))
    TTPX=TTPX-(ZTK(I)-FF)*(PTK*(ATKCNI(I)+ATKCNR(I)))
    IF((ATKCNI(I).GT.0.0).GR.(ATKCNR(I).GT.0.)) GO TO 11
    GO TO 10
C DAMPING FORCE AND TORQUES
  11 VELT=SINKRT*CPCT+DPHI*(XTK(I)-CC)-DTHETA*(ZTK(I)-FF)
    FORD=-VELT*DAMPC*PERI(I)
    FORCT=FORCT+FORD
    TORQTZ=TORQTZ+(XTK(I)-CC)*FORD
    TORQTX=TORQTX-(ZTK(I)-FF)*FORD
    IF (VELX.EQ.0.0) GO TO 10
C FRICTION TORQUE
    TORFZ=TORFZ-(GG+YGH(I))*PTK*(ATKCNI(I)+ATKCNR(I))*U
  10 CONTINUE
C SUMMATION OF FORCE AND TORQUE COMPONENTS
C TOTAL HEAVE FORCE
    FORCEY=(FCP+FTP+FORCT+FDF)*CPCT
C TOTAL TORQUE X AXIS
    TORQUEX=TCPX+TTPX+TORQTX+TDFX
C TOTAL TORQUE Z AXIS
     TORQUEZ=TCPZ+TTPZ+TORQTZ+TDFZ+TORFZ
    RETURN
    END
```

Table 165: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE FR

CFR

C

0000

000000

C

C

C

C C

C C

000000000000000000

C C

SUBROUTINE FRIPRTAB, ET, T2, W2, P1, P100T, IP1, WCO, WKC, ETC, 1 T1,W1,P2,EN,UA,TAM)

PURPOSE - ANALYSIS OF COMPRESSOR OR FAN, WITH CAPABILITY TO MODEL FLOW IN SECOND QUADRANT (REVERSE FLOW) AND FOURTH QUADRANT (PRESSURE RATIOS LESS THAN ONE).

METHOD - USES INPUT TABLES DEFINING STEADY STATE CHARACTERISTICS OF COMPRESSOR. UNLIKE CM AND CN, INDEPENDENT VARIABLES ON MAPS ARE CORRECTED SPEED AND CORRECTED FLOW. PRESSURE RATIO AND EFFICIENCY ARE DEPENDENT VARIABLES. NOTE THAT IN THE FOURTH QUADRANT (TURBINE REGION). A POSITIVE VALUE OF EFFICIENCY CORRESPONDS TO A TEMPERATURE DROP, AND NEGATIVE TO TEMPERATURE RISE. HEAT TRANSFER TO AMBIENT CALCULATED FROM INPUT VALUE OF UA

LIMITATIONS - TEMPERATURE CALCULATIONS BASED ON TI BEING THE INLET TEMPERATURE FOR BOTH POSITIVE AND REVERSE FLOW. MAX ALLOWABLE SIZE OF TABULAR ARRAYS 20X10 PER TABLE

WRITTEN BY ADAM LLOYD AS COMPONENT *CR* IN ECS LIBRARY MARCH 1977

MODIFIED BY - MAHINDER WAHI

AUGUST 1977

INPUT/OUTPUT LIST

PR	PRESS RATIO=F(WCO,N/SQRT(T))		INPUT	TABLE
ET	EFFICIENCY = F(WCO, N/SQRT(T))	digen-Overless	INPUT	TABLE
T2	OUTLET TEMPERATURE (PORT NO 2)	DEGR	DUTPUT	VAR
W2	OUTLET FLOW	L8/MIN	OUTPUT	VAR
P1	INLET PRESSURE(PORT NO 1)	PSIA	OUTPUT	STATE
PIDOT	INLET PRESSURE DERIVATIVE	PSIA/SEC	DUTPUT	DERIV
IP1	INTEGRATOR CONTROL	11/1574	PROGRAM	4 VAR
MCO	COMPRESSOR CORRECTED FLOW	-4-0-MT 190	OUTPUT	VAR
WKC	COMPRESSOR WORK INPUT	FT/LBF/SEC	OUTPUT	VAR
ETC	COMPRESSOR EFFICIENCY	0 001-07-07-0	OUTPUT	VAR
T1	INLET TEMPERATURE (PORT NO 1)	DEGR	INPUT	VAR
W1	INLET FLOW RATE	LB/MIN	INPUT	VAR
P2	OUTLET PRESSURE (PORT NO 2)	PSIA	INPUT	VAR
EN	COMPRESSOR SPEED	RPM/1000.	INPUT	VAR
UA	OVERALL CONDUCTANCE	BTU/HRDEGR	INPUT	PARAM
TAM	EFFECTIVE LOCAL AMBIENT TEMP	DEGR	INPUT	PARAM

DIMENSION PRTAB(1), ET(1) COMMON/ERMESS/IFATAL, IERR COMMON/CIO/IREAD, IWRITE, IDIAG

CALCULATE GAS CONSTANTS AND RATIO OF SPECIFIC HEATS, BASED ON INLET TEMPERATURE

CP=SHCP(T1,0.)

R=(53.3)

GAMMA=1.+R/(778. +CP-R)

G1=(GAMMA-1.)/GAMMA

Table 165: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE FR (CONCLUDED)

```
CALCULATE INTERNAL TEMPERATURE TI BASED ON INPUT VALUE OF UA AND WI
      WBAR=AMAX1(ABS(W1),.01)
      TI=TAM+(T1-TAM)/EXP(UA/(CP+WBAR))
    WARNING DIAGNOSTIC IF TEMPERATURE CHANGE EXCEEDS 300 DEGR
      IF(A8S(T1-TI).LE.300.)GO TO 10
      IF(T1.GT.TI)TI=T1-300.
      IF(TI.GT.T1)TI=T1+300.
    TEST FOR DIAGNOSTIC PRINTOUT

IF (IERR.NE.1)GO TO 10
      WRITE(IWRITE.9999)
 9999 FORMATILOX, 44HNON FATAL ERROR CALLED FROM FAN COMPONENT FR/
     1 10x,65HTEMPERATURE CHANGE FROM HEAT TRANSFER TO AMBIENT EXCEEDS 3
     200 DEGR/10x,23HCHECK INPUT VALUE OF UA)
 10
      CONTINUE
    CALCULATE COMPRESSOR PERFORMANCE FROM INPUT TABLES
      ENC=1000. *EN/SQRT(TI)
      WCO=W1*SORT(TI)/P1
      N1=PRTAS(3)+4
      N2=PRTAB(2)+PRTAB(3)+4
      N3=PRTAB(2)
      N4=PRTAB(3)
      PR=TBLU2(WCO, ENC, PRTAB(N1), PRTAB(4), PRTAB(N2), 1, 1, -N3, -N4, N3, N4)
      N1=ET(3)+4
      N2=ET(2)+ET(3)+4
      N3=ET(2)
      N4=FT(3)
      ETC=TBLU2 (WCO, ENC, ET(N1), ET(4), ET(N2), 1,1,-N3,-N4,N3,N4)
      IF(ETC.LT.O.)GO TO 15
      ETC=AMAX1(ETC,.01)
      GO TO 20
15
      ETC=AMINI(ETC, -. 01)
      CONTINUE
 20
      W2=W1
     DELT=TI*(PR**G1-1.)/ETC
      T2=TI+DELT
 TM=(TI+T2)/2.
      CPM=SHCP(TM,0.)
      WKC=W2*CPM*DELT*12.967
    CONSTANT =778/60 AND CONVERTS WORK TO FT-LBF/SEC
 C
      PR=AMAX1(PR,.01)
      P1CAL=P2/PR
      IF(IP1.NE.0)P1DOT=(P1CAL-P1)/.01
      RETURN COOL MAR
      END SOROSHALLER
```

Manage Tironi

Table 166: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE FS

```
CFS
      SUBROUTINE FS (T2, W2, T3, W3, P1, P100T, IP1, T1, W1, P2, P3, AK2, D2,
     1 AK3, D3, DHY, AHT, TAM, HO, VOL, FC)
C
    PURPOSE - ANALYSIS OF FLOW SPLIT, WITH ONE INLET PORT AND TWO
              OUTLET PORTS PRINTER FADITER TO THE PRINTER
C
C
C
C
    METHOD - SIMILAR TO DUCT MODEL DE
C
C
    LIMITATIONS - AS FOR DE
C
   WRITTEN BY ADAM LLOYD AS COMPONENT *SP* IN
C
              ECS LIBRARY NOV. 1975
C
c
    MODIFIED BY - MAHINDER WAHI
                                                 AUGUST 1977
C
    INPUT/OUTPUT LIST
C
C
               QUILET TEMPERATURE )PORT DEGR OUTPUT VAR
00000000000000
    T2
    W2
               OUTLET FLOW
                                          ) NO 2 LB/MIN
                                                            OUTPUT VAR
                                                   DEGR
               OUTLET TEMPERATURE
    T3
                                          PORT
                                                               OUTPUT VAR
                                          ) NO 3 LB/MIN
               OUTLET FLOW
INLET PRESSURE
    W3
                                                             OUTPUT VAR
                                          PORT
    P1
                                                  PSIA
                                                             OUTPUT STATE
               INLET PRESSURE DERIVATIVE)NO 1
    PIDOT
                                                  PSIA/SEC OUTPUT DERIV
               INLET PRESSURE UNITED TO 1 DEGRIFT TEMPERATURE ) PORT NO 1 DEGRIFT LB/M
    IP1
                                                             PROGRAM VAR
                                                                  VAR
    T1
                                                             INPUT
    W1
                                                  LB/MIN
                                                             INPUT
                                                                    VAR
    P2
               OUTLET PRESSURE (PORT NO 2)
                                                  PSIA
                                                             INPUT
                                                                    VAR
                                                                  VAR
    P3
              OUTLET PRESSURE (PORT NO 3)
                                                  PSIA
                                                             INPUT
    AK 2
              K FACTOR (PORT NO 2)
               DIAMETER (PORT NO 2) IN
K FACTOR (PORT NO 3)
                                                             INPUT
                                                                    PARAM
    02
                                                             INPUT
                                                                    PARAM
    AK3
                                                             INPUT
                                                                    PARAM
000000000
               DIAMETER (PORT NO 3)
    03
                                                  IN
                                                                    PARAM
                                                             INPUT
    DHY
               HYDRAULIC DIAMETER ) TO CALCULATE IN
                                                             INPUT
                                                                    PARAM
    AHT
               HEAT TRANSFER AREA ) UA
               EFFECTIVE LOCAL AMBIENT TEMP
                                                  FT2
                                                             INPUT
                                                                    PARAM
    TAM
                                                             INPUT
                                                  DEGR
                                                                    PARAM
    HO
               EXTERNAL HEAT TRANSFER COEFFICIENT BTU/FT2
                                                             INPUT PARAM
                                                  HR DEGR
    VOL
               INTERNAL VOLUME
                                                  FT3
                                                             INPUT
                                                                    PARAM
    FC
               FREQUENCY CONTROL ON P1.(FC.GE.1.) ---
                                                            INPUT PARAM
               A VALUE OF FC GREATER THAN 1.
C
               DECREASES FREQUENCY RESPONSE OF PI
C
               CORRESPONDINGLY
      COMMON/ERMESS/IFATAL, IERR
      COMMON/CIO/IREAD, IWRITE, IDIAG
    CALCULATE GAS CONSTANT AND RATIO OF SPECIFIC HEATS, BASED ON
    INLET TEMPERATURE
      CP=SHCP(T1,0.)
      R=53.3
```

GAMMA=1.+R/(778.*CP-R)

G1=1./(GAMMA-1.)

Table 166: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE FS (CONCLUDED)

```
G2=(GAMMA-1.)/2.
    CALCULATE DUTLET FLOWS BASED ON INLET TEMPERATURE
C
      CA2=.785398*D2*D2
      CALL FNFLOW(P1,P2,T1,CA2,AK2,FN,W2)
      CA3=.795398*D3*D3
      CALL FNFLOW(P1,P3,T1,CA3,AK3,FN,W3)
    CALCULATE OVERALL CONDUCTANCE (UA) BASED ON AVERAGE FLOW
C
      WBAR= (ABS(W1)+ABS(W2)+ABS(W3))/3.
      WBAR=AMAX1(WBAR,.01)
    CALCULATE EFFECTIVE LENGTH AL FOR HEAT TRANS COEFF CALCULATION
C
      AL=183.35*AHT/(DHY*DHY)
C
    CONSTANT 183.35=144./(PI/4.)
                                       AL IS IN FEET.
      HINT=HI(1,T1,T1,WBAR,O.,DHY,AL,O.)
    THE INPUT VALUE OF THE EXTERNAL HEAT TRANSFER COEFFICIENT IS BASED
    ON THE INTERNAL WETTED AREA. HENCE UA IS GIVEN BY
      UA=AHT*HINT*HO/(60.*(HINT+HO))
    UA IS IN BTU/MIN DEGR
CALCULATE OUTLET TEMPERATURES T2 AND T3
      T2=TAM+(T1-TAM)/EXP(UA/(CP*WBAR))
      T3=T2
    WARNING DIAGNOSTIC IF TEMPERATURE CHANGE EXCEEDS 300 DEGR
C
      IF(ABS(T1-T2).LE.300.)GO TO 10
      IF(T1.GT.T2) T2=T1-300.
      IF(T2.GT.T1) T2=T1+300.
      T3=T2
    TEST FOR DIAGNOSTIC PRINT OUT
      IF (IERR.NE.1) GO TO 10
      WRITE(IWRITE,9999)
 9999 FORMAT(10X,46HNON FATAL ERROR CALLED FROM SPLIT COMPONENT FS/
     1 10x,35HTEMPERATURE CHANGE EXCEEDS 300 DEGR)
     TBAR=(T1+T2+T3)/3.
      PBAR=(P1+P2+P3)/3.
      CABAR=(CAZ+CA3)/2.
      AM=AMACH(PBAR, TBAR, CABAR, WBAR, 0.)
      IF(IP1.NE.0)P1DOT=R*TBAR*(W1-W2-W3)*(1.+G2*AM*AM)**G1/(8640.*VOL*
     1 FC)
    RETURN
    END
```

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Table 167: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE FSFLOW

```
CFSFLOW
      SUBROUTINE FSFLOW(P1, P2, T, CA, AK, FN, SFN, W)
C
    PURPOSE - TO CALCULATE FLOW (W) AND/OR CHESTER SMITH COMPRESSIBLE
              FLOW FUNCTION (FN) GIVEN UPSTREAM AND DOWNSTREAM PRESSURES
C
              (P1 AND P2), TEMPERATURE (T), EFFECTIVE AREA (CA) AND LOSS
C
            FACTOR (AK).
CC
              * NOTE * IF P2 IS GREATER THAN P1, OUTPUTS FN AND W WILL
              BE NEGATIVE. FN IS BASED ON P/PS.
CCC
              FOR ORIFICE CALCULATIONS, INPUT AK=1.
C
    METHOD - USES TABULAR DATA FOR FN=F(PRESSURE RATIO)
C
C
C
                                LATEST REVISION FEB 78
    WRITTEN BY - ADAM LLOYD
C
C
C
    LIMITATIONS - K FACTOR MUST NOT EQUAL ZERO
C
C
    INPUT/OUTPUT LIST
C
C
               UPSTREAM PRESSURE
                                                   PSIA
                                                              INPUT
    P2
               DOWNSTREAM PRESSURE
                                                   PSIA
                                                               INPUT
C
    T
               TEMPERATURE
                                                   DEGR
                                                               INPUT
CC
    CA
               EFFECTIVE AREA
                                                   INZ
    AK
               K FACTOR (MUST NOT EQUAL ZERO)
                                                               INPUT
C
    FN
               COMPRESSIBLE FLOW FACTOR
                                                               QUTPUT
               SLOPE FN WRT P1/P2
    SEN
                                                               CUTPUT
               FLOW RATE
                                                   LS/MIN
                                                               QUTPUT
      DIMENSION ANF (34), ASF (34)
      COMMON/ERMESS/IFATAL, IERR
      COMMON/CIO/IREAD, IWRITE, IDIAG
      DATA ANF/
          0.0
                ,.1453 ,.2044 ,.2491 ,.2862 ,.3183 ,.3469 ,.3729 ,
          .3966 ,.4186 ,.4390 ,.4582 ,.4762 ,.5394 ,.5916 ,.6361 ,
          .6745 ,.7081 ,.7378 ,.7642 ,.8188 ,.8609 ,.8939 ,.9199 ,
          .9404 ,.9566 ,.9693 ,.9791 ,.9866 ,.9920 ,.9959 ,.9984 ,
          .9997 .1.0 /
      DATA ASF/
          37.68 ,20.44 ,10.38 ,8.18 ,6.92 ,6.07 ,5.46 ,4.97
          4.57 ,4.24 ,3.96 ,3.72 ,3.38 ,3.16 ,2.61 ,2.225 , 1.92 ,1.68 ,1.485 ,1.32 ,1.092 ,.842 ,.66 ,.52 ,
     2
     3
                ..324
          .41
                       ,.254 ,.196 ,.15
                                            ,.108 ,.078 ,.05 ,
                ,.006/
          .025
      IF(P2.GT.P1)G0 T0 100
      PS=(P1*(AK-1.)+P2)/AK
      IF(PS.GE.O.)PS=AMAX1(PS,0.00001)
      IF(PS.LT.O.)PS=AMIN1(PS,-.OCOO1)
      PR=P1/PS
      IF (PR.LT.C.)GD TO 10
      X1=1.+ 200.*(PR-1.)
      IF(PR.GT.1.05) X1=13. + 50.*(PR-1.06)
```

Table 167: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE FSFLOW (CONCLUDED)

```
IF(PR.GT.1.20) X1=20. + 20.*(PR-1.20)
                IF(PR.GT.1.90) GO TO 10
                I=X1
               FN = (X1-I) * (ANF(I+1)-ANF(I)) + ANF(I)
               SFN=(X1-1)*(ASF(I+1)-ASF(I))+ASF(I)
                GO TO 20
           CHOKED FLOW
               FN=1.4 PINTED LEG MARY RETARD AL SEGUE STON MARKET SEGUE SEG
10
                SFN=0 .
                W=31.9*FN*CA*P1/SQRT(T)
  20
                IF(P1.LT.O.) W=-W
                GO TO 200
           REVERSE FLOW - FN AND W ARE NEGATIVE
               PS=(P2*(AK-1.)+P1)/AK
                IF(PS.GE.O.)PS=AMAX1(PS,0.00001)
                IF(PS.LT.0.)PS=AMIN1(PS,-.00001)
                PR=P2/PS
                IF (P1.LT.0.)GO TO 150
                IF (PR.LT.0.)GO TO 110
                X1=1.+200.*(PR-1.)
                IF(PR.GT.1.06) X1=13. + 50.*(PR-1.06)
                 IF(PR.GT.1.20) X1=20. + 20.*(PR-1.20)
                IF (PR.GT.1.90) GO TO 110
                I=X1
                 FN = -(X1-I) + (ANF(I+1) - ANF(I)) - ANF(I)
                 SFN=-(X1-1)*(ASF(I+1)-ASF(I))-ASF(I)
                 GO TO 120
            CHOKED REVERSE FLOW
   110
                FN=-1.
                 SFN=0.
                 W=31.9*FN*CA*P2/SQRT(T)
   120
                 GO TO 200
           REVERSE FLOW - NEGATIVE P1
   150
                FN=-1.+.1*P1
                 W=31.9*FN*CA*P2/SQRT(T)
                200
```

Table 168: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE FT

```
CFT
      SUBROUTINE FT(WC, TOT, T3, W3, P1, P100T, IP1, T1, W1, T2, P2, P3, V0L, FC)
C
    VERSION 2.
                                                       SEPT 16 1977
C
0000
              SIMULATE A HUB OR TIP DRIVEN AXIAL TURBO FAN AS
    PURPOSE
              USED ON THE JINDIVIK ACLS VEHICLE
            - USES INPUT TABLES DEFINING STEADY STATE CHARACTERISTICS
    METHOD
C
              OF TURBINE AND FAN. DRIVE/BLEED AIR TURBINE INLET
C
              PRESSURE IS A STATE.
C
    CALL SEQUENCE
TABLE *****
              -TABLE OF CORRECTED TURBINE FLOW AS A FUNCTION OF
      WC
              -DRIVE(BLEED AIR) TO CUSHION/TRUNK PRESSURE RATIO.
              -ONE DIMENSIONAL TABLE
      TOT
              -TABLE OF TOTAL FLOW FROM TURBOFAN AS A FUNCTION OF
              -CUSHION/TRUNK PRESSURE(PSFG) AND DRIVE PRESSURE(PSIA)
              -TWO DIMENSIONAL TABLE
    *****
            OUTPUTS *****
              -TEMPERATURE OF FAN AIR EXIT, DEG RANKINE
      T3
      W3
              -TOTAL FLOW FROM TURBOFAN TO CUSHION/TRUNK, LB/MIN(PORT NO 3
      P1
              -DRIVE/BLEED AIR PRESSURE, PSIA(PORT NO 1)
      PIDOT
              -DERIVATIVE OF PI, PSIA/SEC
      IP1
              -INTEGRATOR CONTROL FOR P1
    *****
            INPUTS *****
              -CRIVE/BLEED AIR TEMPERATURE, DEG RANKINE
      TI
              -DRIVE/BLEED AIR FLOW RATE, LB/MIN(PORT NO 1)
      Wi
C
      T2
              -AMBIENT AIR TERMPERATURE, DEG RANKINE
              -AMBIENT AIR PRESSURE, PSIA(PORT NO 2)
      P2
0000000
      P3
              -PRESSURE OF FAN AIR EXIT, PSIG(PORT NO 3)
      VOL
              -INTERNAL VOLUME, CU.FT.
              -FREQUENCY CONTROL ON P1 (FC.GE.1.)
      FC
            -A VALUE OF FC GREATER THAN 1. DECREASES
              -FREQUENCY RESPONSE OF P1 CORRESPONDINGLY
    WRITTEN BY MAHINDER WAHI
                                                         JUNE 1977
C
      DIMENSION WC(1), TOT(1)
      DATA R/53.32/
C
    CALCULATE TURBINE FLOW RATE FROM INPUT TABLE
      PRAT = P1/P3
      PRAT= AMAX1(1.,PRAT)
      NX= WC(2)
      WCOR= TBLU1(PRAT, WC(4), WC(NX+4), 1,-NX)
      W1CAL= 60*WCOR*1.55*P1/SQRT(T1)
      IF(IP1.NE.O) P1DOT=R*T1*(W1-W1CAL)/(8640.*FC*VCL)
    CALCULATE FAN PERFORMANCE FROM INPUT TABLES
      PSF = (23-22) *144.
      N1= TOT(3)+4
      N2= TOT(2)+TOT(3)+4
      N3= TOT(2)
      44= TOT(3)
      W3= 60*T3LU2(PSF,P1,T0T(N1),T0T(4),T0T(N2),1,1,-N3,-N4,N3,N4)
      W3=AMAX1(W1CAL,W3)
```

Table 168: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE FT (CONCLUDED)

W2= W3-W1CAL T3= (W1*T1+W2*T2)/W3 T3=AMAX1(400.,T3) RETURN END

TE ON TROPINGES, STAF WELF BY DESIGNATION OF ANALYSIS WILLIAM AND LEGAL AND

Table 169: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE FU

CFU	SUBROUTI	NE FU(FTA, FO, FIN, AN)	HIME EV, PTA, FG, PMA, F	SUBROL	V=3	
000		TO CALCULATE DUTPUT FO AS	INPUT FTA GIVING FO=F			
000	METHOD -	SELF EXPLANATORY	FO=FIFNA,FNB1 - TWO OIMENSIONAL TA			
000	LIMITATION	SIZE OF TABULAR ARRAY IS				
000	WRITTEN BY - ADAM LLOYD LATEST REVISION NOV 75					
000	INPUT/OUTP	UT LIST				
č	FTA	TABULAR INPUT FO=F(FIN)	ANY	INPUT	TABLE	
C	FO	OUTPUT	TOPANYRAHISAT	OUTPUT	VAR	
C	FIN	INPUT	ANY TUREO	INPUT	VAR	
C	AN	DEGREE OF INTERPOLATION		INPUT	PARAM	
C	A NEGATIVE VALUE OF AN WILL					
C	PREVENT EXTRAPOLATION BEYOND					
C		TABLE LIMITS				
C	07454670	NE USED UPDN EXTRAPOLATIO				
	DIMENSIO) *AN/ABS(AN)				
)+4				

DIMENSION FTA(1)
NA=FTA(2)*AN/ABS(AN)
NB=FTA(2)+4
N=ABS(AN)
FO=TBLU1(FIN,FTA(4),FTA(NB),N,NA)
RETURN
END

Table 170: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE FV

```
CFV
      SUBROUTINE FV(FTA, FQ, FNA, FNB, AN, BN)
C
C
    PURPOSE - TO CALCULATE OUTPUT FO AS AN ARBITRARY FUNCTION OF INPUT
C
            VARIABLES FNA AND FNB. INPUT TABLE FTA IS USED GIVING
C
              FO=F(FNA, FNB)
C
C
    METHOD - TWO DIMENSIONAL TABLE LOOKUP
C
C
    LIMITATIONS - MAX ALLOWABLE SIZE OF TABULAR ARRAY IS 12X12.
C
C
    WRITTEN BY - GEORGE DULEBA
                                                   LATEST REVISION
                                                                     MAY 76
C
    INPUT/OUTPUT LIST
C
C
                                                                  INPUT TABL
    FTA
               TABULAR INPUT
    FO
C
                                                                OUTPUT VAS
                                                   ANY
               QUTPUT
C
    FNA
               INPUT A
                                                   ANY
                                                                  INPUT
                                                                        VAF
                                                                  INPUT WES
CC
    FNB
               INPUT B
                                                   ANY
               DEGREE OF INTERPOLATION FOR FNA
                                                                  INPUT PAR
    AN
                   A NEGATIVE VALUE INDICATES THAT THE NEAREST END
0000
                   POINT IS TO BE USED UPON EXTRAPOLATION.
               DEGREE OF INTERPOLATION FOR FNB
                                                                  INPUT PA
    BN
                   A NEGATIVE VALUE INDICATES THAT THE NEAREST END
C
                   POINT IS TO BE USED UPON EXTRAPOLATION.
      DIMENSION FTA(1)
      N1=FTA(3)+4
      N2=FTA(2)+FTA(3)+4
      N3=FTA(2)
      N4=FTA(3)
      N5= FTA (2) +ABS (AN) /AN
      N6= FTA(3) *ABS(BN)/BN
      NAN=ABS(AN)
      NBN=ABS(BN)
      FO=TBLU2(FNA, FNB, FTA(N1), FTA(4), FTA(N2), NAN, NBN, N5, N6, N3, N4)
      RETURN
      END
```

Table 171: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE GW

```
CGW
      SUBROUTINE GW (UG, UGD, IUG, VG, VGD, IVG, VX, VXD, IVX, WG, WGD, IWG,
   1 WX,WXD,IWX,PG,PGD,IPG,QX,QXD,IQX,QG,RX,RXD,IRX,RG,VS,XNU,
     2 XNV, XNW, XNP, SLH, SLV, VO, SIH, SIV, B)
      DATA PI,ROOT3,ISW/3.1415927,1.7320508,0/
      DATA DPR/57.29578/
C
    VERSION 1.
                                                     MAY 27 1977
    PURPOSE
               SIMULATE RANDOM WIND GUST COMPONENTS
    METHOD
               PASS WHITE NOISE THROUGH DRYDEN TRANSFORMS TO
               SIMULATE U, V, W, P, Q, R, GUST VELOCITIES IN
               ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 3.7, MIL-F-87858
C
C
    CALL SEQUENCE
                      *****
    ***** OUTPUTS
    LINEAR VELOCITIES -- BODY AXES
      UG,UGD, IUG
                      -X AXIS WIND VELOCITY STATE VARIABLES, FT/SEC
C
      VG, VGD, IVG
                      -Y AXIS WIND VELOCITY
C
      VX, VXD, IVX
                      -Y AXIS INTERMEDIATE
C
      WG, WGD, IWG
                      -Z AXIS WIND VELOCITY
C
      WX,WXD, IWX
                      -Z AXIS INTERMEDIATE
C
    ANGULAR VELOCITIES -- BODY AXES
C
      PG,PGD, IPG
                      -X AXIS ANGULAR RATE
                                                                DEG/SEC
C
                      -Y AXIS ANGULAR RATE
      QX,QXD,IQX
C
      RX,RXD, IRX
                      -Z AXIS ANGULAR RATE
000
                      -Y AND Z AXIS ANGULAR RATE DUTPUTS, DEG/SEC
      QG,RG
    VELOCITY
                      -STEADY STATE (TRIM) AIRSPEED, FT/SEC
      27
C
    ***** INPUTS
                     ****
C
      WNX, VNX, UNX
                      -RANDOM NOISE INPUTS FOR U, V, W GUST VELOCITIES
C
      XNP
                      -RANDOM NOISE INPUT FOR P ANGULAR RATE GUST
00000000
      SLH, SLV
                      -HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL SCALES, FT
                      -STEADY STATE AIRSPEED INPUT, FT/SEC
      VO
      SIH, SIV
                      -HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL RMS GUST INTENSITY, FT/SEC
                      -WING SPAN, FT
    WRITTEN BY
                 A.W. WARREN AS COMPONENT *WM* IN
                 FLIGHT CONTROLS LIBRARY
                                                SEPT 1976
     MODIFIED BY MAHINDER WAHI
                                                           MAY 1977
             SET DEFAULTS
      IF(ISW.EQ.1) GO TO 10
      IF(SLH.EQ. .99999) SLH=1750.
      IF(SLV.EQ. .99999) SLV=1750.
      IF (SIH.EQ. .99999) SIH=0.
      IF(SIV.EQ. .99999) SIV=0.
      ISW=1
             COMPUTE GAINS AND COEFFICIENT TERMS
C
   10 VS=VO
      SLHP= SLH/VO
      SLVP= SLV/VO
      GAINU= SIH * SQRT ((SLHP+SLHP)/PI)
      GA INV = 0.707107 + GA INU + XNV
      GAINU= GAINU+XNU
```

GAINW = SIV + SQRT (SLVP/PI) + XNW

Table 171: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE GW (CONCLUDED)

COEFH= 4.*B/(PI*VO) COEFY= 0.75*COEFH GA INP= SIV*SQRT(0.8*(0.25*PI*SLV/8)**0.333333/(SLV*VQ))*XNP COMPUTE STATE DERIVATIVES IF(IUG.NE.O) UGD= (GAINU-UG)/SLHP IF(IVX.NE.O) VXD= (GAINV-VG)/SLHP**2 IF(IVG.NE.O) VGD= VX+(GAINV*ROOT3-VG-VG)/SLHP IF(IWX.NE.O) WXD= (GAINW-WG)/SLVP*+2 IF (IWG.NE.O) WGD= WX+(GAINW#ROOT3-WG-WG)/SLVP IF(IPG.NE.O) PGD= (GAINP+DPR-PG)/COEFH QG= QX + DPR*WG/(VO*COEFH) IF(IQX.NE.O)QXD= -QG/CDEFH RG= RX - DPR*VG/(VO*COEFV) IF(IRX.NE.O) RXD= -RG/COEFV RETURN END

Table 172: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE HI

```
CHI
     FUNCTION HI(IFL,T,TW,H,SH,D,AL,CODE)
C
C
    PURPOSE - TO CALCULATE HEAT TRANSFER COEFFICIENTS FOR FLOW IN DUCTS
C
             AND FOR FLOW ACROSS CYLINDERS (SUCH AS SENSORS)
C
   METHOD - USES CONVENTIONAL CORRELATIONS FOR LAMINAR AND TURBULENT
C
             FLOW. FOR TRANSITION FLOW IN DUCTS AN EQUATION OF THE FORM
C
                  NU=C1*RE**C2*PR**.333
C
             IS ASSUMED. C1 AND C2 ARE EVALUATED FROM VALUES OF NU AT
C
             THE LIMITS OF THE LAMINAR AND TURBULENT REGIMES
C
   LIMITATIONS - FOR AIR FLOW ACROSS CYLINDERS THE VALID RANGE OF REYNOLDS NUMBER IS 1000.LE.RE.LE.50000
C
                 FOR LIQUIDS THE VALID RANGE IS 50.LE.RE.LE.10000
   WRITTEN BY - ADAM LLOYD
                                    LATEST REVISION NOV 75
CC
   INPUT/OUTPUT LIST
C
              CONVECTIVE HEAT TRANSFER COEFF. BTU/FT2 HRDEGR OUTPUT
   HI
C
   IFL
              INTEGER DESIGNATING FLUID(SEE PROP)---
00000
              FLUID TEMPERATURE
                                             DEGR
                                                            INPUT
              WALL TEMPERATURE (USED FOR LIQUIDS)DEGR
   TW
                                                            INPUT
              FLOW RATE
                                             LB/MIN
              SPECIFIC HUMIDITY OF VAPOR
                                              LB/LB
IN
   SH
                                                           INPUT
              DIAMETER (DUCT)
   0
C
             LENGTH (DUCT LENGTH IN FT FOR LAM FT OR IN
   AL
                                                            INPUT
C
              FLOW OR CYLINDER DIAMETER (INCHES)
C
   CODE
              =0. FLOW IN DUCTS
                                                         INPUT
             =1. FLOW ACROSS CYLINDERS
C
     COMMON/ERMESS/IFATAL, IERR
     COMMON/CIO/IREAD, IWRITE, IDIAG
     REAL NU, NU2
     AK=PROP(IFL,3,T)
     IF(CODE.GT.0.5)GO TO 100
    FLOW IN DUCTS
     RE=RENVX(IFL,W,T,D)
     IF(RE.GT.10000.)GO TO 20
     IF (RE.GT.2100.)GO TO 10
C
    LAMINAR FLOW IN DUCTS
     IF(IFL.NE.1)GO TO 5
    LAMINAR FLOW OF AIR IN DUCTS
     PR=PRND(1,T,SH)
     HI =6.048*(RE*PR*D/AL)**0.4*AK/D
C
    CONSTANT 6.048 =1.5*12**.6*(PI/4)**.4
     GO TO 200
    LAMINAR FLOW OF LIQUIDS IN DUCTS
C
     AMUB=PROP(IFL,2,T)
     AMUW=PROP(IFL,2,TW)
     PR=PRND(IFL,T,SH)
     HI=9.757*AK*(RE*PR*D/AL)**.333*(AMUB/AMUW)**.14/D
    CONSTANT 9.757=1.86*(12)**.667
     GO TO 200
```

Table 172: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE HI (CONTINUED)

```
TRANSITION FLOW IN DUCTS
     IF(IFL.NE.1)GO TO 15
    TRANSITION FLOW OF AIR IN DUCTS
   CALCULATE CONSTANTS C1 AND C2. THIS REQUIRES CALCULATION OF NUSSELT
    NUMBER AT UPPER LIMIT OF LAMINAR FLOW AND LOWER LIMIT OF TURBULENT
    FLOW .
     PR=PRND(IFL,T,SH)
   PR=PRND(IFL,T,SH)
NU=10.74776728*(PR*D/AL)**0.4
NU IS NUSSELT NUMBER AT RE=2100
NU2=36.45254342*PR**0.4
     NU2=36.45254342*PR**0.4
     C2=-640759583*ALDG(NU2/NU)
     C1=NU/(2100.**C2*PR**.333)
     HI=12.*AK*C1*RE**C2*PR**.333/D
     GO TO 200
  TRANSITION FLOW OF LIQUIDS IN DUCTS
     PR=PRND(IFL,T,SH)
      AMUB=PROP(IFL,2,T)
     AMUW=PROP(IFL,2,TW)
     VISR=(AMUB/AMUW)**.14
     NU=10.38591142*(PR*D/AL)**.333*VISR
    NU IS NUSSELT NUMBER AT RE=2100
      NU2=36.45254342*(PR)**.333*VISR
     C2=.640759583*ALOG(NU2/NU)
C1=NU/(2100.**C2*PR**.333)
     C1=NU/(2100.**C2*PR**.333)
HI=12.*AK*C1*RE**C2*PR**.333*VISR/D
GD TD 200
      GD TD 200
C TURBULENT FLOW IN DUCTS
      IF (IFL.NE.1)GO TO 25
    TURBULENT FLOW OF AIR IN DUCTS
      PR=PRNO(1,T,SH)
      HI=.276*RE**0.8*PR**0.4*AK/D
    CONSTANT .276=.023*12.
      GO TO 200
    TURBULENT FLOW OF LIQUIDS IN DUCTS
      PR=PRNO(IFL.T.SH)
 25
      AMUS=PROP(IFL,2,T)
      AMUW=PROP(IFL,2,TW)
      HI=.276*RE**0.8*PR**0.333*(AMUB/AMUW)**14*AK/D
      GO TO 200
    FLOW ACROSS CYLINDERS
    SINGLE CORRELATION FOR WHOLE REYNOLDS NUMBER RANGE
     IF (IFL.NE.1)GO TO 120
    FLOW OF AIR ACROSS CYLINDERS. REYNOLDS NUMBER BASED ON AL WHICH IS
    CYLINDER DIAMETER IN INCHES
    RE=RHO*V*AL/MU
      =916.73*W*AL/(D*D*MU)
      AMU=PROP(1,2,T)
      RE=ABS(916.73*W*AL/(D*D*AMU))
      HI=2.88*AK*RE**0.6/AL
    CONSTANT 2.88=.24*12.
      CHECK IF VALID REYNOLDS NUMBER
      IF (1000.LE.RE.AND.RE.LE.50000.) GO TO 200
    TEST FOR DIAGNOSTIC PRINT OUT
      IF ( IERR . NE . 1 ) GO TO 200
      WRITE(IWRITE, 9999)
 9999 FORMATIIOX, 30 HNON FATAL ERROR CALLED FROM HI/
```

Table 172: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE HI (CONCLUDED)

1 10x,67HREYNOLDS NUMBER FOR FLOW OF AIR ACROSS CYLINDER OUTSIDE VA 2LID RANGE) GO TO 200 FLOW OF LIQUID ACROSS CYLINDERS 120 AMU=PROP(IFL,2,T) RE=ABS(916.73*W*AL/(D*D*AMU))
PR=PRND(IFL,T,SH) PR=PRND(IFL,T,SH) PR=PRNU(1PL,1,30) HI=7.2*AK*RE**0.5*PR**0.31/AL NSTANT 7.2=.6*12. CONSTANT 7.2=.6*12. CHECK IF VALID REYNOLDS NUMBER IF (50.LE.RE.AND.RE.LE.10000.)GO TO 200 TEST FOR DIAGNOSTIC PRINT OUT IF (IERR.NE.1)GO TO 200 WRITE(IWRITE, 9998) 9998 FORMAT(10X,30HNON FATAL ERROR CALLED FROM HI/ 1 10x, 70HREYNOLDS NUMBER FOR FLOW OF LIQUID ACROSS CYLINDER OUTSIDE 2 VALID RANGE) 200 RETURN END

Table 173: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE HYCURV

CHYCURV SUBROUTINE HYCURV(X,Z) C SUBROUTINE TO CALCULATE POSITIONS OF C SIDE TRUNK LOBES C THE POSITION (EXPRESSED BY HY) DEPENDS ON PRESSURES. C I.E. HY/HYI=F(PCH/PTK) COMMON/HCUR/AHO,AH1,AH2,AH3 C FORCE INPUT PRESSURE RATIO BETWEEN 0.0 AND 1.0 X=AMIN1(1.0,AMAX1(0.0,X)) Z=AHO+AH1*X+AH2*X*X+AH3*X*X*X IF(Z.LT.0.1)Z=0.1 IF (Z.GT.1.0) Z=1.0 RETURN END

Table 174: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE IC

```
CIC
     SUBROUTINE IC(NSET, NPTS, ITYPE, A, B, LO, DPR)
C
                      FEB.20 1978 21 07 00 11000. .31.288148
VERSION 3.
    PURPOSE - SOLVE FOR TRUNK ELEMENT PARAMETERIC DATA FOR FREE
             AND LOADED ACLS TRUNK SHAPES AT INITIAL CONDITIONS
                      DATA GENERATED FOR MEMBRANE TRUNK
             ITYPE=1
             ITYPE=0
                      DATA GENERATED FOR FROZEN TRUNK
           - SEE AFFDL-TR-71-50, THEORY OF AN ACLS
   METHOD
             FOR AIRCRAFT BY KENNERLY H. DIGGES, JUNE 1971
   LIMITATIONS - CALLED ONLY BY THE TRUNK MODEL COMPONENT TK
    **CALL SEQUENCE**
    ***OUTPUTS***
            ACV, AS, L1, L3, L3P, YO, AND ZO FOR VARIOUS
    ARRAYS
          TRUNK TO CUSHION PRESSURE RATIOS. (SEE TRUNK NOMEN.)
    *** INPUTS***
    NSET.NPTS.ITYPE.A.B.LO. AND DPR (SEE TRUNK NOMEN.)
    WRITTEN BY - J.R.KILNER AND M.K.WAHI
     COMMON/SECT/AZO(10,6),AYO(10,10,6),AL1(10,10,6),AL3P(10,10,6),
    * AL3(10,10,6),AACV(10,10,6),AAS(10,10,6)
     COMMON/CIO/IREAD, IWRITE, IDIAG
     DIMENSION ITYPE(6)
     DIMENSION A(6),B(6),LO(6),X(5),R(5),P(6),AJ(5,5),Z(5,7),IP(6)
     DIMENSION D1(10),D2(10),R1(10,10,6),R2(10,10,6)
     REAL LO
     EXTERNAL ICFS
      EXTERNAL ICLS
     DPR=1.0/NPTS
ANPT=NPTS
     ANPT=NPTS
     P(1)=0.
      DO 10 I=1,NSET
      P(2)=A(1)
      P(3)=B(I)
      P(4)=L0(1)
      X(2)=0.25*LO(I)
      X(3)=2.0
      X(4)=2.0
      IP(1)=-50
      JQ=0
   SOLVE FOR FREE SHAPE PARAMETER DATA
      DO 20 J=1.NPTS
      P(5)=DPR+(J-1)
      CALL QNWT(X,4,5,ICFS,P,.0001, IP,JQ,R,RMS,AJ,Z)
```

```
Table 174: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE IC (CONTINUED)
     JQ=1
     AZO(J,I)=X(2)*(1.-COS(X(4)))
C
     IF(RMS.LE. .0001) GO TO 15
     WRITE(IWRITE,14) RMS,NSET
  14 FORMAT(//, 5x, 20HQNWT FAILURE IN ICFS,
         /5x,*RMS=*,E12.4,5x,*NSET=*,I2//)
     STOP
C
  15 CONTINUE
     IF(ITYPE(I).EQ.0)GOTO 90
  20 CONTINUE WAS A SHARE OF A SHARE WAS ASSESSED.
  SOLVE FOR LOADED TRUNK MEMBRANE PARAMETRIC DATA
     X(1)=.25*LO(I)
     X(2)=.25*LO(I)
     X(3)=2.
     X(4)=2.
     X(5)=0. 1 FEMOR XAURT 3321 AND CHARGE & SETTING THE ALTERNATION
     JQ=0
     DO 30 J=1,NPTS
     P(5)=OPR+(J-1)
     00 30 K=1.NPTS
     P(6)=AZO(J,I)*(1.-(K-1)/ANPT)
C
     CALL QNWT(X,5,5,1CLS,P,.0001, IP,0,R,RMS,AJ,Z)
C
     JQ=1
     AYO(J,K,I)=X(2)*SIN(X(4))
     AL1(J,K,I)=X(1)*X(3)
     AL3(J,K,I)=X(5)
     AACV(J,K,I)=.25*X(2)*X(2)*(2.*X(4)-SIN(2.*X(4)))
     AAS(J,K,I)=.25*X(1)*X(1)*(2.*X(3)+SIN(2.*X(3)))
               +AACV(J,K,I)+(P(6)-X(1))*(A(I)-AYO(J,K,I))+X(1)*X(5)
     R1(J,K,I)=X(1)
     R2(J,K,I)=X(2)
C
     IF(RMS.LE. .0001) GO TO 25
     WRITE(IWRITE, 24) RMS, NSET
   24 FORMAT(//, 5X, 20HQNWT FAILURE IN ICLS,
            /5x, +RMS=+, E12.4, 5x, +NSET=+, [2//)
     STOP
   25 CONTINUE
   30 CONTINUE
     GOTO 33
   SOLVE FOR LOADED TRUNK FROZEN PARAMETRIC DATA
   90 C1=X(2)*SIN(X(4))
     C2=AZO(1, I)-X(2)
     DO 92 K=1.NPTS
```

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Table 174: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE IC (CONTINUED)

```
ZO=AZO(1,1)*(1.-(K-1)/ANPT)
     ZCR=(Z0-C2)/X(2)
     IFIZCR.GT.1.)ZCR=1.
     THE=ACOS(ZCR)
     AL1(1.K.I)=X(1)*(X(3)-THE)
     AL3(1,K,I)=2.*X(2)*SIN(THE)
     AL3P(1,K,I)=2.*THE*X(2)
     AYO(1,K,I)=C1-.5*AL3(1,K,I)
     AACV(1,K,I)=.5*((C1-AL3(1,K,I))*C2+(X(4)-THE)*X(2)*X(2)
                -.5*(ZO-C2)*AL3(1,K,I))
     AAS(1,K,I)=.5*((X(3)+X(4)-2.*THE)*X(2)*X(2)+C1*C2
            +(A(I)-C1)*(C2-B(I))+(Z0-C2)*AL3(1,K,I))
     R1(1,K,I)=X(1)
                    WHITELINGSE, SOLODIAL COLORS STERVISTER
     R2(1,K,I)=X(2)
     CONTINUE
  92
     DO 94 J=2,NPTS
     AZO(J,I)=AZO(1,I) ZYQV, I W A E E A L TE JS I (DSOA, ZYIAWI) ZYIAW
     DO 94 K=1.NPTS
     AL1(J,K,I)=AL1(1,K,I)
     AL3(J.K.I)=AL3(1.K.I)
     AL3P(J,K,I)=AL3P(1,K,I)
     AYO(J,K,I)=AYO(1,K,I)
     AYO(J,K,I)=AYO(1,K,I)

AACV(J,K,I)=AACV(1,K,I)
      AAS(J.K.I)=AAS(1.K.I)
     R1(J,K,I)=R1(1,K,I)
     R2(J,K,I)=R2(1,K,I)
     CONTINUE
CC
  OUTPUT ARRAYS
C
     IF(I.EQ.1)WRITE(IWRITE,6000)
33
     IF(ITYPE(I).EQ.1)WRITE(IWRITE,6002)I
      IF(ITYPE(I).EQ.O)WRITE(IWRITE,6004)I
     WRITE(IWRITE,6006)NPTS,DPR,A(I),B(I),L0(I)
     WRITE(IWRITE,6008)AZO(1,1),AYO(1,1,1),AL1(1,1,1),AACV(1,1,1),
                      AAS(1,1,1)
     FORMAT(39H1***** TRUNK ELEMENT SECTION PROPERTIES ,12(6H******))
60 00
     FORMAT(////14H *** DATA SET , I1, 30H *** MEMBRANE TRUNK ELEMENT *.
6002
     * 4(4H****)/)
     FORMAT(////14H *** DATA SET , I1, 30H *** FROZEN TRUNK ELEMENT ***.
6004
     * 4(4H****)/)
     FORMAT(5x, *NPTS=*, 12, 2x, *DPR=*, F4.3, 8x, *A=*, F6.2, *
6006
     * * L0=*,F6.2/)
    FORMAT(5X, SOHELEMENT PROPERTIES FREE OF GROUND EFFECTS AND PR=0.
6008
    * 5X,*Z0=*,F6.2,* Y0=*,F6.2,* L1=*,F6.2,* ACV=*,F7.1,* AS=*,
    * F7.1//)
                            大学市里,学人员只有一定工一年中的经济工。人艺艺艺艺艺术并将的诗
C
                           ENTRY YARRA ELL TERRIBLE WELL WITCH
     WRITE (IWRITE, 6010)
                          FORMATICASS, 1784 we Like ARRAY week!
     DO 40 J=1,NPTS
     D1(K)=AZO(J,I)*(NPTS-K+1)/ANPT
     D1(K)=AZO(J,I)*(NPTS-K+1)/ANPT
WRITE(IWRITE,6020)(D1(K),K=1,NPTS)
42
40
     CONTINUE
     FORMAT(5X.16H*** ZO ARRAY ***//7X.*1ST COLUMN IS DUT-DF-GROUND*.
6010
```

Table 174: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE IC (CONTINUED)

```
*- EFFECTS ZO FOR INCREASING VALUES OF PR*/)
6320
     FORMAT(5X,10F8.2)
6022
     FORMAT(5X,10F8.1)
     WRITE(IWRITE,6030)
     00 50 J=1,NPTS
     WRITE(IWRITE,6020)(AYO(J,K,I),K=1,NPTS)
50
     CONTINUE
     WRITE(IWRITE,6032)
DO 52 J=1,NPTS
     WRITE(IWRITE,6020)(AL1(J,K,I),K=1,NPTS)
52
     CONTINUE
     WRITE(IWRITE.6034)
     DO 54 J=1.NPTS
     WRITE(IWRITE,6020)(AL3(J,K,I),K=1,NPTS)
54
      CONTINUE
     IF(ITYPE(I).EQ.1)GOTO 55
     WRITE(IWRITE, 6036)
      DO 56 J=1,NPTS
     WRITE(IWRITE, 6020) (AL3(J,K,I),K=1,NPTS)
56
      CONTINUE
55
     WRITE(IWRITE,6038)
     DO 58 J=1.NPTS
     WRITE(IWRITE, 6022) (AACV (J, K, I), K=1, NPTS)
58
     CONTINUE
     WRITE (IWRITE, 6040)
     DO 60 J=1,NPTS
     WRITE(IWRITE,6022)(AAS(J,K,I),K=1,NPTS)
60
     CONTINUE
C
     WRITE(IWRITE,6042)
      DO 62 J=1.NPTS
      WRITE(IWRITE, 6020) (R1(J, K, I), K=1, NPTS)
62 CONTINUE
      WRITE(IWRITE,6044)
     DO 64 J=1,NPTS
      WRITE(IWRITE,6020)(R2(J,K,I),K=1,NPTS)
     CONT INUE
    FORMAT (//5x, +THE FOLLOWING ARRAYS CORRESPOND ELEMENT-TO-ELEMENT+
6030
     * * WITH THE ZO ARRAY *//5X,16H*** YO ARRAY ***/)
6032 FORMAT(//5X,16H*** L1 ARRAY ***/)
6034 FORMAT(//5X,16H*** L3 ARRAY ***/)
     FORMAT(//5X,17H*** L3P ARRAY ***/)
FORMAT(//5X,17H*** ACV ARRAY ***/)
6036
      FORMAT (//5X,17H*** ACV ARRAY ***/)
6038
      FORMAT(//5X,16H*** AS ARRAY ***/)
6040
     FORMAT(//5X,16H*** R1 ARRAY ***/)
6042
    FORMAT (//5x , 16H*** R2 ARRAY ***/)
6044
   10 CONTINUE
```

Table 174: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE IC (CONCLUDED)

RETURN END

Table 175: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE ICB

```
CICB
      SUBROUTINE ICB (NSET, NPTS, A, B, LO, GA, GB, DMU,
                AZO, AYO, AL1, AL3, AAS, BYO, BL1, BL3, BAS)
    PURPOSE - SOLVE FOR AIR BAG ELEMENT PARAMETERIC CATA FOR FREE
00000000000000000
               AND LOADED AIR BAG ELEMENT SHAPES AT INITIAL CONDITIONS
            -SOLVE MEMBRANE GEOMETRY AND FORCE BALANCE EQUATIONS
    METHOD
               FOR EVEN INCREMENTS OF ZO AND MUT AND STORES
               PARAMETER VALUES IN TABLE LOOK UP ARRAYS.
    LIMITATIONS - CALLED ONLY BY THE AIR BAG MODEL COMPONENT AB
    **CALL SEQUENCE**
    ***OUTPUTS***
    ARRAYS
            YO, L1, L3, AS FOR VARIOUS ZO AND MUT
    ***INPUTS***
    NSET, NPTS, A, B, LO, GA, GB, AND DMU (SEE AIR BAG NOMEN.)
    WRITTEN BY - J.R.KILNER
                                           APRIL 10, 1978
      DIMENSION AZO(6), AYO(10,10,6), AL1(10,10,6), AL3(10,10,6),
     * AAS(10,10,6),BY0(10,10,6),BL1(10,10,6),BL3(10,10,6),
     * BAS(10,10,6)
      COMMON/CIO/IREAD, IWRITE, IDIAG
      DIMENSION A(6),B(6),LO(6),X(5),R(5),P(16),AJ(5,5),Z(5,7),IP(6)
      DIMENSION D1(10), D2(10), GA(6), GB(6)
      REAL LO
      EXTERNAL ICFSB
      EXTERNAL ICLSB
C
      DMU=1.0/NPTS
      ANPT=NPTS
      P(1)=0.
      IP(1)=100
C
      DO 10 I=1, NSET
C
      P(2)=A(I)
      P(3)=B(I)
      P(4)=LO(I)
      P(7)=.01745+GB(I)
      P(8)=.01745+GA(I)
      P(9)=SIN(P(7))
      P(10)=COS(P(7))
       P(11)=SIN(P(8))
      P(12)=COS(P(8))
C
      X(1)=0.25*LO(I)
      X(2)=2.0
      X(3)=2.0
      JQ=0
0000
   SOLVE FOR FREE SHAPE PARAMETER DATA
```

```
CALL CHWT(X,3,5,ICFSB,P,.0001,IP,JQ,R,RMS,AJ,Z)
C
      AZO(I)=X(1)*(1.-COS(X(3)))
C
      IF (RMS.LE. .0001) GO TO 15
     WRITE(IWRITE, 14) RMS, NSET
   14 FORMATI//, 5x, 21HQNWT FAILURE IN ICFSB,
          /5X,*RMS=*,512.4,5X,*NSET=*,12//)
C
   15 CONTINUE
C
C
   SOLVE FOR LOADED ELEMENT MEMBRANE PARAMETRIC DATA
      UMC=XUMO
     DO 30 4=1.2
      IF (M.EQ.2) DMUX=-DMU
      DO 30 J=1, NPTS
      X(1) = .25 * LO(1)
     X(2) = .25 * LO(1)
     X(3)=.5*LO(I)
X(4)=.5*LO(I)
X(5)=0.
      JQ=0
     P(5)=DMUX*(J-1)
      00 30 K=1,NPTS
     P(6)=AZO(I)*(1.-(K-1)/ANPT)
     IX=0
27
     CALL QNWT (X,5,5,ICLSB,P,.0001,IP,0,R,RMS,AJ,Z)
      IF (RMS.LE. .COO1) GO TO 25
      IF (IX.EQ.1)GOTO 26
      IX=1
      X(1) = .25 * LO(I)
      X(2) = .25 * LO(1)
      X(3) = .5 * LO(I)
      X(4)=.5*LO(I)
      X(5)=0.
      JQ=0
      GOTO 27
   26 WRITE(IWRITE, 24) RMS, NSET
   24 FORMAT(//, 5x, 21HQNWT FAILURE IN ICLSB,
             /5x,*RMS=*, E12.4,5x,*NSET=*, [2//]
      STOP
C
   25 CONTINUE
      DY 0=X(2) *SIN(P(14))-P(16) *P(12)
      DL1=X(3)
      OL3=X(5)
      AX=X(1)*X(1)*(.5*P(13)+.25*SIN(2.*P(13))-SIN(P(13)))
     * +x(2)*x(2)*(.5*P(14)+.25*SIN(2.*P(14))-SIN(P(14)))
      AXX=.5*(X(1)*(1.-COS(P(13)))+P(6)+P(3))*P(15)*P(10)
         +.5*(X(2)*(1.-COS(P(14)))+P(6)
                                         )*P(16)*P(12)
      DAS=AX+AXX+P(6)*P(2)+.5*P(2)*P(3)
```

```
IF (M.EQ.2)GOTO 33
C
    STORE POSITIVE MU IN A ARRAYS
C
      AYC(J,K.I)=DYC
      AL1(J,K,I)=DL1
      AL3(J,K,I)=0L3
      AAS(J,K,I)=DAS
      GOTO 34
    STORE NEGATIVE MU IN B ARRAYS
33
      BYC(J,K,I)=DYO
      BL1(J,K,I)=DL1
     BL3(J,K,I)=DL3
      BAS(J,K,I)=DAS
34
     CONTINUE
  30 CONTINUE
C
  OUTPUT ARRAYS
      IF(I.EQ.1)WRITE(IWRITE,6000)
      WRITE(IWRITE,6002)I
      WRITE(IWRITE, 6006) NPTS, DMU, A(I), B(I), LO(I), GA(I), GB(I)
      WRITE(IWRITE,6008)AZO(I),AYO(1,1,I),AL1(1,1,I),AAS(1,1,I)
6000
     FORMAT(41H1***** AIR BAG ELEMENT SECTION PROPERTIES ,14(5H*****))
    FORMAT(////14H *** DATA SET , I1, 24H *** MEMBRANE ELEMENT *,
6002
     * 4(4H****)/)
6006 FOF MAT (5X, *NPTS=*, 12, 2X, *DMU=*, F4.3, 8X, *A=*, F6.2, *
                                                         8=*.F6.2.
     * * LO=*, F6.2, * GA=*, F4.1, * GB=*, F4.1/)
6008 FORMAT(5X, *FREE SHAPE ELEMENT PROPERTIES *,
     * 5X,*Z0=*,F6.2,* Y0=*,F6.2,* L1=*,F6.2,* AS=*,F7.1//)
C
      WRITE (IWRITE, 6010)
      DO 42 K=1, NPTS
      D1(K)=AZO(I)*(NPTS-K+1)/ANPT
42
      WRITE(IWRITE,6020)(D1(K),K=1,NPTS)
5010
      FORMAT(5X,16H*** ZO ARRAY ***/)
6020
     FORMAT(5X, 10F3.2)
      FORMAT(5X, 10F3.1)
5022
      WRITE(IWRITE, 6030)
      DO 50 J=1, NPTS
      WRITE(IWRITE, 6020) (AYO(J,K,I),K=1,NPTS)
50
      CONTINUE
      WRITE(IWRITE,6042)
      DO 51 J=1,NPTS
      WRITE(IWRITE, 6020) (BYO(J,K,I),K=1,NPTS)
51
      CONTINUE
      WRITE(IWRITE,6032)
      00 52 J=1,NPTS
      WRITE(IWRITE, 5020) (AL1(J, K, I), K=1, NPTS)
52
      CONTINUE
      WRITE(IWRITE,6042)
      DC 53 J=1, NPTS
      WRITE(IWRITE, 5020)(BL1(J, K, I), K=1, NPTS)
53
      CONTINUE
```

and the second states of the s

Table 175: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE ICB (CONCLUDED)

```
C
     WRITE(IWRITE, 6034)
     DO 54 J=1.NPTS
     WRITE(IWRITE, 6020) (AL3(J,K,I),K=1,NPTS)
54
     CONTINUE
     WRITE(IWRITE, 6042)
     DO 55 J=1, NPTS
     WRITE(IWRITE, 6020) (BL3(J, K, I), K=1, NPTS)
55
     CONTINUE
     WRITE(IWRITE,6040)
     DO 60 J=1, NPTS
     WRITE(IWRITE, 6022) (AAS(J, K, I), K=1, NPTS)
60
     CONTINUE
     WRITE(IWRITE, 6042)
     DO 61 J=1, NPTS
     WRITE(IWRITE,6022)(BAS(J,K,I),K=1,NPTS)
61
     CONTINUE
6030 FORMAT(//5X, *THE FOLLOWING ARRAYS CORRESPOND COLUMN-TO-ELEMENT*
    * * WITH THE ZO ARRAY*/5X,*ROWS CORRESPOND TO*
     * * INCREASING MAGNITUDES OF MU BEGINNING AT MU=0*/
    * 5X, *DATA GENERATED FOR POSITIVE MU STORED IN 1ST ARRAY*/
     * 5X,*DATA GENERATED FOR NEGATIVE MU STORED IN 2ND ARRAY*/
    * /5X,16H*** YO ARRAY ***/)
6032 FORMAT (//5X,16H*** L1 ARRAY ***/)
     FORMAT(//5X,16H*** L3 ARRAY ***/)
6034
     FORMAT(//5X,16H*** AS ARRAY ***/)
6040
6042
     FORMAT(/)
   10 CONTINUE
C
     RETURN
     END
```

Table 176: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE ICFS

```
CICFS
      SUBROUTINE ICFS(X,M,K,R,P)
C
000000000000
    VERSION 3.
                         FEB.1978
    PURPOSE - DEFINE INITIAL CONDITION FREE SHAPE DIGGES MODEL
            - FOR ACLS TRUNKS
    MEHTOD - SEE AFFOL-TR-71-50, THEORY OF AN ACLS FOR AIRCRAFT
            - BY KENNERLY H. DIGGES, JUNE 1971.
    LIMITATIONS - USED ONLY BY ROUTINE CONT IN SUBROUTINE IC
    ***OUTPUTS***
          THE SOLUTION ESTIMATE FROM THE LAST ITERATION
          THE RESIDUAL VECTOR
    ***INPUTS***
          INITIAL ESTIMATE VECTOR
C
          PRINT CONTROL OPTION
    P(1)
         PRINT CONTROL OPTION
    P(1)
          P=0 NO PRINT OUT
                FOR PRINT OUT AT EVERY K-TH ITERATION
          P=K
    P(2) ... P(N)
                 STORAGE AVAILABLE FOR PASSING DATA
                  TO SUBROUTINE FUN(ICFS) BY QNWT.
    M.K DIMENSION INDICATORS FOR X AND AJ MATRICES
C
    WRITTEN BY - J.R.KILNER AND M.K.WAHI
                                                       OCT. 21 1977
      DIMENSION X(1),R(1),P(6)
      R(1)=X(1)-X(2)*(1.-P(5))
      R(2)=P(4)-X(1)*X(3)-X(2)*X(4)
      R(3)=P(2)-X(1)*SIN(X(3))-X(2)*SIN(X(4))
      R(4)=P(3)-x(1)*(1.-COS(x(3)))+x(2)*(1.-COS(x(4)))
      RETURN
      END
```

Table 177: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE ICFSB

```
CICFSB
     SUBROUTINE ICESB(X,M,K,R,P)
    PURPOSE - EVALUATE GEOMETRY EQUATIONS FOR FREE SHAPE AIR BAG
           - ELEMENT
    METHOD
           - EQUATIONS DESCRIBE INELASTIC MEMBRANE SUBJECT TO
           - UNIFORM INTERNAL PRESSURE
    LIMITATIONS - USED ONLY BY ROUTINE QNWT IN SUBROUTINE ICB
   ***OUTPUTS***
         THE SOLUTION ESTIMATE FROM THE LAST ITERATION
        THE RESIDUAL VECTOR
    ***INPUTS***
         INITIAL ESTIMATE VECTOR
    P(1) PRINT CONTROL OPTION
         P=0
               NO PRINT OUT
               FOR PRINT OUT AT EVERY K-TH ITERATION
         P=K
    P(2) ... P(N)
                 STORAGE AVAILABLE FOR PASSING DATA
               TO SUBROUTINE FUN(ICFS) BY QNWT.
         DIMENSION INDICATORS FOR X AND AJ MATRICES
    WRITTEN BY J.R.KILNER
                                    APRIL 10,1978
     DIMENSION X(1),R(1),P(1)
     R(1)=P(4)-X(1)*(X(2)+X(3))
     R(2)=P(2)-X(1)*(SIN(X(2))+SIN(X(3)))
     R(3)=P(3)-X(1)*(COS(X(3))-COS(X(2)))
     RETURN
     END
```

Table 178: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE ICLS

```
CICLS
     SUBROUTINE ICLS(X,M,K,R,P)
   PURPOSE - DEFINE INITIAL CONDITION LOADED SHAPES DIGGES MODEL
           - FOR ACLS TRUNKS
C
CC
   VERSION 3.
                       FEB-20 1978
00000000
   MEHTOD - SEE AFFOL-TR-71-50, THEORY OF AN ACLS FOR AIRCRAFT
           - BY KENNERLY H. DIGGES, JUNE 1971.
   LIMITATIONS - USED ONLY BY ROUTINE QNWT IN SUBROUTINE IC
    FOR INPUTS AND OUTPUTS SEE SUBROUTINE ICFS
   WRITTEN BY - J.R.KILNER AND M.K.WAHI OCT. 21 1977
     DIMENSION X(1),R(1),P(6)
C
     R(1)=X(1)-X(2)*(1.-P(5))
     R(2)=P(4)-X(1)*X(3)-X(2)*X(4)-X(5)
     R(3)=P(2)-x(1)*SIN(x(3))-x(2)*SIN(x(4))-x(5)
     R(4)=P(3)-X(1)*(1.-COS(X(3)))+X(2)*(1.-COS(X(4)))
     R(5)=P(6)-X(2)*(1.-COS(X(4)))
     RETURN
     END
```

Table 179: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE ICLSB

```
CICLSB
          SUBROUTINE ICLSB(X,M,K,R,P)
    C
        PURPOSE - EVALUATE ELEMENT GEOMETRY AND FORCE BALANCE EQUATIONS
    C
               - FOR LOADED SHAPE AIR BAG ELEMENT
    CCC
        METHOD - EQUATIONS DESCRIBE INCLASTIC MEMBRANE SUBJECT
               - TO UNIFORM INTERNAL PRESSURE AND GROUND REACTION
    C
    C
        LIMITATIONS - USED ONLY BY ROUTINE QNWT IN SUBROUTINE ICB
    C
         FOR INPUTS AND OUTPUTS SEE SUBROUTINE ICFS
    C
        WRITTEN BY - J.R.KILNER
                                                 APRIL 10,1978
          DIMENSION X(1),R(1),P(1)
          00 10 I=1,2
          P(I+14)=X(I+2)-X(I)*(3.1416+P(I+6))
          IF (P(I+14).LT.0.)P(I+14)=0.
        P(I+12)=3.1416+P(I+6)
10 IF(P(I+14).LE.O.)P(I+12)=X(I+2)/X(I)
 RAY CARAM
       R(1)=X(1)-X(2)-P(5)*X(5)
      R(2)=P(4)-X(3)-X(4)-X(5)
R(3)=P(2)-X(1)*SIN(P(13))-X(2)*SIN(P(14))-X(5)
              +P(15) *P(10) +P(16) *P(12)
          R(4)=P(3)-X(1)*(1.-COS(P(13)))+X(2)*(1.-COS(P(14)))
             +P(15)*P(9)-P(16)*P(11)
          R(5)=P(6)-X(2)*(1.-COS(P(14)))+P(16)*P(11)
    C
          RETURN WIAS STRUCKLESS TARY SYSUATED SOLVORS
          END
```

Table 180: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE IT

```
CIT
      SUBROUTINE IT(FO, FOOOT, IFO, FIN, GKI, GKL, AMA, AMI)
             REVISED: OCT 8 1976
   VERSION 2.
CC
    PURPOSE - SIMULATION OF AN INTEGRATOR WITH SATURATION
CCC
    METHOD - SEE CODING
CCC
    LIMITATIONS - EXCESSIVELY HIGH VALUES OF GKL MAY RESULT IN POOR
           STEADY STATE CONVERGENCE
C
C
CCC
                              LATEST REVISION - NOV 75
    WRITTEN BY - ADAM LLOYD
C
C
    INPUT/OUTPUT LIST
C
    FO
               INTEGRATOR OUTPUT
                                             ANY
                                                           OUTPUT STATE
               OUTPUT DERIVATIVE
000000000
    FODOT
                                             ANY
                                                           OUTPUT DERIV
    IFO
               INTEGRATOR CONTROL
                                                            PROGRAM VAR
    FIN
               FUNCTION INPUT
                                             ANY
                                                           INPUT VAR
                                                                  PARAM
    GKI
               INTEGRATOR GAIN
                                             ANY
                                                            INPUT
               DERIVATIVE LIMITER GAIN
                                                                  PARAM
    GKL
                                            ANY
                                                         INPUT
               UPPER LIMIT OF OUTPUT
    AMA
                                            ANY
                                                            INPUT PARAM
              WHERE DERIV. LIMITER STARTS
    IMA
               LOWER LIMIT OF OUTPUT
                                           ANY
                                                           INPUT PARAM
               WHERE DERIV. LIMITER STARTS
      EPS=FIN
                PROVIDE DEFAULTS THAT ELLIMINATE SATURATION
      IF (AMA. EQ. . 99999) AMA=1.E36
      IF (AMI.EQ..99999) AMI=-1.E36
      IF(FO.GT.AMA)EPS = FIN - GKL*(FO-AMA)
IF(FO.LT.AMI)EPS = FIN - GKL*(FO-AMI)
      IF (IFO.NE.O)FODOT=GKI*EPS
      RETURN
      END
```

Table 181: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE KINK

```
CKINK
        SUBROUTINE KINK(VO,CSI,EC,DNC,PKW,C,X)
  C
  00000
      PURPOSE - DETERMINE ARRESTING CABLE KINK WAVE ANGLE
      MEHTOD - SEE ARRESTING SYSTEM DOCUMENTATION, VOL I, FINAL REPORT
      LIMITATIONS - CALLED ONLY BY THE ARRESTING SYSTEM COMPONENT AS
  C
      *** CALL SEQUENCE ***
  C
      *** INPUTS ***
  C
  C
                - VEHICLE VELOCITY , FT/SEC
      VO
  C
      CSI
                - INITIAL CABLE STRESS, LBS/SQ IN
  C
            - CABLE MODULUS OF ELASTICITY, LBS/SQ IN
      EC
  C
                - CABLE WEIGHT DENSITY, LBS/CU IN
      DNC
  C
  C
      *** OUTPUT ***
                - KINK WAVE ANGLE, RAD
BY C
     PKW
                - CABLE SONIC VELOCITY, FT/SEC
C
      CITUO
 AC CSTR
                - STRAIN IN WAKE OF TRANSVERSE WAVE, IN/IN
 2 CV
      WRITTEN BY - J.R.KILNER MAY 1978
MARCA
MARCE
        DIMENSION X(1),P(3),IP(2),R(1),AJ(1,1),BB(1,3)
        COMMON/CIO/IREAD, IWRITE, IDIAG
        EXTERNAL RES
  C
        C=SQRT(386.*EC/DNC)/12.
        VC=VO/C
        P(2)=VC*VC
        P(3)=CSI/EC
        X(1)=P(3)
        P(1)=0.
        IP(1)=50
   C
        CALL QNWT(X,1,1,RES,P,.0001,IP,O,R,RMS,AJ,BB)
        SINPKW=VC/SQRT(X(1)*(1.+X(1)))
        PKW=ASIN(SINPKW)
        RETURN
        END
```

Table 182: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE LA

CLA						CKT
	SUBRO	UTINE LA (FO, FODOT, IFC	S,FIN,GAI,TC)	UTINE KINKIV		
	PURPOSE	- TO SIMULATE FIRST	ORDER LAG	FOLKSET E GA 1	S SOMBUS	
T.A	NAL REPO	COMENTATION, VOL I, FI	TING SESTEM DOL	FIN (1.+T	C*S)	
	METHOD	- SEE CODING				
	WRITTEN	BY - ADAM LLOYD	LATEST	REVISION	NOV 75	
		9527				
	LIMITAT	IONS - TIME CONSTAN		T FOUAL ZERO	107	
			WEIGHT DENSITY		0.140	
	INPUT/O	UTPUT LIST				
	FO	TRANSFER FUNCTION	OUTPUT	ANY	OUTPUT	STATE
	FODOT	TRANSFER FUNCTION	OUTPUT DERIV.	ANY	CUTPUT	
	IFO	INTEGERATOR CONTR	OL TO BANK ME	ATAP CALL	PROGRA	M VAR
	FIN	TRANSFER FUNCTION	INPUT	ANY	INPUT	VAR
	GAI	TRANSFER FUNCTION	GAIN	NET	INPUT	PARAM
	TC	TIME CONSTANT		SECS	INPUT	PARAN
	COMMON/CIO/IREAD, IWRITE, IDIAG					
		O.NE.O) FODOT=(GAI*F)	(N-FO)/TC			
	RETUR	N				
	END					

Table 183: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE LE

```
CLE
     SUBROUTINE LE (X1, X1D, IX1, FO, FIN, GAI, ZO, PO)
                            REVISED: SEPT 17 1976
  PURPOSE: PROVIDE FIRST ORDER LEAD-LAG TRANSFER FUNCTION
                FO
                         GAI( S + ZO )
00000000000
                        S + PO
                FIN
  CALL SEQUENCE:
      X1, X1D, IX1 - STATE, RATE, INT CONTROL
      FO
                  OUTPUT
                 INPUT STORTSSOO SOTARSHOW
      FIN
                - HIGH FREQUENCY GAIN
      GAI
             - ZERO LOCATION - POLE LOCATION
      20
      PO
                              MAY 1976
  DESIGNED BY: J.D. BURROUGHS
     GFIN=GAI*FIN
     FO=X1+GFIN
     IF(IX1.NE.O)X1D=GFIN+ZO-FO+PO
     RETURN
     END
```

Table 184: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE LG

```
CLG
     SUBROUTINE LG(FO, FOD, IFO, FIN, ZO, PO)
                            REVISED: SEPT 17 1976
  VERSION 2.
  PURPOSE: PROVIDE FIRST ORDER LAG TRANSFER FUNCTION
00000000000
                FO
                            20
                FIN
                        S + PO
  CALL SEQUENCE:
       FO, FOD, IFO - OUTPUT STATE, RATE, INT CONTROL
               - INPUT
       FIN
           - NUMERATOR COEFFICIENT
       ZO
       PO
                - DENOMINATOR COEFFICIENT
  DESIGNED BY: J.D. BURRCUGHS
                             MAY 1976
     IF(IFO.NE.O)FOD=ZC*FIN-PO*FO
     RETURN
     END
```

Table 185: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE LL

CLL	SUBROUTIN	NE LL(X1,X	100T,IX	1,F0,FIN	,TC1,TC2	,GAI)	DEFUS OF	
C	PURPOSE - 1	TO SIMULAT	E LEAD	LAG TRAN	SFER FUN	CTION		
CCC			F0	GAI*(1.	+TC1*S)			
000			FIN	(1.+T	C2*S)			
CCC	METHOD -	SELF EXPLA	NATORY					
0000	LIMITATIONS	S - NONE						
CC	WRITTEN BY	- ADAM	LLOYD		LATEST	REVISION	NOV 75	
000	INPUT/OUTPO	UT LIST						
00000000	F0=(X1+F	STATE VAR STATE VAR INTEGRATO TRANSFER TRANSFER TIME CONS TIME CONS TRANSFER IO/IREAD, I IN*TC1*GAI E.O)X1DOT=	RIABLE DOR CONTR FUNCTION FUNCTION STANT (NO STANT (DO FUNCTION WRITE, I	OL IN OUTPUT IN INPUT IUMERATOR ENOMINAT IN GAIN DIAG)	ANY ANY ANY SECS SECS	OUTPUT OUTPUT PROGRAM OUTPUT INPUT INPUT INPUT INPUT	STATE VAR VAR VAR PARAM

Table 186: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE MA

CMA		INE MA (FO, FIN, G1, C2)			
_	SUBROUT	INE MA (FO, FIN, G1, C2)			
0000	PURPOSE -	TO SIMULATE THE EQUATION	OUTPUT=C1*INPUT	+ C2	
000	METHOD -	SEE CODING	-N1A		
000	WRITE IN B	Y - ADAM LLOYD	LATEST REVISION	NOV 75	
000	LIMITATIO	NS - NONE			
CC	INPUT/OUT	PUT LIST			
C	FO	OUTPUT VARIABLE	ANY	OUTPUT	VAR
C	FIN	INPUT VARIABLE	ANY	INPUT	VAR
C	C1	CONSTANT MULTIPLIER		INPUT	PARAM
C	C2	CONSTANT ADDITION		INPUT.	PARAM
	F0=C1*F	IN + C2			
	RETURN				
	END				

Table 187: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE MB

```
CMB
     SUBROUTINE MB (FO, FNA, FNB, C1, C2, C3, C4, C5)
C
C
    PURPOSE - TO SIMULATE THE EQUATION Y=C1*XA+C2*XB+C3*XA*XB+C4*XA/XB+C
C
C
C
    WRITTEN BY - GEORGE DULEBA
                                                LATEST REVISION
                                                                 MAY 76
C
C
C
    LIMITATIONS - IF FNB=0 DURING DIVISION, FNB IS SET TO E-20.
C
                 DIAGNOSTIC MESSAGE IS GIVEN.
C
C
C
    INPUT/OUTPUT LIST
C
   FO
              OUTPUT VARIABLE
                                                    ANY
                                                                  OUTPUT
    FNA
C
              INPUT VARIABLE A
                                                    ANY
                                                                  INPUT
              INPUT VARIABLE B
C
    FNB
                                                    ANY
                                                                  INPUT
    Cl
C
              MULTIPLIER 1
                                                    ANY
                                                                  INPUT
    CZ
                                                ANY
C
              MULTIPLIER 2
                                                                  INPUT
                                  ANY
C
    C3
              MULTIPLIER 3
                                                                  INPUT
                                  ANY
C
    C4
              MULTIPLIER 4
                                                                  INPUT
                                  SETTING THAT THE ANY
C
    C5
             ADDITIVE VARIABLE
                                                                  INPUT
C
     COMMON/ERMESS/IFATAL, IERR
     COMMON/CIO/IREAD, IWRITE, IDIAG
      FO= C1*FNA + C2*FN9 + C3*FNA*FNB + C5.
      IF (C4.EQ.0.99999) GO TO 30
      IF (FNB.EQ.O.) GO TO 10
      FO = FO + C4*FNA/FNB
     RETURN
 10
     WRITE(IWRITE, 20)
 20
     FORMAT(/,30x, 53HWARNING- DIVISOR IN MB EQUALS 0., HAS BEEN SET=1.
     25-201
      FO= FO + C4*FNA*1.E+20
 30
     RETURN
      END
```

Table 188: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE MC

CMC	SUBRO	UTINE MC(FO, FIN, FIO, FIP, C1	,C2,C3,C4)		
	PURPOSE	- TO SIMULATE THE EQUATIO	N F0=C1*FIN+C2*FI0-	-C3*FIP+C4	
S.A.	X=AJ+EX*	ATTON YEC1*X#+C2*X8*C5#XA			
	METHOD	- SEE CODING			
	MOIZI			e wattiaw	
	WRITTEN	BY - ADAM LLOYD	LATEST REVISION	NOV 75	
			DMIRBO OWERS RI - RE		
	LIMITAT	TIONS - NONE	SAMM DITSCHOAIC		
	INPUT/O	UTPUT LIST			
0	FO	OUTPUT VARIABLE	ANY	OUTPUT	VAR
	FIN	INPUT VARIABLE	ANY	INPUT	VAR
		INPUT VARIABLE	ANY	INPUT	VAR
	FIO	THE OF TAILTHOOLE			-
	FIP	INPUT VARIABLE	ANY	INPUT	VAR
	The Control of the Co		ANY AT JUNE	INPUT	
	FIP	INPUT VARIABLE	ANY AT JUN		PARA
	FIP C1	INPUT VARIABLE CONSTANT MULTIPLIER	ANY AT JUNE OF THE STREET OF T	INPUT	PARAI PARAI PARAI
	FIP C1 C2	INPUT VARIABLE CONSTANT MULTIPLIER CONSTANT MULTIPLIER	ัย เมื่ อรัสเน็จ เมื่อสมเต	INPUT INPUT	PARA
	FIP C1 C2 C3 C4	INPUT VARIABLE CONSTANT MULTIPLIER CONSTANT MULTIPLIER CONSTANT MULTIPLIER	ัย เมื่ อรัสเน็จ เมื่อสมเต	INPUT INPUT INPUT	PARAI PARAI PARAI
	FIP C1 C2 C3 C4	INPUT VARIABLE CONSTANT MULTIPLIER CONSTANT MULTIPLIER CONSTANT MULTIPLIER CONSTANT ADDITION *FIN+C2*FIO+C3*FIP+C4* N	ัย เมื่ อรัสเน็จ เมื่อสมเต	INPUT INPUT INPUT INPUT	PARA PARA PARA

Table 189: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE MG

```
CMG
      SUBROUTINE MG(T3,W3,P,PDOT,IP,T1,W1,T2,W2,P3,AK,D3,DHY,
     1 AHT, TAM, HO, VOL, FC)
C
    PURPOSE - ANALYSIS OF FLOW MERGE, WITH TWO INLET PORTS AND ONE
C
   OUTLET PORT
C
CC
    METHOD - SIMILAR TO DUCT MODEL DE
C
CC
    LIMITATIONS - AS FOR DE
C
C
C
    WRITTEN BY ADAM LLOYD AS COMPONENT *ME* IN
                              NOV. 1975
C
           ECS LIBRARY
CC
                                             AUGUST 1977
    MODIFIED BY - MAHINDER WAHI
C
    INPUT/OUTPUT LIST
C
                                      PORT
                                                DEGR OUTPUT VAR
              OUTLET TEMPERATURE
    T3
                                                       OUTPUT VAR
C
              OUTLET FLOW
                                       ) NO 3
    W3
                                                LB/MIN
             INTERNAL PRESSURE
                                                PSIA
C
                                                          OUTPUT STATE
              INTERNAL PRESSURE DERIVATIVE
CC
    PDOT
                                                PSIA/SEC OUTPUT DERIV
    IP
                                                          PROGRAM VAR
              INTEGRATOR CONTROL
C
    71
              INLET TEMPERATURE
                                       ) PORT
                                                DEGR
                                                          INPUT
                                                                VAR
C
    W1
              INLET FLOW
                                    ) NO 1
                                                LB/MIN
                                                         INPUT VAR
C
             INLET TEMPERATURE
    T2
                                     ) PORT
                                                DEGR
                                                          INPUT VAR
C
    W2
              INLET FLOW
                                       ) NO 2
                                                LB/MIN
                                                         INPUT
                                                                VAR
              OUTLET PRESSURE(PORT NO 3)
C
    23
                                                PSIA
                                                          INPUT VAR
              K FACTOR ) FOR PRESSURE DROP
C
    AK
                                                          INPUT PARAM
C
    D3
              DIAMETER ) CALCULATION
                                                IN
                                                          INPUT
                                                                 PARAM
C
    DHY
              HYDRAULIC DIAMETER ) TO CALCULATE IN
                                                          INPUT
                                                                PARAM
C
    AHT
              HEAT TRANSFER AREA ) UA
                                                FT2
                                                          INPUT
                                                                 PARAM
C
              EFFECTIVE LOCAL AMBIENT TEMP
    TAM
                                                DEGR
                                                          INPUT
                                                                 PARAM
C
              EXTERNAL HEAT TRANSFER COEFFICIENT BTU/FT2
                                                          INPUT PARAM
    HO
C
               (BASED ON INTERNAL WETTED AREA)
                                                HR DEGR
                                                          INPUT PARAM
00000
    VOL
              INTERNAL VOLUME
                                                FT3
    FC
              FREQUENCY CONTROL ON P1. (FC.GE.1.) ---
                                                         INPUT PARAM
               A VALUE OF FC GREATER THAN 1.
              DECREASES FREQUENCY RESPONSE OF PI
              CORRESPONDINGLY
      COMMON/ERMESS/IFATAL, IERR
      COMMON/CIO/IREAD, IWRITE, IDIAG
C
    CALCULATE GAS CONSTANT AND RATIO OF SPECIFIC HEATS, BASED ON AVERAGE
    INLET TEMPERATURE
      TINB=(T1*ABS(W1)+T2*ABS(W2))/(ABS(W1)+ABS(W2))
      TINS=AMAX1 (AMIN1 (TINB, 1600.), 300.)
      CP=SHCP(TINB,O.)
      R=53.3
      GAMMA=1.+R/(778.*CP-R)
      G1=1./(GAMMA-1.)
      G2=(GAMMA-1.)/2.
    CALCULATE DUTLET FLOW BASED ON AVERAGE INLET TEMPERATURE
```

Table 189: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE MG (CONCLUDED)

CA=.785398*D3*D3 CALL FNFLOW(P,P3,TINB,CA,AK,FN,W3) C CALCULATE OVERALL CONDUCTANCE (UA) BASED ON AVERAGE FLOW WBAR= (ABS (W1)+ABS (W2)+ABS (W3))/3. WBAR=AMAX1 (WBAR..01) CALCULATE EFFECTIVE LENGTH AL FOR HEAT TRANS COEFF CALCULATION C AL=183.35*AHT/(DHY*DHY) AL IS IN FEET. C CONSTANT 183.35=144./(PI/4.) HINT=HI(1, TINB, TINB, WBAR, 0., DHY, AL, 0.) THE INPUT VALUE OF THE EXTERNAL HEAT TRANSFER COEFFICIENT IS BASED C C ON THE INTERNAL WETTED AREA. HENCE UA IS GIVEN BY UA = AH T * HIN T * HO/(60. * (HINT+HO)) CALCULATE EXIT TEMPERATURE T3 C C T3=TAM+(TINB-TAM)/EXP(UA/(CP*WBAR)) C WARNING DIAGNOSTIC IF TEMPERATURE CHANGE EXCEEDS 300 DEGR IF (ABS(TINB-T3).LE.300.)GO TO 10 IF (TINB .GT .T3)T3=TIN8-300. IF (T3.GT.TINB) T3=TINB+300. C TEST FOR DIAGNOSTIC PRINT OUT IF (IERR.NE.1)GO TO 10 WRITE(IWRITE, 9999) 9999 FORMAT(10X,46HNON FATAL ERROR CALLED FROM MERGE COMPONENT MG/ 1 10x,35HTEMPERATURE CHANGE EXCEEDS 300 DEGR) 10 TBAR=(T1+T2+T3)/3. PBAR=(2.0*P+P3)/3. AM = AMACH (PBAR, TBAR, CA, WBAR, O.) IF(IP.NE.0)PDOT=R*TBAR*(W1+W2-W3)*(1.+G2*AM*AM)**G1/(8640.*VOL*FC) RETURN END

Table 190: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE OC

```
COC
     SUBROUTINE OC(G,S,AK,FK,X,XDOT,INT,Y,YOP,U,UOP,N,NY,NU)
  VERSION 1.
                                 REVISED: MAY 8 1975
  PURPOSE: OPTIMAL CONTROLLER COMPONENT
                    - OUTPUT MATRIX
  CALL SEQUENCE: G
   MICH PRINT RELEASE.
                    - INPUT MATRIX
                    - STABILITY MATRIX
    ( 13 4 US - WO - D - A A OAK
C
                     - D.C. GAIN MATRIX
C
C
                X
                     - STATE VECTOR
                XDOT - RATE VECTOR
            INT - INTEGRATOR CONTROL VECTOR
            Y - INPUT VECTOR
               YOP
                     - INPUT OPERATING POINT OFFSET VECTOR
                    - OUTPUT VECTOR
                U
     TYPE SELECUL UOP
                    - OUTPUT OPERATING POINT OFFSET VECTOR
           N - OPTIMAL CONTROLLER ORDER
C NY - NUMBER OF INPUTS
C NU - NUMBER OF OUTPUTS
   DESIGNED SY: J.D.BURROUGHS
                                         APRIL 1975
     DIMENSION G(NU,N),S(N,NY),AK(N,N),FK(NU,NY),X(N),XDOT(N)
    1 , INT(N), Y(NY), U(NU), YOP(NY), UOP(NU)
          CALCULATE O.C. RATES XDOT = S * Y + AK * X
               TEST FOR ZERO GROER CONTROLLER
     IF(N.LE.0)GO TO 200
     DO 160 I=1,N
          BYPASS CALCULATION FOR FROZEN STATES
     IF(INT(I).EQ.0)GO TO 160
     SUM=0.
     00 100 J=1,NY
     ((L) 90Y-(L)Y) +(L,I) 2+MUZ=MUZ
100
     DO 120 J=1,N
     SUM=SUM+K(I,J)*X(J)
120
     XDOT(I)=SUM
160
     CONTINUE
          CALCULATE OUTPUTS
                               U = FK * Y + G * X
C --->
     DO 260 I=1,NU
200
     SUM=UOP(I)
     DO 220 J=1,NY
     SUM=SUM+FK(I,J)*(Y(J)-YOP(J))
220
         TEST FOR ZERO ORDER CONTROLLER
     IF (N.LE.0) GO TO 250
     DO 240 J=1,N
     SUM=SUM+G(I,J)*X(J)
U(I)=SUM
CONTINUE
240
250
     - PETCHT CLUS BRUUND SPOTLER COMUTINOS
260
     - CROWN SPEEL FACTOR ON CED MANUEL FACTOR FOR COME ONE STABILIZER CUEFFICIENT
```

CRESCONDE - Q. & AXIC VELDCITY, AND SCRYATOR CORPTCIENTS

-ALAMA AND ALREA DOT CORPATCIENTS INDROTHAL

Table 191: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE OL

```
COL
      SUBROUTINE OL (FX, FZ, TY, UD, WD, AMAS, XCP, CXO, CXA, CXU, CXDE,
     1 CXTR,CXSP,CXGE,KCXB,CZ0,CZA,CZAD,CZQ,CZU,CZDE,CZTR,CZSP,
     2 CZGE,KCZB,CZDS,CMO,CMA,CMAD,CMQ,CMU,CMDE,CMTR,CMSP,CMGE,
     3 KCMB, CMDS, CMB, KGE, AMASS, C, XAC, DIM, CAS, SAS, SWI, FXIN, FZIN,
     4 TYIN,ELEV,STAB,SPO,AL,ALP,U,UP,WP,VBAR,QBAR,Q,QW,EU,EW)
      REAL KCXB, KCZB, KCMB, KGE
C
    COMMENT: WIND TUNNEL DATA MAY ALSO BE USED, IN
             WHICH CASE CXA, CZA, AND CMA ARE SET EQUAL
             TO ZERO.CXO,CZO, AND CMO VALUES ARE INTER
C
             POLATED FROM TABLES.
C
CC
    VERSION 2.
                                                      AUG-18 1977
    PURPOSE
               COMPUTE LONGITUDINAL FORCES AND MOMENTS
C
    METHOD
               USE LINEAR DERIVATIVES TO COMPUTE LIFT AND DRAG FORCES.
               SOLVE IMPLICIT EQUATIONS FOR BODY AXIS FORCES AND ACCELE-
C
               RATIONS.COMPUTE PITCHING MOMENT INCLUDING C.P. TORQUE.
C
    CALL SEQUENCE
C
    *****
             OUTPUTS
C
      FX.FZ
                       -X AND Z BODY AXIS FORCE SUM, LBS
                       -Y BODY AXIS (PITCHING) MOMENT, FT-LBS
-X AND Z BODY AXIS ACCELER ATIONS, FT/SEC**2
C
      TY
C
      UO,WO
C
      AMAS
                       -RIGID BODY MASS, SLUGS
C
      XCP
                       -X AXIS DISTANCE C.P. - C.G. , FT
C
    *****
             INPUTS
C
                  AERO-DERIVATIVES -- UNITS FOR DIMENSIONAL CASE
C
    DRAG FORCE COEFFICIENTS
CC
      CXO
                       -BIAS COEFFICIENT FOR TRIM, LBS
      CXA
                       -ALPHA COEFFICIENT (NONDIM.)
CCC
                       -Z AXIS VELOCITY COEFFICIENT (DIM.), LB-SEC/FT
      CXU, CXDE
                       -X AXIS VELOCITY, ELEVATOR COEFFICIENT,
                       - LB-SEC/FT, LB/DEG
C
                       - TAKEOFF OR RECOVERY TRUNK COEFFICIENT
      CXTR
C
      CXSP
                       - FLIGHT PLUS GROUND SPOILER COEFFICIENT, LB/DEG
000000
      CXGE
                       - GROUND EFFECT FACTOR ON CXO
      KCXB
                       - LARGE SIDE SLIP ANGLE FACTOR FOR CXO
    LIFT FORCE COEFFICIENTS
                       -BIAS COEFFICIENT FOR TRIM, LBS
      CZO
      CZA, CZAD
                       -ALPHA AND ALPHA DOT COEFFICIENTS (NONDIM.)
                       -Z AXIS VELOCITY AND ACCEL. COEFFICIENTS (DIM.),
000000
                       - LB-SEC/FT, LB-SEC**2/FT
      CZQ,CZU,CZDE
                       - Q, X AXIS VELOCITY, AND ELEVATOR COEFFICIENTS,
                       - LB-SEC/DEG, LB-SEC/FT, LB/DEG
      CZTR
                       - TAKEOFF OR RECOVERY TRUNK COEFFICIENT
      CZSP
                       - FLIGHT PLUS GROUND SPOILER COEFFICIENT, L3/DEG
      CZGE
                       - GROUND EFFECT FACTOR ON CZO
C
      KCZB
                       - LARGE SIDE SLIP ANGLE FACTOR FOR CZO
C
                       - STABILIZER COEFFICIENT
      CZDS
CC
    PITCHING MOMENT COEFFICIENTS
C
                       -BIAS COEFFICIENT FOR TRIM, FT-LBS
      CMO
                       -ALPHA AND ALPHA DOT COEFFICIENTS (NONDIM.)
      CMA, CMAD
C
                       -Z AXIS VELOCITY AND ACCEL. COEFFICIENTS (DIM.)
                       - LB-SEC , L3-SEC ** 2
                       - Q, X AXIS VELOCITY, AND ELEVATOR COEFFICIENTS
      CMQ,CMU,CMDE
```

Table 191: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE OL (CONTINUED)

```
- FT-LB-SEC/DEG, LB-SEC, FT-LB/DEG
C
      CMTR
                     -TAKEOFF OR RECOVERY TRUNK COEFFICIENT
C
      CMSP
                     -FLIGHT PLUS GROUND SPOILER COEFFICIENT, LB/DEG
CCC
      CMGE
                     -GROUND EFFECT FACTOR ON CMO
      KCMB
                     -LARGE -SIDE SLIP ANGLE FACTOR FOR PITCHING MOMENT
      CMDS
                     -STABILIZER COEFFICIENT
C
                     -LARGE SIDE SLIP ANGLE COEFFICIENT
      CMB
C
      KGE
                     -GROUND EFFECT HEIGHT FACTOR
C
C
    CONSTANTS
C
      AMASS
                     -RIGID BODY MASS, SLUGS
C
                     -MEAN AERODYNAMIC CHORD, FT
      C
CC
      XAC
                     -X AXIS DISTANCE C.P.-C.G., FT
      DIM
                     -INDICATOR FUNCTION FOR AERO-COEFFICIENTS
CC
                            0=
                                 BODY AXIS, DIM.
                                 BODY AXIS, NONDIM.
                           1=
C
                                 STABILITY AXIS, DIM.
                           2=
C
                           3=
                                 STABILITY AXIS, NONDIM.
C
      CAS. SAS
                     -DIRECTION COSINES FOR STABILITY AXES OR
C
                     -BODY AXES DEPENDING ON DIM
C
      SWI
                     -INDICATOR FUNCTION FOR DEGREES OF FREEDOM
č
                            1= SINGLE DOF; U=X BOOY AXIS VELOCITY
C
                               TWO DOF; W= Z BODY AXIS VELOCITY AND
Č
                                Q=Y BODY AXIS ANGULAR RATE
C
                                THREE DOF; U, W,Q; FULL MODEL
C
C
    EXTERNAL FORCES AND MOMENTS
C
      FXIN, FZIN
                     -X AND Z BODY AXIS FORCES, LBS
C
      TYIN
                     -Y BODY AXIS (PITCHING) MOMENT, FT-LBS
C
    AERO-VARIABLES
C
      ELEV
                     -ELEVATOR DEFLECTION, DEG
C
      STAB
                     -STABILIZER DEFLECTION, DEG
C
      SPO
                     -SPOILER DEFLECTION, DEG
C
                     -ANGLE OF ATTACK IN BODY AND STABILITY AXES, DEG
      AL, ALP
C
                     -X BODY AXIS VELOCITY, FT/SEC
C
      UP, WP
                     -X AND Z PERTURBATION VELOCITIES (NONDIM.)
00000
                     -X AND Z STABILITY AXIS VELOCITIES (DIM.), FT/SEC
      VBAR
                     -TRUE AIRSPEED, FT/SEC
      GBAR
                     -OYNAMIC PRESSURE TIMES REFERENCE AREA, LBS
                     -Y BODY AXIS ANGULAR RATE, DEG/SEC
      0
      QW
                     -Y BODY AXIS ANGULAR RATE GUST, DEG/SEC
C
                     -X AND Z BODY AXIS ACCEL. TERMS FOR EXPLICIT
      EU.EW
c
                     -UDOT AND WOOT SOLUTIONS, FT/SEC ** 2
CCCC
    WRITTEN BY A.W. WARREN AS COMPONENT *LO* IN
               FLT. CONTROLS LIBRARY SEPT 1976
C
    MODIFIED BY MAHINDER WAHI
                                                               MAY 1977
                         INITIALIZATION
      DATA IND, RPD /0, .01745329/
    IF (IND.EQ.1) GO TO 10
      I=(CXO .EQ. .99999) CXO =0.
      IFICXA .EQ. .99999) CXA =0.
      IF(CXU .EQ. .99999) CXU =0.
      IF(CXDE.EQ. .99999) CXDE=0.
```

Table 191: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE OL (CONTINUED)

```
IF(CXTR.EQ. .99999) CXTR=0.
      IF(CXSP.EQ. .99999) CXSP=0.
      IF(CXGE.EQ. .99999) CXGE=0.
      IF(KCX8.EQ. .99999) KCX8=1.
      IF(CZO .EQ. .99999) CZO =0.
IF(CZA .EQ. .99999) CZA =0.
      IF (CZAD.EQ. .99999) CZAD=0.
      IF(CZQ .EQ. .99999) CZQ =0.
      IF(CZU .EQ. .99999) CZU =0.
IF(CZDE.EQ. .99999) CZDE=0.
     IF (CZTR.EQ. .99999) CZTR=Q.
IF (CZSP.EQ. .99999) CZSP=O.
      IF (CZGE.EQ. .99999) CZGE=0.
      IF(CZDS.EQ. .99999) CZDS=0.
      IF (KCZB.EQ. .99999) KCZB=1.
C
    IF (CMO .EQ. .99999) CMO =0.
      IF (CMA .EQ. .99999) CMA =0.
  IF (CMAD.EQ. .99999) CMAD=0.
      IF (CMQ .EQ. .99999) CMQ =0.
      IF(CMU .EQ. .99999) CMU =0.
      IF (CMDE.EQ. .99999) CMDE=0.
      IF (CMTR.EQ. .99999) CMTR=0.
IF (CMSP.EQ. .99999) CMSP=0.
      IF (CMGE.EQ. .99999) CMGE=0.
      IF(CMDS.EQ. .99999) CMDS=0.

IF(CMB .EQ. .99999) CMB =0.

IF(KCMB.EQ. .99999) KCMB=1.
C
      IF (KGE .EQ. .99999) KGE =0.
      IF (XAC . EQ. . 99999) XAC =0.
      IF(FLEV.SQ. .99999) ELEV=C.
IF(STAB.EQ. .99999) STAB=O.
      IF(SPO .EQ. .99999) SPO =0.
      IND=1
   10 XCP= XAC
      AMAS = AMASS
      IF(SWI.EQ.1.) GO TO 80
      IF(SWI.EQ.2.) GO TO 90
      IF (SWI.EQ.3.) GO TO 100
80 WP=EW=Q=QW=CMQ=CZQ=CXA=CZACZAD=CMA=CMAD=0.
      GO TO 100
   9C CXU=CZU=CMU=UP=EU=O.
  100 CONTINUE
      IF (DIM. EQ. 1. . OR. DIM. EQ. 3.) GO TO 20
C
C
                        DIMENSIONAL FORCE AND MOMENT SOLUTION
C
      WWCOT= QW*VBAR*RPD
              EXPLICIT SOLUTION FOR AERO-FORCES USING ASCL, 850L
      ASCL= 1 .- CZAD/AMASS
      BSCL = EW- SAS *EU- WWDOT
      FX=(CX) + CXA*WP + CXU*UP + CXDE*ELEV + CXTR
                                + CXSP*SPO + CXGE*KGE)*KCXB
```

Table 191: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE OL (CONTINUED)

```
FZ= ( CZO +CZA*WP +CZAD*BSOL +CZQ*Q +CZU*UP +CZDE*ELEV
               +CZTR +CZSP*SPO + CZGE*KGE +CZDS*STAB)*KCZB
      FZAERO= FZ/ASOL
             COMPUTE BODY AXIS FORCE SUMS AND ACCELERATIONS
C
      IF (DIM.EQ.O.) GO TO 30
             STABILITY AXIS SUMS AND TRANSFORMATION
C
      FXS= FX + FZIN*SAS + FXIN*CAS
      FZS= (FZ + FZIN*CAS - FXIN*SAS)/ASOL
      FZAERO= FZAERO*CAS + FX*SAS
      FX=FXS*CAS - FZS*SAS
                            *CMU*UP *CMDE*ELEVI
     FZ=FZS*CAS + FXS*SAS
                        BODY AXIS SUMS
   30 FX= FX + FXIN
      FZ= (FZ + FZIN)/ASOL
   40 UD= FX/AMASS + EU
      WD= FZ/AMASS + EW
                        PITCHING MOMENT COMPUTATIONS
C
      WDP= WD - SAS*UD - WWDOT
     TY= ( CMO +CMA*WP +CMAD*WDP +CMQ*Q +CMU*UP +CMDE*ELEV
               +CMTR +CMSP*SPO +CMGE*KGE + CMDS*STAB +CMB)*KCMB
   70 TY= TY + TYIN - XAC FZAERO
      RETURN
C
C
              NONDIMENSIONAL FORCE AND MOMENT SOLUTION
   20 CDIM = C/(VBAR+VBAR)
      AL 1= AL*RPD
      ALP1= ALP*RPD
      Q1= Q*RPD
      ELEV1= ELEV*RPD
      SPO1= SPO*RPO
      STAB1= STAB*RPD
          EXPLICIT SOLUTION FOR AERO-FORCES USING ASOL, BSOL
      DIV= 1./(AMASS*U)
      ASOL= 1 .- QBAR +CDIM +CZAD +DIV
      FX= QBAR*( CX0 +CXA*ALP1 +CXU*UP +CXDE*ELEV1 +CXTR
                    +CXSP*SPO1 +CXGE*KGE)*KCXB
      FXS= FX +FXIN+CAS +FZIN+SAS
      BSOL= FXS * (SAS-AL1)*DIV + (EW-AL1*EU)/U - QW*RPD
      FZ= QBAR*( CZO +CZA*ALP1 +CDIM*(CZAD*BSOL +CZQ*Q1)
                +CZU*UP +CZDE*ELEV1 + CZTR +CZSP*SP01
                      + CZGE*KGE + CZDS*STAB1)*KCZB
      FZAERO= FZ/ASOL
      IF (DIM.EQ.1.) GO TO 50
                        STABILITY AXIS SUMS AND TRANSFORMATION
      FZAERO= FZAERO*CAS + FX*SAS
      FZS= (FZ +FZIN*CAS -FXIN*SAS)/ASOL
 6000 FORMAT(1H0,F12.5,F12.5)
      FX= FXS*CAS - FZS*SAS
      FZ= FZS*CAS + FXS*SAS
      GO TO 60
```

Table 191: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE OL (CONCLUDED)

```
BODY AXIS SUMS AND ACCELERATIONS

50 FX= FXS
FZ= (FZ + FZIN)/ASOL
FZS= FZ
60 UD= FX/AMASS + EU
WD= FZ/AMASS + EW
PITCHING MOMENT COMPUTATION

ALDOT= FZS*DIV + 9SOL
TY= QBAR*C*(CMO +CMA*ALP1 + CDIM*(CMAD*ALDOT +CMQ*Q1)
1 +CMU*UP +CMDE*ELEV1 +CMTR +CMSP*SPO1
2 +CMGE*KGE +CMDS*STAB1 +CMB)*KCMB
GQ TO 70
END
```

VELT FORD FORDER CHARGE FORDER FORDER STRUCK OF THE DEST

- +CATH +CHSARSRC + DADSASTAB +CHB14KCHB

MOTTAMBORGMANT DWA SHOE STEEL VITTUE ATT

SCHE PREMISES ALL INSTY + (ENALIMEDIAL - QUARES

08 97 08 3.1.03. MIDIS!

```
COO
      SUBROUTINE OD (QFN,QPT,QPC,QPA,QV,QTC,QTA,QCA,PAF,PF,FCY
     2, FPT, FCT, FPC, FFD, TX, TTX, TQX, TCX, TDX, TZ, TTZ, TQZ, TCZ, TFZ, HHY
     3, RR1, RR2, LL1, LL2, AGP, AACH, XTN, XTA, XTC, ATA, ATC, VVTK
     4. VVCH, DUM)
CC
    VERSION 1
                                      MARCH 1979
C
    WRITTEN BY - GS DULEBA
    PURPOSE - TO CONVERT FOSTER MILLER OUTPUT VARIABLES INTO
C
               EASY COMPONENT OUTPUT VARIABLES
  **** OUTPUTS ****
C
    STC
             TRUNK-TO-CUSHION FLOW, CFS
C
    ATP
             TRUNK-TO-ATMOSPHERE FLOW, CFS
    QCA
             CUSHION-TO-ATMOSPHERE FLOW, CFS
C
    OFN
             TOTAL FAN FLOW, CFS
C
    QPA
             PLENUM-TO-ATMOSPHERE FLOW, CFS
C
    SPC
             PLENUM-TO-CUSHION FLOW, CFS
C
    CPT
             PLENUM-TO-TRUNK FLOW, CFS
C
    VO
             PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE FLOW, CFS
C
    PAF
             FAN INLET PRESSURE, PSFG
    DF
C
             FAN PRESSURE RISE, PSF
    FCY
C
             TOTAL VERTICAL FORCE, LBS
    FPT
C
             TRUNK CONTACT FORCE, LBS
    FCT
C
             TRUNK DAMPING FORCE, LBS
    FPC
             CUSHION FORCE, LBS
C
    FFD
             AERO DRAG FORCE IN HEAVE, LBS
C
    TX
             TOTAL TORQUE X AXIS, FT-LBS
             TRUNK PRESSURE TORQUE X AXIS, FT-LBS
    TTX
C
    TQX
             TRUNK DAMPING TORQUE X AXIS, FT-LBS
             CUSHION PRESSURE TORQUE X AXIS, FT-LBS AERO DRAG TORQUE X AXIS, FT-LBS
C
    TCX
    TOX
C
    TZ
             TOTAL TORQUE Z AXIS, FT-LBS
             TRUNK PRESSURE TORQUE Z AXIS, FT-LBS
C
    TTZ
C
    TQZ
             TRUNK DAMPING TORQUE Z AXIS, FT-LBS
             AERO DRAG TORQUE Z AXIS, FT-LBS
CUSHION PRESSURE TORQUE Z AXIS, FT-LBS
C
    TDZ
C
    TCZ
C
    TFZ
             GROUND FRICTION TORQUE Z AXIS, FT-LBS
C
    HHY
             TRUNK HEIGHT, FT
C
    RR1
             OUTER TRUNK RADIUS OF CURV, FT
CC
    RR2
             INNER TRUNK RADIUS OF CURV, FT
             TRUNK LENGTH OUTER-HORIZ ATTACH POINT, FT
    LL1
C
             TRUNK LENGTH INNER-HORIZ ATTACH POINT, FT
    LL2
C
    AGP
             AREA OF CUSHION GAP, SQ FT
C
    AACH
             AREA OF CUSHION, SQ FT
C
             AREA OF TRUNK-GROUND CONTACT, SQ FT
    XTN
C
    XTA
             TRUNK-ATMOS AREA IN CONTACT AREA, SQ FT
C
    XTC
             TRUNK-CUSHION AREA IN CONTACT AREA, SQ FT
C
    ATA
             TRUNK TO ATMOS AREA, SO FT
C
    ATC
             TRUNK TO CUSHION AREA, SQ FT
C
    VVTK
             TRUNK VOLUME, CU FT
```

CUSHICN VOLUME, CU FT

VVCH

Table 192: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE OO (CONTINUED)

```
***** INPUTS ****
C
    DUM
             DUMMY VARIABLE
C
C
      COMMON/COEFFS/CPA, CAF, CPC, CPT, CTC, CGAP, CTA, CVENT, CKK
C
      COMMON/FORTQ/FCP, FTP, FORCT, FDF, FORCEY, TCPX, TTPX, TORQTX, TDFX,
     1TORQUEX, TCPZ, TTPZ, TORQTZ, TDFZ, TORFZ, TORQUEZ
      COMMON/AREAV/S, AATFN, APLAT, APLCH, APLTK, ATKAT, ATKCH, AGAP, ATK, ACH,
     1 ATKCN, APRV, VCH, VTK, VPLM, VCHD, VFAN, ATKATC, ATKCHC
      COMMON/GEOMET/A,B,HYI,L,D,LS,LP,SH,NH,AH,NR,PHII,PHI2,R1,R2,L1,L2,
     1A1,A2,X1,X2,HY
      COMMON/BTERM/B11, B12, B13, B21, B22, B23, B31, B32, B33
      COMMON/SHAPE/AGAPI(100), AGAPR(100), ATK I(100), ATK R(100), ATKCHI(100)
     1, A TKCHR (100), ATKATI (100), ATKATR (100), ACHI (100), ACHR (100)
     2,ATKCNI(100),ATKCNR(100),VCHI(100),VCHR(100),VTKI(100),VTKR(100)
     3,XCH(100),XTK(100), ZCH(100), ZTK(100), PERI(100)
C
      COMMON/STATE/PPLM, PCH, PTK, SINKRT, YCG, DPHI, DTHETA, THETAE, PHIE, SIE
     1 ,XV,VV,QFANX
      COMMON/VEHCL/MASS, AIX, AIZ, AIXY, AIYZ, AIZX, CC, GG, FF, AIFAN
C
      COMMON/SPACE/N,M,BETA,DELX,XCX(100),ZCX(100),XG(100),YG(100),
     1ZG(100),SL4(100),YGH(100),ISEG(100),ITYP(100), DELTA(100),XCHI(100)
     2. ZCHI (100) . XCG
      COMMON/LOADS/FORCNS(3,10),CCS(3,10),YCGS(3,10),PHIS(3,10),AGAPS(3,10)
     110),PCHS(3,10),QFANS(3,10),PFANS(3,10),PPLMS(3,10),THIS(3,10),
     1FFS(3,10), TORXS(3,10), TORZS(3,10), PTKS(3,10)
        COMMON/COMPRS/ALO,AL1,AL2,AL3,AL4,GO,G1,G2,G3,G4,QP1
C
      COMMON/FLUID/QFAN, QPLAT, QPLCH, QPLTK, QTKAT, QTKCH, QCHAT, PATFN, PFAN,
     1 PAT. TEMPAT. RHO. QVENT
      COMMON/DYNAMIC/TIME, FTIME, DTIME, IQ, NQ, DVCH, DVTK, VELX, DERY (13)
     1.DVCHP
      COMMON/ESTMD/GEC, DAMPC, U, DECCL, HDC, PHA, CENFX, CENFZ, ZEPRV, ZPRV
     1.QP2.SLOPE
C
      COMMON/LABL/LABEL (80)
C
      COMMON/STATIC/YSTRT, YSTOP, PSTRT, PSTOP, TSTRT, TSTOP
     1, PHIYC, THEYC, YCPHI, YCTHE
C
      COMMON/PRV/DPRV.PPLMB.XA.AKPRV.AMPRV.SPRV.NPRV.AVENT
C
      COMMON/FLAGS/ICLN, IDIF, IFLAG, ISTAT, IPP, IPRV, MM, NSTOP
C
```

Table 192: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE OO(CONCLUDED)

```
COMMON/HCUR/AHC, AH1, AH2, AH3
  C
                       COMMON/SAVE/R11,R21,PH111,PH121,L11,L21,A11,A21,0202H81,OXAMA81,
                    1 BETADZI, SINPHRI, DZI, SINPHZI, ALMAZ, X1I, X2I, X12I, SI
                       REAL L1, LL1, L2, LL2
                        C
                       OTC=OTKCH 21 MO MAR STOOL OWETTO WE SHE AT MEDITED IN
                       QTA=QTKAT
                       QCA=QCHAT
                       QFN=QFAN
                       OPA=OPLAT
                       OPC=OPLCH
HARRIS QPT=QPLTK
                       QV=QVENT
                       PAF=PATEN ANTICOMENT OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR
                        PF=PFAN
                       FCT=FORCT
                        FPC=FCP
 TCX=TCPX
TDX=TDFX
TFZ=TORFZ
TQX=TORQTX
TTX=TTPX
                      TTX=TTPX
FCY=FORCEY
TX=TORQUEX
TZ=TORQUEZ
FPT=FTP
FFD=FDF
TCZ=TCPZ
TDZ=TDFZ
TQZ=TORQTZ
                       TTX=TTPX
                        TTZ=TTPZ
                       HHY=HY
                        RR1=R1
                        RR2=R2
                        LLI=L1
                        LL2=L2
                         ATA=ATKAT
                         ATC=ATKCH
                         AACH=ACH
                         XTA=ATKATC
                         VVCH=VCH
                         VVTK=VTK
                         XTN=ATKCN
                         AGP=AGAP
                         XTC=ATKCHC
                         RETURN
```

END

Table 193: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE OUTFM

```
COUTFM
      SUBROUTINE OUTFM(INUM)
C
C
C
    VERSION 1 MARCH 1979
C
C
    WRITTEN BY - GS DULEBA
C
C
    PURPOSE - TO REPLACE FOSTER MILLER SUBROUTINE -OUTPUT-.
C
              OUTPUT CONTAINED PLOTTING LOGIC WHICH IS INCOM-
C
              PATIBLE WITH THE EASY PROGRAM.
C
C
 INTEGRATION GEOMETRY CALCULATION AND OUTPUT
      COMMON/FLUID/QFAN, QPLAT, QPLCH, QPLTK, QTKAT, QTKCH, QCHAT, PATFN, PFAN,
     1 PAT. TEMPAT, RHO, QVENT
      COMMON/DYNAMIC/TIME, FTIME, DTIME, IQ, NQ, DVCH, DVTK, VELX, DERY(13)
     1.DVCHP
      COMMON/ESTMD/GEC, DAMPC, U, DECCL, HOC, PHA, CENFX, CENFZ, ZEPRV, ZPRV
     1,QP2,SLOPE
       COMMON/COMPRS/ALO, AL1, AL2, AL3, AL4, GO, G1, G2, G3, G4, QP1
      COMMON/AREAV/S,AATFN,APLAT,APLCH,APLTK,ATKAT,ATKCH,AGAP,ATK,ACH,
     1 ATKCN, APRV, VCH, VTK, VPLM, VCHD, VFAN, ATKATC, ATKCHC
      COMMON/STATE/PPLM,PCH,PTK,SINKRT,YCG,DPHI,DTHETA,THETAE,PHIE,SIE
     1 ,XV,VV,QFANX
      COMMON/PRV/DPRV, PPLMB, XA, AKPRV, AMPRV, SPRV, NPRV, AVENT
      COMMON/FLAGS/ICLN, IDIF, IFLAG, ISTAT, IPP, IPRV, MM, NSTOP
      CDMMON/SHAPE/AGAPÍ(100),AGAPR(100),ATKI(100),ATKR(100),ATK3HI(100)
     1,ATKCHR(100),ATKATI(100),ATKATR(100),ACHI(100),ACHR(100)
     2,ATKCNI(100),ATKCNR(100),VCHI(100),VCHR(100),VTKI(100),VTKR(100)
     3,XCH(100),XTK(100),ZCH(100),ZTK(100),PERI(100)
      COMMON/SPACE/N, M, BETA, DELX, XCX(100), ZCX(100), XG(100), YG(100),
     1ZG(100),SL4(100),YGH(100),ISEG(100),ITYP(100),DELTA(100),XCHI(100)
     2.ZCHI(100).XCG
      COMMON/GEOMET/A,B,HYI,L,O,LS,LP,SH,NH,AH,NR,PHII,PHI2,R1,R2,L1,L2,
     1A1,A2,X1,X2,HY
      DATA PI,RADIAN/3.141592653,57.295779/
C
      IF(INUM)100.1.100
1
      J=1
      IF (MM.LE.O)MM=1
      I=MM-1
      K=50
      VCHS=VCH
      VTKS=VTK
      IXT=0
      JXT=1
       CONTINUE
100
C UPDATE AREAS, VOLUMES AND DVCHP.
C CALCULATE DVCH
      CALL TRUNK (ISHAPE)
      IF(ISHAPE.E0.0) 30 TO 555
      CALL SEGMNT(1)
       CALL COORDN
      CALL PROFILE
```

Table 193: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE OUTFM (CONCLUDED)

```
CALL CLRNCE
                               CALL SHAPE2
                               DVCH=(VCH-VCHS)/DTIME
              C UPDATE DVCHP
                              CALL COVCHP TO ANY DOMESTICATED TO SERVED SERVED TO SERV
PRAT=AMAX1(0.0, AMIN1(1.0, (PCH/PTK)))

C COMPUTE NEW HY FROM PCH/PTK FOR NEXT STEP
                              CALL HYCURV(PRAT, HX)
HY=HX+HYI
CALL TRUNK(ISHAPE)
IF(ISHAPE.EQ.0) GO TO 555
        CALL SEGMNT(1)
                              CALL PROFILE WITH TOO HADEL COLLEGE WOLLDON HAVE SOOTHAND
                                  CALL CLRNCE
                               CALL SHAPE2
              C CALCULATE DVTK
                               DVTK=(VTK-VTKS)/DTIME
              C COMPUTE HORIZONTAL VELOCITY
                               VELX=VELX-DECCL +DT IME
                               IF (VELX .LE .O.O) VELX=0.
                               I=I+1
              C
                       13 VCHS=VCH
                               VTKS=VTK
              C IF NO PRV SET IPRV=0 AND SKIP
                               IF(NPRV.LE.O) GO TO 75
              C DETERMINE IF PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE OPENS
                               PRFOR=PPLM*APRV
                               IF(XV.LE.0.0001)GO TO 70
                               XXX=XA-0.0001
                               IF (XV.GE.XXX)GO TO 62
                               GO TO 65
               C CLOSED PRV
                       70 COFOR=PPLMB*APRV
                                IF (PRFOR.GT.COFOR) GO TO 65
                                IPRV=0
               75
                               GO TO 66
               C FULL OPEN PRV
                       62 COFOR=PPLMB*APRV+AKPRV*XA
                                IF(PRFOR.LT.COFOR)GO TO 65
                                IPRV=0
                                XV=XA
                               GO TO 66
               C NORMAL RELIEF OPERATION
                       65 IPRV=1
                       66 CONTINUE
                                XCG=XCG+VELX*DTIME
                       1C RETURN
                               WRITE (6,556)
                                FORMAT(//, 40x, 27H*** FAILURE TO CONVERGE ***)
                  556
                                KILL=1/ISHAPE
                                END
```

Table 194: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE PARAMS

```
CPARAMS
      SUBROUTINE PARAMS
 INITIALIZE PARAMETERS FOR FMA ACLS PROGRAM
      COMMON/ESTMO/GEC, DAMPC, U, DECCL, HDC, PHA, CENFX, CENFZ, ZEPRV, ZPRV
     1,QP2,SLOPE
      COMMON/STATE/PPLM, PCH, PTK, SINKRT, YCG, DPHI, DTHETA, THETAE, PHIE, SIE
     1 ,XV,VV,QFANX
      COMMON/VEHCL/MASS, AIX, AIZ, AIXY, AIYZ, AIZX, CC, GG, FF, AIFAN
      COMMON/COEFFS/CPA, CAF, CPC, CPT, CTC, CGAP, CTA, CVENT, CKK
      COMMON/PRV/DPRV,PPLMB,XA,AKPRV,AMPRV,SPRV,NPRV,AVENT
      COMMON/FLAGS/ICLN, IDIF, IFLAG, ISTAT, IPP, IPRV, MM, NSTOP
      COMMON/SPACE/N, M, BETA, DELX, XCX(100), ZCX(100), XG(100), YG(100),
     1ZG(100),SL4(100),YGH(100),ISEG(100),ITYP(100),DELTA(100),XCHI(100)
     Z,ZCHI(100),XCG
      COMMON/FLUID/QFAN, QPLAT, QPLCH, QPLTK, QTKAT, QTKCH, QCHAT, PATFN, PFAN,
     1 PAT, TEMPAT, RHO, QVENT
 FLOW COEFFICIENT
      CKK=1.4
      CP A=0 .6
      CAF=1.0
      CPC=0.60
      CPT=0.90
      CTC=0.76
      CTA=0.76
      CGAP=1.0
      CVENT=0.70
C OTHER ESTIMATED PARAMETERS
      GEC=0.2
      ZEPRV=0.15
      U=0.5
      DECCL=0.
      CENFX =-CC
      CENFZ=-FF
      DAMPC=3.2
      QP 2=5.0
      SLOPE=10.0
      NSTOP=4+(N+M)
C CLEAR DELTA ARRAY TO ZERO
      00 10 I=1,NSTOP
      DELTA(I)=0.0
   10 CONTINUE
 ********
      RETURN
      END
```

Table 195: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE PERF

```
CPERF
      SUBROUTINE PERFIZGAP, L1, L3, L3P, LP, LH, RA, YO, YOFS, D, AP, PT, PC, PA,
                     BET, AHA1, AHA2, AHC2, AHC1)
      REAL L1, L3, L3P, LP, LH, LHA1, LHC1, L3A, L3C
0000000000000
    VERSION 1.
                         FEB . 1978
    PURPOSE - TO CALCULATE ORIFICE AREAS FOR FLOW TO
              ATMOSPHERE AND TO CUSHION.
    MATHOD - SEE TRUNK DOCUMENTATION, VOLUME I,
              FINAL REPORT.
    LIMITATIONS - CALLED ONLY BY TRUNK COMPONENT TK
    WRITTEN BY J.R. KILNER
   TEST FOR GROUND CONTACT
      DA=D*AP
      IF (ZGAP.GE.O.)GOTO 50
   LOADED TRUNK SHAPE
      LHA1=L1-LP
      LHC1=LP+LH-L1-L3P
      PX=L3/(2.*PT-PC-PA)
      L3A=(PT-PA)*PX
      L3C=(PT-PC)*PX
      EA1=EA2=EC2=EC1=1.
C
   TEST FOR SIDE ELEMENT
C
      IF (BET.EQ.O.)GOTO 20
C
      RN=RA+YO
      RD=RA+YOFS
      EA1=(RN+L3+.5*LHA1)/RD
                              AMCZWANCZ WILL STEEL FOR TO THE STEEL
      EA2=(RN+L3-.5*L3A)/RD
      EC2=(RN+.5*L3C)/RD
      EC1=(RN-.5*LHC1)/RD
20
      IFILHAL.LE.O. )GOTO 22
      IF (LHC1.LE.O.)GOTO 24
   CASE 1
      AHA1=AHA1+LHA1*DA+EA1
      AHA2=AHA2+L3A+DA+EA2
      AHC2=AHC2+L3C+DA+EC2
      AHC1=AHC1+LHC1+DA+EC1
      RETURN
      IF (-LHC1.GE.L3C)GOTO 26
   CASE 2
      AHA1=AHA1+LHA1*DA*EA1
      AHAZ=AHAZ+L3A+DA+EAZ
      AHC2=AHC2+(L3C+LHC1)+DA+EC2
      RETURN
```

Table 195: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE PERF (CONTINUED)

```
26 IF (-LHC1.GE.L3)GOTO 28 C CASE 3
      AHA1=AHA1+LHA1*DA*EA1
      AHA2=AHA2+(L3+LHC1)*DA*EA2
 C
      AHA1=AHA1+LH*DA*EA1
 28
      RETURN
C
 22
      IF (-LHA1.GE.L3A)GOTO 30
      IF (LHC1.LE.O.)GOTO 32
   CASE 5
      AHA2=AHA2+(L3A+LHA1)*DA*EA2
      AHC2=AHC2+L3C+DA+EC2
      AHC1=AHC1+LHC1*DA*EC1
      RETURN
 C
      IF (-LHC1.GE.L3C)GOTO 34
32
   CASE 6
      AHA2=AHA2+(L3A+LHA1)*DA*EA2
      AHC2=AHC2+(L3C+LHC1)*DA*EC2
      RETURN
    CASE 7
 34
      AHAZ=AHAZ+(L3+LHA1+LHC1) *DA*EAZ
      RETURN
 C
 30
      IF (-LHA1.GE.L3)GOTO 36
      IF (LHC1.LE.O.)GOTO 38
    CASE 8
      AHC2=AHC2+(L3+LHA1)*DA*EC2
      AHC1=AHC1+LHC1*DA*EC1
      RETURN
    CASE 9
      AHC2=AHC2+(L3+LHA1+LHC1) *DA*EC2
 38
      RETURN
 C
    CASE 10
      AHC1=AHC1+LH+DA+EC1
 36
      RETURN
    FREE TRUNK SHAPE
 C
 50
      LHA1=L1-LP
       LHC1=LP+LH-L1
      EA1=EC1=1.
    TEST FOR SIDE ELEMENT
      IF (3ET.EQ.0.)GOTO 52
      RD=RA+YOFS
       EA1=(RD+.5*LHA1)/RD
```

5 - MACH | 3K | + 1 35 6 6 128 12

Table 195: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE PERF (CONCLUDED)

TOWARD TIME REPRESENDENT LIFE OF THE COMPONENT AND THE COMPONENT A

LORIBRIANIDE INSULHA

DE OTODICAL SO SHAPINT

五约本《西北上水色》 (《西北上等的五

AGMHU4号的AES8X

学和UTS中

RETURN

```
REAL CLICATOPICAL HALPIANTERS
      EC 1=(RD-.5*LHC1)/RD
                            APRIL 10,1978
C
52
      IF (LHA1.LE.O.)GOTO 54
      IF (LHC1.LE.O.)GOTO 56 PA STIRLED STANDERS OF - BENGAUS
                           - OUTFLOW THRU SURFACE PE
   CASE 11
      AHA1=AHA1+LHA1+DA+EA1
      AHC1=AHC1+LHC1+DA+EC1 TTATMEMICENT DAR ATA BER - SONTEN
                                       FILM REPORT.
      RETURN
   CASE 12 EA THEMOTHOD DAS RIA TO YUND DELLAD - ENCITATIMIL
      AHA1=AHA1+LH+DA+EA1
56
      RETURN
   CASE 13
      AHC1=AHC1+LH+DA+EC1
      RETURN
      END
```

Table 196: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE PERFB

```
CPERFB
      SUBROUTINE PERFB(ZGAP, L1, L3, LP, LH, D, AP, AH1, AH2)
      REAL L1, L3, LP, LH, LHA, LHB
C
C
    VERSION 1.
                         APRIL 10,1978
C
    PURPOSE - TO CALCULATE ORIFICE AREAS FOR AIR BAG
C
             - OUTFLOW THRU SURFACE PERFORATIONS
CCC
    METHOD - SEE AIR BAG DOCUMENTATION, VOLUME I,
              FINAL REPORT.
C
C
    LIMITATIONS - CALLED ONLY BY AIR BAG COMPONENT AB
CC
    WRITTEN BY J.R.KILNER
   TEST FOR GROUND CONTACT
      DA=O*AP
      IF(ZGAP.GE.O.)GOTO 50
C
C
   LOADED SHAPE
      LHB=L1-LP
      LHA=LP+LH-L1-L3
C
      IF (LHB.LE.O.)GOTO 22
      IF (LHA.LE.O.) GOTO 24
   CASE 1
      AH1=AH1+(LHA+LHB)*DA
      AH2=AH2+L3*DA
      RETURN
C
24
      IF (-LHA.GE.L3)GOTO 26
   CASE 2
      AH1=AH1+LHB*DA
      AH2=AH2+(L3+LHA) +DA
      RETURN
   CASE 3
26
      AH1=AH1+LH*DA
      RETURN
22
      IF (-LHB.GE.L3)GOTO 30
      IF (LHA.GE.O.) GOTO 32
   CASE 4
      AH2=AH2+LH+DA
      RETURN
C
   CASE 5
32
      AH1=AH1+LHA*DA
      AH2=AH2+(L3+LHB) +DA
      RETURN
C
   CASE 6
30
      AH1=AH1+LH*DA
      RETURN
```

Table 196: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE PERFB (CONCLUDED)

C FREE SHAPE

ON AH1=AH1+LH*DA

RETURN

C TVITOLOGOD JAMASHT VTISDOSIV X TASH JIRIJARSHAR - OOHTM

ONA MO'END MOITOMAR MORA GSMIATBO Z LERBRORS GIJJA -

TAS DEFINED TO FUNCTION PROBLET
THREFAIDES
TORGETED HUMBUITY OF WATER VAPOR
LEVE BURNEDITY OF WATER VAPOR

ARE INTERPRETATION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROP

(*,1,351)*68*0.0 67.2.74: 19089=69 (*,2,73: 19009=80 (*,2,73: 19009=80) MOJNUMERS 2-2098

531

Table 197: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE PRND

```
CPRND
      FUNCTION PRND(IFL, T, SH)
C
C
    PURPOSE - TO CALCULATE PRANDTL NUMBER
C
C
C
    METHOD - PR=SPECIFIC HEAT X VISCOSITY/THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY
C
             - FLUID PROPERTIES OBTAINED FROM FUNCTIONS PROP AND SHCP
C
C
C
    WRITTEN BY -
                     ADAM LLOYD
                                          LATEST REVISION
                                                               NOV 75
C
C
C
    LIMITATIONS - DEPENDENT ON FLUID. SEE PROP AND SHCP
C
C
C
    INPUT/OUTPUT LIST
C
C
    PRND
            PRANDTL NUMBER
                                                                  OUTPUT
    IFL
            INTEGER DESIGNATING FLUID
                                                                  INPUT
00000
            (AS DEFINED IN FUNCTION PROP)
            TEMPERATURE
                                                     DEGR
                                                                 INPUT
    SH
          SPECIFIC HUMIDITY OF WATER VAPOR
                                                     LB/LB
                                                                 INPUT
            (USED FOR IFL=1 CNLY)
      COMMON/ERMESS/IFATAL, IERR
      COMMON/CIO/IREAD, IWRITE, IDIAG
      IF (IFL.GT.1)GO TO 20
      CP=SHCP(T,SH)
      GO TO 30
 20
      CP=PROP(IFL,1,T)
      XMU=PROP(IFL, 2, T)
 30
      CON=PROP(IFL,3,T)
      PRND=CP*XMU/CON
      RETURN
      END
```

Table 198: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE PROFILE

```
CPROFILE
      SUBROUTINE PROFILE
 USER SPECIFIED GROUND PROFILE.
 ELEVATION YG(I) IS EXPRESSED AS A FUNCTION OF X AND Z COORDINATES
 OF GROUND POINT I, I.E. XG(I) AND ZG(I)
     COMMON/SPACE/N, M, BETA, DELX, XCX(100), ZCX(100), XG(100), YG(100),
     1ZG(100),SL4(100),YGH(100),ISEG(100),ITYP(100),DELTA(100),XCHI(100)
     2, ZCHI (100), XCG
     COMMON/FLAGS/ICLN, IDIF, IFLAG, ISTAT, IPP, IPRV, MM, NSTOP
     DO 10 I=1.NSTOP
C SET FOR FLAT TERRAIN
     YG(1)=0.
  10 CONTINUE
     RETURN
     END
```

ORT AIR
*ATER AT SATUMATION PRESSURE

451-36850.0-00-365550.1 .00-85050.1-.60-85000.T .10-86085.0-6

APPOINTS VISCOSITY STUIDS OF CA

PII-BPISE.1 .80-89710. --.00-50806.4 .50-301-0.5-.

SHAR THE CONTRACTON NOT ANTON YOU AND ACT IN MARKS

ROBO AN THAUTS

Table 199: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE PROP

```
CPROP
      FUNCTION PROP(I, IP,T)
    PURPOSE - TO CALCULATE FLUID PROPERTIES (SPECIFIC HEAT. ABSOLUTE
            - VISCOSITY, THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY, DENSITY)
C
    METHOD - USES POLYNOMIAL APPROXIMATIONS PROP=F(TEMP)
              LOGARITHMIC FIT FOR VISCOSITY OF LIQUIDS
C
C
    WRITTEN BY -
                    ADAM LLOYD
                                        LATEST REVISION NOV 75
CC
    LIMITATIONS -
                    VALID TEMPERATURE RANGES
C
                                                         TMIN
                     FLUID
                                                                   TMAX
C
                                                              (DEGR)
                     DRY AIR
300
                                                                   1600
                     WATER AT SAT PRESSURE
                                                         500
                                                                   1000
                     60/40 EGW
                                                         400
                                                                    800
                     HEAT TRANSPORT FLUID FC-75
                                                         400
                                                                    650
                     FUEL JP-4 (MIL-F-5624)
                                                         400
                                                                    600
                     HEAT TRANSPORT FLUID DC-331
                                                         400
                                                                    700
                     HYDRAULIC FLUID (MIL-H-83282)
                                                         400
                                                                    900
                     HYDRAULIC FLUID (MIL-H-5606)
                                                         400
                                                                    600
    INPUT/OUTPUT LIST
    PROP
               FLUID PROPERTY
                                                                QUTPUT
    T
                INTEGER DESIGNATING FLUID
                                                                INPUT
                     DRY AIR
               =1
                    WATER AT SATURATION PRESSURE
               =2
                =3
                     60/40 ETHYLENE GLYCOL/WATER
                     HEAT TRANSPORT FLUID FC-75
                =4
                     FUEL JP-4 (MIL-F-5624)
HEAT TRANSPORT FLUID DC-331
               =5
               =6
                     HYDRAULIC FLUID (MIL-H-83282)
                =7
                     HYDRAULIC FLUID (MIL-H-5606)
                =8
    IP
            INTEGER DESIGNATING PROPERTY TO BE CALCULATED
                                                                 INPUT
                =1
                     SPECIFIC HEAT
                                                    STU/LB DEGR
                     ABSOLUTE VISCOSITY
                =2
                                                    LB/FT HR
                     THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY
                                                    BTU/FT HR DEGR
                =3
                     DENSITY
                                                    LB/FT3
                =4
                     **** DENSITY CALCULATION NOT VALID FOR I=1 ****
            TEMPERATURE AT WHICH PROPERTY IS REOD DEGR
                                                                 INPUT
      DIMENSION CP(5,8), VIS(5,8), THK(5,8), RO(5,8)
      COMMON/ERMESS/IFATAL, IERR
      COMMON/CID/IREAD, IWRITE, IDIAG
      DATA CP/
     1 .24788
                  ,-42.046E-06, 5.7679E-08,-14.931E-12, C.
                 ,-2.0410E-02, 4.3086E-05,-4.0179E-08, 1.4219E-11,
     2 4.5302
     3-9.2843E-01, 7.5662E-03,-1.3232E-05, 1.1255E-08,-3.7296E-12,
```

```
4 3.5504E-02, 9.0754E-04,-1.9672E-06, 2.5322E-09,-1.2045E-12,
    5 1.1300E-01, 1.02235-03,-1.4367E-06, 2.2667E-09,-1.3333E-12,
    6 3.2800E-01, 1.8000E-04, 0.
                                   , 0.
                                                    , 0.
    7 4.2498E-01,-6.6351E-04, 2.5118E-06,-2.4196E-09, 8.6285E-13,
    8-1.4701E-01, 2.9948E-03,-7.1652E-06, 9.1111E-09,-4.2424E-12/
     DATA VIS/
    1 5.5029E-03, 8.7157E-05,-2.9464E-08, 6.2500E-12, 0.
    2 2.3649E+01,-9.1079E-02, 1.2969E-04,-8.4487E-08, 2.0822E-11,
    3 1.1786E+02,-6.4304E-01, 1.3668E-03,-1.3199E-06, 4.8195E-10,
    4 4.7377E+01,-2.5971E-01, 5.7398E-04,-5.9191E-07, 2.3372E-10,
    5 7.7977E+01,-5.2305E-01, 1.3745E-03,-1.6488E-06, 7.5126E-10,
    6 4.0799E+01,-1.9543E-01, 3.9815E-04,-3.8320E-07, 1.4228E-10,
    7 7.0421E+01,-2.9404E-01, 4.8815E-04,-3.7464E-07, 1.1020E-10,
    8 8.9064E+01,-4.4104E-01, 8.5289E-04,-7.4108E-07, 2.4158E-10/
     DATA THK!
    1 1.3500E-03, 2.7780E-05,-4.2857E-09, 1.0416E-12, 0.
    2-1.4950E+00, 8.6283E-03,-1.5038E-05, 1.2059E-08,-3.8228E-12,
    3 5.7303E-01,-2.2979E-03, 5.5721E-06,-5.7990E-09, 2.0979E-12,
    4 4.7389E-02,-1.1812E-05,-2.5552E-08, 2.6998E-11,-1.0308E-14,
    5 7.6450E-02, 1.1592E-04,-4.4917E-07, 6.3333E-10,-3.3333E-13,
    6-1.5520E-01, 1.7181E-03,-4.4217E-06, 4.8222E-09,-2.0000E-12,
    7 1.28215-01,-2.07315-04, 3.3615E-07,-2.72875-10, 8.23385-14, 8 1.24975-01,-1.41855-04, 1.40455-07,-1.55565-10, 6.6666-14/
     DATA RO/
    1 8.0800E-02, 0.
                             , 0.
    2 5.2289E+00, 3.2185E-01,-6.4108E-04, 5.4250E-07,-1.8182E-10,
    3 7.6413E+01,-3.5580E-02, 9.2685E-05,-1.4564E-07, 6.5734E-11,
    4 2.7751E+02,-1.0204E+00, 2.6867E-03,-3.3947E-06, 1.5762E-09,
                                         , 0.
    5 6.4000E+01,-3.0000E-02, 0.
                                                      , 0.
    6 7.6479E+01,-3.5024E-02, 3.3333E-06,-2.9190E-18, 1.2947E-21,
    7 5.6567E+01, 3.3975E-02,-1.4570E-04, 1.5879E-07,-6.2118E-11,
    8 2.5754E+01, 2.7183E-01,-7.9985E-04, 9.5556E-07,-4.2424E-10/
     T=AMAX1(T,350.)
     GO TO (10,20,30,40) IP
   CALCULATION OF SPECIFIC HEAT
10
     PROP=(((CP(5,I)*T+CP(4,I))*T+CP(3,I))*T+CP(2,I))*T+CP(1,I)
     GO TO 50
   CALCULATION OF VISCOSITY
20
     PROP=(((VIS(5,I)*T+VIS(4,I))*T+VIS(3,I))*T+VIS(2,I))*T+VIS(1,I)
     IF (I.GT.1.5) PROP=EXP(PROP)
     GO TO 50
   CALCULATION OF THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY
30
     PROP=(((THK(5,I)*T+THK(4,I))*T+THK(3,I))*T+THK(2,I))*T+THK(1,I)
     GO TO 50
   CALCULATION OF DENSITY **** INVALID FOR I=1
     PROP=(((RO(5,I)*T+RO(4,I))*T+RO(3,I))*T+RO(2,I))*T+RO(1,I)
   TEST FOR DIAGNOSTIC PRINTOUT
     IF (IERR.NE.1)GO TO 200
50
   TEST IF TEMPERATURES ARE WITHIN RANGE
     GO TO(110,120,130,140,150,160,170,180) I
    IF(T.GT.300.AND.T.LT.1600) GO TO 200
     WRITE(IWRITE, 9999)
9999 FORMAT(10X,32HNON FATAL ERROR CALLED FROM PROP/
    1 10x,41HTEMPERATURE OF AIR NOT WITHIN VALID RANGE)
     GO TO 200
120 IF(T.GT.500.AND.T.LT.1000.)GO TO 200
```

Table 199: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE PROP (CONCLUDED)

WRITE(IWRITE, 9998) 9998 FORMAT(10X,32HNON FATAL ERROR CALLED FROM PROP/ 1 10x,43HTEMPERATURE OF WATER NOT WITHIN VALID RANGE) GO TO 200 130 IF(T.GT.400.AND.T.LT.800.)GO TO 200 WRITE(IWRITE, 9997) 9997 FORMAT(10X,32HNON FATAL ERROR CALLED FROM PROP/ 1 10X,47HTEMPERATURE OF 60/40 EGW NOT WITHIN VALID RANGE) GO TO 200 IF(T.GT.400.AND.T.LT.650.)GO TO 200 WRITE(IWRITE, 9996) 9996 FORMAT(10X,32HNON FATAL ERROR CALLED FROM PROP/ 1 10X,43HTEMPERATURE OF FC-75 NOT WITHIN VALID RANGE) GO TO 200 150 IF(T.GT.400.AND.T.LT.600.)GO TO 200 WRITE(IWRITE, 9995) 9995 FORMAT(10X,32HNON FATAL ERROR CALLED FROM PROP/ 1 10X,42HTEMPERATURE OF JP-4 NOT WITHIN VALID RANGE) GO TO 200 160 IF(T.GT.400.AND.T.LT.700.)GO TO 200 WRITE(IWRITE,9994) 9994 FORMAT(10X,32HNON FATAL ERROR CALLED FROM PROP/ 1 10X,44HTEMPERATURE OF DC-331 NOT WIHTIN VALID RANGE) GO TO 200 170 IF (T.GT.400.AND.T.LT.900.)GO TO 200 WRITE(IWRITE, 9993) 9993 FORMATI 10x,32HNON FATAL ERROR CALLED FROM PROP/ 1 10X,61HTEMPERATURE OF HYD FLUID (MIL-H-83282) NOT WITHIN VALID RA 2NGE) GO TO 200 180 IF (T.GT.400.AND.T.LT.700) GO TO 200 WRITE(IWRITE, 9992) 9992 FORMATI 10x, 32HNON FATAL ERROR CALLED FROM PROP/ 1 10x,60HTEMPERATURE OF HYD FLUID (MIL-H-5606) NOT WITHIN VALID RAN 2GE) 200 RETURN

END

\$\delta \text{\te}\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi}\texit{\text{\text{\texi}\texit{\texit{\texitt{\texit{\texi}\texit{\texi{\texi{\tex{

Table 200: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE PT

```
CPT
      SUBROUTINE PT(FX, FXDOT, IFX, FZ, TY, ED, TM, ST, SR, C1, C2, SIG,
     1 GA, TC, TH, XA)
                          AUGUST 19, 1977
C
    VERSION 1.
    PURPOSE PITCH CONTROL THRUSTER
C
C
  -METHOD
            VECTORED THRUST IS A FUNCTION OF SIG IN A SATURATION FUNCTION,
            WHERE SIG IS AN INPUT FROM AIRCRAFT CONTROL SYSTEM COMPONENT.
C
            IF THE ENGINE DEPENDENCE INDICATOR ED IS 1, VECTORED THRUST
            CAPABILITY IS DEPENDENT ON ENGINE THRUST ED=0 SETS AVAILABLE
            VECTORED THRUST TO A CONSTANT.
  -CALL SEQUENCE
   **** OUTPUTS ****
               ENGINE THRUST REDUCTION
C
     FXDOT, IFX THRUST REDUCTION RATE, INT CONTROL
     FZ
               VECTORED THRUST-VERTICAL FORCE
C
               PITCH MOMENT DUE TO THRUSTER
C
   ****
          INPUTS ****
C
     ED
               ENGINE DEPENDENCE INDICATOR (ED=1.0, YES ED=0.0, NO)
C
     TM
               THRUSTER MAXIMUM FORCE FOR ENGINE INDEPENDENT SYSTEM
C
     ST
               SLOPE FOR VECTORED THRUST AS FUNCTION OF ENGINE THRUST
C
     SR
               SLOPE OF ENGINE THRUST REDUCTION AS FUNCTION OF VECTORED THE
C
     CI
               SATURATION FUNCTION SLOPE
C
     CZ
               SATURATION SLOPE
C
     SIG
               AIRCRAFT CONTROL SYSTEM SIGNAL TO THRUSTER
C
               FIRST ORDER LAG GAIN
     GA
C
     TC
               FIRST ORDER LAG TIME CONSTANT
C
               ENGINE THRUST
     TH
C
    XA
               THRUSTER PITCH MOMENT ARM
C
C
    WRITTEN BY
                  MAHINDER WAHI
                                   (BASED ON COMPONENT *YC*)
C-SWITCH FOR ENGINE DEPENDENCE
      IF (ED.GT.0.5) GO TO 1
      TVA=TM
      GO TO 2
C--AVAILABLE VECTORED THRUST
    1 TVA=ST*TH
C--SATURATION INTERCEPT
    2 C3=TVA/C1
      C6=-C3
      C4=C1
      C5=C2
    SATURATION FUNCTION, FZ(SIG)
      CALL SA(FZ, SIG, C1, C2, C3, C4, C5, C6)
      IF(ED.LT.0.5) GO TO 3
C--ENGINE THRUST REDUCTION FUNCTION
      FR =-SR *ABS (FZ)
C--1ST ORDER LAG ON ENGINE RESPONSE
      IF(IFX.NE.O) FXDOT = (FR*GA-FX)/TC
    3 CONTINUE
C--VEGTORED THRUST MOMENTS
      TY = -FZ*XA
      RETURN
      END
```

Table 201: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE RA

```
CRA
                                      SUBROUTINE RA (XNU, XNV, XNW, XNP)
                                      COMMON /CSIMUL/II, I2, I3, N1, N2, N3, TINC, TMAX
                                                                                                                                                                                          REVISED OCT 22 1976
                 C
                               VERSION 2.
                 CC
                                PURPOSE: GENERATE RANDOM VARIABLES FOR WIND MODEL
                                                                 DISCRETE RANDOM VARIABLES WITH MEAN ZERO AND
                               METHOD:
                 C
                                                                 VARIANCE =2*TINC APPROXIMATE UNIT VARIANCE WHITE NOISE
                 00000
                                ***** OUTPUTS
                                                                                         *****
                                                                                          -NOISE SAMPLES FOR U, V, W GUST VELOCITIES
                                      XNU, XNV, XNW
                                                                                          -NOISE SAMPLE FOR P ANGULAR RATE GUST
                                      XNP
                                DESIGNED BY A.W. WARREN SEPT. 1976
                                       DATA DUM/ . 99999/
                                       SIG= SQRT(TINC+TINC)
                                      CALL RN(XNU, DUM, SIG, O.)
                                      CALL RN(XNV,DUM,SIG,O.)
                                       CALL RN(XNW,DUM,SIG,O.)
CALL KNIXINF DOMESTON DE LA COMPANSION D
                                       CALL RN(XNP,DUM,SIG,O.)
                                                                             ed entire deprintations indicatories of
```

Table 202: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE RENVX

```
CRENVX
      FUNCTION RENVX(IFL, W, T, D)
00000
    PURPOSE - TO CALCULATE REYNOLDS NUMBER OF A FLUID IN AN ELEMENT OF
            CIRCULAR CROSS-SECTION
    METHOD - RE=(4.*W/PI*MU*D)
000000000000000000
    LIMITATIONS -
    WRITTEN BY ADAM LLOYD
                                        LATEST REVISION
                                                           NOV 75
    INPUT/OUTPUT LIST
    RENVX
               REYNOLDS NUMBER
                                                                QUTPUT
    IFL
               INTEGER DESIGNATING FLUID(SEE PROP)---
                                                                INPUT
    W
               FLOW RATE
                                                  LB/MIN
                                                                INPUT
    T
               TEMPERATURE
                                                  DEGR
                                                                INPUT
               DIAMETER
                                                                INPUT
                                                  IN
    NOTE - VISCOSITY IS ONLY FLUID PROPERTY. HENCE INPUT OF SPECIFIC
           HUMIDITY NOT REQUIRED
      COMMON/CIO/IREAD, IWRITE, IDIAG
      XMU= PROP(IFL,2,T)
      RENVX=ABS(916.732*W/(XMU*D))
C
    CONSTANT = 4*12*60/PI
      RETURN
      END
```

Table 203: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE RES

SUBROUTINE RES(X,M,K,R,P)

C

PURPOSE - EVALUATE CABLE STRAIN EQUATION

C

LIMITATIONS - CALLED ONLY BY ROUTINE QNWT IN ROUTINE KINK

C

WRITTEN BY - J.R.KILNER

C

DIMENSION X(1),R(1),P(1)

C

A=X(1)*(1.+X(1))

B=SQRT(A)-X(1)+P(3)

B=9*B

C

R(1)=P(2)+B-A

C

RETURN
END

Table 204: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE RG

```
CRG
     SUBROUTINE RG(P2,P2D,IP2,Q2,Q2D,IQ2,R2,R2D,IR2,PX,PXD,IPX,QX,QXD,
     1 IQX,RX,RXD,IRX,P1,Q1,R1,SL,DMP,WN)
  VERSION: 1.
                                REVISED:
                                          JUNE 1 1976
   PURPOSE: MODEL DYNAMICS AND SATURATION OF THREE RATE GYROS
  METHOD: THE SAME 2ND ORDER DYNAMICS AND SATURATION LIMIT IS
           APPLIED TO EACH RATE GYRO. SATURATION IS APPLIED
           BY INCREASING FEEDBACK SIGNAL AROUND INTEGRATORS BY A
           FACTOR OF 100.
C
  CALL SEQUENCE:
   C
   P2, Q2, R2
             - OUTPUT RATES, RAD/SEC.
C
                 INTERMEDIATE STATES
    PX,QX,RX
C
   ************************************
C
              - INPUT (SENSED) RATES, RAD/SEC.
    P1,Q1,R1
C
                  SATURATION LIMIT, RAD/SEC (SAME FOR ALL GYROS)
C
   DMP
                 DAMPING COEFFICIENT (SAME FOR ALL GYROS)
C
                 NATURAL FREQUENCY, RAD/SEC. (SAME FOR ALL GYROS)
   WN
   DESIGNED BY: J.D. BURROUGHS
                                           JUNE 1976
C
  ======== ROLL RATE ===========
       -- SATURATION FEEDBACK CALCULATION =======
     IF (ABS(P2).GT.SL)FB=100*(P2-SIGN(SL,P2))+SIGN(SL,P2)
     IF(IPX.NE.O)PXO=WN+(P1-FB)
     IF(IP2.NE.O)P2D=WN*(PX-2*DMP*FB)
      ======== PITCH RATE =========
      --- SATURATION FEEDBACK CALCULATION =======
     IF(ABS(Q2).GT.SL)FB=100*(Q2-SIGN(SL,Q2))+SIGN(SL,Q2)
     IF (IQX.NE.C)QXD=WN*(Q1-FB)
     IF(IQ2.NE.0)Q2D=WN*(QX-2*DMP*FB)
   ========= YAW RATE ==========
        - SATURATION FEEDBACK CALCULATION =======
      IF(ABS(R2).GT.SL)F8=100*(R2-SIGN(SL,R2))+SIGN(SL,R2)
      IF(IRX.NE.O)RXD=WN*(R1-FB)
      IF (IR2.NE.O)R2D=WN*(RX-2*DMP*FB)
     RETURN
      END
```

Table 205: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE RN

```
CRN
                            SUBROUTINE RN (U, AX, SIG, AMN)
                                                                                                                         REVISED: OCT 7 1976
C VERSION 1.
                  PURPOSE - GENERATES A NORMALLY DISTRIBUTED RANDOM NUMBER
                  CALL SEQUENCE
                                                 U - THE RANDOM NUMBER OUTPUT
                         AX - A START PARAMETER WHICH CONTROLS THE BEGINNING POINT
                                OF THE OUTPUT SEQUENCE. AX SHOULD BE ANY ODD NUMBER
                 GREATER THAN ONE. THE DEFAULT VALUE OF AX IS 43146971.
                                                                    AX IS UPDATED FOR NEW CALLS TO THE SUBROUTINE
                                                    SIG- THE DESIRED STANDARD DEVIATION OF THE SEQUENCE
        C
                                                    AMN- THE DESIRED MEAN OF THE SEQUENCE
                                                                                                                                                                           SEPT. 1976
                   DESIGNED BY
                                                                 ROGER W. CALL
                            DATA 1Y/25396781/
                             IF (AX.EQ.. 99999) AX=43146971.
                                                                                                                         TOBENSEY TURNS - 178,10,19
                             IX=AX
               SUM=0.
         OO 1 I=1,12 A SOR BEAZ BEAZ DATE OF THE SERVICE OF 
                             SUM=SUM+IX/281474976710655.
                       1 AX=IX
                             U=(SUM-6.0)*SIG+AMN
                             RETURN
                             IN LARSEPZI GT. SLIFE WIDDAY PZ-SISHISK, PZIN *SIGNISK. PZI ONE
```

Table 206: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE ROTATE

```
CROTATE
       SUBROUTINE ROTATE TEAMT CHANTASHARME TOOKHARASTE SATTERORADE
   BMATRIX TRANSFORMS A VECTOR FROM VEHICLE FRAME TO INERTIAL FRAME
       COMMON/STATE/PPLM, PCH, PTK, SINKRT, YCG, DPHI, DTHETA, THETAE, PHIE, SIE
      1 ,XV,VV,QFANX
       COMMON/BTERM/B11, B12, B13, B21, B22, B23, B31, B32, B33
COMMON/FLAGS/ICLN, IDIF, IFLAG, ISTAT, IPP, IPRV, MM, NSTOP
 C CALCULATE TRANSCENDENTALS
                        CAPABILITY IS DEPENDENT ON ENGINE
       CSIE=COS(SIE)
       CPHIE=COS (PHIE)
       CTHETAE=COS(THETAE)
       SSIE=SIN(SIE)
       SPHIE=SIN(PHIE)
       STHETAE=SIN(THETAE)
   COMPUTE TRANSLATION MATRIX ELEMENTS
       Bll=csie*cphie+sthetae*sphie*ssie
       B12=SPHIE*CTHETAE
       B13=-SSIE*CPHIE+STHETAE*SPHIE*CSIE
       B21=-SPHIE*CSIE+SSIE*CPHIE*STHETAE
       B22=CPHIE*CTHETAE
       B23=SPHIE*SSIE+CSIE*CPHIE*STHETAE
       B31=SSIE+CTHETAE OT JANGIE METEVE HORTHOD THANDHIA
       B3Z=-STHETAE
       B33=CSIE+CTHETAE
       RETURN
       END
```

WATELEN SA WANTADASE MAKE COMPONENT WARNED

IPITEL ME O PROOF - IER-GA-PRIATE

-- SATURATION INTERCEPT

Table 207: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE RT

```
CRT
      SUBROUTINE RT(FX,FXDOT,IFX,FZ,TX,ED,TM,ST,SR,C1,C2,SIG,
    1 GA,TC,TH,YA)
C
    VERSION 1.
                                    AUGUST 19, 1977
C
C
    PURPOSE ROLL CONTROL THRUSTER
C-METHOD
            VECTORED THRUST IS A FUNCTION OF SIG IN A SATURATION FUNCTION,
            WHERE SIG IS AN INPUT FROM AIRCRAFT CONTROL SYSTEM COMPONENT.
C
C
            IF THE ENGINE DEPENDENCE INDICATOR ED IS 1, VECTORED THRUST
C
            CAPABILITY IS DEPENDENT ON ENGINE THRUST ED=0 SETS AVEILABLE
            VECTORED THRUST TO A CONSTANT.
C--CALL SEQUENCE
C
   **** OUTPUTS ****
C
               ENGINE THRUST REDUCTION
     FXDOT, IFX THRUST REDUCTION RATE, INT CONTROL
C
C
     FZ
               VECTORED THRUST-VERTICAL FORCE
C
               ROLL MOMENT DUE TO THRUSTER NOT ON X-AXIS
     TX
C
   **** INPUTS ****
C
     ED
               ENGINE DEPENDENCE INDICATOR (ED=1.0, YES ED=0.0, NO)
C
     TM
               THRUSTER MAXIMUM FORCE FOR ENGINE INDEPENDENT SYSTEM
C
     ST
               SLOPE FOR VECTORED THRUST AS FUNCTION OF ENGINE THRUST
C
     SR
               SLOPE OF ENGINE THRUST REDUCTION AS FUNCTION OF VECTORED THE
C
     CI
               SATURATION FUNCTION SLOPE
C
     C2
               SATURATION SLOPE
C
     SIG
               AIRCRAFT CONTROL SYSTEM SIGNAL TO THRUSTER
C
     GA
               FIRST ORDER LAG GAIN
C
               FIRST ORDER LAG TIME CONSTANT
     TC
C
               ENGINE THRUST
     TH
C
               THRUSTER ROLL MOMENT ARM
     YA
                  MAHINDER WAHI (BASED ON COMPONENT *YC*)
    WRITTEN BY
C-SWITCH FOR ENGINE DEPENDENCE
      IF (ED.GT.0.5) GO TO 1
      TVA=TM
      GO TO 2
C--AVAILABLE VECTORED THRUST
    1 TVA=ST*TH
C--SATURATION INTERCEPT
    ? C3=TVA/C1
      C6=-C3
      C4=C1
      C5=C2
    SATURATION FUNCTION, FZ(SIG)
      CALL SA(FZ, SIG, C1, C2, C3, C4, C5, C6)
      IF (ED.LT.0.5) GO TO 3
C--ENGINE THRUST REDUCTION FUNCTION
      FR =- SR * ABS (FZ)
C--1ST ORDER LAG ON ENGINE RESPONSE
      IF(IFX.NE.O) FXDOT = (FR*GA-FX)/TC
    3 CONTINUE
C--VECTORED THRUST MOMENTS
      TX = FZ*YA
      RETURN
      END
```

Table 208: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE SA

```
CSA
      SUBROUTINE SA(FO, FIN, C1, C2, C3, C4, C5, C6)
                                      PURPOSE - TO SIMULATE SATURA
000000
    PURPOSE - TO SIMULATE SATURATION
    METHOD - SEE CODING. C3 AND C6 ARE VALUES OF THE INPUT AT WHICH
             SATURATION OCCURS. C3 IS GREATER THAN C6. THE ROUTINE
0000000000000
             CAN SIMULATE A CHANGE OF SLOPE AT THE ORIGIN (C1.NE.C4)
             PROVIDED C6 IS LESS THAN ZERO. SIMILARLY THE SLOPES
             IN THE SATURATION REGION (C2 AND C5)CAN DIFFER.
             THE SLOPES CAN BE POSITIVE OR NEGATIVE
    WRITTEN BY - ADAM LLOYD
                                             LATEST REVISION - NOV 75
    LIMITATIONS - USE OF ZERO SLOPES (C2=0 OR C5=0) IN THE SATURATION
                  REGION SHOULD BE AVOIDED. IT IS DESIRABLE THAT THE
                  SLOPE RATIOS C1/C2 AND C4/C5 SHOULD NOT EXCEED 100.
                  EXCESSIVE SLOPE RATIOS MAY RESULT IN VERY SLOW
                  CONVERGENCE
C
C
C
    INPUT/OUTPUT LIST
C
C
               OUTPUT VARIABLE ANY
    FO
                                                            OUTPUT VAR
C
               INPUT VARIABLE
                                            ANY
    FIN
                                                            INPUT
C
    Cl
               SLOPE
                                   ) FIRST ANY
                                                            INPUT
                                                                    PARAM
               SATURATION SLOPE
                                              ANY
000
    CZ
                                   ) SLOPE
                                                            INPUT
                                                                    PARAM
    C3
               SATURATION INTERCEPT)
                                              ANY
                                                            INPUT
    C4
               SLOPE
                                   ) SECOND
                                              ANY
                                                            INPUT
                                                                    PARAM
C
               SATURATION SLOPE
    C5 MI
                                                            INPUT
                                   ) SLOPE
                                              ANY
                                                                   PARAM
               SATURATION INTERCEPT)
                                              ANY
                                                            INPUT
                                                                   PARAM
      IF(FIN.GT.C3)GO TO 10
      IF(FIN.LT.C6)GO TO 20
      IF(FIN.LT.0.)GO TO 30
      FO=C1*FIN
      GO TO 100
    POSITIVE SATURATION
 10
      FO=C1*C3+C2*(FIN-C3)
      GD TO 100
    NEGATIVE SATURATION
 20
      FO=C4*C6+C5*(FIN-C6)
      GO TO 100
    NEGATIVE UNSATURATED
 30
      FO=C4*FIN
 100
      RETURN
      END
```

Table 209: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE SB

```
CSB
     SUBROUTINE S8(FO, FIN, C1, C2, C3, C4, C5, C6, C7, C8)
    PURPOSE - TO SIMULATE SATURATION WITH A DEAD BAND
    METHOD - SEE CODING.
  WRITTEN BY - GEORGE DULEBA LATEST REVISION - FEB 77
    LIMITATIONS - C1 MUST BE POSITIVE
                 C3 MUST BE GREATER THAN C1
                 C5 MUST BE POSITIVE
                 C7 MUST BE GREATER THAN O.
                 CZ MUST BE NEGATIVE
 C4 MUST BE LESS THAN C2
C6 MUST BE NEGATIVE
C8 MUST BE GREATER THAN 0.
C
    INPUT/OUTPUT LIST
              OUTPUT VARIABLE
    FO
                                              ANY OUTPUT VAR
              INPUT VARIABLE
    FIN
                                               ANY
                                                         INPUT
                                                               VAR
C
    Cl
              POSITIVE DEAD BAND ON FIN ANY
                                                         INPUT
                                                                VAR
              NEGATIVE DEAD BAND ON FIN ANY
C
    C2
                                                         INPUT
                                                                VAR
              POSITIVE SATURATION INTERCEPT ANY NEGATIVE SATURATION INTERCEPT ANY
C
    C3
                                                        INPUT
                                                                VAR
C
    C4
                                                         INPUT
                                                                VAR
C
    C5
              POSITIVE SATURATION LIMIT ON FO ANY
                                                                VAR
                                                         INPUT
c
              NEGATIVE SATURATION LIMIT ON FO
    C6
                                              ANY
                                                                VAR
                                                         INPUT
C
    C7
             SATURATION SLOPE
                                          ANY
                                                         INPUT VAR
C
    C8
             SATURATION SLOPE
                                             ANY
                                                         INPUT VAR
C
C
      IF(FIN.GT.C3) GO TO 50
      IF(FIN.LT.C4) GO TO 60
      SLZERO= .001*C6/C2
      IF(C5.LT.-C6) SLZERO= .001*C5/C1
      YP= SLZERO*C1
      YN= SLZERO +C2
      SLNEG=(C6-YN)/(C4-C2)
      SLPLUS=(C5-YP)/(C3-C1)
      FO =SLZERO*FIN
      IF(FIN.LT.O.) GO TO 40
      IF(FIN.GT.C1) FO=YP+SLPLUS*(FIN-C1)
      GQ TQ 100
   40 IF(FIN.LT.C2) FO=YN+SLNEG*(FIN-C2)
      GO TO 100
   50 FO=C5+C7*(FIN-C3)
      GO TO 100
   60 FO=C6+C8*(FIN-C4)
  100 RETURN
      END
```

```
CSEGMNT
     SUBROUTINE SEGMNT(ICALL)
 REAL L, L1, L2, LS, LP, MASS 1380200 45 A T 884 Y SD442 1814- (E 1140)
C
     COMMON/SPACE/N, M, BETA, DELX, XCX(100), ZCX(100), XG(100), YG(100),
    12G(100), SL4(100), YGH(100), ISEG(100), ITYP(100), DELTA(100), XCHI(100)
    2, ZCHI (100), XCG
     COMMON/GEOMET/A,B,HYI,L,D,LS,LP,SH,NH,AH,NR,PHI1,PHI2,R1,R2,L1,L2,
    1A1,A2,X1,X2,HY
     COMMON/FLAGS/ICLN, IDIF, IFLAG, ISTAT, IPP, IPRV, MM, NSTOP
     COMMON/SAVE/R11,R21,PH111,PH121,L11,L21,A11,A21,D2D2HB1,DXAMABI,
    1 BETAD21, SINPHRI, D2I, SINPH2I, A1MA2, X1I, X2I, X12I, SI
     DATA PI/3.141592653/
C IF FIRST CALL, COMPUTE PARTIAL TERMS AND NUMBER SEGMENTS
     IF(ICALL) 20,30,20
30
     RLSH=0.5*LS
C BETA IS CURVED SEGMENT ARC ANGLE
     BETA=PI/2./FLOAT(N)
C DELX IS STRAIGHT SEGMENT LENGTH
     DELX=LS/FLOAT(2*M)
     BETA2=1.33333*SIN(BETA/2.)/BETA
  NUMBERING OF SEGMENTS ACCORDING TO THEIR POSITION IN THE TRUNK
     DO 11 I=1,NSTOP
     IF(I.LE.N)ISEG(I)=1
     IF(I.GT.N.AND.I.LE.N+M)ISEG(I)=2
     IF(I.GT.N+M.AND.I.LE.N+2+M)ISEG(I)=3
     IF(I.GT.N+2*M.AND.I.LE.2*(N+M))ISEG(I)=4
     IF(I.GT.2*(N+M).AND.I.LE.3*N+2*M)ISEG(I)=5
     IF(I.GT.3*N+2*M.AND.I.LE.3*(N+M))ISEG(I)=6
     IF(I.GT.3*(N+M).AND.I.LE.3*N+4*M)ISEG(I)=7
     IF(I.GT.3*N+4*M.AND.I.LE.4*(N+M))ISEG(I)=8
  11 CONTINUE
C
C
EVALUATING PROPERTIES OF SEGMENTS
ITYP=1 FOR CURVED SEGMENT,=0 FOR STRAIGHT SEGMENT
  XCX AND ZCX ARE X AND Z COORDINATES RESP. OF THE SEGMENT CENTER
  XCHI AND ZCHI ARE X AND Z COORDINATES RESP. OF THE CUSHION
  PRESSURE CENTER FOR A SEGMENT, WHEN IT IS OUT OF GROUND CONTACT
 DELTA IS SEGMENT CENTER ANGLE RELATIVE TO CG
20
      CONTINUE
     D2=0.5*D+R2*SIN(PHI2)
     DO 10 I=1,NSTOP
     KGO=ISEG(I)
     GO TO (1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8), KGO
C CURVED SEGMENT
C IF NOT INITIAL CALL SKIP CALCULATIONS
     IF(ICALL) 10,100,10
100
     ITYP(I)=1
     DELTA(I)=(FLOAT(I-1)+0.5)*BETA
```

```
COSDEL=COS (DELTA(I))
       XCX(I)=-(RLSH+D2I*COSDEL)
       ZCX(I)=D2I*SIN(DELTA(I))
       XCHI(I) =- (RLSH+D2I*BETA2*COSDEL)
       ZCHI(I)=ZCX(I)*BETA2
GO TO 10
     2 ITYP(1)=0
       XCX(I)=-RLSH+(FLOAT(I-1-N)+0.5)+DELX
       ZCX(I)=02
       XCHI(I)=XCX(I)
  ZCHI(I)=ZCX(I)*0.5
GO TO 10
C STRAIGHT SEGMENT
     3 ITYP(1)=0
       XCX(I)=(FLQAT(I-N-M-1)+0.5)*DELX
       ZCX(1)=02
       XCHI(I)=XCX(I)
       ZCHI(I)=ZCX(I)+0.5
       GO TO 10
  C CURVED SEGMENT
  C IF NOT INITIAL CALL SKIP CALCULATIONS
       IF(ICALL)10,400,10
ITYP(I)=1
  400
         ITYP(I)=1
       DELTA(I)=(FLOAT(I-N-2*M-1)+0.5)*BETA
       SINDEL=SIN(DELTA(I))
XCX(I)=RLSH+D2I*SINDEL
       ZCX(I)=D2I*COS(DELTA(I))
XCHI(I)=RLSH+D2I*BETA2*SINDEL
ZCHI(I)=ZCX(I)*BETA2
GO TO 10
  C CURVED SEGMENT
  C IF NOT INITIAL CALL SKIP CALCULATIONS
  5
       IF(ICALL) 10,500,10
  500
       ITYP(I)=1
       DELTA(I)=(FLOAT(I-2*N-2*M-1)+0.5)*8ETA
       COSDEL=COS(DELTA(I))
XCX(I)=RLSH+D2I*COSDEL
ZCX(I)=-D2I*SIN(DELTA(I))
       XCHI(I)=RLSH+D2I*COSDEL*BETA2
  ZCHI(I)=ZCX(I)*BETA2
GO TO 10
C STRAIGHT SEGMENT
      6 ITYP(I)=0
       XCX(I)=RLSH-(FLOAT(I-3*N-2*M-1)+0.5)*DELX
       ZCX(I)=-02
       XCHI(I)=XCX(I)
       ZCHI(I)=ZCX(I)*0.5
       GO TO 10
  C STRAIGHT SEGMENT
      7 ITYP(I)=0
       XCX(I)=-(FLOAT(I-3*N-3*M-1)+0.5)*DELX
       ZCX(I)=-02
       XCHI(I)=XCX(I)
       ZCHI(I)=ZCX(I)*0.5
       GO TO 10
```

Table 210: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE SEGMNT (CONCLUDED)

P.PO.IN - Y AXIS ANGULAR VELOCITY.ACCEL.INT CONTROL. DECKSES

S. XH.IX - X AXIS POSITION, VELOCITY, INT CONTROL FT
Y. YB.IY - Y AXIS POSITION VELOCITY, INT CONTROL FT
Z. ZO. 12 - -2 AXIS POSITION (ACT), VELOCITY, INT CONTOL, RT

TIMEAR ACCES EVATIONS - SOOM ARES

UNOT - SAXIS LINEAR ACCESERATION, PT/SECZ

VOOT - VAXIS LINEAR ACCESERATION, PT/SECZ

VOOT - VAXIS LINEAR ACCESERATION, FT/SECZ

VOOT - VAXIS LINEAR ACCESERATION, FT/SECZ

VOOT - VAXIS LINEAR ACCESERATION, FT/SECZ

MCHENTS OF INSETIA

XI.YI.**ZZZ - X.**, Z AXIS MOMENTS OF INSETIA, SLOG-FTE

ZZZ,YI.**ZZZ - PRODUCT OF INSETIA, SLOG-FTE

Table 211: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE SG

```
CSG
      SUBROUTINE SG(U,UD,IU,V,VD,IV,W,WD,IW,P,PD,IP,Q,QD,IQ,
     1 R,RD,IR,ROL,ROLD,IROL,PIT,PITD,IPIT,YAW,YAWD,IYAW,
     2 X,XD,IX,Y,YD,IY,Z,ZD,IZ,POOT,QDOT,ROOT,
     3 ROLDOT, PITDOT, YAWDOT, XDOT, YDOT,
     4 UDOT, VOOT, WOOT, TX, TY, TZ, XXI, YYI, ZZI, XZI, XYI, YZI)
                                 MAY 11 1978
    VERSION 5.
   PURPOSE
             SIX DEGREE OF FREEDOM NONSYMETRIC RIGID BODY EQUATIONS OF MOT
C
   METHOD
C
            EULER ANGLES
C
   CALL SEQUENCE
C
   **** OUTPUTS ****
C
    LINEAR VELOCITIES -- BODY AXES
C
       U,UD,IU
                    - X AXIS LINEAR VELOCITY, ACCEL, INT CONTROL, FT/SEC
C
                    - Y AXIS LINEAR VELOCITY, ACCEL, INT CONTROL, FT/SEC
       V, VD, IV
C
                    - Z AXIS LINEAR VELOCITY, ACCEL, INT CONTROL, FT/SEC
       W.WD.IW
CCCC
    ANGULAR VELOCITIES -- BODY AXES
                    - X AXIS ANGULAR VELOCITY, ACCEL, INT CONTROL, DEG/SEC
       P,PD,IP
                    - Y AXIS ANGULAR VELOCITY, ACCEL, INT CONTROL, DEG/SEC
       Q,QD,IQ
                    - Z AXIS ANGULAR VELOCITY, ACCEL, INT CONTROL, DEG/SEC
       R,RD,IR
CCC
    EULER ANGLES -- EARTH TO BODY - YAW, PITCH, ROLL
       ROL, ROLD, IROL - ROLL ANGLE, RATE, INT CONTROL, DEG
C
       PIT, PITD, IPIT - PITCH ANGLE, RATE, INT CONTROL, DEG
0000000
       YAW, YAWD, IYAW - YAW ANGLE, RATE, INT CONTROL, DEG
    POSITIONS -- EARTH AXES
       X,XD,IX
                    - X AXIS POSITION, VELOCITY, INT CONTROL, FT
       Y,YD,IY
                    - Y AXIS POSITION, VELOCITY, INT CONTROL, FT
                    - - Z AXIS POSITION (ALT), VELOCITY, INT CONTOL, FT
       Z,ZD,IZ
    ANGULAR ACCELERATIONS --
                                BODY AXES
                    - X AXIS ANGULAR ACCELERATION, DEG/SEC2
       POOT
C
       TOOS
                    - Y AXIS ANGULAR ACCELERATION, DEG/SEC2
C
                    - Z AXIS ANGULAR ACCELERATION, DEG/SEC2
       ROOT
C
    EULER ANGULAR RATES -- EARTH TO BODY AXES
C
                    - ROLL ANGLE RATE, DEG/SEC2
       ROLDOT
C
       PITDOT
                    - PITCH ANGLE RATE, DEG/SEC2
C
       YAWDOT
                    - YAW ANGLE RATE, DEG/SEC2
C
                       -- EARTH AXES
    LINEAR VELOCITIES
C
                    - X AXIS LINEAR VELOCITY, FT/SEC
       XDOT
C
       YDOT
                    - Y AXIS LINEAR VELOCITY, FT/SEC
C
  ********
                      INPUTS
                               *******
                               BODY AXES
C
    LINEAR ACCELERATIONS
C
                    - X AXIS LINEAR ACCELERATION, FT/SEC2
       UDOT
C
       VOOT
                    - Y AXIS LINEAR ACCELERATION, FT/SEC2
C
                    - Z AXIS LINEAR ACCELERATION, FT/SEC2
       WOOT
C
    MOMENTS
C
       TX, TY, TZ
                    - X,Y,Z AXIS TORQUES, FTLBS
C
    MOMENTS OF INERTIA
C
       XXI, YYI, ZZI - X, Y, Z AXIS MOMENTS OF INERTIA, SLUG-FT2
       XZI, XYI, YZI - PRODUCT OF INERTIA, SLUG-FT2
CCC
    WRITTEN BY J.D. BURROUGHS
                                          MAY 1976
C
      MODIFIED BY
                                        NOV 1977
                     M.K. WAHI
      DATA RPD, DPR /.01745329,57.29578/
      CP=COS (PIT*RPD)
      SP=SIN(PIT*RPD)
```

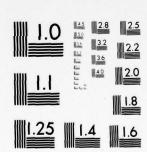
550

```
CR =COS (ROL *RPD)
      SR=SIN(ROL*RPD)
      P1= P*RPD
      Q1= Q*RPD
      R1= R*RPD
C *********** LINEAR VELOCITY EQUATIONS ***********
      IF (IU.NE.O)UD=UDOT
      IF (IV.NE.O) VD = VDOT
      IF (IW.NE.O)WD= WDOT
 **********
                   ANGULAR VELOCITY EQUATIONS **********
      IF (XZI.EQ. .99999) XZI=0.
      IF(XYI.EQ. .99999) XYI=0.
      IF(YZI.EQ. .99999) YZI=0.
      TXE=TX+YZI*(Q1**2-R1**2)+XZI*P1*Q1-XYI*R1*P1
         +(YYI-ZZI) *Q1*R1
      TYE=TY+XZI*(R1**2-P1**2)+XYI*Q1*R1-YZI*P1*Q1
        +(ZZI-XXI)*R1*P1
      TZE=TZ+XYI*(P1**2-Q1**2)+YZI*R1*P1-XZI*Q1*R1
        +(XXI-YYI) *P1*Q1
      DETI=XXI*(YYI*ZZI-YZI**2)-XYI*(YZI*XZI+ZZI*XYI)
     1
        -XZI*(XYI*YZI+YYI*XZI)
      PD=0.
      QD=0.
      RD=0.
      IF(IP.NE.O) PD=DPR+(TXE+(YYI+ZZI-YZI++2)+TYE+(XYI+ZZI
                    +YZI*XZI)+TZE*(XYI*YZI+YYI*XZI))/DETI
      IF(IQ.NE.O) QD=DPR*(TXE*(XYI*ZZI+YZI*XZI)+TYE*(XXI*ZZI
                    -XZI**2)+TZE*(XXI*YZI+XYI*XZI))/DETI
     1
      IF(IR.NE.O) RD=OPR*(TXE*(XYI*YZI+YYI*XZI)+TYE*(XXI*YZI
     1
                    +XYI*XZI)+TZE*(XXI*YYI-XYI**2))/DETI
C ************
                    EULER ANGLE EQUATIONS
                                          ********
      IF(IPIT.NE.O)PITD=Q*CR-R*SR
      IF(CP.NE.O.)PSID=(Q*SR+R*CR)/CP
      IF (IYAW.NE.O)YAWD=PSID
      IF (IROL .NE .O) ROLD = P+PS ID *SP
 ********** POSITION EQUATIONS
                                      *********
             TEST IF X AND Y (LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE) ARE BOTH FROZEN
      SPSR=SP*SR
      SPCR=SP*CR
      CY=COS (YAW*RPD)
      SY=SIN(YAW*RPD)
      IF(IX.NE.O)XD=CY*CP*U+(-SY*CR+CY*SPSR)*V+(SY*SR+CY*SPCR)*W
      IF(IY .NE.O)YD=SY*CP*U+(CY*CR+SY*SPSR)*V+(-CY*SR+SY*SPCR)*W
      IF(IZ.NE.O)ZD=SP*U-CP*SR*V-CP*CR*W
 *********** ANGULAR ACCELERATIONS (FOR OUTPUT PURPOSES ONLY) ****
      POOT=PD
      QDQT=QD
      RDOT=RD
 ***** EULER ANGLE RATES (FOR OUTPUT PURPOSES ONLY) *****
      ROLDOT=ROLD
      PITDOT=PITO
      OWAY=TOOWAY
 ***** LINEAR VELOCITIES IN EARTH AXES (OUTPUT ONLY) *****
      XDOT=XD
      YDOT=YD
      RETURN
                                 551
```

BOEING AEROSPACE CO SEATTLE WA BOEING MILITARY AIRPL--ETC F/G 9/2
EASY ACLS DYNAMIC ANALYSIS. VOLUME II. PART II. COMPONENT COMPU--ETC(U)
SEP 79 M K WAHI, G S DULEBA, P R PERKINS F33615-77-C-3054
AFFDL-TR-79-3105-VOL-2-PT- NL AD-A079 803 UNCLASSIFIED 3 OF 4 ADA 079803

3 OF

ADA 079803



MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART
NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS-1963-A

Table 211: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE SG (CONCLUDED)

END

Table 212: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE SHAPET

```
CSHAPE1
      SUBROUTINE SHAPEL(ICALL)
C INITIAL ASSESSMENT OF AREAS. VOLUMES ASSUMING
C NO GROUND CONTACT
      REAL L.L1, L2, LS, LP, MASS
      REAL LII, LZI
C
      COMMON/AREAV/S, AATFN, APLAT, APLCH, APLTK, ATKAT, ATKCH, AGAP, ATK, ACH,
     1 ATKCN, APRV, VCH, VTK, VPLM, VCHD, VFAN, ATKATC, ATKCHC
      COMMON/SHAPE/AGAPI(100), AGAPR(100), ATKI(100), ATKR(100), ATKCHI(100)
     1,ATKCHR(100),ATKATI(100),ATKATR(100),ACHI(100),ACHR(100)
     2, A TKCNI (100), ATKCNR (100), VCHI (100), VCHR (100), VTK I (100), VTKR (100)
     3,XCH(100),XTK(100),ZCH(100),ZTK(100),PERI(100)
      COMMON/SPACE/N, M, BETA, DELX, XCX(100), ZCX(100), XG(100), YG(100),
     1ZG(100),SL4(100),YGH(100),ISEG(100),ITYP(100),DELTA(100),XCHI(100)
     2, ZCHI (100), XCG
      COMMON/GEOMET/A,B,HYI,L,D,LS,LP,SH,NH,AH,NR,PHI1,PHI2,R1,R2,L1,L2,
     1A1,A2,X1,X2,HY
      COMMON/STATE/PPLM.PCH.PTK.SINKRT.YCG.DPHI.DTHETA.THETAE.PHIE.SIE
     1 .XV.VV.QFANX
      COMMON/SAVE/R11.R21.PHI11.PHI21.L11.L21.A11.A21.D2D2HB1.DXAMAB1.
     1 BETAD21.SINPHRI.D21.SINPH21.A1MA2.X11.X21.X121.SI
      COMMON/FLAGS/ICLN, IDIF, IFLAG, ISTAT, IPP, IPRV, MM, NSTOP
 COMPUTE GEOMETRY TERMS
      SINPH2=SIN(PHI2)
      SINPHR=SINPH2*R2
      D2=D/2_+SINPHR
      002=0ELX+02
      BDD2=BETA *D2*D2*0.5
       X=B*(A-SINPHR)/(B+HY-R1)
C COMPUTE AREAS OF TRUNK SECTORS
      A1=PHI2/2.0*R2**2
      A2=(R2-HY)/Z.C*SINPHR
      A3=PHI1/2.0*R1**2
      A4=X+9/2.0
      A5=(A-SINPHR-X)/2.0*(HY-R1)
      X1=SINPHR-4.0+(SIN(PHI2/2.0))++2+R2/(3.0+PHI2)
      X2=0.66667*SINPHR
       X3=SINPHR+4.C*(SIN(PHI1/2.0))++2+R1/(3.0+PHI1)
      X4=A-0.333333*X
       X5=SINPHR+0.333333*(A-SINPHR-X)
      AA=A1+A3+A5-A2-A4
      AX=A1+X1-A2+X2+A3+X3-A4+X4+A5+X5
      IF(ICALL.GT.0) GO TO 20
C SAVE TRUNK GEOMETRY TERMS FOR END TRUNK CALCULATIONS
      S=2.0*LS+6.28318*D2
      R1I=R1
      R2I=R2
      PHIII=PHII
      PHIZI=PHI2
      LII=LI
      L2I=L2
      ALI=AL
       AZI=AZ
```

```
SUBBOUT INE SHAPS FEELE.
                               SINPH2I=SINPH2
                               SINPHRI=SINPHR MIMURZA 23MOJOV.24354 TO TRAMEREZA JEITERED
                                                                                                                                                    C NO CROWNO CONTACT
                               X11=X1
                               X2I=X2
                                                                                                                         REAL LYLL, LZ-LS-LP-MASS
                                  AlMAZI=A1-AZ
                               D21=D2
                               SI=S
                              BETAD2I=BETA+D2
     ATA, MIA,
                               X12=(X1*A1-X2*A2)/A1MA2I
DXAMABI=(D*O.5+X12)*A1MA2I*BETA
                               D2D2H8I=02*02*0.5*8ETA
                               DD2I=DELX*D2
                               BDD21=BETA +02+02+0.5
              20 CONTINUE
C COMPUTE TRUNK SEGMENT AREA, VOLUME, CUSHION AREA
                                DO 10 I=1,NSTOP
                               IF(ITYP(I).EQ.1)GO TO 11
              C STRAIGHT PART OF TRUNK
     13 ATKI(I)=AA
                                VTKI(I)=DELX*ATKI(I)
                               ACHI(I)=DD2
              C CURVED PART OF TRUNK POLICE TO BE TO THE TRUNK POLICE TO THE TRU
                                IF(ICALL.GT.0) GO TO 10
                                ATKI(I)=AA
                                XE=AX/ATKI(I)
                                VTKI(1)=8ETA+(D/2.+XE)*ATKI(1)
                                ACHI(1)=8002
               10
                                     CONTINUE
                                RETURN
                                END
```

estable construction of the property of the construction of the co

X = STUPPER OF 13330 3 * (A - Proper - X)

SERVICES LANGUED SER

Inwiia

12H9H0+61113H5H#1 (6+5\11H5)H1181+51+3H14H18+61

TERRET RECORDER TERMS POR ENGRYPHING CAUCULATIONS

Table 213: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE SHAPE2

```
CSHAPE2
     SUBROUTINE SHAPEZ
 CALCULATION OF AREAS AND VOLUMES ASSOCIATED WITH ACLS, KNOWING ITS
 ORIENTATION
     REAL L.LI.LZ.LS.LP.MASS
     REAL LII.LZI
     COMMON/ESTMD/GEC, DAMPC, U, DECCL, HDC, PHA, CENFX, CENFZ, ZEPRV, ZPRV
    1,QP2,SLOPE
     COMMON/AREAV/S,AATFN,APLAT,APLCH,APLTK,ATKAT,ATKCH,AGAP,ATK,ACH,
    1 ATKCN, APRV, VCH, VTK, VPLM, VCHD, VFAN, ATKATC, ATKCHC
     COMMON/SHAPE/AGAPI(100), AGAPR(100), ATK I(100), ATK R(100), ATKCHI(100)
    1,ATKCHR(100),ATKATI(100),ATKATR(100),ACHI(100),ACHR(100)
    2,ATKCNI(100),ATKCNR(100),VCHI(100),VCHR(100),VTKI(100),VTKR(100)
    3, XCH(100), XTK(100), ZCH(100), ZTK(100), PERI(100)
     COMMON/SPACE/N,M,BETA,DELX,XCX(100),ZCX(100),XG(100),YG(100),
     1ZG(100),SL4(100),YGH(100),ISEG(100),ITYP(100),DELTA(100),XCHI(100)
    2, ZCHI (100), XCG
     COMMON/GEOMET/A,B,HYI,L,D,LS,LP,SH,NH,AH,NR,PHI1,PHI2,R1,R2,L1,L2,
    1A1,A2,X1,X2,HY
     COMMON/STATE/PPLM, PCH, PTK, SINKRT, YCG, DPHI, DTHETA, THETAE, PHIE, SIE
      ,XV,VV,QFANX
     COMMON/SAVE/R11, R21, PH111, PH121, L11, L21, A11, A21, D2D2H81, DXAMABI,
    1 BETADZI, SINPHRI, DZI, SINPHZI, ALMAZ, X1I, X2I, X12I, SI
     COMMON/FLAGS/ICLN, IDIF, IFLAG, ISTAT, IPP, IPRV, MM, NSTOP
C.
     DIMENSION ATKRB(100), VTKRA(10G), VTKRB(100)
C
     DATA PI/3.141592653/
 CALL SHAPET TO GET TRUNK SIDE SHAPES
     CALL SHAPE1(1)
C COMPUTE PARTIAL TERMS
      SINPH2=SIN(PHI2)
     SINPHR=SINPH2*R2
     D2=D+0.5+SINPHR
     D2 ISQ=02I *02I
     A1MAZ=A1-AZ
     BETA2=1.33333*S IN (BETA/2.)/BETA
     BETAD2=BETA+D2
     RLSH=LS*0.50
     ADS=AH+DELX/SI
     ABDSI=AH+BETA+D2I/SI
     RNN=FLOAT (NR+NH)
C PART 1
                       I VALUE OF VCH AND AGAP
DO 17 I=1,NSTOP
 TEST FOR TRUNK SEGMENT, WHETHER CURVED OR STRAIGHT
      IF(ITYP(I).EQ.1)GO TO 11
C STRAIGHT PART OF TRUNK
 CALCULATE CUSHION SEGMENT INITIAL VOLUME
       VCHI(I)=(YGH(I)+D2-A1MAZ)+DELX
```

```
C CALCULATE SEGMENT GAP AREA
    AGAPI(I)=(YGH(I)-HY)+DELX
    GO TO 10
 CURVED PART OF TRUNK
    VCHI(I)=YGH(I)+D2D2HBI-DXAMABI
11
    AGAPI(I)=(YGH(I)-HYI)*BETAD2I
C PART 2
                 R VALUE CALCULATIONS
C TEST FOR GROUND CONTACT AT EACH SEGMENT
C FORCE VOLUME AREAS .GE .O
    VOLUME AREAS .GE.O
VCHI(I)=AMAX1(0.0,VCHI(I))
AGAPI(I)=AMAX1(0.0,AGAPI(I))
C TEST SEGMENT FOR CONTACT
    IF(ITYP(I) .EQ.1.AND.YGH(I).LE.HYI) GO TO 14
    IF(ITYP(I).EQ.O.AND.YGH(I).LE.HY) GO TO 23
 NO GROUND CONTACT
C SET CONTACT AND REMOVE TERMS TO ZERO
    ATKR(I)=0.0

ACHR(I)=0.0

VTKR(I)=0.0

VCHR(I)=0.0
    AGAPR(I)=0.0
    ATKCNI(I)=0.0
    ATKCNR(I)=0.0
    ATKCHR(I)=0.0
     ATKATR(I)=0.0
     PERI(1)=0.0
C SET DISTANCES X.Z TO FREE TRUNK VALUES
    XCH(I)=XCHI(I)
     ZCH(I)=ZCHI(I)
     ZTK(I)=ZCH(I)
    XTK(I)=XCH(I)
C COMPUTE TRUNK-CUSHION-ATMOSPHERE BLEED AREAS
     IF(ITYP(I)) 16,16,18
     CONTINUE
C NO CONTACT STRAIGHT SECTIONS
     ATKCHI(I)=FLOAT(IFIX((L2-LP)/SH+1.0) +NH) +ADS
     ATKATI(I)=RNN+ADS-ATKCHI(I)
     GO TO 17
    CONTINUE
C NO CONTACT CURVED SECTIONS
     ATKCHI(I)=FLOAT(IFIX((L2I-LP)/SH+1.0)*NH)*ABDSI
     ATKATI(I)=RNN+ABOSI-ATKCHI(I)
     GO TO 17
TRUNK GROUND CONTACT
C CURVED PART OF TRUNK
 CALCULATE DEFORMATION ANGLES FOR SEGMENT
```

TABLE 211: LISTING FOR SHARRITIME SHAPER FEORYIMUET

```
PHI3=ACOS((R2I-(HYI-YGH(I)))/R2I) ##150 | ##2.0 # AT28 # 11 8 NO # TA
           PHI4=ACOS((R1I-(HYI-YGH(I)))/R1I)
                                                                                         ACHRITISATECHILL
           SINPH3=SIN(PHI3)
                                                                           C COMPUTE CUSHION VOLUME CHANGE
           SINPH4=SIN(PHI4)
                                                              (RIX+3.0=0)=(AMMASATBON=(1)RHJV
C COMPUTE PARTIAL TERMS
                                                                                       C COMPUTE GER AREA CHANGE
           DR SP= ( D2I - R2I + S INPH3)
                                                                                          ACAPA(I) #ACAPI(I)
           OR SP2=ORSP+OR SPOTHED 3 HORR EASTWED BRUZEDRY TWENDER TO BOWATELD D
           COSDEL=COS(DELTA(I))
                                                                                          20 RECTIVETISSINES
           SINDEL=SIN(DELTA(I))
                                                                                        E 村等的主意本等包 对一手空口电子负责
           BEDRSN=BETA2+DRSP+SINDEL HAT BELLE OF ATTE INTERESTED AND
          BEDRCS=9ETA2*DRSP*COSDEL
C COMPUTE REMOVAL SECTORS
                                                      00 followers as a company of the contract of t
           A6=R2I*R2I*PHI3*0.5
           A7=(R2I-HYI+YGH(I))+0.5*R2I*SINPH3
                                                                                                SCHILLI = SEORSN
           A6MA7=A6-A7
                                                                              XIK(I) = -RLSH-XX 2 = EDSDEL
           A8=R1I+R1I+PHI4+0.5
           A9=(R1I-HYI+YGH(I)) +0.5*R1I*SINPH4
           A10=49
           All=A8
C COMPUTE SECTOR CENTROIDS
           X6=SINPHR I-1.333333*(SIN(PHI3*0.5)**2)*R2I/PHI3
           X7=SINPHRI-0.333333#R2I*SINPH3
           X9=SINPHR I+1.3333333*(SIN(PHI4+0.5)++2)+R1I/PHI4
           X9=SINPHRI+0.3333333*R1I*SINPH4
           X1C=X9
                                                                                 ALKAI DARESH+XXG=COSBBE
           X11=X8
           PI 12=PI+0.5
           IF (PHI4.LT.PII2) GO TO 50
C IF PHI4 GREATER THAN 90 DEGREES, SET TO 90 DEGREES
           SINPH4=SIN(PHI4)
                                                                                        ZERL MA-KRESCONET
           A10=(R1I-HYI+YGH(I)) +R1I
           X10=SINPHRI+0.5*R1I
           A11=R1I*R1I*PHI4*0.5
           X11=SINPHR+1.333333*(SIN(PHI4+0.5)++2)+R1I/PHI4
     50 CONTINUE
                                                                                        STRAIGHT PART UP TRUMK
C COMPUTE TRUNK AREA CHANGE
           ATKR(I)=A6MA7+A8-A9
                                                                                COMPLE DERORMATION ANGLES
           ATKR8(I)=A6MA7+A11-A10
           XER=(A6+X6-A7+X7+A8+X8-A9+X9)/ATKR(I)
           XERB=(A6+X6-A7+X7+A11+X11-A10+X10)/ATKRB(I)
C COMPUTE TRUNK VOLUME CHANGE
           VTKRA(I)=BETA+(D+0.5+XER)+ATKR(I) IMEMA-U-J-11XAMA-ELIMANATHE
           VTKRB(I)=ATKRB(I)+9ETA+(D+0.5+XERB) 30MD V3MD A3A WASANGO BANK DO D
           VTKR(I)=2. *VTKRA(I)-VTKRB(I)
           XCR=(A6+X5-A7+X7)/A6MA7
                                                                                            SIMPLE SINIPHIA
C COMPUTE TRUNK EXIT AREAS
           ATKCHI(I)=FLOAT(IFIX((L2I-LP-R2I*PHI3)/SH+1.0)*NH)*ABDSI
           ATKATI(I)=FLOAT(IFIX((L1I-L+LP+FLCAT(NR-1)*SH-R1I*PHI4)/SH+1.0)*NH
         1) * A30SI
           ATKCHR(I)=FLOAT(IFIX((L2I-LP)/SH+1.0)*NH)*ABDSI-ATKCHI(I)
           ATKATR(I)=RNN#ABDSI-ATKCHI(I)-ATKATI(I)-ATKCHR(I)
C COMPUTE CONTACT PERIMETER
                                                                            BEDRCS=BETA2*ORS**COSDEL
           PERI(I)=BETA+(DRSP+D2I+R1I+SINPH4)
                                                                                      C COMPUTE REMOVAL SECTORS
C COMPUTE TRUNK CONTACT AREA
                                                                                        在。 口地名主民特雷尼 內地名 身地 点点
           ATKCNI(1)=BETA=C.5=(D2ISQ-DRSP2)12=SA=2.0+111HDY+YH-SA)=TAN
```

TA-WARTAMAA

```
ATKCNR(I) =BETA+0.5+((D2I+R1I+SINPH4)++2-D2ISQ)
    ACHR(I)=ATKCNI(I)
C COMPUTE CUSHION VOLUME CHANGE
    VCHR(I)=-BETA+A6MA7+(D+0.5+XCR)
 COMPUTE GAP AREA CHANGE
    AGAPR(I)=AGAPI(I)
C DISTANCE OF SEGMENT PRESSURE CENTERS FROM CUSHION CENTER
  29 RR=D2I+R1I*SINPH4
    RR1=021-R2I+SINPH3
    XX2=1.333333+SIN(BETA+0.5)/BETA+(RR++3-RR1++3)/(RR+RR-RR1+RR1)
    KGO=ISEG(I)
    GO TO (61,23,23,64,65,23,23,68),KGO
    XCH(I)=-RLSH-BEDRCS
61
    ZCH(I)=BEDRSN
    XTK(I)=-RLSH-XX2*COSDEL
    ZTK(I)=XX2*SINDEL
    GO TO 17
    XCH(I)=RLSH+BEDRSN
    ZCH(I)=BEDRCS
    XTK(I)=RLSH+XX2*SINDEL
ZTK(I)=XX2*COSDEL
GO TO 17
    XCH(I)=RLSH+BEDRCS
    ZCH(I)=-BEDRSN
    XTK(I)=RLSH+XX2*COSDEL
    ZTK(I)=-XX2*SINDEL
    GO TO 17
    XCH(I)=-RLSH-BEDRSN
68
    XTK(I)=-RLSH-XX2*SINDEL
    ZTK(I)=-XX2*COSDEL
    GO TO 17
C TRUNK GROUND CONTACT
C STRAIGHT PART OF TRUNK
23
    CONTINUE
C COMPUTE DEFORMATION ANGLES
    RHY=((R2-(HY-YGH(I)))/R2)
    PHI3=ACOS (AMAX1(-1.0, AMIN1(1.0, RHY)))
RHY=((R1-(HY-YGH(I)))/R1)
C COMPUTE PARTIAL TERMS
    OR SP=(D2-R2*SINPH3)
    DRSP2=DRSP*DRSP
    COSDEL=COS(DELTA(I))
    SINDEL=SIN (DELTA(I))
    BEDRSN=BETA2*DRSP*SINDEL
BEDRCS=BETA2*DRSP*COSDEL
C COMPUTE REMOVAL SECTORS
A6=R2*R2*PHI3*O.5
                                COMPUTE TRANSCO NUMBER STURMOS
    A7=(R2-HY+YGH(I))+0.5*R2*SINPH3
    A6MA7=A6-A7
                        558
```

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```
A9=(R1-HY+YGH(I))+0.5*R1*SINPH4
    All=AB
C COMPUTE SECTOR CENTROIDS
     X6=SINPHR-1.333333*(SIN(PHI3*0.5)**2)*R2/PHI3
     X7=SINPHR-0.333333*R2*SINPH3
     X8=SINPHR+1.3333333+(SIN(PHI4+0.5)++2)+R1/PHI4
     X9=SINPHR+0.3333333*R1*SINPH4
     X10=X9
     X11=X8
     PII2=PI*0.5
     IF(PHI4.LT.PII2) GO TO 70
C IF PHI4 IS GREATER THAN 90 DEGREES, SET TO 90 DEGREES
     PHI4=PII2
     SINPH4=SIN(PHI4) IN CHA ZABRA TO SLATOT OLIF OF STREETS NO RODL O
     A10=(R1-HY+YGH(I)) *R1
     X10=SINPHR+0.5*R1
     A11=R1+R1+PHI4+0.5
     X11=SINPHR+1.3333333+(SIN(PHI4+0.5)++2)+R1/PHI4
     CONTINUE
C COMPUTE TRUNK AREA CHANGE
     ATKR(I)=A6MA7+A8-A9
                               FIRMONTA-FD FONDATA-MONTA-MONTA
     ATKR8(1)=A6MA7+A11-A10
     VTKRA(I)=ATKR(I)+DELX
     VTKRB(I)=ATKRB(I) *DELX
     VTKR(I)=2.*VTKRA(I)-VTKR8(I)
C COMPUTE CUSHION VOLUME CHANGE
     VCHR(I)=-DELX*A6MA7
C COMPUTE TRUNK EXIT AREAS
     ATKATI(I)=FLOAT(IFIX((L1-L+LP+FLOAT(NR-1)+SH-R1+PHI4)/SH+1.0)+NH)
    1*ADS
     ATKCHI(I)=FLOAT(IFIX((L2-LP-R2*PHI3)/SH+1.)*NH)*ADS
     ATKCHR(I)=FLOAT(IFIX((L2-LP)/SH+1.0)*NH)*ADS-ATKCHI(I)
     ATKATR(I)=RNN*ADS-ATKCHI(I)-ATKATI(I)-ATKCHR(I)
C COMPUTE TRUNK CONTACT AREA
     ATKCNI(I)=R2*SINPH3*DELX
     ATKCNR(I)=R1+SINPH4+DELX
C COMPUTE TRUNK CONTACT PERIMETER
C COMPUTE TRUNK VOLUME CHANGE
     PERI(I)=2.*DELX
C COMPUTE GAP AREA CHANGE
     ACHR(I)=ATKCNI(I)
      AGAPR(I) = AGAPI(I)
     KGO=ISEG(I)
C COMPUTE SEGMENT CONTACT CENTER OF PRESSURE FOR CUSHION AND TRUNK
     GO TO (17,62,62,17,17,66,66,17),KGO
  62 XCH(I)=XCX(I)
     ZCH(I)=0.5*(D2-R2*SINPH3)
     XTK(I)=XCX(I)
     ZTK(I)=D2+0.5*(R1*SINPH4-R2*SINPH3)
     GO TO 17
  66 XCH(I)=XCX(I)
     ZCH(I)=-0.5*(D2-R2*SINPH3)
     XTK(I)=XCX(I)
     ZTK(I)=-(D2+0.5*(R1*SINPH4-R2*SINPH3))
```

```
17 CONTINUE
PART 3
                    SUMMATION OF SEGMENT AREAS VOLUMES
C SET TOTAL AREA AND VOLUMES TO ZERO
     ATKCN=0.0
      VTK=0.0
     ACH=0.0
     ATKCH=0.0
     ATKAT=0.0
     VCH=0.0
     AGAP=0.0
     ATKATC=0.
     ATKCHC=0.
C LOOP ON SEGMENTS TO FIND TOTALS OF AREAS AND VOLUMES.
     DO 30 I=1, NSTOP
     VTK=VTK+
               (VTKI(I)-VTKR(I))
               (ACHI(I)-ACHR(I))
     ATKCH=ATKCH+ATKCHI(I)
     ATKAT=ATKAT+ATKATI(I)
     VCH=VCH+
              (VCHI(I)-VCHR(I))
     ATKCN=ATKCN+ATKCNI(I)+ATKCNR(I)
     AGAP=AGAP+ (AGAPI(I)-AGAPR(I))
     ATKATC=ATKATC+ATKATR(I)
     ATKCHC=ATKCHC+ATKCHR(I)
30
     CONTINUE
     AGAP=AMAX1 (AGAP,0.0)
     VTK=AMAX1(0.0,VTK)
     VCH=AMAX1(0.0,(VCH+VCHD))
     VCH=AMAX1(0.0.VCH)
     ATKCH=AMAX1(0.000.ATKCH)
     ATKAT=AMAX1(0.000, ATKAT)
     ACH=AMAX1 (0.0.ACH)
     ATKATC=AMAX1(0.0, ATKATC)
     ATKCHC=AMAX1(0.0, ATKCHC)
     RETURN
     END
```

Table 214: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE SHCP

```
CSHCP
      FUNCTION SHCP(T,SH)
PURPOSE - TO CALCULATE SPECIFIC HEAT OF MOIST AIR (AIR + VAPOR)
    METHOD
           - SPECIFIC HEAT OF DRY AIR FROM KEENAN AND KAYE, USING
           - POLYNOMIAL APPROXIMATIONS
           - SPECIFIC HEAT OF VAPOR FROM KEENAN AND KEYES, TAKEN AT
           - 0.2 PS1 PARTIAL PRESSURE
    WRITTEN BY - ADAM LLOYD LATEST REVISION
                                                         NOV 75
    LIMITATIONS - TEMPERATURE 300-1600 DEGR
    INPUT/OUTPUT LIST
    SHCP
              SPECIFIC HEAT OF MOIST AIR
                                               BTU/LB DEGR
                                                             OUTPUT
              TEMPERATURE
                                               DEGR
                                                             INPUT
    SH
              SPECIFIC HUMIDITY
                                               LB/LB
                                                             INPUT
     COMMON/ERMESS/IFATAL, IERR
     COMMON/CIO/IREAD, IWRITE, IDIAG
      X=T/1000.
     X=AMAX1(AMIN1(X,1.6),0.4)
      CP=((-.01493056*X+.05767857)*X-.04204563)*X+.2478786
      SHCP= (CP + .46*SH)/(1.+SH)
C
    TEST IF AIR TEMPERATURES ARE WITHIN VALID RANGE
      IF(T.GE.300.AND.T.LE.1600.)GO TO 100
    TEST FOR DIAGNOSTIC PRINT OUT
     IF (IERR.NE.1)GO TO 100
     WRITE(IWRITE,9999)
 9999 FORMAT(10X,32HNON FATAL ERROR CALLED FROM SHCP/
     1 10X,34HTEMPERATURE NOT WITHIN VALID RANGE)
 100 RETURN
      END
```

Table 215: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE SIDEFS

```
CSIDEFS
      SUBROUTINE SIDEFS(Y,M,K,R.P)
00000000000000000
    VERSION 2
                                      REVISED MARCH 1979
    WRITTEN BY - GS DULEBA
    PURPOSE - TO COMPUTE THE SHAPE PARAMETERS FOR AN ELASTIC
              TRUNK SIDE ELEMENT IN THE FREE CONFIGURATION.
    METHOD - MERIDIAN SHAPE IS ASSUMED TO BE TWO CONNECTED
             CIRCULAR ARCS(INNER AND OUTER). MERIDIAN LOAD
             IS COMPUTED USING MEMBRANE THEORY AND
             ASSUMED SHAPE. MERIDIAN STRAIN IS CALCULATED
             FROM LOAD/DEFLECTION CURVE AND MUST BE COMPATIBLE
             WITH ASSUMED SHAPE TO BE A VALID SOLUTION.
    NOMENCLATURE
000000
      RI
             RADIUS OF OUTER ARC
      PH1
             SWEPT ANGLE OF OUTER ARC
      R2
             RADIUS OF INNER ARC
      PH2
             SWEPT ANGLE OF OUTER ARC
      NP
             MERIDIAN LOAD
      EP
             MERIDIAN STRAIN
      COMMON/ELAST/L2, NPH, DUM(7), EP, D
      REAL L1, L2, L10, L20, NP, NT, NEP
      DIMENSION Y(1),R(1),P(1)
      DATA PI2/6.283185/, THC/6./
C
      R1=Y(1)
      PH1=Y(2)
      PH2=Y(3)
      R2=R1*P(6)/P(5)
C
      S1=SIN(PH1)
      C1=COS(PH1)
      S2=SIN(PH2)
      C2=COS(PH2)
      XL1=0.
      IF(PH1.GT.THC) XL1=.5/(THC-PI2)*(PH1-PI2)*(PH1-PI2)
      L1=R1*(PH1+1000.*XL1)
      L2=R2*PH2
    CALCULATE MERIDIAN LOAD AND STRAIN
      NP=P(6)*R1
      NT=NP*P(9)
      NEP=NP-P(9)#NT
      EP=T8LU1(NEP, P(12), P(NPH+12), 1, NPH)
C
    COMPUTE DEFLATED LENGTHS FOR L1 AND L2
      L10=(1.+P(7))*L1/(1.+EP)
      L20=(1.+P(7))*L2/(1.+EP)
```

Table 215: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE SIDEFS (CONCLUDED)

```
C COMPUTE RESIDUALS (=0. FOR SOLUTION)

R(1)= P(4)-L10-L20

R(2)= P(2)-R1*S1-R2*S2

R(3)= P(3)-R1*(1.-C1)+R2*(1.-C2)

P(11)=R2*(1.-C2)

C

RETURN

END
```

POIS-INCREASE WHICH PRINCIPLES AND THE RELEASE TOWN TO THE LESS AND THE PRINCIPLES AND TH

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```
CSIDELS
      SUBROUTINE SIDELS(Y,M,K,R,P)
C
00000
    VERSION 2
                                        REVISED MARCH 1979
    WRITTEN BY - GS DULEBA
    PURPOSE - TO COMPUTE THE SHAPE PARAMETERS FOR AN ELASTIC
C
               TRUNK SIDE ELEMENT IN THE LOADED CONFIGURATION.
C
C
    METHOD - MERIDIAN SHAPE IS ASSUMED TO BE TWO CONNECTED
C
             CIRCULAR ARCS(INNER AND OUTER). MERIDIAN LOAD
C
              IS COMPUTED USING MEMBRANE THEORY AND
C
              ASSUMED SHAPE. MERIDIAN STRAIN IS CALCULATED
C
              FROM LOAD/DEFLECTION CURVE AND MUST BE COMPATIBLE
C
              WITH ASSUMED SHAPE TO BE A VALID SOLUTION.
C
C
    NOMENCLATURE
C
      R1
             RADIUS OF OUTER ARC
0000000
      PH1
              SWEPT ANGLE OF OUTER ARC
      R2
             RADIUS OF INNER ARC
              SWEPT ANGLE OF OUTER ARC
      PH2
             MERIDIAN LENGTH IN CONTACT WITH GROUND
      L3
      NP
             MERIDIAN LOAD
      EP
              MERIDIAN STRAIN
      COMMON/ELAST/L2,NPH,DUM(7),EP,D
      REAL L1, L2, L3, L10, L20, L30, NP, NT, NEP
      DIMENSION Y(1),R(1),P(1)
      DATA PI2/6.283185/, THC/6./
C
      R1=Y(1)
      PH1=Y(2)
      PH2=Y(3)
      R2=R1*P(6)/P(5)
      L3=Y(4)
C
      S1=SIN(PH1)
      C1=COS(PH1)
      SZ=SIN(PH2)
      C2=COS(PH2)
      XL1=0.
      IF(PH1.GT.THC) XL1=.5/(THC-PI2)*(PH1-PI2)*(PH1-PI2)
      L1=R1*(PH1+ICCO.*XL1)
      L2=R2*PH2
    COMPUTE MERIDIAN LOAD AND STRAIN
      NP=P(6)*R1
      NT=P(9)*NP
      NEP=NP-P(9)*NT
      EP=TBLU1(NEP, P(12), P(12+NPH), 1, NPH)
    COMPUTE DEFLATED LENGTHS FOR L1, L2 AND L3
```

Table 216: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE SIDELS (CONCLUDED)

```
L10=(1.+P(7))*L1/(1.+EP)

L20=(1.+P(7))*L2/(1.+EP)

L30=(1.+P(7))*L3/(1.+EP)

C

C COMPUTE RESIDUALS (=0. FOR SOLUTION)

R(1)= P(4)-L10-L20-L30

R(2)= P(2)-R1*S1-R2*S2-L3

R(3)= P(3)-R1*(1.-C1)+R2*(1.-C2)

R(4)= P(11)-R2*(1.-C2)

C

RETURN

END
```

TOROUSE, TOROIT, TOROIT, TOROUSE, TOROUSE, CONMONICE, CONTROL TOROUSE, CONTROL TOROISE, CON

SUBROUTINE CONSISTS OF POUR NESTED ITERATION LCOPS

VALUE OF HY 15 ITERATED SO THAT THE ASSUMED MY MATCHES THE REGILED OF FUNCTIONAL PRINTER HYPHYLARIZED OF AGAP REQUIRALLE OF FFAN IS ITERATED SO THAT THE VALUE OF AGAP REQUIRE PROSSURE HLOW RELATIONS MATCH AGAP REMERATED BY YES APE

*ATCHES THE MALUE REQUIRED BY THE PRESSURE RELATIONSHIP ALL FOUR ITERATIONS INVOLVE CHOOSING INITIAL VALUES. TESYING THE SENERATED VARIABLE AND SELECTING MEXT ITERATIVE VALUES THE USER MAY HAVE TO CHANGE MITE OR XYOL

A SEMERATE STATIC LOAD MAP
IN THIS PART THE VALUES OF YEG; PHIS AND THETAE IN ITERAT
ARE USER SPECIFIED

Table 217: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE STATIC

```
CSTATIC
                                       SUBROUTINE STATIC(ICASE)
C STATIC CHARACTERISTICS SUBROUTINE
C
      REAL L.LI, LZ, LS, LP, MASS
C
      COMMON/GEOMET/A,8,HYI,L,D,LS,LP,SH,NH,AH,NR,PHI1,PHI2,R1,R2,L1,L2,
     1A1.A2.X1.X2.HY
       COMMON/COMPRS/ALO, AL1, AL2, AL3, AL4, GO, G1, G2, G3, G4, QP1
      COMMON/LOADS/FORCNS(3,10),CCS(3,10),YCGS(3,10),PHIS(3,10),AGAPS(3,
     110),PCHS(3,10),QFANS(3,10),PFANS(3,10),PPLMS(3,10),THIS(3,10),
     1FFS(3,10), TORXS(3,10), TORZS(3,10), PTKS(3,10)
      COMMON/STATIC/YSTRT, YSTOP, PSTRT, PHSTP, TSTRT, TSTOP
     1, PHIYC, THEYC, YCPHI, YCTHE
      COMMON/STATE/PPLM, PCH, PTK, SINKRT, YCG, DPHI, DTHETA, THETAE, PHIE, SIE
       ,XV,VV,QFANX
      COMMON/AREAV/S,AATFN,APLAT,APLCH,APLTK,ATKAT,ATKCH,AGAP,ATK,ACH,
     1 ATKCN, APRV, VCH, VTK, VPLM, VCHD, VFAN, ATKATC, ATKCHC
      COMMON/VEHCL/MASS,AIX,AIZ,AIXY,AIYZ,AIZX,CC,GG,FF,AIFAN
      COMMON/DYNAMIC/TIME, FTIME, DTIME, IQ, NQ, DVCH, DVTK, VELX, DERY(13)
     1.DVCHP
      COMMON/FORTQ/FCP, FTP, FORCT, FDF, FORCEY, TCPX, TTPX, TORQTX, TDFX,
     1TORQUEX,TCPZ,TTPZ,TORQTZ,TDFZ,TORFZ,TORQUEZ
      COMMON/COEFFS/CPA, CAF, CPC, CPT, CTC, CGAP, CTA, CVENT, CKK
      COMMON/FLUID/QFAN, QPLAT, QPLCH, QPLTK, QTKAT, QTKCH, QCHAT, PATFN, PFAN,
     1 PAT, TEMPAT, RHO, QVENT
      COMMON/FLAGS/ICLN, IDIF, IFLAG, ISTAT, IPP, IPRV, MM, NSTOP
      COMMON/PRV/DPRV, PPLMB, XA, AKPRV, AMPRV, SPRV, NPRV, AVENT
C
      DIMENSION ZCC(3,3,3), ZWT(3,3,3), ZFF(3,3,3)
      DIMENSION AGAPP(10)
      DIMENSION PFSAV (10)
       DIMENSION HYTEST(3), HYPRES(3), HYERROR(3)
 THIS SUBROUTINE CONSISTS OF FOUR NESTED ITERATION LOOPS
C...ITERATION 1
      VALUES OF YCG, PHIE AND THETAE ARE ITERATED.
    .ITERATION 2
      VALUE OF HY IS ITERATED SO THAT THE ASSUMED HY MATCHES THE VALUE
      REQUIRED BY FUNCTIOAL RELATIONSHIP HY/HYI=F(PCH/PTK)
  ... ITERATION 3
C
     VALUE OF PFAN IS ITERATED SO THAT THE VALUE OF AGAP REQUIRED
C
     BY PRESSURE FLOW RELATIONS MATCH AGAP GENERATED BY YCG , PHIE,
     THETAE, AND HY
C....ITERATION 4
      VALUE OF PCH IS ITERATED SO THAT THE ASSUMED VALUE
      MATCHES THE VALUE REQUIRED BY THE PRESSURE RELATIONSHIP
     FOUR ITERATIONS INVOLVE CHOOSING INITIAL VALUES,
  TESTING THE GENERATED VARIABLE AND SELECTING NEXT ITERATIVE VALUES
  THE USER MAY HAVE TO CHANGE NITE OR XTOL
  IF SO INDICATED BY ERROR MESSAGE
   THE SUBROUTINE USES THESE ITERATIONS IN TWO WAYS
    (1) GENERATE STATIC LOAD MAP
      IN THIS PART THE VALUES OF YCG, PHIE AND THETAE IN ITERATIONS
      ARE USER SPECIFIED
```

```
(2) OBTAIN STATIC EQUILIBRIUM CONDITIONS
C
             IN THIS PART THE VALUES OF YCG, PHIE AND THETAE ARE ITERATED.
             ACCORDING TO A CONVERGING ALGORITHM, SO THAT THE CONFIGURATION
C
             GENERATES ENOUGH FORCE AT CORRECT DISTANCE TO BALANCE THE
             WEIGHT OF THE SYSTEM
C PARAMETERS FOR ITERATION
             DATA RADIAN/57.2957795/
             TIRHO=2.0/RHO
GMASS=32.2*MASS
C INITIALIZE VARIABLES
             XCG=0.0
             SINKRT=0.
             DTHETA=0.
             DPHI=0.
             SIE=O.
             VELX=0.
C TOLERENCES FOR ITERATION
             PTCL=0.5
             HTOL=HYI*0.005
             ATOL=0.003
             XTOL=0.05
             NITE=10
C SAVE INPUT VALUES OF CC.FF
             CCI=CC
             FFI=FF
             GGI=GG
C******
C INITIALIZE FLAGS
             IPAS=0
             IDDIN=0
             ICON=1
             ICREST=1
C SET TESTING TOLERANCE INDEX BASED ON GEOMETRY
             IF(ABS(CC).GE.O.OO1.AND.ABS(FF).LE.O.OO1)ICGF=2
IF(ABS(CC).LE.O.OO1.AND.ABS(FF).GE.O.OO1)ICGF=3
              IF(ABS(CC).LE.O.OO1.AND.ABS(FF).LE.O.OO1)ICGF=4
C INITIAL VALUE, ITERATION 1
C SET BOUNDARIES FOR STATIC LOAD MAP PART
             NYCG=10
             NPHI=1 - LANGE AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY OF 
C SET YCG ITERATION BOUNDARIES
             YCGSTOP=(HYI+GG) =0.9
              YCGSTRT=(HYI+GG)=1.1
C SET PITCH ANGLE ITERATION BOUNDARIES
             PHISTRT=PHIYC
C SET ROLL ANGLE ITERATION BOUNDARIES
             PHISTOP=0.0
```

```
THSTRT=THEYC
THSTRP=0.0 A TENT ONA SIME VODY TO BOULAN SHT TRAY SINT WILLIAM
   THSTOP=0.0
C IF INPUT BOUNDARIES ZERO USE DEFAULT VALUES
   IF((YSTRT.EQ.0.0).AND.(YSTOP.EQ.0.0)) GO TO 13
   YCGSTRT=YSTRT
   YCGSTOP=YSTOP
C ITERATION 1 BEGINS. YCG, PHIE AND THETAE ITERATED
CONTINUE
   PHIDELT=0.0
   THDELT=0.0
   YCGDELT={YCGSTOP-YCGSTRT)/9.0
10
   CONTINUE
C COMPUTE TEST POINT VARIABLE DELTAS
   IF(IPAS.LT.4) GO TO 12
   YCGDELT=(YCGSTOP-YCGSTRT) +0.5
    PHIDELT=(PHISTOP-PHISTRT) +0.5
    THOELT=(THSTOP-THSTRT) *0.5
12
   CONTINUE
   IPAS=IPAS+1
   IDID=1
C THETAE LOOP
    THETAE=THSTRT
    IIT=0
    DO 400 ITH=1,NTHET
C PHIE LOOP
    PHIE=PHISTRT
    DO 200 IPHI=1,NPHI
C YCG LOCP
    YCG=YCGSTRT
    DO 300 IYCG=1,NYCG
    IIT=IIT+1
    CC=Q.
  11 IF(ICREST.EQ.2)CC=ZCC(IS,JS,KS)
    IF (ICREST.EQ.2)FF=ZFF(IS,JS,KS)
    IDEX=0
    IFLAG=0
 *************************
 ***************************
    HYSTRT=0.9*HYI
    HYSTOP=HYI
    CONTINUE
    IDON=1
    HYSTRT=AMAX1(HYSTRT,(HYI+0.5))
    HYSTOP=AMIN1(HYI, HYSTOP)
    HYDELT=(HYSTOP-HYSTRT)+C.5
    HY=HYSTRT
                    568
    00 15 THY=1,3
```

Table 211: LISTING FOR SUBMOUTING STATEC (CONTINUED)

```
C CALL GEOMETRY SUBROUTINES

CALL TRUNK(ISHAPE)

IF(ISHAPE.EQ.O)ICASE=0

IF(ISHAPE.EQ.O)RETURN
    CALL SEGMNT(1)
    CALL COORDN
    CALL PROFILE
    CALL CLRNCE
    CALL SHAPEZ
PCH=QP1
    PTK=QP1
    IF (ATKCH.LT.C.000001) GO TO 601
    IF (ATKAT.LT.0.000001)GC TO 601
    IF (AGAP.LT.0.000001)GO TO 601
    IPN=1
             PTICEPPLA-RHOTZ, OPLOPLIK/LABLIK MORTI I MEZ WSTON
    IPREST=1
    IRST=0
    ICASE=1
C INITIAL VALUE, ITERATION 3
C SET FAN PRESSURE ITERATION BOUNDARIES
    PSTART=QP1/2.
    PSTOP=QP1
ITERATION 3 BEGINS, PFAN ITERATED
24 PINC1=(PSTOP-PSTART)/80.0
25
    PINC=(PSTOP-PSTART)/9.0
    PFAN=PSTART
    DO 100 I=1,10
    IF(IPREST.EQ.2) PFAN=PFSAV(ICASE)
C CALL FAN MODEL TO FIND QFAN

CALL FMFAN

C
C
C FAN INLET PRESSURE

IF(AATFN.GE.1.0)PATFN=0.0

IF(AATFN.GE.1.0)GO TO 259
    PATFN=-RHO/2.0*(QFAN/(AATFN*CAF))**2
 259 CONTINUE
C PLENUM PRESSURE
    PPLM=PFAN+PATEN
    IF(PPLM.LT.0.0) GO TO 35
    SI GN=1.0
                       te (PORF.LT. #START) GO TO 24
 PLENUM TO ATMOSPHERE FLOW
    QPLAT=APLAT*CPA*SQRT(TIRHO*ABS(PPLM))*SIGN
                        75 IF(FTK.LT.PCH.AND.1.LE.2)GD TO
TE(FTK.LT.PCH)PSTOP=PFAN-PINE
    QFNPL=QFAN-QPLAT
 FAN TO PLENUM FLOW
      C INITIAL VALUE, ITERATION -
    PCH=PPLM/2.
                    569
```

```
ITERATION 4 BEGINS . PCH ITERATED
DO 50 KK=1,20
C ITERATION OF CUSHION PRESSURE
    SIGN=1.0
    IF(PCH.GT.PPLM)SIGN=-1.0
C PLENUM TO CUSHION FLOW
   OPLCH=APLCH+CPC+SORT(TIRHO+ABS(PPLM-PCH))+SIGN
C PLENUM TO TRUNK FLOW
    OPLTK=QFNPL-QPLCH
    SIGN=1.0
    IF (QPLTK.LT.O.O) SIGN=-1.0
C TRUNK PRESSURE
   PTK=PPLM-RHO/2.0*(QPLTK/(APLTK*CPT))**2 *SIGN
   SIGN=1.0
    IF(PTK.LT.0.0) SIGN=-1.0
TRUNK TO ATMOSPHERE FLOW
   QTKAT=SIGN*CTA*SQRT(TIRHO*ABS(PTK))*(ATKAT+0.66667*ATKATC)
C TRUNK TO CUSHION FLOW
   QTKCH=QPLTK-QTKAT
   SIGN=1.0
   IF(QTKCH.LT.0.0) SIGN=-1.0
C CUSHION PRESSURE
   PCHI=PTK-RHO/2.0*(QTKCH/((ATKCH+0.66667*ATKCHC)*CTC)) **2*SIGN
C TESTING VARIABLE, ITERATION 4
    IF(ABS(PCH-PCHI).LE.PTOL)GO TO 75
C
C SELECTING NEW VALUE, ITERATION 4
    PCH= (PCHI+PCH)/2.0
ITERATION CONTINUED
50
    CONTINUE
C INFEASIBLE CONFIGURATION. CHOOSE NEXT VALUE OF PFAN
    PSTART=PSTART+PINC1
    IRST=IRST+1
    IRTT=IRST-300
   IF(IRTT.GT.O)IRST=0
   IF(IRTT)41,41,601
 41 PDRF=PSTOP-1.5*PINC1
   IF (PORF.LT.PSTART) GO TO 24
   GO TO 25
 75 IF (PTK.LT.PCH.AND.I.LE.2)GO TO 35
   IF (PTK.LT.PCH) PSTOP=PFAN-PINC
    IF(PTK.LT.PCH)GO TO 25
    IF(PCH.LT.0.0) GO TO 35
```

```
C CUSHION TO ATMOSPHERE FLOW
    OCHAT=OPLCH+OTKCH
    IF (IPREST.EQ.2)GO TO 600
C COMPUTE ITERATED GAP AREA
    AGAPP(I)=QCHAT/(CGAP*SQRT(TIRHO*PCH))
    PFSAV(I)=PFAN
                        C TESTING VARIABLE, TYERATION 2
IF (HK.LT.HTOL.AND.IODN.WE.G) FELAG=1
SELIFELAGECOL) OF TO SA
    PFAN=PFAN+PINC
 10C CONTINUE
    IRST=0
 TESTING VARIABLE, ITERATION 3
    DIF=ABS (AGAPP(1)-AGAP)
    IDIF=1
    DO 500 J=2.10
    XTEST=ABS(AGAPP(J)-AGAP)

IF(XTEST-LT-DIF)IDIF=J

IF(XTEST-LT-DIF)DIF=XTEST
    IF (XTEST.LT.DIF)DIF=XTEST
    IF (XTEST.LT.ATOL) IPREST=2
 500 CONTINUE
    ICASE=IDIF
C SELECTING NEW VALUE, ITERATION 3
    PSTART=PFSAV(IDIF)-PINC
    PSTOP=PFSAV(IDIF)+PINC
C
    IPN=IPN+1
    IF(IPN.GE.10) GO TO 601
    GO TO 24
 601 IDON=0
ITERATION 3 ENDS
PRAT=AMAX1(0.0.AMIN1(1.0.PCH/PTK))
    CALL HYCURV(PRAT, HX)
     HYPRES(IHY)=HYI*HX
    HYERROR (IHY)=HY-HYPRES (IHY)
    IF (IFLAG. EQ.1) GO TO 90
    HY=HY+HYDELT
     IDEX=IDEX+1
    IF (IDEX.LT.15) GO TO 603
C IMPOSSIBLE CONDITIONS , SET ERRORS TO 1000000.
    IF(IPAS.LE.3)GO TO 604
 602 ZWT(IYCG, IPHI, ITH)=1.0E+06
    ZCC(IYCG, IPHI, ITH)=1.0E+06
    ZCC(IYCG,IPHI,ITH)=1.0E+06
ZFF(IYCG,IPHI,ITH)=1.0E+06
 504 CONTINUE
    IDID=0
              STORE VALUES OR RESPONMENCE VARIABLES FOR LOAD MAR
    GO TO 300
603
    CONTINUE
 TEST HY VALUE
    IHX=1
     HX=ABS(HYERROR(1))
```

```
DO 80 THY = 2,3
    IF (ABS (HYERROR (IHY)).GE.HX) GO TO 80
    IHX=IHY
    HX = ABS (HYERROR (IHX))
80
     CONTINUE
C TESTING VARIABLE, ITERATION 2
    IF (HX.LT.HTOL.AND.IDON.NE.O) IFLAG=1
    IF(IFLAG.EQ.1) GO TO 86
C SELECTING NEW VALUES, ITERATION 2
    IHXS=IHX
89
    IF (THX-2)81,81,82
81
    IHX=1
    IF ((HYERROR(1).GT.0.0).AND.(HYERROR(2).LT.0.0)) GO TO 83
     IF ((HYERROR(1).LT.C.O).AND.(HYERROR(2).GT.O.O)) GO TO 83
     IF(IHXS.EQ.1) GO TO 84
     THX=2
82
     IF ((HYERROR(2).GT.0.0).AND.(HYERROR(3).LT.0.0)) GO TO 83
    IF((HYERROR(2).LT.0.0).AND.(HYERROR(3).GT.0.0)) GO TO 83
    IF (IHXS.EQ.3) GO TO 85
    HT=ABS(HYERROR(IHX)/(HYERROR(IHX+1)-HYERROR(IHX)))
83
    HYSTRT=HYTEST(IHX)+HT+(HYTEST(IHX+1)-HYTEST(IHX))
    HT=AMIN1(HT,(1.0-HT))
    HT=AMAX1(HT,0.25)
    HYDELT=HT*(HYTEST(IHX+1)-HYTEST(IHX))
    HY STRT=HYSTRT-HYDELT
    HY STOP=HY STRT+2.0*HYDELT
     GO TO 16
84
     HYSTRT=HYSTRT-HYDELT
    HYSTOP=HYSTRT+2.0*HYDELT
    GO TO 16
    HYSTRT=HYSTRT+HYDELT
85
    HYSTOP=HYSTRT+2.0*HYDELT
    GO TO 16
    HYSTRT=HYTEST(IHX)
96
    HY STOP=HY STRT+2.0*HYDELT
    GO TO 16
90
     CENTINUE
     IF ((ICREST.EQ.2).AND.(IPAS.GE.4)) GO TO 2001
    *********************
 ****************
 C CALCULATE FORCES AND TORQUES
     CALL FORCE
     CC=(TCPZ+TTPZ)/(FCP+FTP)
     FF=-(TCPX+TTPX)/(FCP+FTP)
C VERTICAL LOAD CAPABILITY
     FORCN=(FCP+FTP)*COS(PHIE)*COS(THETAE)
C STORE VALUES OF PERFORMANCE VARIABLES FOR LOAD MAP
     IF (IPAS.GE.4) GO TO 298
     FORCNS(IPAS, IIT) = FORCN
     CCS(IPAS, IIT) = ATKCN
     YCGS(IPAS, IIT)=YCG+CC+SIN(PHIE)+COS(THETAE)-FF+SIN(THETAE)
```

```
PHIS(IPAS, IIT) = PHIS * RADIAN
     AGAPS(IPAS, IIT) = AGAP
     PCHS(IPAS, IIT) = PCH
     PTKS(IPAS, IIT) = PTK
     PPLMS(IPAS, IIT) = PPLM
     PFANS(IPAS, IIT)=PFAN
     QFANS(IPAS,IIT)=QFAN
     THIS(IPAS, IIT)=THETAE*RADIAN
     FFS(IPAS, IIT)=FF
     TORXS(IPAS, IIT) = TCPX+TTPX
     TORZS(IPAS, IIT) = TCPZ+TTPZ
298
     CONTINUE
C IF ITERATION FOR EQUILIBRIUM SET FORCE MATRICIES
     IF(IPAS.LE.3) GO TO 299
     ZCC(IYCG, IPHI, ITH) =CC
     ZWT(IYCG, IPHI, ITH) = FORCN
     ZFF(IYCG, IPHI, ITH)=FF
299
     CONTINUE
 300 YCG=YCG+YCGDELT
C END OF YCG ITERATION LOOP
 200 PHIE=PHIE+PHIDELT
 END OF PHIE ITERATION LOOP
400 THETAE=THETAE+THDELT
C END OF THETAE ITERATION LOOP
     IF((ISTAT.EQ.2).AND.(IPAS.GE.3)) GO TO 2001
     IF (IPAS.GE.4) GO TO 6000
      GO TO (3000,4000,5000), IPAS
C DONE WITH HEAVE PART OF LOAD MAP, SET UP PITCH PART
 3000 YCGEQUI=0.
     IF (YCPHI.GT.O.O.AND.YCTHE.GT.O.O)GO TO 3010
C DETERMINE EQUILIBRIUM YCG BY INTERPOLATION
     IMD=0
     00 3500 I=2.10
     IF((FORCNS(1,I).LE.GMASS).AND.(FORCNS(1,I-1).GE.GMASS)) IMD=-I
     IF((FORCNS(1,I).GE.GMASS).AND.(FORCNS(1,I-1).LE.GMASS)) IMD=I
3500
      CONTINUE
     IF (IMD.EQ.0) GO TO 3700
     IF(IMD.GT.0) GO TO 3600
     IMD=IABS(IMO)
C INCREASING FORCE
     YCGEQUI=YCGSTRT+FLOAT(IMD-1)*YCGDELT-(GMASS-FORCNS(1,IMD))/(FORCNS(1
    1(1,IMO-1)-FORCNS(1,IMD))*YCGDELT
     YCGDELT=0.0
     GC TO 3010
C DECREASING FORCE
     YCGEQUI=YCGSTRT+YCGDELT*FLOAT (IMD-1)-(GMASS-FORCNS(1,IMD-1))/(
    1 FORCNS (1, IMD)-FORCNS (1, IMO-1)) *YCGDELT
     YCGCELT=0.0
     GO TO 3010
3700
      WRITE(6,3701)
      FORMAT(/,5X,37H ***** ERROR,MODIFY LOAD OR YCG RANGE
3701
     ICASE=0
                             573
```

```
RETURN
                                     ACADSIIRASATITIAGAR
3010
    NYCG=1
     NPHI=10
     YCGSTQP=0.0
     PHISTRT=0.0
     PHISTOP=0.10
 IF INPUT BOUNDARIES ZERO USE DEFAULT VALUES
     IF((PSTRT.E0.0.0).AND.(PHSTP.EQ.0.0)) GO TO 3001
     PHISTRT=PSTRT
     PHISTOP=PHSTP
3001
     PHIDELT=(PHISTOP-PHISTRT)/9.0
     YCGSTRT=YCGEQUI
     IF (YCPHI.GT.O.O)YCGSTRT=YCPHI
     YCPHI = YCGSTRT
     GO TO 10
C DONE WITH PITCH PART, SET UP ROLL PART
4000
     NPHI=1
     NTHET=10
     THSTRT=0.0
     PHISTOP=0.0
     THSTOP=0.1
C IF INPUT BOUNDARIES ZERO USE DEFAULT VALUES
     IF((TSTRT.EQ.0.0).AND.(TSTOP.EQ.0.0)) GO TO 4001
     THSTRT=TSTRT
     THSTOP=TSTOP
4001
     THOELT=(THSTOP-THSTRT)/9.0
    PHIDELT=0.0
YCGSTRT=YCGEQUI
     PHIDELT=0.0
     IF (YCTHE.GT.O.O) YCGSTRT=YCTHE
     YCTHE=YCGSTRT
 ***************************
C DONE WITH ROLL PART
C INTIAL VALUES ITERATION 1
C SET BOUNDARIES FOR EQUILIBRIUM CONDITION PART
5000
    NYCG=3 2 ART 1 3 4 14 + 14 1 12 MORD 4 14 ONA 4 (22 ARD 4 32 41) +
     NPHI=3
     NTHET=3
     PHISTRT=-0.025
     PHISTOP=0.025
     THSTRT=-0.0125
    THSTOP=0.0125
YCGSTOP=1.02*YCGSTRT
     YCGSTRT=YCGSTRT#0.99
     PHIDELT=(PHISTOP-PHISTRT)/2.0
     YCGDELT=(YCGSTOP-YCGSTRT) +0.5
 THOELT=(THSTOP-THSTRT)+0.5
6000
    CONTINUE
     IS=1 SDMAR DOY RO DACH YTIGOR, ROSER MARKE HTELEN OF YOU
     JS=1
                           574
     KS=1
```

```
C*******
 TESTING VARIABLE , ITERATION 1
C DIFFERENT QUADRATIC INDICES ARE FORMED DEPENDING ON ZERO OR
C NONZERO VALUES OF FFI AND CCI
     GMASS=MASS+32.2
      GD TO(61,62,63,64) ICGF
C ZWT(2,2,2) IS CENTRAL POINT OF FORCE MATRIX
61 XTEST=((ZWT(2,2,2)-GMASS)/GMASS)**2
     1+((ZCC(2,2,2)-CCI)/CCI)**2+((ZFF(2,2,2)-FFI)/FFI)**2
      GO TO 65
     XTEST=((ZWT(2,2,2)-GMASS)/GMASS)**2
     1+((ZCC(2,2,2)-CCI)/CCI)**2
      GO TO 65
      XTEST=((ZWT(2,2,2)-GMASS)/GMASS) **2
63
                               +((ZFF(2,2,2)-FFI)/FFI)**2
      GO TO 65
      XTEST=((ZWT(2,2,2)-GMASS)/GMASS) **2
      XTOL=0.001
   65 CONTINUE
C TEST ENTIRE MATRIX AGAINST INDEX FOR MINIMUM ERROR STATE
      DO 1000 IQQ=1,3
      DO 1000 JQQ=1,3
      DO 1000 KQQ=1,3
      I= IQQ
      J= J00
      K=KOO
      IF(ABS(CCI).LE.0.001)J=2
      IF (ABS(FFI).LE.0.001)K=2
      GO TO (91,92,93,94) ICGF
C USE PERFORMANCE INDEX SPECIFIED ABOVE
      XDIS=((ZHT(I, J,K)-GMASS)/GMASS)**2
     1+((ZCC(1,J,K)-CCI)/CCI)**2+((ZFF(1,J,K)-FFI)/FFI)**2
      GO TO 95
      XDIS=((ZWT(I,J,K)-GMASS)/GMASS)**2
92
     1+11ZCC11, J,K)-CC1)/CC1)**2
      GO TO 95
     XDIS=((ZHT(I,J,K)-GMASS)/GMASS)**2
                              +((ZFF(I,J,K)-FFI)/FFI)**2
      GO TO 95
      XDIS=((ZWT(I, J,K)-GMASS)/GMASS)**2
   95 CONTINUE
      IF(XDIS.GT.XTEST)GO TO 1000
C SET INDEX FOR BEST POINT
      15=1
      JS=J
      KS=K
      XTEST=XDIS
 1000 CONTINUE
C IF POINT OK, SET FOR FINAL PASS
      IF (XTEST.LT.XTOL) GO TO 2000
      IF (XTEST.GT.1.0E+08) GO TO 1201
C SELECTING NEXT VALUES, ITERATION 1
C SIDE POINT IS THE BEST, MOVE THE CUBE SIDEWAYS, SUCH THAT THE
```

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C BEST POINT BECOMES THE CENTER POINT
                                  O TESTING VARIABLE, ITERATION 1
     YCG=YCGSTRT+FLOAT(IS-1) +YCGDELT
     PHIE=PHISTRT+FLOAT (JS-1)*PHIDELT
THETAE=THSTRT+FLOAT (KS-1)*THOELT
     IF(IS.EQ.2.AND.JS.EQ.2.AND.KS.EQ.2)GD TO 1200
     YCGSTRT=YCG-YCGDELT
     YCGSTOP=YCG+YCGDELT XERTAR BORDE OF THICK JARFHED ST 15.5.51THE O
     THSTRT=THETAE-THOELT
     THSTOP=THETAE+THOELT
                         5#*(22AHD\(22AHD-15.5.51TW5)1=708TX
     IODIN=IODIN+1
     IF(ICON.EQ.O.AND.IODIN.GE.NITE)GO TO 2003
 TEST IF ITERATION UNABLE TO SOLVE
     IF(IDDIN.GE.NITE)GO TO 2002
     GO TO 10
 MID POINT IS THE BEST, REDUCE EACH SIDE OF THE CUBE BY FACTOR 2
 1200 YCGSTRT=YCG-YCGDELT/2.
     YCGSTOP=YCG+YCGDELT/2.
     PHISTOP=PHIE+PHIDELT/2.
     PHISTRT=PHIE-PHIDELT/2.
     THSTRT=THETAE-THDELT/2.
     THSTOP=THETAE+THOELT/2.
     IODIN=IODIN+1
     IF(IDID.EQ.1) ICON=0
     IF(IDDIN-GE-NITE)GO TO 2003
     GO TO 10
C NO POINT IS FEASIBLE, LIFT UP THE CUBE, SUCH THAT VALUES OF
C YCG ARE HIGHER
 1201 YCGSTRT=YCGSTRT+3.*YCGDELT
     IODIN=IODIN+1
     IF(IQDIN-GE-NITE)GO TO 2002
     GO TO 10 was [44] (44-4) (44) (41) 445) ) **
     THETAE=FLOAT(KS-1)*THOELT+THSTRT
 2000 PHIE=FLOAT (JS-1) *PHIDELT+PHISTRT
     YCG=FLOAT(IS-1)*YCGDELT+YCGSTRT+ZCC(IS,JS,KS)*SIN(PHIE)*COS(THETAE
    1)-ZFF(IS,JS,KS)*SIN(THETAE)
     ICREST=2
     GO TO 11
     ERROR RETURN AFTER MESSAGE
 2002 WR ITE (6,1202)
 1202 FORMAT(10x, #INFEASIBLE CONFIGURATION OR XTOL TOO SMALL*//)
     ICASE=1
     RETURN
 2003 WRITE(6,1203)XTEST
 1203 FORMAT(10x,*INSUFFICIENT NUMBER OF ITERATIONS*/15x,*(A) INCREASE V
    TALUE OF NITE, OR*/1.5X,*(B) INCREASE VALUE OF XTOL TO AT LEAST*, 610
    2.3/15x, *SOLUTION (A) INCREASES BOTH ACCURACY AND COST*)
     ICASE - CART HOUR . ZYAWART 5 5000 BET RYOM . TERE BAT IN THIR BOIL
     RETURN
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The secretary and the second s

BERROMARI LIBERDORNY LOPELATIO BLOHI DRITTRIA CITANTI D'ENCOURATIP ATERIPAPRANI

它已经和仓银产业企业,因为了产利,因为了产利,这个上点,这个上点,对于人类的。这个人就是一个大大的主义也不是一种互相。

节奏等处本,从另外的。如果在这个人是特殊的,就是不是是一点是心情的。如此可怜人心情的

Table 218: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE STEQU

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CSTEQU
     SUBROUTINE STEQU
C DYNAMIC FAN VERSION FOR FMA4
C STATE EQUATIONS FOR THE DYNAMIC SYSTEM
     REAL L.L1, L2, LS, LP, MASS
     COMMON/COEFFS/CPA, CAF, CPC, CPT, CTC, CGAP, CTA, CVENT, CKK
     COMMON/DYNAMIC/TIME, FTIME, DTIME, IQ, NQ, DVCH, DVTK, VELX, DERY(13)
    1, DVCHP
     COMMON/ESTMD/GEC, DAMPC, U, DECCL, HDC, PHA, CENFX, CENFZ, ZEPRV, ZPRV
    1,QP2,SLOPE
     COMMON/FLUID/QFNX,QPLAT,QPLCH,QPLTK,QTKAT,QTKCH,QCHAT,PATFN,PFAN,
    1 PAT, TEMPAT, RHO, QVENT
     COMMON/FORTQ/FCP,FTP,FORCT,FDF,FORCEY,TCPX,TTPX,TORQTX,TDFX,
    1TORQUEX, TCPZ, TTPZ, TORQTZ, TDFZ, TORFZ, TORQUEZ
     COMMON/VEHCL/MASS, AIX, AIZ, AIXY, AIYZ, AIXX, CC, GG, FF, AIFAN
     COMMON/AREAV/S,AATFN,APLAT,APLCH,APLTK,ATKAT,ATKCH,AGAP,ATK,ACH,
    1 ATKCN, APRV, VCH, VTK, VPLM, VCHD, VFAN, ATKATC, ATKCHC
     COMMON/STATE/PPLM, PCH, PTK, SINKRT, YCG, DPHI, DTHETA, THETAE, PHIE, SIE
    1 ,XV,VV,QFANX
     COMMON/PRV/DPRV,PPLMB,XA,AKPRV,AMPRV,SPRV,NPRV,AVENT
     COMMON/FLAGS/ICLN, IDIF, IFLAG, ISTAT, IPP, IPRV, MM, NSTOP
     COMMON/GEOMET/A,B,HYI,L,D,LS,LP,SH,NH,AH,NR,PHII,PHI2,R1,R2,L1,L2,
    1A1,A2,X1,X2,HY
     COMMON/COVRLY/INST
     COMMON/CX/XX(1)
     COMMON/FMPCH/NPCH
     COMMON/CNTRLS/I1, I2, MODE, E(1)
     COMMON/FMERR/FMX
C FOLLOWING SUBROUTINES ARE CALLED TO UPDATE VALUES OF
C FORCES, TORQUES AND FLOWS, GIVEN THE NEW VALUES OF THE
 STATE VARIABLES
C
     CALL FLOW
     CALL FORCE
C
STATE EQUATIONS
C*********************************
C***THE STATE VARIABLES***
C 1) PPLM .. PLENUM PRESSURE (GAGE)
C 2) PCH .. CUSHION PRESSURE (GAGE)
C 3) PTK . . TRUNK PRESSURE (GAGE)
C 4) SINKRT .. VERTICAL SINK RATE, POSITIVE UPWARDS
C 5) YCG...CG ELEVATION
C 6) DPHI .. PITCH RATE, VEHICLE FRAME
C 7) DTHETA. . ROLL RATE, VEHICLE FRAME
C 3) THETAE .. EULERIAN ROLL ANGLE
C 9) PHIE .. EULERIAN PITCH ANGLE
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C 10)SIE..EULERIAN YAW ANGLE (APPROX. ZERO)
C 11)XV..DISPLN OF PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE
 12)VV. . VELOCITY OF PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE
C 13)QFANX .. FAN AIR INERTANCE FLOW
C
 VARIATIONS IN THE EQUATIONS ARE MADE TO ACCOMODATE SPECIAL CONDITIONS
C
      IF(IPP)11,10,11
C COMBINED TRUNK-PLENUM DYNAMICS , IPP=C
10
      DERY(1)=CKK*(PPLM+PAT)/(VPLM+VTK)*(QFANX-QPLCH-QPLAT-QTKCH-QTKAT
     1-DVTK-QVENT)
      DERY(3)=DERY(1)
      GO TO 12
C SEPARATE TRUNK-PLENUM DYNAMICS , IPP=1
      DERY(1)=(CKK*(PPLM+PAT)/VPLM)*(QFANX-QPLCH-QPLTK-QPLAT-QVENT)
      DERY(3)=(CKK+(PTK+PAT)/VTK)+(QPLTK-QTKCH-QTKAT-DVTK)
C CUSHION FLOW ABOVE GROUND EFFECT TRANSITION ZONE
   12 QCHFT=QPLCH+QTKCH-DVCH
C CALCULATE GROUND EFFECT TRANSITION ZONE
      TBOUND=GG+HYI *(1.+GEC)
       BBOUND=GG+HYI
C DETERMINE IF ACLS IN TRANSITION ZONE
      IF (FMX.GT.O.) GO TO 16
      IF (YCG.GT. TBOUND) GO TO 13
       IF(YCG.GT.BBOUND) GO TO 14
      GO TO 16
 ABOVE TRANSITION ZONE
   13 QCHAT=QCHFT
      IFLAG=0
      1Q=0
      NQ=0
      GO TO 15
C IN TRANSITION ZONE
      IFLAG=1
      NQ=100
      IQ=IFIX(ABS((TBOUND-YCG)/(TBOUND-BBOUND)*FLOAT(NO)))
      IF(IQ.GE.NQ)IQ=NQ
      GO TO 17
C IN GROUND EFFECT ZONE
      NQ=1
      10=1
      IFLAG=2
C COMPUTE CUSHION TO ATMOSPHERE FLOW
       QCHAT=FLOAT(NQ-IQ)/FLOAT(NQ) #QCHFT+FLOAT(IQ)/FLOAT(NQ) #QCHAT
17
C CUSHION PRESSURE DERIVATIVE
   15 DERY(2)=(QPLCH+QTKCH-QCHAT-DVCH+DVCHPTPCH+DERY(3)/(PTK+PTK))/
      (VCH/(CKK*(PCH+PAT))+DVCHP/PTK)
C YCG ELEVATION DERIVATIVES
      DERY(4)=FORCEY/MASS-32.2
      DERY(5)=SINKRT
C ANGULAR POSITION DERIVATIVES
      DERY(6)=(AIX=(TORQUEZ-DTHETA=(AIXY=DTHETA+AIYZ=DPHI))-AIZX=(TORQUEX
     1X+OPHI*(AIXY*DTHETA+AIYZ*DPHI)))/(AIZ*AIX-AIZX+AIZX)
```

Table 218: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE STEQU (CONCLUDED)

DERY(7)=(AIZ*(TORQUEX+DPHI*(AIXY*DTHETA+AIYZ*OPHI))-AIZX*(TORQUEZ 1-DTHETA*(AIXY*DTHETA+AIYZ*DPHI)))/(AIZ*AIX-AIZX*AIZX) IF (INST.NE.31.OR.ATKCN.NE.O.) GO TO 20 DERY(6)=-PHIS DERY(7) =- THETAE CONTINUE DERY(8)=OTHETA+COS (PHIE) DERY(9)=DPHI+DTHETA+SIN(PHIE)+TAN(THETAE) DERY(10)=DTHETA*SIN(PHIE)/COS(THETAE) C TEST IF PRV OPEN IF(IPRV)61,60,61 C COMPUTE PRV VALVE VELOCITY, LOCATION 61 DERY(12)=(PPLM+APRV-AKPRV+XV-PPLM8+APRV-ZPRV+VV)/AMPRV IF(FMX.GT.C.) DERY(12)=(DERY(12)*AMPRV - 10C.*AKPRV* 2(AMAX1(0.,XV-XA)+AMIN1(0.,XV)))/AMPRV GO TO 62 C PRV FULL OPEN, AT STOPS, OR NO PRV 60 DERY(11)=0.0 DERY(12)=0.0 62 CONTINUE C DYNAMICS FOR FAN, FAN FLOW RATE OF CHANGE DERY(13)=(PFAN+PATFN-PPLM)/AIFAN C CUSHION PRESSURE IS ZERO ABOVE TRANSITION ZONE IF (FMX.GT.0.) GO TO 75 IF(IFLAG.EQ.O) XX(NPCH)=0.0 75 CONTINUE RETURN END

Table 219: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE SV

```
CSV
        SUBROUTINE SV (UW, VW, WW, PW, QW, RW, UWS, VWS, WWS, UG, VG, WG, PG, QG, RG)
      VERSION 1.
                                                         MAY 26 1977
  C
      PURPOSE
                SUM TWO SETS OF 3 AXIS VELOCITIES AND ANGULAR RATES
  C
      METHOD
                ADD STEADY OR SHEAR WIND COMPONENTS TO THE RANDOM
  C
                GUST COMPONENTS AND GUST ANGULAR RATES
  C
      CALL SEQUENCE
  C
      ***** OUTPUTS *****
  C
      LINEAR VELOCITIES -- BODY AXES
  C
                      -SUM OF X,Y,Z AXIS WIND VELOCITIES, FT/SEC
        UW . VW . WW
  C
      ANGULAR VELOCITIES -- BODY AXES
  C
                      -SUM OF X,Y,Z AXIS ANGULAR VELOCITIES, DEG/SEC
        PW,QW,RW
  C
      ***** INPUTS *****
  C
       .LINEAR VELOCITIES -- BODY AXES
  C
        UWS, VWS, WWS -X, Y, Z AXIS STEADY/SHEAR WIND COMPONENTS, FT/SEC
  C
                      -X,Y,Z AXIS GUST WIND COMPONENTS, FT/SEC
        UG, VG, WG
  C
      ANGULAR VELOCITIES -- BODY AXES
  C
        PG,QG,RG
                      -X,Y,Z AXIS GUST ANGULAR COMPONENTS, DEG/SEC
  C
                                             MAY 1977
      WRITTEN BY MAHINDER WAHI
  C
            *** SUM LINEAR VELOCITIES ***
        UW= UWS + UG
        VW= VWS + VG
        WW= WWS + WG
            *** SUM ANGULAR VELOCITIES ***
C
        PW= PG
        QW= QG
        RW= RG
        RETURN
        END
```

Table 220: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE SW

S 000000000000000000000000000000000000	SUBROUTIN	E SW(VO1, VA1, VB1	SW1,TC1,TC2)					
	PURPOSE - TO PROVIDE SWITCH CONTROL FOR ONE VARIABLE							
	C GUST COMPONENTS AND GUST ANGULAR RATES							
	METHOD - S	SEE CODING			CALL SE			
	WRITTEN SY	- ADAM LLOYD	LATEST	REVISION	NOV 75			
	382 VDEG .23		SIXA SAYAX 90 A					
	LIMITATIONS	- NOT MORE THAN	TWO SWITCHINGS	AT TIMES TC1	AND TO	2		
	SENTE PTAST		YOREYS SIERDY					
	INPUT/OUTPUT LIST							
	V01	OUTPUT VARIABLE		ANY	OUTPUT	VAR		
C	VAI	INPUT VARIABLE NO		ANY	INPUT	VAR		
C	VB1 SW1	INPUT VARIABLE NO		ANY	INPUT	VAR PARAM		
0000	241	=1. VO=VB =0. VO=VA	ATTIAL VALUE	3V + 2M 3h + 2M	INPUT	PARAM		
c	TC1	TIME FOR FIRST SI	WITCH	SECS	INPUT	PARAM		
CC	TC2	TIME FOR SECOND : (TC2.GT.TC1)	SWITCH	SECS	INPUT	PARAM		
	COMMON/CT		DIAC					
	COMMON/CIO/IREAD, IWRITE, IDIAG SX=SW1							
	IF(TIME.GT.TC1.AND.TIME.LT.TC2)SX=ABS(SW1-1.)							
	V01=VA1							
	IF(SX.GT.0.5)VO1=VB1 RETURN							
	END							

Table 221: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE SX

```
CSX
     SUBROUTINE SX(VO1, VO2, VA1, VA2, VB1, VB2, SW1, TC1, TC2)
C
000000000000000000
    PURPOSE - TO PROVIDE A SWITCH COMPONENT FOR TWO VARIABLES
    METHOD - SEE CODING
    WRITTEN BY - ADAM LLOYD
                                       LATEST REVISION
    LIMITATIONS - NOT MORE THAN TWO SWITCHINGS AT TIMES TC1 AND TC2
    INPUT/OUTPUT LIST
    V01
              OUTPUT VARIABLE NO 1
                                                 ANY
                                                           OUTPUT VAR
    V02
              OUTPUT VARIABLE NO 2
                                                 ANY
                                                           OUTPUT VAR
C
    VA1
              INPUT VARIABLE NO AL
                                                 ANY
                                                           INPUT
                                                                  VAR
C
    VAZ
              INPUT VARIABLE NO A2
                                                 ANY
                                                           INPUT
                                                                  VAR
C
    VB1
               INPUT VARIABLE NO 81
                                                 ANY
                                                           INPUT
                                                                  VAR
C
    VB2
              INPUT VARIABLE NO 82
                                                 ANY
                                                           INPUT
                                                                  VAR
C
    SW1
              SWITCH CONTROL INITIAL VALUE
                                                           INPUT
                                                                  PARAM
C
                  =1.
                        VO=VB
C
                        AV=OV
                  =0.
C
    TC1
               TIME FOR FIRST SWITCH
                                                 SECS
                                                           INPUT
                                                                  PARAM
C
    TC2
              TIME FOR SECOND SWITCH
                                                 SECS
                                                           INPUT
                                                                  PARAM
                   (TC2.GT.TC1)
     COMMON/CTIME/TIME
      COMMON/CIO/IREAD, IWRITE, IDIAG
      SW=SW1
      IF (TIME.GT.TC1.AND.TIME.LT.TC2) SW=ABS(SW1-1.)
      VO1=VA1
      V02=VA2
      IF(SW.GT.0.5) VO1=V81
      IF(SW.GT.0.5) VO2= VB2
      RETURN
      END
```

Table 222: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE SY

```
CSY
      SUBROUTINE SY (VO1, VO2, VO3, VA1, VA2, VA3, VB1, VB2, VB3, SW1, TC1, TC2)
C
C
    PURPOSE - TO PROVIDE A SWITCH COMPONENT FOR THREE VARIABLES
C
000000
    METHOD - SEE CODING
    WRITTEN BY - ADAM LLOYD
                                      LATEST REVISION NOV 75
CC
    LIMITATIONS - NOT MORE THAN TWO SWITCHINGS AT TIMES TC1 AND TC2
C
CC
    INPUT/OUTPUT LIST
C
C
              OUTPUT VARIABLE NO 1 ANY
    V01
                                                          OUTPUT VAR
C
    V02
              OUTPUT VARIABLE NO 2 ANY
                                                          OUTPUT VAR
CC
    V03
              OUTPUT VARIABLE NO 3 ANY INPUT VARIABLE NO A1 ANY
                                                          OUTPUT VAR
    VA1
                                                          INPUT
                                                                VAR
    VA2
              INPUT VARIABLE NO A2
C
                                             ANY
                                                          INPUT
                                                                VAR
    VA3
C
              INPUT VARIABLE NO A3 ANY
                                                          INPUT
                                                                VAR
    VB1
              INPUT VARIABLE NO 81
CCC
                                             ANY
                                                          INPUT
                                                                VAR
              INPUT VARIABLE NO BZ
    V82
                                                ANY
                                                          INPUT
                                                                VAR
    VB3
              INPUT VARIABLE NO B3
                                                ANY
                                                          INPUT
                                                                VAR
C
    SW1
              SWITCH CONTROL INITIAL VALUE
                                                          INPUT
                                                                PARAM
00000
                        V0=V8
                  =1.
                        AV=OV
                  =0.
              TIME FOR FIRST SWITCH
                                                SECS
                                                          INPUT
                                                                PARAM
    TC2
              TIME FOR SECOND SWITCH
                                                SECS
                                                          INPUT
                                                                PARAM
                  (TC2.GT.TC1)
      COMMON/CTIME/TIME
      COMMON/CIO/IREAD, IWRITE, IDIAG
      SW=SW1
      VO1=VA1
      V02=VA2
      VO3=VA3
      IF (TIME.GT.TC1.AND.TIME.LT.TC2)SW=ABS(SW1-1.)
      IF(SW.GT.0.5) VO1=V81
      IF(SW.GT.0.5) VO2=VB2
      IF (SW.GT.0.5) VO3=VB3
      RETURN
      END
```

Table 223: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE SZ

```
CSZ
      SUBROUTINE SZ (VO1, VO2, VO3, VO4, VA1, VA2, VA3, VA4, VB1, VB2, VB3, VB4,
     1 SW1, TC1, TC2)
C
    PURPOSE - TO PROVIDE A SWITCH COMPONENT FOR FOUR VARIABLES
C
CCC
    METHOD - SEE CODING
    WRITTEN BY - ADAM LLOYD
                                         LATEST REVISION
                                                              NOV 75
    LIMITATIONS - NOT MORE THAN TWO SWITCHINGS AT TIMES TC1 AND TC2
C
C
    INPUT/OUTPUT LIST
V01
               OUTPUT VARIABLE NO 1
                                                              OUTPUT VAR
                                                    ANY
    VQ2
               OUTPUT VARIABLE NO 2
                                                              OUTPUT VAR
                                            ANY
    V03
               OUTPUT VARIABLE NO 3
                                                              OUTPUT VAR
    V04
               OUTPUT VARIABLE NO 4
                                                    ANY
                                                              OUTPUT VAR
    VA1
               INPUT VARIABLE NO AL
                                                   ANY
                                                              INPUT
                                                                    VAR
    VAZ
               INPUT VARIABLE NO AZ
                                                   ANY
                                                              INPUT
                                                                     VAR
               INPUT VARIABLE NO A3
    VA3
                                                   ANY
                                                              INPUT
                                                                     VAR
    VA4
               INPUT VARIABLE NO A4
                                                   ANY
                                                              INPUT
                                                                     VAR
    VB1
               INPUT VARIABLE NO B1
                                                    ANY
                                                                     VAR
                                                              INPUT
    VB2
               INPUT VARIABLE NO 82
                                                    ANY
                                                                     VAR
                                                              INPUT
               INPUT VARIABLE NO 83
    V83
                                                   ANY
                                                              INPUT
                                                                     VAR
               INPUT VARIABLE NO 84
    V84
                                                              INPUT
                                                   ANY
                                                                     VAR
               SWITCH CONTROL INITIAL VALUE
    SWI
                                                              INPUT
                                                                     PARAM
                   =1.
                         VO=VB
                          AV=DV
                   =0.
    TC1
               TIME FOR FIRST SWITCH
                                                   SECS
                                                              INPUT
                                                                     PARAM
               TIME FOR SECOND SWITCH
    TC2
                                                    SECS
                                                              INPUT
                                                                    PARAM
                    (TC2.GT.TC1)
      COMMON/CTIME/TIME
      COMMON/CIO/IREAD, IWRITE, IDIAG
      SW=SW1
      IF (TIME.GT.TC1.AND.TIME.LT.TC2) SW=ABS(SW1-1.)
      VO1=VA1
      V02=VA2
      V03=VA3
      VO4=VA4
      IF (SW.GT.0.5) VO1=VB1
      IF (SW.GT.0.5) VO2=VB2
      IF(SW.GT.0.5)V03=V83
      IF (SW.GT.0.5) VO4=VB4
      RETURN
      END
```

Table 224: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE S2

Table 283: LISTING FOR SUBROSTINE

```
CS2
     SUBROUTINE S2(FX3, FY3, FZ3, AL3, AM3, AN3, FX1, FY1, FZ1, AL1, AM1, AN1,
    1 FX2, FY2, FZ2, ALZ, AMZ, AN2)
                                 REVISED: MAY 21 1976
  VERSION 1.
  PURPOSE: SUM TWO SETS OF 3 AXIS FORCES AND MOMENTS
  CALL SEQUENCE:
  *********** OUTPUTS **********
                                       METHOD - SEE CODING
  FX3.FY3.FZ3 - SUM OF FORCES
  AL3, AM3, AM3 - SUM OF MOMENTS
  22222222222
                INPUTS ==========
                                        WRITTEN BY - ADAM LLOYD
                 FORCES INPUT PORT 1
  FX1.FY1.FZ1 -
                 MOMENTS INPUT PORT 1
  AL1,AM1,AN1
C
  FX2, FY2, FZ2 - FORCES INPUT PORT2
AL2, AM2, AN2 - MOMENTS INPUT PORT 2
C
  DESIGNED BY: J.D. BURROUGHS
                                          MAY 1976
C =========== SUM FORCES ==========
     FX3=FX1+FX2
     FY3=FY1+FY2
     FZ3=FZ1+FZ2
                  SUM MOMENTS
 ********
                                          IRAV TURTUD
     AL3=AL1+AL2
     AM3=AM1+AM2
     AN3=AN1+AN2
     RETURN
     END
 SAY TURNT
 9.45
     SECS IMPUT
HARAS TURNI
                                             COMPONEZ TARREST TONIONADO
```

Table 225: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE S3

```
CS3
      SUBROUTINE S3 (FX4, FY4, FZ4, AL4, AM4, AM4, FX1, FY1, FZ1, AL1, AM1, AN1,
      1 FX2, FY2, FZ2, AL2, AM2, AN2, FX3, FY3, FZ3, AL3, AM3, AN3)
   VERSION 1.
                                  REVISED: MAY 21 1976
    PURPOSE: SUM THREE SETS OF 3 AXIS FORCES AND MOMENTS
    CALL SEQUENCE:
                 OUTPUTS ------
    **********
   FX4, FY4, FZ4 -
    AL4, AM4, AN4
                  SUM OF MOMENTS
    AL1, AM1, AN1 - MOMENTS INPUT PORT 1
    FX2, FY2, FZ2 -
AL2, AM2, AN2 -
                  FORCES INPUT PORT2
                  MOMENTS INPUT PORT 2
    FZ3,FY3,FZ3 - FORCES INPUT PORT3
AL3,AM3,AN3 - MOMENTS INPUT PORT 3
DESIGNED BY: J.D. BURROUGHS
                                           MAY 1976
     SUM FORCES -----
      FY4=FY1+FY2+FY3
      FZ4=FZ1+FZ2+FZ3
C ****** SUM MOMENTS *******
       AL4=AL1+AL2+AL3
       AM4=AM1+AM2+AM3
                       CIMENSION ARTILL, BRILLI, CRITICA, POISMENT
       AN4=AN1+AN2+AN3
       RETURN
       END
```

CAMP. I. COTANITSA. CALTSA. SMITTLESS STAND

(OM-11. (PROMITED, BRITED, SMITTINGERSO)

Table 226: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE TA

```
CTA
      SUBROUTINE TAIA2T, B2T, C2T, D2T, A2, B2, C2, D2)
C
C
    PURPOSE - TO PROVIDE CAPABILITY TO INPUT VARIABLES AS FUNCTIONS
C
              OF TIME
                            SUM THREE STIS OF 3 AXIS FORD
C
           - TABLE LOOK-UP USES 1 DEGREE INTERPOLATION
C
    METHOD
              AND DOES NOT PERMIT EXTRAPOLATION
C
                                             ED MUE
CCC
                                 LATEST REVISION
    WRITTEN BY - ADAM LLOYD
CCC
    INPUT/OUTPUT LIST
CC
                                                 ANY
               TABULAR INPUT OF VARIABLE A2
    A2T
                                                              INPUT
                                                                     TABLE
               TABULAR INPUT OF VARIABLE 82
                                                 ANY
CCC
    B2T
                                                                     TABLE
                                                              INPUT
    C2T
               TABULAR INPUT OF VARIABLE C2
                                                    ANY
                                                              INPUT
                                                                     TABLE
               TABULAR INPUT OF VARIABLE D2
    DZT
                                                    ANY
                                                              INPUT
                                                                    TABLE
               ABOVE TABLES ARE ALL ONE DIMENSIONAL
CCCCC
               WITH TIME AS INDEPENDENT VARIABLE
    A2
               VARIABLE A2
                                                    ANY
                                                              OUTPUT VAR
    82
               VARIABLE B2
                                                    ANY
                                                              OUTPUT VAR
    CZ
               VARIABLE CZ
                                                    ANY
                                                              OUTPUT VAR
    02
               VARIABLE D2
                                                    ANY
                                                              OUTPUT VAR
      DIMENSION A2T(1), B2T(1), C2T(1), D2T(1)
      COMMON/CTIME/TIME
      NA=A2T(2)
      NB=82T(2)
      NC=C2T(2)
      ND=D2T(2)
      A2=TBLU1(TIME, A2T(4), A2T(NA+4), 1,-NA)
      B2=TBLU1(TIME, B2T(4), B2T(NB+4), 1,-NB)
      C2=TBLU1(TIME,C2T(4),C2T(NC+4),1,-NC)
      D2=TBLU1(TIME,D2T(4),D2T(ND+4),1,-NO)
      RETURN
      END
```

Table 227: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE TB

СТВ	SUBROUTIN	TB(A2T, 92T, A2, B2)					
C		1477 23 2 197 , 390 , 0					
000		PROVIDE CAPABILITY TO INPUT TIME	VARIABLES	AS FUNCTION	S		
000	METHOD - TABLE LOOK-UP USES 1 DEGREE INTERPOLATION AND DOES NOT PERMIT EXTRAPOLATION						
000	WRITTEN BY	- ADAM LLOYD	LATEST RE	VISION N	OV 75		
000	INPUT/OUTPUT LIST SUET MOISSMUS SEE ETDETUD OF ETDENT SON						
C	AZT	TABULAR INPUT OF VARIABLE AZ	ANY	INPUT	TABLE		
C	B2T	TABULAR INPUT OF VARIABLE B2	ANY	INPUT	TABLE		
C	C ABOVE TABLES ARE ALL ONE DIMENSIONAL C WITH TIME AS INDEPENDENT VARIABLE C A2 VARIABLE A2 ANY OUT						
C							
C	A2	VARIABLE A2	ANY	OUTPUT	VAR		
C	82	VARIABLE 82	ANY	OUTPUT	VAR		
	COMMON/CTIME/TIME						
	DIMENSION A2T(1), B2T(1)						
	NA=A2T(2)						
	NB=B2T(2)						
		TIME , A2T(4) , A2T(NA+4) , 1 , -NA)					
	RETURN	TIME ,82T(4),82T(NB+4),1,-NB)					
	END						
	ENO						

Table 228: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE TBL1

```
FUNCTION Tall(PR, AZO, DPR, NPTS, IS, NA)
  CTBL1
                      FEB 1978
  C
     VERSION 1.
  0000
       PURPOSE
         TBL1 PERFORMS LINEAR INTERPOLATION ON 1 INDEPENDENT VARIABLE
  C
     WRITTEN BY J.R.KILNER
  C
     LIMITATIONS - USED ONLY BY COMPONENT TK
  C
  C
     FOR INPUTS AND OUTPUTS SEE FUNCTION TBL2
  C
     DIMENSION AZO(NA,1)
I C
       IF (PR.LE.O.) GO TO 10
       RMAX=DPR*(NPTS-1)
 IF(PR.GE.RMAX) GO TO 20
 II=PR*NPTS
       I=11+1
       TBL1=(AZO(I+1,IS)-AZO(I,IS))*(PR-DPR*II)/DPR+AZO(I,IS)
       GO TO 30
  10
       TBL1=AZO(1,IS)
       GO TO 30
       TBL1=AZO(NPTS,IS)
  20
  30
       RETURN
       END
```

```
CTBL2
      FUNCTION Tal2 (PR, ZO, ZOFS, A, DPR, NPTS, IS, NA)
C
    VERSION 1.
                         FEB. 1978
C
C
     WRITTEN BY J.R.KILNER
C
C
    LIMITATIONS - CALLED ONLY BY COMPONENT TK
C
      PURPOSE
C
         TBL2 PERFORMS CURVILINEAR TO RECTILINEAR TRANSFORMATION
C
         AND LINEAR INTERPOLATION ON 2 INDEPENDENT VARIABLES
C
C
      INPUT PARAMETERS
C
         PR
              - CUSHION TO TRUNK PRESSURE RATIO
C
         ZO
               - CUSHION HEIGHT
C
         ZOFS - CUSHION HEIGHT (FREE SHAPE)
C
         A
               - DEPENDENT ARRAY
         DPR - STEP CHANGE IN PC/PT
C
C
         NPTS - NUMBER OF ROW OR COLUMN ELEMENTS IN A
CCCC
         IS
               - DIGGES PARAMETER SET
         NA
               - ROW AND COLUMN DIMENSION OF A
     OUTPUT PARAMETERS
C
        YO, L1, L3, AS, ACV ARRAYS FOR TRUNK SHAPES
C
      DIMENSION A(NA,NA,1)
C
      IF (PR.LE.O.) GO TO 10
      RMAX=OPR*(NPTS-1)
      IF (PR.GE.RMAX) GO TO 20
      I=PR*NPTS
      I=I+1
      PR2=PR
      GO TO 30
20
      I=NPTS-1
      PR2=RMAX
30
      ZB=ZO/ZOFS
      IF (ZO.GE.ZCFS)GOTO 40
      IF(ZB.LE.DPR) GO TO 50
      JX=ZB *NPTS
      GO TO 60
50
      JX=1
      ZB=OPR
C
      J=NPTS-JX
60
      DZ=ZB-DPR*JX
      DP=PR2-DPR*(I-1)
      A1=(A(I,J,IS)-A(I,J+1,IS))*OZ/DPR+A(I,J+1,IS)
      A2=(A(I+1,J,IS)-A(I+1,J+1,IS))*DZ/DPR+A(I+1,J+1,IS)
      TBL2=(A2-A1)*DP/DPR+A1
      GOTO 99
C
10
      IF(ZO.GE.ZOFS)GOTO 12
      ZB=ZO/ZOFS
      IF (ZB.LE.OPR) GOTO 14
      JX=Z9 *NPTS
```

Table 229: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE TBL2 (CONCLUDED)

```
J=NPTS-JX
                      FUNCTION TEURITOR, ED. 2002, 1,000, MPTS, 18 MAX W
      DZ=ZB-DPR*JX
      TBL2=(A(1,J,IS)-A(1,J+1,IS))*OZ/OPR+A(1,J+1,IS)
      GOTO 99
12
      TBL2=A(1,1,IS)
      GOTO 99
      TBL2=A(1,NPTS,IS) GARMESITER OF PARKLEY OUR CHROCKER SINT
14
      GOTO 99
      DP=PR2-DPR*(I-1)
40
      TBL2=(A(I+1,1,IS)-A(I,1,IS))*DP/DPR+A(I,1,IS)
99
      RETURN
      END
```

Table 230: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE TBLU1

```
CTBLU1
     FUNCTION TBLU1(X1,X,F1,NDX,NX)
C****
     PURPOSE
C
C
        TBLU1 PERFORMS TABLE SEARCH AND LAGRANGIAN POLYNOMIAL
C
        INTERPOLATION OF USER-DEFINED DEGREE ON 1 INDEPENDENT
C
C
     USAGE
        DIMENSION X(NX),F1(NX)
0000
        V = TBLU1(X1,X,F1,NOX,NX)
     INPUT PARAMETERS
        X1 - POINT TO INTERPOLATE FOR
        X - INDEPENDENT VARIABLE ARRAY
C
00000000000
        F1 - DEPENDENT VARIABLE ARRAY
       NDX - DEGREE OF INTERPOLATION
        NX - IABS(NX) IS THE NUMBER OF DATA POINTS IN THE X ARRAY.
            IF NEGATIVE, NEAREST END POINT IS TO BE USED UPON
            EXTRAPOLATION
     OUTPUT PARAMETER
        V - RESULT OF TABLE SEARCH AND INTERPOLATION
           SUCCESS V = INTERPOLATED VALUE
             ERROR V = INDEFINITE VALUE WHERE RIGHTMOST DIGIT
                       DEFINES THE ERROR DETECTED
                   DATA VALUES WITHIN X ARE NOT DISTINCT
C
               2
                  NDX IS LESS THAN ZERO
C
               3
                  NX IS ZERO
C*****
C
     DIMENSION X(1),Y(1),F1(1)
     INTEGER SEARCH
     DATA ERR2/17770000000000000028/
     DATA ERR3/177700000000000000038/
C
        TEST FOR USER ERRORS
  100 TBLU1 = 0
     IF (NOX.LT.O) TBLU1 = ERR2
     IF (NX.EQ.O) TBLU1 = ERR3
     IF (T9LU1.NE.0) GO TO 210
         SEARCH FOR X1 AND TEST FOR EXACTNESS
C
     MDX = NDX
     IF(SEARCH(X1,X,MDX,NX,I).EQ.0) GO TO 200
     TBLU1 = F1(I)
     GO TO 210
         INTERPOLATE
  200 TBLU1 = TERP1 (X1, X, F1, MOX, I)
 210 RETURN
     END
```

Table 231: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE TBLU2

```
CTBLU2
      FUNCTION TBLU2(X1,Y1,X,Y,F2,NDX,NDY,NX,NY,MX,MY)
C
      PURPOSE
         TBLU2 PERFORMS TABLE SEARCH AND LAGRANGIAN POLYNOMIAL
C
         INTERPOLATION OF USER-DEFINED DEGREE ON 2 INDEPENDENT
C
         VARIABLES
C
      USAGE
C
         DIMENSION X(NX), Y(NY), F2(MX, MY)
         V = TBLU2(X1,Y1,X,Y,F2,NDX,NDY,NX,NY,MX,MY)
      INPUT PARAMETERS
         X1,Y1 - POINT TO INTERPOLATE FOR
           X,Y - ARRAYS OF INDEPENDENT VARIABLES
            F2 - 20 ARRAY OF DEPENDENT VARIABLE
       NOX.NDY - DEGREE OF INTERPOLATION FOR EACH DIMENSION
         NX.NY - IABS OF EACH IS THE NUMBER OF DATA POINTS IN THE
                 RESPECTIVE X OR Y ARRAY. IF NEGATIVE, NEAREST
C
                 END POINT IS TO BE USED UPON EXTRAPOLATION
         MX.MY - DIMENSIONAL CONSTANTS FOR F2 ARRAY
C
      OUTPUT PARAMETERS
C
         V - RESULT OF TABLE SEARCH AND INTERPOLATION
             SUCCESS V = INTERPOLATED VALUE
C
               ERROR V = INDEFINITE VALUE WHERE RIGHTMOST DIGIT
CCC
                          DEFINES THE ERROR DETECTED
                     DATA VALUES WITHIN X OR Y ARE NOT DISTINCT
                 2
                     EITHER NOX OR NOY IS LESS THAN ZERO
                 3
                     EITHER NX OR NY IS ZERO
                     MX.LT.IABS(NX)
C*****
      DIMENSION X(1),Y(1),F2(MX,MY)
      INTEGER SEARCH
      DATA ERR2/177700000000000000028/
      DATA ERR3/177700000000000000038/
      DATA ERR4/1777000000000000000048/
          TEST FOR USER ERRORS
  100 TBLU2 = 0
      IF ((NDX.LT.0).OR.(NDY.LT.0)) TBLU2 = ERR2
      IF ((NX.EQ.0).OR.(NY.EQ.0)) TBLU2 = ERR3
      IF (MX.LT.IABS(NX)) TBLU2 = ERR4
      IF (TBLU2.NE.O) GD TO 310
          SET UP INITIAL PARAMETERS
  120 X2 = X1
      Y2 = Y1
      MDX = NDX
      MDY = NDY
C
          SEARCH FOR X1 AND Y1 IN TABLES
      IX = SEARCH(X2,X,MDX,NX,I)
      IY = SEARCH(Y2,Y,MOY,NY,J)
          TEST FOR EXACTNESS IN 1 OR 2 DIMENSIONS
C
      IW = IX+IY+IY+1
      GO TO (300,210,220,200),IW
  200 TBLU2 = F2(I.J)
      GO TO 310
  210 \times 2 = \times (1)
      MDX = 0
```

Table 231: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE TBLU2 (CONCLUDED)

BUSAY SETAJOSESHE - W - CERUDIA

TIME THE THIRD FOR THE PERSON TO

ONE OF MAX, NOV. OR MOZ OF LESS THAN ZERO

Table 232: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE TBLU3

```
CTBLU3
      FUNCTION TBLU3(X1, Y1, Z1, X, Y, Z, F3, NDX, NDY, NDZ, NX, NY, NZ, MX, MY, MZ)
C**
C
      PURPOSE
C
         TBLU3 PERFORMS TABLE SEARCH AND LAGRANGIAN POLYNOMIAL
C
         INTERPOLATION OF USER-DEFINED DEGREE ON 3 INDEPENDENT
C
         VARIABLES
C
      USAGE
C
         DIMENSION X(NX), Y(NY), Z(NZ), F3(MX, MY, MZ)
C
          V = TBLU3(X1,Y1,Z1,X,Y,Z,F3,NDX,NDY,NDZ,NX,NY,NZ,MX,MY,MZ)
      INPUT PARAMETERS
C
          X1, Y1, Z1 - POINT TO INTERPOLATE FOR
C
              X,Y,Z - ARRAYS OF INDEPENDENT VARIABLES
C
                 F3 - 30 ARRAY OF DEPENDENT VARIABLE
00000000
       NOX, NOY, NOZ - DEGREE OF INTERPOLATION FOR EACH DIMENSION
          NX,NY,NZ - IABS OF EACH IS THE NUMBER OF DATA POINTS IN
                      THE RESPECTIVE X, Y OR Z ARRAY. IF NEGATIVE, NEAREST END POINT IS TO BE USED UPON
                      EXTRAPOLATION
          MX, MY, MZ - DIMENSIONAL CONSTANTS FOR F3 ARRAY
      OUTPUT PARAMETERS
         V - RESULT OF TABLE SEARCH AND INTERPOLATION
0000000
              SUCCESS
                       V = INTERPOLATED VALUE
                ERROR
                       V = INDEFINITE VALUE WHERE RIGHTMOST DIGIT
                            DEFINES THE ERROR DETECTED
                      DATA VALUES WITHIN X, Y DR Z ARE NOT DISTINCT
                      ONE OF NDX, NDY OR NDZ IS LESS THAN ZERO
                  2
                      ONE OF NX, NY OR NZ IS ZERO
                  3
                      EITHER MX.LT.IABS(NX) OR MY.LT.IABS(NY)
C*
C
      DIMENSION X(1),Y(1),Z(1),F3(MX,MY,MZ)
      INTEGER SEARCH
      DATA ERR2/177700000000000000028/
      DATA ERR3/177700000000000000038/
      DATA ERR4/1777000000000000000048/
C
           TEST FOR USER ERRORS
  100 TBLU3 = 0
      IF ((NDX.LT.0).OR.(NDY.LT.0).OR.(NDZ.LT.0)) TBLU3 = ERRZ
      IF ((NX.EQ.0).OR.(NY.EQ.0).OR.(NZ.EQ.0)) TBLU3 = ERR3
      IF ((MX.LT IABS(NX)).OR.(MY.LT.IABS(NY))) TBLU3 =ERR4
      IF (TBLU3.NE.0) GO TO 310
          SET UP INITIAL PARAMETERS
  120 XZ = X1
      Y2 = Y1
      ZZ = Z1
      MDX = NDX
      MDY = NDY
      MDZ = NDZ
           SEARCH FOR X1, Y1 AND Z1 IN TABLES
      IX = SEARCH(X2,X,MDX,NX,I)
      IY = SEARCH(Y2,Y,MDY,NY,J)
      IZ = SEARCH(Z2,Z,MDZ,NZ,K)
           TEST FOR EXACTNESS IN 1 OR MORE DIMENSIONS
      IW = IX+IY+IZ
      IF (IW.EQ.C) GO TO 3CC
```

Table 232: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE TBLU3 (CONCLUDED)

IF (IW.NE.3) GO TO 200 TBLU3 = F3(I,J,K) SI, 08, 8, 81, 09, 9, VI, QV, VIET BUITUERBUZ 200 IF (IX.EQ.0) GO TO 210 00 TO 38 X2 = X(I) AUDE YOUR GIOTE MODERNA RO BEADED DESART DECEMBER 210 IF (IY.EQ.0) GO TO 220 Y2 = Y(J) SWAFE STURTUO SERVER MDY = 0 LINEAR VEGOTTIES -- SOOY AKES 220 IF (IZ.EQ.0) GO TO 300 22 = Z(K) INTERPOLATE MDZ = 0 DEZEC 300 TBLU3 = TERP3(X2,Y2,Z2,X,Y,Z,F3,MDX,MDY,MDZ,MX,MY,MZ,I,J,K) 310 RETURN DEGLESSING THILETAR BLOOM JOR - JORICO END

- Y AXIS LINEAR VELOCITY, RIVSEC

- Z AXIS INGUEAR ACCELERATION: DEG/SECS

- Y AXIS LINERS ACCELERATION. FT. SECS

15.60

SECRETAR ASSESSED CINERA VELOCITY SOCIATIONS NEWSFRE PROFESSES

SIVERXIPPENERS

A95+(V16)(57+M8T=XT))=09(0.90,91) 91

SHOUTTAURS STOWN HOLLER ANDLE EQUATIONS

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SERVICE STREET THE THE VELOCITY ECONTIONS SERVICES SERVICES

```
DES OT DO SELBM.WIL BI
CTD
      SUBROUTINE TO(V, VO, IV, P, PD, IP, R, RO, IR, ROL, ROLD, IROL,
     1 YAW, YAWD, IYAW, YD, POOT, ROOT, VOOT, TX, TZ, XXI, ZZI, XZI, PIT)
    VERSION 2.
                                      SEPT-29 1977
   PURPOSE THREE DEGREE OF FREEDOM RIGID BODY EQUATIONS OF MOTION(LAT)
  METHOD EULER ANGLES
  CALL SEQUENCE
   ***** OUTPUTS ****
    LINEAR VELOCITIES -- BODY AXES
                 - Y AXIS LINEAR VELOCITY, ACCEL, INT CONTROL, FT/SEC
       V,VD,IV
    ANGULAR VELOCITIES -- BODY AXES
                 - X AXIS ANGULAR VELOCITY, ACCEL, INT CONTROL, DEG/SEC
       P.PD.IP
                   - Z AXIS ANGULAR VELOCITY, ACCEL, INT CONTROL, DEG/SEC
       R,RD,IR
    EULER ANGLES -- EARTH TO BODY - YAW, PITCH, ROLL
C
      ROL, ROLD, IROL - ROLL ANGLE, RATE, INT CONTROL, DEG
C
      YAW, YAWD, IYAW - YAW ANGLE, RATE, INT CONTROL, DEG
    POSITION - EARTH AXES
                   - Y AXIS LINEAR VELOCITY, FT/SEC
       YD
    ANGULAR ACCELERATION -- BODY AXES
                   - X AXIS ANGULAR ACCELERATION, DEG/SEC2
                   - Z AXIS ANGULAR ACCELERATION, DEG/SEC2
       ROOT
C
   **** INPUTS ****
    LINEAR ACCELERATION - BODY AXES
                   - Y AXIS LINEAR ACCELERATION, FT/SEC2
    MOMENTS
       TX,TZ
                   - X, Z AXIS TORQUES, FTLBS
C
    MOMENTS OF INERTIA
                   - X,Z AXIS MOMENTS OF INERTIA, SLUG-FT2
       XXI,ZZI
C
                   - PRODUCT OF INERTIA, SLUG-FT2
       XZI
C
    EULER ANGLE
                 - EARTH TO BODY - PITCH
                   - PITCH ANGLE, DEG
C
      PIT
     WRITTEN BY
                 M.K. WAHI
                                                  MARCH 1977
      DATA RPD, DPR /.01745329,57.29578/
      CP=COS(PIT*RPD)
      SP=SIN(PIT*RPD)
      CR = COS (ROL * RPD)
      SR=SIN(ROL*RPD)
 ********* LINEAR VELOCITY EQUATIONS ***********
      IF (IV.NE.O) VD=VDOT
 ******* ANGULAR VELOCITY EQUATIONS **********
      IF(XZI.NE.O..AND.XZI.NE. .99999) GO TO 100
      IF(IP.NE.O)PD=(TX/XXI)*DPR
      IF(IR.NE.O)RD=(TZ/ZZI)*DPR
      GO TO 160
  100 IF(IP+IR.EQ.0)GO TO 160
      TEM=ZZI/XZI
      DIV=XXI*TEM-XZI
      IF (IP.NE.O)PD=((TX*TEM+TZ)/DIV)*DPR
      TEM=XXI/XZI
      IF (IR.NE.O)RD=((TX+TZ*TEM)/DIV)*DPR
C ****** EULER ANGLE EQUATIONS
                                          *********
  160 IF (CP.NE.O.)PSID=R*CR/CP
      IF (IYAW.NE.O) YAWD=PSID
      IF (IROL.NE.O) ROLD=P+PS ID*SP
  ************* POSITION EQUATIONS *********
```

Table 233: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE TD (CONCLUDED)

Table 234: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE TERRA

```
CTERRA
      FUNCTION TERRA(X, AMODE, ANR, D, H, Z)
    VERSION 1.
                              NOV-21 1977
    PURPOSE
            1. TO SIMULATE A ROUGH TERRAIN WITH RANDOM PROFILE
             2. TO SIMULATE SINUSOIDAL AND (1-COSINE) BUMP PROFILES.
C
    METHOD
             1. THE VERTICAL ELEVATION IS STORED IN TABULAR
                - FORM AS A FUNCTION OF POSITION.
             2. DIRECT EVALUTION OF TRIGONOMETERIC EQN.
C
C
  ** INPUTS **
C
            -INDICATOR FOR TYPE OF SURFACE
      IMODE
C
           =0 -DEFINES A FLAT SURFACE OF ZE=0.
C
           =1 -DEFINES (1-COSINE) OR SINUSCIDAL SURFACE
C
           =2 -DEFINES PROFILE IN TABULAR FORM
C
C
    FOR IMODE = 1
              -NUMBER OF SEQUENTIAL (1-COSINE) BUMPS
C
      N
              -LENGTH OF BUMP, FEET
C
      D
C
              -HEIGHT OF BUMP (NEGATIVE H SPECIFIES A DIP), INCHES
      H
    ANY NUMBER OF SEQUENTIAL (1-COSINE) BUMPS MAY BE SPECIFIED
C
    PROFILE BEGINS AT EARTH AXIS ORIGIN
    CONTINUOUS SINUSOID IS REPRESENTED BY A LARGE NUMBER OF *
                                       * (1-COSINE) BUMPS
C
    FOR IMODE = 2
      N
              -NUMBER OF DATA POINTS IN PROFILE DEFINITION
C
              -INCREMENTAL DISTANCE BETWEEN POINTS, FEET
              -CONSTANT ELEVATION SCALING FACTOR (ZBAR=H*Z(XE))
    PROFILE DATA MUST BE SPECIFIED AT EVEN INCREMENTS(DL)
    LINEAR INTERPOLATION BETWEEN POINTS
    ELEVATION OUTSIDE OF DEFINED REGION IS VALUE OF NEAREST POINT
              -VECTOR CONTAINING ELEVATION DEFINITION, INCHES
      Z(I)
  WRITTEN BY J.R.KILNER
      DIMENSION Z(1)
      N1 =ANR
      N2=ANR+3
      IMODE = AMODE
      XE=.08333*X
      IF(IMODE.EQ.O) GO TO 11
C
      IF (IMODE.EQ.1) GO TO 44
C
      IM1=XE/D
      I= IM1+4
C
      IF(I.LT.4) GO TO 22
      IF(I.GE.N2) GO TO 33
      XI=IM1*D
      DX=XE-XI
      TERRA=((Z(I+1)-Z(I))*DX/D+Z(I))*H
```

Table 234: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE TERRA (CONCLUDED)

TAUCHIS ST - BEUSAUS BORD TERRS DORS

c	GO TO 99	1,70007,09,1	
ĭı	TERRA=0.	OND DROER TRANS	
C		2016	
22	TERRA=Z(4)*H GO TO 99	02 + 5*12	
C		The state of the second st	
C 33	TERRA=Z(N2)*H GD TD 99	2 + 01*5+40	
C			
C 44	IF (XE.LE.OOR.X TERRA=0.5*H*(1		
C			
99 C	CONTINUE		
	RETURN		

INTERNEDIATE STATE VARIABLE

LUDT STATE VARIABLE DERIVATEVE

INTEGRATOR CONTROL

TRANSFER FLUITION OVIDUT

TRANSFER FLUITION OVIDUT

TRANSFER FLUITION OVIDUT

TRANSFER CONTROL

NUMBERATOR CONFEICIENT

NUMBERATOR CONFFICIENT

ORNOLINATOR CONFFICIENT

ORNOLINATOR CONFRICIENT

COMMON/CLOVIRERO, INKITELIDIAL

TRIELNI, NE DIXIOOT=KOMFIN+POMFO

IRITELNI, NE DIXIOOT=KOMFIN+POMFO

Table 235: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE TF

```
CTF
      SUBROUTINE TF(X1,X1DOT,IX1,F0,F0DOT,IF0,FIN,Z0,Z1,P0,P1)
C
C
    PURPOSE - TO SIMULATE A SECOND ORDER TRANSFER FUNCTION WITH
C
              FIRST ORDER NUMERATOR
C
CCC
                          FO
                                   Z1*S + Z0
                          FIN
                                   2
C
                                  S + P1*S+P0
C
C
    METHOD - SELF EXPLANATORY
C
C
C
    LIMITATIONS
                    NONE
C
000
                    ADAM LLOYD - LATEST REVISION NOV 75
    WRITTEN BY
C
C
    INPUT/OUTPUT LIST
C
CC
                                                             OUTPUT STATE
               INTERMEDIATE STATE VARIABLE
                                                   ANY
    X1
    XIDOT
               STATE VARIABLE DERIVATIVE
                                                   ANY
                                                             OUTPUT STATE
CC
    IX1
               INTEGRATOR CONTROL
                                                             PROGRAM VAR
    FO
               TRANSFER FUNCTION OUTPUT
                                                   ANY
                                                             DUTPUT STATE
C
    FODOT
               TRANSFER FUNCTION OUTPUT DERIV.
                                                   ANY
                                                             OUTPUT STATE
C
    IFO
               INTEGRATOR CONTROL
                                                             PROGRAM VAR
c
    FIN
               TRANSFER FUNCTION INPUT
                                                   ANY
                                                             INPUT
                                                                    VAR
C
    ZO
               NUMERATOR COEFFICIENT
                                                   ANY
                                                             INPUT
                                                                     VAR
C
    Z1
               NUMERATOR COEFFICIENT
                                                              INPUT
                                                   ANY
                                                                    VAR
C
                                                             INPUT
    PO
               DENOMINATOR COEFFICIENT
                                                   1/SEC2
                                                                    VAR
    P1
               DENOMINATOR COEFFICIENT
                                                   1/SEC
                                                             INPUT VAR
      COMMON/CIO/IREAD, IWRITE, IDIAG
      IF(IX1.NE.O)X1DOT=ZO*FIN-PO*FO
      IF(IFO.NE.O)FODOT=X1+Z1*FIN-P1*FO
      RETURN
      END
```

Table 236: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE TG

```
CTG
      SUBROUTINE TG(FX, FY, FZ, TX, TY, TZ, TH, GAMX, GAMY, GAMZ, XO, YO, ZO)
C
    VERSION 1.
                                                  REVISED: SEPT 20 19766
                TRANSFORM ENGINE THRUST INTO BODY AXIS FORCES AND
C
    PURPOSE:
C
                TORQUES
000000000
    CALL SEQUENCE:
    ***** OUTPUTS
      FX,FY,FZ
                 -X,Y,Z AXIS FORCES ABOUT C.G., LBS
      TX.TY.TZ
                     -X, Y, Z AXIS TORQUES, FT-LBS
    ***** INPUTS *****
                    -ENGINE THRUST IN LBS
      GAMX, GAMY, GAMZ -X, Y, Z AXIS DIRECTION COSINES
      x0, Y0, Z0 - THRUST LOCATION COMPONENTS , FT
    DESIGNED BY A.W. WARREN
                                                  SEPT. 1976
      FX= TH*GAMX ET PERSON THE COME SEASON SELECTIONS
      FY= TH+GAMY
      FZ = TH+GAMZ
      TX= Y0*FZ - Z0*FY
TY= Z0*FX - X0*FZ
                       BETTES, IST25), APT2504EPTES), EMT25)
BINEVALOM XBAL25), YEMP2504LEMAZES, PA(25)
BINEVALOM ABETTE AY2147, USM(E) TO
      TZ = X0*FY - Y0*FX
      RETURN
      END
```

Table 237: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE TK

```
CTK
      SUBROUTINE TK(ABL, XYZ, DSM, IAL, REL, ZTR,
     1 FXT, FYT, FZT, TXT, TYT, TZT, PT, PTD, IPT,
     2 VT, VTD, IVT, PC, PCD, IPC, VC, VCD, IVC, WTA, WCA, WTC,
     3 ROL, PIT, YAW, X, ALT, U, V, W, PA, WCU, TCU, WTR, TTR, ANE, CDGAP,
     4 ANSET, ANPTS, BST, WLT, CDH1, CDH2, CDA, BSCG, WLCG, TAU, P, Q, R,
     5 AMODE, ANR, DL, H, DMP, EPC, VU, CAV)
C
    VERSION 6.
                                                FEB.17 1978
C
    PURPOSE - TO DEVELOP AN INCLASTIC TYPE ACLS TRUNK MODEL
C
C
    METHOD
             THE TRUNK HAS BEEN DIVIDED INTO 2*NE SEGMENTS, NE ON THE
C
              LEFT HAND SIDE AND NE ON THE RIGHT HAND SIDE.
C
             MEMBRANE MODEL
C
             CONCEPT(REF: AFFDL-TR-71-50) IS USED FOR MODELING SIDE
C
              ELEMENTS WHILE FRONT AND AFT ELEMENTS ARE MODELED WITH A
C
             USER OPTION FOR (A) RESTRAINED MEMBRANE MODEL, (B) FROZEN SHAPE
C
             MODEL. BOTH HAVE TWO ATTACHMENT POINTS ON THE FUSELAGE
C
      DIMENSION A(6),B(6),LO(6),XA(25),YA(25),ZA(25),D(25),S(25),
          BET (25), IS(25), AP(25), LP(25), LH(25), MU(25), REL(1)
      DIMENSION XBA(25), YBA(25), ZBA(25), RA(25), ITYPE(6), SNB(25), CSB(25)
      DIMENSION ABL(1), XYZ(1), DSM(1), IAL(1)
      DIMENSION XMU(4), ZTR(1)
C
      REAL LO.LP.LH.MU.L3P.L3,L1,IAL
C
      COMMON/SECT/AZO(10,6),AYO(10,10,6),AL1(10,10,6),AL3P(10,10,6),
                     AL3(10,10,6),AACV(10,10,6),AAS(10,10,6)
      COMMON/CIO/IREAD, IWRITE, IDIAG
      COMMON/CTIME/TIME
      COMMON/CXDOT/XD(1)
      COMMON/CDIFS/JST, KIN, TP
      COMMON/COVRLY/INST
C
      DATA RG, NA, TEST2/53.34, 10.0./
C
C
C
    CALL SEQUENCE
C
C
  **** INPUT TABLES OR DATA ARRAYS ****
C
                     -ARRAYS OF TRUNK ELEMENT DIMENSIONS; ATTACH
      A,8,L0
C
                     -POINT SPACING, ATTACH POINT HEIGHT AND
C
                     -MEMBRANE CIRCUMFERENCE RESPECTIVELY, INCHES
C
                     -ARRAY OF INDICATOR FOR TRUNK ELEMENT TYPE
       ITYPE
C
        =0
                     -FROZEN TRUNK MODEL
C
                     -MEMBRANE TRUNK MCDEL
        =1
C
C
                     -ARRAYS OF COORDINATES OF TRUNK ELEMENT
      XA,YA,ZA
C
                     -INBOARD ATTACH POINT, INCHES
C
      SET
                     -ARRAY OF ELEMENT ANGLES ALSO SPECIFIES WHETHER
C
                     -ELEMENT IS AN END(FRON, AFT) OR A SIDE ELEMENT, DEG
C
                     -ARRAY OF ELEMENT WIDTH, INCHES
C
      D
                     -ARRAY OF ELEMENT SCALING FACTORS
```

```
UM
                     -ARRAY OF ELEMENT COEFICIENTS OF FRICTION
oooooo
                     -IN X AND Y AXIS RESPECTIVELY
      IS
                     -ARRAY OF PARAMETER SET NUMBERS ASSOCIATED
                     -WITH EACH ELEMENT
      AP
                     -ARRAY OF ORIFICE AREA PER UNIT AREA
C
                     -(OR POROSITY) OF TRUNK SURFACE
C
      LP
                     -ARRAY OF CIRCUMFERENTIAL DISTANCE FROM OUTBO
C
                     -ATTACH POINT TO BEGINNING OF PERFORATIONS, INCHES
                     -ARRAY OF WIDTH OF PERFORATED AREA, INCHES
C
      LH
000000000000000
       REL
                     -RELIEF VALVE AREA OPENING AS A FUNCTION OF
                     -TRUNK PRESSURE , ONE DIM. TABLE, SQ. IN VS PSIA
    ***** OUTPUTS ****
      FXT, FYT, FZT
                     -X, Y, Z AXIS, AXIAL, LATERAL AND VERTICAL FORCE
                     -SUMMATION TERMS, LBS
      TXT, TYT, TZT
                     -X,Y,Z AXIS SUMMATION TERMS FOR ROLL, PITCH,
                     -AND YAW MOMENTS, FT-LB.
                     -TRUNK PRESSURE, RATE, INT CONTROL, PSIA
      PT. PTD. IPT
      VT, VTD, IVT
                     -TRUNK VOLUME, RATE, INT CONTROL, CU FT
                     -CUHSION PRESSURE, RATE, INT CONTROL, PSIA
      PC,PCD, IPC
                     -CUSHION VOLUME, RATE, INT CENTROL, CU FT
      VC, VCD, IVC
                     -AIR FLOW RATE, TRUNK TO ATMOSPHERE, LB/MIN
      WTA
C
      WCA
                     -AIR FLOW RATE, CUSHION TO ATMOSPHERE, LB/MIN
C
      WIC
                     -AIR FLOW RATE, TRUNK TO CUSION, LB/MIN
C
    **** INPUTS
C
                    ****
000000000
      ROL, PIT, YAW
                     -ROLL, PITCH, YAW EULER ANGLES, DEG
                     -X.Z EARTH AXIS POSITIONS
      X.ALT
      U.V.W
                     -x, Y, Z BODY AXIS LINEAR VELOCITIES, FT/SEC
      PA
                     -AMBIENT PRESSURE, PSIA
      WLU
                     -SUPPLY AIR FLOW RATE TO CUSHION CAVITY, LB/MIN
      TCU
                     -TEMPERATURE OF WCU AIR, DEGR
      WTR
                     -SUPPLY AIR FLOW RATE TO TRUNK, LB/MIN
                     -TEMPERATURE OF WTR AIR, DEGR
      TTR
      NE (ANE)
                     -NUMBER OF ELEMENTS PER TRUNK SIDE
000
                     -SYMMETRIC MODEL IF ANE.LT.O
      NSET
                     -NUMBER OF ELEMENT SHAPES OR PARAM. SETS
      CDGAP
                     -DISCHARGE COEFF. FOR FLOW THROUGH GAP
C
                     -BETWEEN TRUNK AND GROUND
0000
      CDA
                     - DISCHARGE COEFF. FOR FLOW THROUGH
                     -RELIEF VALVE
                     -NO. OF ELEMENTS IN A ROW OR COLUMN IN THE
      NPTS
                     - PARAMETER SET
0000
                     -BODY STATION AND WATER LINE OF TRUNK AXIS, INCHES
      BST. WLT
      CDH1
                     -ORIFICE DISCHARGE COEFFICIENT FOR FREE
                     -PORTION OF TRUNK
                     -ORIFICE DISCHARGE COEFFICIENT FOR TRUNK AREA
      COHZ
C
                     -IN CONTACT WITH THE GROUND
C
      BSCG, WLLG
                     -BODY STATION AND WATER LINE OF C.G., INCHES
                     -TIME CONSTANT FOR TRUNK AND CUSHION VOLUME
      TAU
C
                     -RATE OF CHANGE, SEC
C
                     -x, Y, Z BODY AXIS ANGULAR VELOCITIES, DEG/SEC
      P.U.R
      AMODE, ANR. DL, H-TERRAIN MODEL PARAMETERS, SEE FUNCTION TERRA
                     -DAMPING COEFFICIENT AS A FUNCTION OF
```

Table 237: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE TK (CONTINUED)

```
-FLATTENED AREA, LB-SEC/IN./SQ IN.
     EPC
                 -PRINT CONTROL, EPC=1. PRINT ELEMENT VARIABLE
C
                 -VALUES EVERY PRINT INTERVAL
     VU -BREAK POINT IN MU-VELUCITY CURVE, IN/SEC
     CAV
                 EFFECTIVE AREA FOR TRUNK TO CUSHION VENT, SQ IN
 *** CONSTANTS ***
     RG=53.34 -GAS CUNSTANT FOR AIR, FT-LB/LB/DEGR
C
C
   WRITTEN BY J.R.KILNER AND M.K.WAHI
  INITIAL CALCULATIONS AND E EMENT SECTION PROPERTY
  PARAMETER DATA CALCULATED AT TIME=0
  IF INPUT DATA ARE UPDATED
     IF(TIME.NE.O.)GOTO 11
    NSET=ANSET
NE=AdS (ANE)
NPTS=ANP IS
NSET2=4*NSET+3
TEST=0
C
     TEST=0.

DC 4 I=4,NSET2

TEST=TEST+ABL(I)

NE2=4*NE+3

DD 6 I=6.NE2
     DO 6 I=4, NE2
     TEST=TEST+XYZ(I)+IAL(I)
     NE3=3*NE+5
     NE3=3*NE+3
DO 7 I=4,NE3
TEST=TEST+DSM(I)
7
     IF(TEST.EQ. TEST2)GO TO 11
     TEST2=TEST
     MS=2
     MS=2
IF(ANE.LT.U.)MS=1
C
     DO 10 I=1,NSET
     A(I)=ABL(4*I)
B(I)=ABL(4*I+1)
LO(I)=ABL(4*I+2)
     ITYPE(I)=ABL(4*I+3)
CONTINUE
     CONTINUE

DO 20 1=1,NE
IS=I=3
 10
     X4(I)=XYZ(I4)
     XA(I)=XYZ(I4)
YA(I)=XYZ(I4+1)
ZA(I)=XYZ(I4+2)
cc[I]=XYZ(I4+3)
     oci(1)=XYZ(14+3)
     U(I)=OSM(I3+1)
S(I)=DSM(I3+2)
     L(1)=USM(13+1)
S(1)=DSM(13+2)
MU(1)=DSM(13+3)
```

```
IS(1)=IAL(14)
      AP(I)=IAL(I4+1)
      LP(I)=IAL(I4+2)
      LH(I)=IAL(14+3)
C
      XBA(I) = BSCG-BST+XA(I)
      YBA(1)= YA(1)
      ZBA(I) = WLCG-WLT+ZA(I)
C
      SNB(I)=SIN(.01745*8£T(I))
      CSB(I)=COS(.01745#8ET(I))
      RA(I)=YA(I)/CSB(I)
 20
      CONTINUE
      DSUM=0.
      00 25 I=1,NE
25
      DSUM=DSUM+D(1)
      DSUM=DSUM#2.
C
      XMU(1)=0.
      XMU(2)=VU
      XMU(3)=G.
      XMU(4)=1.
C
C
      WRITE(IWRITE, 6000)
      write(Iwrite,6002)(I, xa(I), ya(I), za(I), Ra(I), BET(I), D(I), S(I),
     * MU(I), (S(I), AP(I), LP(I), LH(I), I=1, NE)
6000 FORMAT(1H1,31H**** TRUNK PARAMETER DATA ****,16(5H*****)////
     * 37H ELEMENT
                          XA
                                     YA
     * 8X.23HRA
                    BET
                                     S.
                                     LF
     * 6X,32H MU
                     IS
                           AP
                                             LH/)
6002
      FORMAT(4X,12,2X,4F10.2,F8.2,F7.2,F8.3,F8.3,I4,F9.5,2F7.1/)
C
      CALL IC (NSET.NPTS.ITYPE, A.B. LO. DPR)
C
      CONTINUE
 11
C
CC
   INITIALIZATION FOR LOOP ITERATION
      AGAP=0.
      FXT =0.
      FYT =0.
      FZT=O.
      TXT =O.
      TYT =0.
      TZT =Q.
      VCS =U.
      VTS =C.
      AHA1=0.
      AHA2 =0.
      AHC1=0.
                KET=X*12.+K6TFEPEY+Y8TW(SKSPCY~CRSY)+LBT*(SYSR)
      AHC2=0.
      CR=COS( .017+5+ROL)
```

```
CP=COS(.01745*PIT)
      CY=COS(.G1745*YAW)
      SR=SIN(.01745*RUL)
      SP=SIN(.01745*PIT)
      SY=SIN(.01745+YAW)
C
      CPCY=CP *CY
      CRSY=CR*SY
      SRSPCY=SR*SP*CY
      SYSR=SY*SR
      CYCRSP=CY*CR*SP
      CPSR=CP*SR
      CRCP=CR*CP
      SPSR=SP*SR
      SPCR=SP*CR
C
      P1=P*.01745
      41=4*.01745
      R1=R*.01745
      U1=U*12.
      V1=V*12.
      W1=W*12.
C **
      M=1 FGR RIGHT HAND SIDE
      M=2 FUR LEFT HAND SIDE **
I=TRUNK ELEMENT NUMBER **
C **
 **
 ** E= +1 WHEN M= (RHS)

** E= -1 WHEN M=2 (LHS)
      DO 30 M=1,MS
      E=1.
      IF (M.EQ.2) E=-1.
      DO 30 I=1,NE
C
      TEST FOR SIDE OR END ELEMENT AND CALCULATE CUSHION-
 **
C
      -TO- TRUNK PRESSURE RATIO
 **
      PR =0.
      IF(BET(I).EQ.O.) PR=(PC-PA)/(PT-PA)
  ** FS REFERS TO FREE SHAPE VALUES WHICH ARE FUNCTION OF ONLY PR
      ZOFSU = TBL1(PR, AZO, DPR, NPTS, IS(1), NA)
      ZOFS =S(I)*ZOFSU
      YOFS =S(I)*TBL2(PR, ZOFSU, ZOFSU, AYO, DPR, NPTS, IS(I), NA)
      XBT=ABA(I)+YCFS*SNB(I)
      YBT=E*( YBA( 1)+YOFS*CS8(1))
      ZBT=ZBA(I)+ZOFS
   DETERMINE X AND Z POSITION OF POINT T IN EARTH COORDINATES
      XET=X*12.+XBT*EPCY+YBT*(SRSPCY-CRSY)+ZBT*(SYSR+CYCRSP)
      ZET=-ALT=12 .-XBT+SP+YBT+CPSR+ZBI+CRCP
```

```
DETERMINE TERRAIN ELEVATION AT POINT T
C
      ZEG =TERRA(XET, AMGDE, ANR, DL, H, ZTR)
 CALCULATE TRUNK-GROUND GAP HEIGHT.
  NEGATIVE GAP IMPLIES A LOADED TRUNK
     ZGAP=-ZEG-ZET
     ZO=ZUFS+ZGAP
      IF(ZGAP.GT.O.) GO TO 44
  LOADED SHAPES
  CALCULATE TRUNK ELEMENT DIMENSIONS AND AREAS FOR A
  LOADED SHAPE
      20U=20/S(I)
      Yu=S(1)*TBL2(PR, ZCU, ZOFSU, AYO, DPR, NPTS, IS(1), NA)
      L1=S(I)*TBL2(PR, ZOU, ZOFSU, AL1, DPR, NPTS, IS(I), NA)
     L3=S(I) *TBL2(PR, ZOU, ZOFSU, AL3, DPR, NPTS, IS(I), NA)
      L3P=L3
     1T=1S(1)
      IF(1TYPE(1T).EQ.O)L3P=S(I)*TBL2(PR,ZGU,ZOFSU,
                          AL3P, DPR, NPTS, IS(I), NA)
     AS=S(1)*S(1)*TBL2(PR,ZOU,ZOFSU,AAS,DPR,NPTS,IS(1),NA)
     ACV=S(I)*S(I)*TBL2(PR, ZOU, ZCFSU, AACV, DPR, NPTS, IS(I), NA)
   TRUNK GROUND REACTION
     AT=0(1)*L3
     FTBAR=(PT-PA)*AT
  DETERMINE VELOCITY OF POINT I RELATIVE TO EARTH
C
  WITH X AND Y COMPONENTS ORIENTED TO BODY AXIS
     X6T=X6A(1)+(Y0+0.5#L3)*SN8(1)
      YBT=E+(YBA(1)+(Y0+0.5+L3)+CS8(1))
     ZBT=Z6A(1)+Z0
     XBTD= ZBT+Q1-YBT+R1+U1
     YETD=-28T*P1+X8T*R1+V1
     LBTD= YBT*P1-XBT*Q1+W1
     XTD2=XBTD+CP+YBTD+SPSR+ZBTD+SPCR
     YTO2=YBTC#CR-ZBTD#SR
      ZTD=-XBTD+5P+YBTO+CPSR+ZBTD+CRCP
C
     VET=SGRT(XTDZ*XTDZ+YTDZ*YTDZ)
  CALCULATE ELEMENT FRICTION FORCES
     IF(VET.EG.O.)GD TO 34
     LTO=MU(1)*TBLU1(VÉT,XMU,XMU(3),1,-2)
     UTX=UTO=XTD2/VET
     UTY=UTO*YTD2/VET
```

```
GO TO 36
      UTX=0.
34
      uTY=0.
36
      CONTINUE
      FFXBAR=-UTX*FTBAR
      FFYBAR =-UTY +FTBAR
C
   ** CALCULATE ELEMENT DAMPING FORCE
C
      FD8AR=DMP*AT*ZTD
C
  ** CALCULATE FORCES AND MOMENTS
      FXT=FXT+FFXBAR
      FYT=FYT+FFY5AR
      FLT=FZT-FTBAR-FDBAR
      TXT=TXT+(-(FTBAR+FDBAR)*YBT-FFYBAR*ZBT)*.08533
      TYT=TYT+((FTBAR+FDBAR)*XBT+FFXBAR*ZBT)*.08333
      TZT=TZT+(FFYBAR*XBT-FFXBAR*YBT)*.08333
      GO TO 66
   CALCULATE TRUNK ELEMENT DIMENSION AND AREAS FOR FREE SHAPE
      CONTINUE
      AGAP=AGAP+ZGAP*D(I)
      YO=S(1)*TBL2(PR,ZOFSU,ZOFSU,AYO,DPR,NPTS,IS(1),NA)
      L1=S(I) *TBL2(PR, ZGFSU, ZGFSU, AL1, DPR, NPTS, IS(I), NA)
      AS=S(I) *S(I) *TBL2(PR, ZOFSU, ZOFSU, AAS, DPR, NPTS, IS(I), NA)
      ACV=S(I) +S(I) +TBL 2(PR, ZOFSU, ZOFSU, AACV, OPR, NPTS, IS(I), NA)
      FFXBAR=G.
      FFYBAR=0.
      FDBAR=0.
      FTBAR=0.
      L3=0.
      CONTINUE
 66
   TEST FOR END OR SIDE ELEMENT
      IF(BET(I).EQ.O.) GO TO 77
C
      YBC=E*(YBA(I)+(.6067*Y0-.3333*RA(I))*CS8(I))
      AC=.5+D(1)+(YO+RA(1))++2/(YOFS+RA(1))
      VCS=VCS+(Z0*AC-D(I)*ACV*(.5*Y0+RA(I))/(Y0+RA(I)))*.0005787
      GO TO 88
      CONTINUE
      YBC=0.5 *E*( YBA(1)+YO)
      AC=D(I)*(YA(I)+YO)
      VCS=VCS+(Z0*AC-U(1)*ACV)*.0005787
 88
      CONTINUE
      VTS=VTS+D(1)*AS*.CO05787
C
      XBC=XBA(I)+(.6667+Y0-.3333+RA(I))+SNb(I)
      FCBAR= (PC-PA) *AC
```

```
FZT=FZT-FC3AR
      TXT=1XT-FCBAR#Y8C *. G8333
      TYT=TYT+FC6AR*XBC*.06333
C
      IF(AP(I).NE.O.) CALL PERF(ZGAP, L1, L3, L3P, LP(I), LH(I), RA(I), YO,
     1 YUFS, 0(1), AP(1), PT, PC, PA, BET(1), AHA1, AHA2, AHC2, AHC1)
      IF(EPC.EC.1.)CALL VPRINT(1,1,M,MS,NE,2GAP,ZO,YO,L1,L3,VTS,VCS,
              FEXBAR, FFYBAR, FUGAR, FTBAR, FCBAR, AGAP)
 30
      CONTINUE
C CALCULATE FLOW RATES
      CACA=CDGAP*AGAP
      CATA=COH1+AHA1+.6667+CDH2+AHA2
      CATC=CDH1*AHC1+.6067*CDH2*AHC2+CAV
  ** TEST FOR SYMMETRIC MODEL
      IF(ANE.GT.U.)GUIU 166
      FXT=2.*FXT
      FYT=0.
      FZT=2. *FZT
      TX7=0.
      TYT=2.*TYT
      TZT=0.
      VCS=2.*VCS
      VTS=2.*VTS
      CACA=2. *CALA
      CATA=2. *CATA
      CATC=2. *CATL
      CONTINUE
166
C
  ** CALCULATE RELIEF VALVE AREA
      N=RELIZI
      AREL = TSLULIPT-PA, REL(4), REL(N+4), 1,-N)
      CATA=CATA+CDA*AREL
  ** LALCULATE CUSHION VOLUME RATE OF CHANGE
      IF(IVC.NE.O) VCD=(VCS-VC)/TAU
C
  ** CALCULATE TRUNK AIR VOLUME RATE OF CHANGE
      IF(IVT-NE-D) VTG=(VTS-VT)/[AU
      CALL FSFLOWIPC, PA, TCU, CACA, 1., FN, SFN, WCA)
      CALL FNFLOW (PT.PA.TTR, CATA, 1., FN, WTA)
      CALL FNFLCW(PT,PC,TTR,CATC,1.,FN,WTC)
  ** CALCULATE CUSHICN PRESSURE RATE OF CHANGE
  *** INTEGRATE CLSHION PRESSURE ***
      PCL1=(.0001389*RG*TCU*(WCU+WTC-WCA)-1.2*PC*VCD)/VC
```

Table 237: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE TK (CONCLUDED)

```
IF(1PC.NE.G)PCD=PCD1

C ** CALCULATE TRUNK AIR PRESSURE RATE OF CHANGE

C *** INTEGRATE TRUNK PRESSURE ***

C IF(1PT.NE.O)PTD=(.GOO1389*RG*TTR*(WTR-WTC-WTA)-1.2*PT*VTD)/VT

C IF(EPC.EQ.1.)CALL VPRINT(O,1,M,MS,NE,ZGAP,ZG,YO,L1,L3,VTS,VCS,

* FFXBAR,FFYBAR,FDBAR,FTBAR,FCBAR,AGAP)

C RETURN
END
```

Table 238: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE TL

```
CTL
      SUBROUTINE TL (U,UD, IU, W, WD, IW, Q,QD, IQ, PIT, PITD, IPIT, XD,
     1 Z,ZD,IZ,QDOT,UDOT,WDOT,TY,YYI,ROL,YAW)
   VERSION 1.
                                         APRIL 28, 1977.
             THREE DEGREE OF FREEDOM RIGID BODY EQUATIONS OF MOTION(LON)
   PURPOSE
   METHOD
            EULER ANGLES
   CALL SEQUENCE
   **** OUTPUTS
                  ****
    LINEAR VELOCITIES -- BODY AXES
       U.UD.IU
                   - X AXIS LINEAR VELOCITY, ACCEL, INT CONTROL, FT/SEC
C
       WI, OW, W
                   - Z AXIS LINEAR VELOCITY, ACCEL, INT CONTROL, FT/SEC
C
    ANGULAR VELOCITIES -- BODY AXES
C
                 - Y AXIS ANGULAR VELOCITY, ACCEL, INT CONTROL, DEG/SEC
       0,00,10
C
    EULER ANGLE
                  - EARTH TO BODY - PITCH
C
       PIT, PITD, IPIT - PITCH ANGLE, RATE, INT CONTROL, DEG
C
    POSITION -- EARTH AXES
C
                    - X AXIS LINEAR VELOCITY, FT/SEC
C
                   - - Z AXIS POSITION (ALT), VELOCITY, INT CONTROL, FT
       Z,ZD,IZ
C
    ANGULAR ACCELERATION -- BODY AXES
C
                   - Y AXIS ANGULAR ACCELERATION, DEG/SEC2
       QDOT
C
                              **********
                     INPUTS
C
    LINEAR ACCLERATIONS -- BODY AXES
                   - X AXIS LINEAR ACCELERATION, FT/SEC2 - Z AXIS LINEAR ACCELERATION, FT/SEC2
C
       UDOT
C
       WDOT
C
    MOMENTS
C
       TY
                   - Y AXIS TORQUE, FTLBS
CCC
    MOMENT OF INERTIA
                   - Y AXIS MOMENTS OF INERTIA, SLUG-FT2
       YYI
                  -- EARTH TO BODY - ROLL, YAW
    EULER ANGLES
C
       ROL
                   - ROLL ANGLE, DEG
       YAW
                    - YAW ANGLE, DEG
                                           APRIL 1977
      WRITTEN BY MAHINDER WAHI
      DATA RPD, DPR /.01745329,57.29578/
      CP=COS(PIT*RPD)
      SP=SIN(PIT*RPD)
      CR=COS (ROL *RPD)
      SR=SIN(ROL*RPD)
      Q1=Q*RPD
C **********
                     LINEAR VELOCITY EQUATIONS ********
      IF (IU.NE.O) UD=UDOT
      IF (IW.NE.O) WD=WDOT
  *****
                      ANGULAR VELOCITY EQUATION ********
      IF (IQ.NE.O)QD=(TY/YYI)*DPR
  ***********
                     EULER ANGLE EQUATION *******
      IF (IPIT.NE.O) PITD=Q*CR
  *********
                    POSITION EQUATIONS **********
       - TEST IF X AND Y (LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE) ARE BOTH BROZEN
      SPCR=SP*CR
      CY=COS (YAW*RPD)
      SY=SIN(YAW*RPD)
      XD=CY+CP+U+(SY+SR+CY+SPCR)+W
      IF(IZ.NF.O)ZD=SP*U-CP*CR*W
  ****** ANGULAR ACCELERATION (FOR OUTPUT PURPOSES ONLY) *****
      QDOT=QD
      RETURN
```

Table 239: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE TR

```
CIR
     SUBROUTINE TR (PXE, PYE, PZE, PXB, PYB, PZB, ROL, PIT, YAW)
C--VERSION 1 JULY 6 1977
C--PURPOSE TRANSFORM VECTOR QUANTITIES FROM BODY AXES TO EARTH AXES
C-METHOD
            MATRIX MULTIPLICATION
C-CALL SEQUENCE
  ***** OUTPUTS ****
C
C
    PXE, PYE, PZE VECTOR QUANTITIES ALONG EARTH X,Y AND Z AXES
               ****
C
  **** INPUTS
    PXB,PYB,PZB VECTOR COMPONENS OF BODY COORDINATE SYSTEM
                   BODY ROLL, PITCH, AND YAW ANGLES
CCC
    WRITTEN BY J.J.MCAVOY AND M.K.WAHI
    CONVERT FROM DEGREES TO RADIANS
     ROL=ROL/57.3
     PIT=PIT/57.3
     YAW=YAW/57.3
   -- EARTH LONGITUDINAL COMPONENT
      PXE=PX8*COS(PIT)*COS(YAW)+PY8*(-COS(ROL)*SIN(YAW)+SIN(ROL)*
     2 SIN(PIT)*COS(YAW))+PZB*(SIN(YAW)*SIN(ROL)+COS(YAW)*COS(ROL)*
     3 SIN(PIT))
    -EARTH LATERAL COMPONENT
     PYE=-PXB*COS(PIT)*SIN(YAW)-PYB*(COS(YAW)*COS(ROL)+SIN(YAW)*
     2 SIN(ROL) *SIN(PIT))-PZB*(-COS(YAW)*SIN(ROL)+SIN(YAW)*COS(ROL)*
     3 SIN(PIT))
     EARTH VERTICAL COMPONENT
      PZE=PXB*SIN(PIT)-PYB*COS(PIT)*SIN(ROL)-PZB*COS(ROL)*COS(PIT)
      RETURN
      END
```

Table 240: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE TRUNK

```
CTPUNK
    SUBROUTINE TRUNK(ISHAPE)
C TRUNK GEOMETRY CALCULATIONS
    REAL L, L1, L2, LS, LP, MASS
    COMMON/GEOMET/A, B, HYI, L, O, LS, LP, SH, NH, AH, NR, PHI1, PHI2, R1, R2, L1, L2,
    1A1,A2,X1,X2,HY
    COMMON/FLAGS/ICLN, IDIF, IFLAG, ISTAT, IPP, IPRV, MM, NSTOP
    DATA RTOL/0.01/
    IF (HY.LE.C.O) GO TO 11
C ITERATION FOR R2
C COMPUTE INNER RADIUS OF CURVATURE
     R2=SORT(A + A+0 .25+HY+HY)
C ITERATION LOOP FOR L2, L1, R1, R2
     DO 10 I=1.50
     PHI2=ABS(ACOS(AMAX1(-1.0,AMIN1(1.0,((R2-HY)/R2)))))
     SINPH2=SIN(PHI2)
C COMPUTE OUTER RADIUS OF CURVATURE
     R1=(|A-R2*SINPH2)**2+(B+HY)**2)/(2.*(B+HY))
     PHI1=ABS(ACQS(AMAX1(-1.0,AMIN1(1.0,((R1-HY-B)/R1)))))
     XS=A-R2+SINPH2
     IF (XS.LE.O.O) PHI1=6.2831852-PHI1
     L2=L-PHI1*RI
C R2S IS RESULTANT RADIUS FOR COMPUTED L2 IN ITERATION
    IF(ABS(PHI2) .LT.1.0E-2) PHI2=1.0E-2
     R2S=L2/PHI2
C TEST IF TOLERANCE .GT. ERROR
     IF(ABS(R2-R2S).LE.RTOL) GO TO 50
     R2=(R2+R2S)+0.5
10
     CONTINUE
C ITERATED 50 TIMES WITHOUT SUCCESS, ERROR RETURN
11
     CONTINUE
     WRITE(6,9001)
       FORMAT (10x .* INFEASABLE TRUNK GEOMETRY *//)
9001
     ISHAPE=0
C TRUNK OK, RETURN
50
     L1=L-L2
     ISHAPE=1
     RETURN
     END
```

HENTSTAM LOADS VS. HERIDIAN STRAINS FOR HEMBRAME

Table 241: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE TS

CTS	
	E TS(ABL, XYZ, DM, IAL, END, SPH, STH, PM, REL, BWT, ZTR,
1 FXT, FYT	FZT,TXT,TYT,TZT,PT,PTD,IPT,
2 VT, VTD, I	VT,PC,PCD, IPC,VC,VCD, IVC,WTA,WCA,WTC,AREL,CPT,
3 ROL,PIT,	YAW, X, ALT, U, V, W, PA, WCU, TCU, WTR, TTR, ANE, CDGAP,
4 CDH1,CDH	2,CDA,TAU,P,Q,R,
5 DMP, EPC,	VU,PTM,CATV,SP5)
C	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
C	
C VERSION 2.	REVISED MAR. 1 1979
C	
C WRITTEN BY	G.S.DULEBA
C	
C PURPOSE - TO	O DEVELOP AN ELASTIC TYPE ACLS TRUNK MODEL
C	
	E VOLUME 1
C METHOD - SE	
c	
C	
C	
C ARGUMENT LIS	THE - ABSINGS (WEIN : 1-1.0, ARENIET, Q. 1 (R. 1-11/48) ARENIET
C	
	ABLES OR DATA ARRAYS ****
C ABL	-ELEMENT SET DATA ARRAY; ATTACH POINT SPACING,
C	ATTACH POINT HEIGHT, MEMBRANE INSTALLED LENGTH,
C	INITIAL MERIDIAN AND HOOP STRAINS, AND POISSONS
C C C	CITAR
C XYZ	-ELEMENT DATA ARRAY; X,Y,Z COORDINATES OF INBOARD
C	ATTACH POINT, AND ELEMENT ANGLES
C	
C DM	ELEMENT DATA ARRAY; ELEMENT WIDTHS AND ELEMENT
C	COEFFICIENTS OF FRICTION
C	
C IAL	-ELEMENT DATA ARRAY; ELEMENT SET NUMBERS ASSOCIATED
С	WITH EACH ELEMENT, ORIFICE AREA PER UNIT AREA OF
CCC	TRUNK SURFACE, DISTANCE FROM OUTBRD. ATTACH POINT TO
С	BEGINNING OF PERFORATIONS (IN MEMBRANE FREE STATE),
	WIDTH OF PERFORATED AREA (IN MEMBRANE FREE STATE)
C	
C END	-END ELEMENT DATA ARRAY; RADIUS OF INBOARD ATTACH
C	POINT, AND PARAMETER FOR MATERIAL CONSTRUCTION
C	WHICH AFFECTS THE STRESS/STRAIN RELATIONSHIP
C	
C SPH	-ELEMENT SET INPUT TABLE (TWO DIMENSIONAL);
C SPH C STH C C STH	MERIDIAN LOADS VS. MERIDIAN STRAINS FOR MEMBRANE
	(LBS/INCH VS DIMENSIONLESS RATIO)
C STH	-ELEMENT SET INPUT TABLE (TWO DIMENSIONAL);
C	HOOP LOADS VS. HOOP STRAINS FOR MEMBRANE
C	(LBS/INCH VS DIMENSIONLESS RATIO)

C	PM	-PILLOW ELEMENT DATA ARRAY; ELEMENT NUMBER
C		ASSOCIATED WITH EACH PILLOW ELEMENT, COEFFICIENT
C		OF FRICTION, PILLOW INFLATED HEIGHT, AND RATIO OF
CCC		INFLATED PILLOW CONTACT WIDTH TO UNINFLATED WIDTH
C	REL TO MOT	-INPUT TABLE (ONE DIMENSION); RELIEF VALVE OPENING
000		AREA VS TRUNK PRESSURE (SQ.IN VS PSIA)
Č		ANCE TO THOMAT THEODOTTE TOUTH TO TOTAL
č	BWT	-MISC. DATA ARRAY; BODY STATION AND WATER LINE OF
		TRUNK AXIS, BODY STATION AND WATER LINE OF C.G.,
C		AND TERRAIN MODEL PARAMETERS(SEE FUNCTION TERRA)
C		CATA AN ANI AND
C	ZTR	-INPUT TABLE FOR DEFINITION OF GROUND ELEVATION
C		(SEE FUNCTION TERRA)
C		
00000		
C		
C	**** OUTPUTS	
C	FXT, FYT, FZT	-X,Y,Z AXIS,AXIAL, LATERAL AND VERTICAL FORCE
C	#2 30 30 x 8	-SUMMATION TERMS, LBS
0000	TXT, TYT, TZT	-x,y,Z AXIS SUMMATION TERMS FOR ROLL,PITCH,
C		-AND YAW MOMENTS, FT-LB.
C	PT,PTD, IPT	-TRUNK PRESSURE, RATE, INT CONTROL, PSIA
C	VT, VTD, IVT	-TRUNK VOLUME, RATE, INT CONTROL, CU FT
000	PC,PCD, IPC	-CUHSION PRESSURE, RATE, INT CONTROL, PSIA
5	VC,VCD,IVC	-CUSHION VOLUME, RATE, INT CONTROL, CU FT -AIR FLOW RATE, TRUNK TO ATMOSPHERE, LB/MIN
C	WTA	-AIR FLOW RATE, CUSHION TO ATMOSPHERE, LB/MIN
5	WCA WTC	-AIR FLOW RATE, TRUNK TO CUSION, LB/MIN
2	AREL	-RELEIF VALVE OPENING AREA (SQ IN)
č	CPT	-CPU TIME (SEC)
c	20812411123	A Cro Tine (Sec.)
000000	***** INPUTS	****
c	ROL, PIT, YAW	-ROLL, PITCH, YAW EULER ANGLES, DEG
C	X,ALT	-X,Z EARTH AXIS POSITIONS
	U,V,W	-X,Y,Z BODY AXIS LINEAR VELOCITIES, FT/SEC
000	PA	-AMBIENT PRESSURE, PSIA
C	WCU	-SUPPLY AIR FLOW RATE TO CUSHION CAVITY, LB/MIN
C	TCU	-TEMPERATURE OF WCU AIR, DEGR
CC	WTR	-SUPPLY AIR FLOW RATE TO TRUNK, LB/MIN
C	TTR	-TEMPERATURE OF WTR AIR, DEGR
C	NE (ANE)	-NUMBER OF ELEMENTS PER TRUNK SIDE
C		-SYMMETRIC MODEL IF ANE.LT.O
C	CDGAP	-DISCHARGE COEFF. FOR FLOW THROUGH GAP
C		-BETWEEN TRUNK AND GROUND
0	CDA	- DISCHARGE COEFF. FOR FLOW THROUGH
5	COUL	-RELIEF VALVE -ORIFICE DISCHARGE COEFFICIENT FOR FREE
υυυυυυ	CDH1	-DRIFICE DISCHARGE COEFFICIENT FOR FREE
0	CDHZ	-ORIFICE DISCHARGE COEFFICIENT FOR TRUNK AREA
•	CONZ	GREET DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY AND AREA

```
-IN CONTACT WITH THE GROUND
                     -TIME CONSTANT FOR TRUNK AND CUSHION VOLUME
C
      TAU
                     -RATE OF CHANGE, SEC -X,Y,Z BODY AXIS ANGULAR VELOCITIES, DEG/SEC
C
C
      P.Q.R
                     -DAMPING COEFFICIENT AS A FUNCTION OF
C
      DMP
C
                     -FLATTENED AREA, LB-SEC/IN./SQ IN.
C
      EPC
                     -PRINT CONTROL, EPC=1. PRINT ELEMENT VARIABLE
                     -VALUES EVERY PRINT INTERVAL
C
   VU
                     -BREAK POINT IN MU-VELOCITY CURVE, IN/SEC
C
                     -MAXIMUM TRUNK PRESSURE (PSIG) USED TO GENERATE
C
      PTM
                     MEMBRANE DATA ARRAYS
C
                     -EFFECTIVE AREA (SQ IN) OF ORIFICE FOR VARYING
C
      CATV
C
                     TRUNK-CUSHION FLOW (DEFAULT VALVE = 0.)
C
C
      SPB
                     -ACTUATION SIGNAL FOR PILLOW BRAKE ELEMENTS
                         =0. BRAKES OFF
C
C
                              BRAKES FULLY APPLIED
                         =1.
  *** CONSTANTS ***
C
C
      RG=53.34
                      -GAS CONSTANT FOR AIR, FT-LB/LB/DEGR
C
C
    CALCULATION OF TRUNK DATA ARRAYS AND TRANSFER OF DATA
    FROM INPUT DATA ARRAYS IS ACCOMPLISHED AT INITIAL TIME
C
      DIMENSION A(8),8(8),LO(8),XA(25),YA(25),ZA(25),D(25),RD(25),
          BET(25), IS(25), AP(25), LP(25), LH(25), MU(25),
          MB(25), HB(25), GKD(25), EPI(8), ETI(8), NU(8), FRC(8), RAD(8)
      DIMENSION XBA(25), YBA(25), ZBA(25), RA(25), SNB(25), CSB(25)
      DIMENSION ABL(1), XYZ(1), IAL(1), DM(1), END(1), REL(1), ZTR(1)
      DIMENSION SPH(1), STH(1), PM(1), BWT(1)
C
      REAL LO, IAL, LP, LH, MU, MB, NU, L3, L1, L2
C
      COMMON/CIO/IREAD, IWRITE, IDIAG
      CDMMON/STRCH/EYO(2560), EL1(2560), EL3(2560), EVC(2560), EVS(2560),
     2 EE1(2560), EE3(2560), EL2(2560), AZO(512)
      COMMON/CPROV/PV(27)
      COMMON/CTIME/TIME
      COMMON/TSTEST/XXX(10)
C
      DATA RG/53.34/
      CALL SECOND(CPT)
      1F(TIME.NE.PV(27)) GO TO 15
      NSET=SPH(3)
      NEND=END(2)
      IF(END(2).EQ.1.99999) NEND=0
      NSIDE=NSET-NEND
```

```
TEST1=0.
      NX=6*NSET+3
      DO 4 I=2,NX
      TEST1=TEST1+ABL(I)
      NX=SPH(2)*(SPH(3)+1.)+SPH(3)+3.
      DO 5 I=2,NX
      TEST1=TEST1+SPH(I)
      NX=STH(2)*(STH(3)+1.)+STH(3)+3.
      DO 6 I=2, NX
      TEST1=TEST1+STH(I)
 6
      NX=2*NEND+3
      DO 7 I=2,NX
      TEST1=TEST1+ENO(I)
      TEST1=TEST1+PTM
      IF(ABL(55).EQ.TEST1) GO TO 9
      ABL(55)=TEST1
      DO 10 I=1.NSET
      16=6*(1-1)
      A(I)=ABL(16+4)
      B(I)=ABL(16+5)
      LO(I)=ABL(16+6)
      EPI(I)=ABL(16+7)
      ETI(1) = ABL(16+8)
      NU(1)=ABL(16+9)
      CONTINUE
 10
      IF(NEND.EQ.0) GO TO 25
      DO 24 I=1, NEND
      12=2*(1-1)
      RAD(I)=END(12+4)
 24
      FRC(I)=END(12+5)
 25
      CONTINUE
000
    CALL ELAS TO COMPUTE TRUNK DATA ARRAYS
      CALL ELAS (NSIDE, NEND, SPH, STH, A, B, LO, EPI, ETI, RAD, NU, FRC, PTM)
C
 8
      CONTINUE
      NP8=PM(2)/2.
      IF(PM(2).EQ.1.99999) NP8=0
      NE=ABS(ANE)
      IF(SPB.EQ.0.99999) SPB=0.
      IF(CATV.EQ.J.99999) CATV=0.
      TEST2=0.
      DO 9 I=2.11
      TEST2=TEST2+BWT(I)
```

```
C
     NX=4*NPB+3
     DO 11 I=2,NX
11
     TEST2=TEST2+PM(I)
     NX=2*NE+3
     DO 12 I=2.NX
     TEST2=TEST2+DM(I)
12
     NX=4*NE+3
     00 13 I=2,NX
     TEST2=TEST2+IAL(I)+XYZ(I)
13
     IF(ABL(54).EQ.TEST2) GO TO 15
     ABL(54)=TEST2
     MS=2
     IF(ANE.LT.O.)MS=1
C
     BST=BWT(4)
     WLT=BWT(5)
     BSCG=BWT(6)
     WLCG=BWT(7)
     AMODE=BWT(8)
     ANR=BWT(9)
     DL=BWT(10)
     H=8WT(11)
C
     00 20 I=1.NE
     RD(I)=0.
     MB(I)=0.
     HB(I)=0.
     GKD(I)=1.
     14=4*(I-1)
     XA(I)=XYZ(I4+4)
     YA(I)=XYZ(I4+5)
     ZA(I)=XYZ(I4+6)
     BET(1)=XYZ(14+7)
     IS(I)=IAL(I4+4)
     AP(I)=IAL(14+5)
     LP(I)=IAL(I4+6)
     LH(I)=IAL(I4+7)
     I2=2*(I-1)
     D(I)=DM(I2+4)
     MU(I)=DM(I2+5)
     XBA(I) = BSCG-BST+XA(I)
     YBA(I)= YA(I)
     ZBA(I) = WLCG-WLT+ZA(I)
```

```
SNB(I)=SIN(.01745*BET(I))
     CS8(I)=COS(.01745*BET(I))
     RA(I)=YA(I)/CSB(I)
     IX=IS(I)
     IF(IX.LE.NEND) RD(I)=RAD(IX)
                                           ています水色のですり。1899年と3
20
     CONTINUE
     IF(NPB.EQ.0) GO TO 28
                                           (WAY#ZATIO: DMIZ=YZ
     DO 27 I=1,NPB
     I4=4*(I-1)
     IP=PM(14+4)
     MB(IP)=PM(I4+5)
     HB(IP)=PM(I4+6)
27
     GKD(IP) = PM(I4+7)
28
     CONTINUE
     DPT=PTM/9.
CCC
   PRINT INPUT DATA FOR ALL TRUNK ELEMENTS
     WRITE(IWRITE, 6000)
     WRITE(IWRITE, 6002)(I, XA(I), YA(I), ZA(I), RA(I), BET(I), D(I), RD(I),
    * MU(I), IS(I), AP(I), LP(I), LH(I), HB(I), GKD(I), MB(I), I=1, NE)
6000 FORMAT(1H1,31H***** TRUNK PARAMETER DATA ****,16(5H*****)///
    * 37H ELEMENT
                                YA
                                          ZA.
                 BET
    * 8X,24HRA
                                RD.
    * 6X.49H MU
                 IS
                       AP
                               LP
                                      LH
                                            HB
                                                  KD
     FORMAT(4X, 12, 2X, 4F10.2, F8.2, F7.2, F8.3, F8.3, I4, F9.5, 2F7.1, 2F6.1,
    2 F6.2/1
C
     00 29 I=1,NE
     IF(BET(I).NE.O.) D(I)=D(I)/57.29578
 29
C
    C
15
     CONTINUE
C
  INITIALIZATION FOR LOOP ITERATION
     AGAP=0.
     FXT =0.
     FYT =0.
     FZT=0.
     TXT =0.
     TYT =0.
     TZT =0.
     VCS =0.
     VTS =0.
     AHA1=0.
     AHAZ=O.
```

```
AHC1=0.
     AHC2=0.
C
     CR=COS(.01745*ROL)
     CP=COS(.01745*PIT)
     CY=COS(.01745*YAW)
     SR=SIN(.01745*ROL)
     SP=SIN(.01745*PIT)
     SY=SIN(.01745+YAW)
C
     CPCY=CP*CY
     CRSY=CR*SY
     SRSPCY=SR +SP+CY
     SYSR=SY*SR
     CYCRSP=CY*CR*SP
     CPSR=CP*SR
     CRCP=CR*CP
     SPSR=SP*SR
     SPCR=SP*CR
     P1=P*.01745
   91 Q1=Q*.01745
     R1=R*.01745
C
     U1=U*12.
     V1=V*12.
     W1=W*12.
C
 ** M=1 FOR RIGHT HAND SIDE
C
     M=2 FOR LEFT HAND SIDE **
I=TRUNK ELEMENT NUMBER **
C **
 **
     E= +1 WHEN M=1 (RHS)
     E= -1 WHEN M=2 (LHS)
     DO 30 M=1.MS
     E=1.
     IF(M.EQ.2) E=-1.
     DO 30 I=1.NE
C
     TEST FOR SIDE OR END ELEMENT AND CALCULATE CUSHION-
     -TO- TRUNK PRESSURE RATIO
     PTG=PT-PA
     PR=(PC-PA)/PTG
 ** FS REFERS TO FREE SHAPE VALUES WHICH ARE FUNCTIONS OF PR AND PT
     CALL ETB2(IS(I), PR, PTG, DPT, ZQFS)
     CALL ET33(IS(I), PR, PTG, DPT, 1., EYO, YOFS)
```

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```
XBT=XBA(I)+YOFS*SNB(I)
     YBT=E*(YBA(I)+YDFS*CSB(I))
     ZBT=ZBA(I)+ZOFS
   DETERMINE X AND Z POSITION OF POINT T IN EARTH COORDINATES
     XET=X*12.+XBT*CPCY+YBT*(SRSPCY-CRSY)+ZBT*(SYSR+CYCRSP)
     ZET=-ALT+12.-XBT+SP+YBT+CPSR+ZBT+CRCP
C
   DETERMINE TERRAIN ELEVATION AT POINT T
C
      ZEG =TERRA(XET, AMODE, ANR, DL, H, ZTR)
C
  CALCULATE TRUNK-GROUND GAP HEIGHT.
   NEGATIVE GAP IMPLIES A LOADED TRUNK
     ZGAP=-ZEG-ZET-HB(I) *SPB*MB(I)/(.0001+MB(I))
     ZO=ZOFS+ZGAP
      ZC=AMIN1(ZO,ZOFS)
     IF(ZGAP.GT.O.) GO TO 44
     ZR=ZO/ZOFS
Č
   LOADED SHAPES
C
C
   CALCULATE TRUNK ELEMENT DIMENSIONS AND AREAS FOR A
C
   LOADED SHAPE. CALL ETB3 TO INTEPOLATE FROM TRUNK DATA ARRAYS.
   LOADED SHAPE VALUES ARE FUNCTIONS OF PR, PT AND ZR.
     CALL ETB3(IS(I),PR,PTG,DPT,ZR,EYO,YO)
     CALL ETB3(IS(I), PR, PTG, DPT, ZR, EL1, L1)
     CALL ETB3(IS(I), PR, PTG, DPT, ZR, EL2, L2)
     CALL ETB3(IS(I), PR, PTG, DPT, ZR, EL3, L3)
     LT=L1+L2+L3
     CALL ETB3(IS(I), PR, PTG, DPT, ZR, EVS, AS)
     CALL ETB3(IS(1), PR, PTG, DPT, ZR, EVC, ACV)
   TRUNK GROUND REACTION
     DX=D(I)
     IF(SET(I).NE.O.) DX=(YO+RD(I)+.5*L3)*D(I)
     AT=DX+L3
     AT=SPB+(AT+GKD(I)-AT)+AT
     DAGAP=.5*SPB*HB(I)*DX*(1.-GKD(I))
     AGAP=AGAP+DAGAP
 33
     CONTINUE
     FTBAR=(PT-PA)*AT
  DETERMINE VELOCITY OF POINT T RELATIVE TO EARTH
  WITH X AND Y COMPONENTS ORIENTED TO BODY AXIS
```

```
XBT=XBA(I)+(YO+0.5*L3)*SNB(I)
                   YBT=E*(YBA(I)+(YO+0.5*L3)+CSB(I))
                   ZBT=ZBA(I)+ZO
C
                   XBTD= ZBT+Q1-YST+R1+U1 THE RESERVED AND A PROPERTY OF THE RESE
                   YBTD=-ZBT*P1+XBT*R1+V1
                   ZBTD= YBT*P1-XBT*Q1+W1
C
                   XTD2=XBTD*CP+YBTD*SPSR+ZBTD*SPCR
                    YTD2=Y8TD*CR-Z8TD*SR
                   ZTD=-X8TD*SP+Y8TD*CPSR+Z8TD*CRCP
C
                   VET=SQRT(XTD2*XTD2+YTD2*YTD2)
C
C
C
          CALCULATE ELEMENT FRICTION FORCES
                   IF(VET.EQ.0.)GO TO 34
                   UTO=MU(I)*VET/VU
                   UTO=AMIN1(UTO,MU(I))
 C
                   IF (MB(I).EQ.O.) GO TO 35
                   UT1=MB(I) *VET/VU
                   UT1=AMIN1(UT1,MB(I))
                   UTO=UTO+SPB*(UT1-UTO)
   35
                   CONTINUE
                   UTX=UT0*XTD2/VET
                   UTY=UTO*YTD2/VET
                   GO TO 36
                   UTX=0.
34
                   UTY=0.
36
                   CONTINUE
                   FFXBAR = -UTX + FTBAR
                   FFYBAR = -UTY*FTBAR
C
          ** CALCULATE ELEMENT DAMPING FORCE
                   FDBAR = DMP * AT * ZTD
     ** CALCULATE FORCES AND MOMENTS
C
C
C
                   FXT=FXT+FFXBAR
                   FYT=FYT+FFYBAR
                   FZT=FZT-FTBAR-FDBAR
                   DTXT=(-(FTBAR+FDBAR)*YBT-FFYBAR*ZBT)*.08333
                   TXT=TXT+OTXT
                   DTYT=((FTBAR+FDBAR)*XBT+FFXBAR*ZBT)*.08333
                   TYT=TYT+DTYT
                   OTZT=(FFYBAR*XST-FFXSAR*YBT)*.08333
```

```
TZT=TZT+DTZT
                      (118/241/1144#EEEE .-CY#Tood.)*(Iliak#DBY
      GO TO 66
   CALCULATE TRUNK ELEMENT DIMENSION AND AREAS FOR FREE SHAPE
      CONTINUE
      RR=1.
      IF(BET(I).NE.O.) RR=RD(I)+YOFS
      DAGAP=RR+ZGAP+D(I)
      AGAP=AGAP+DAGAP
      CALL ETB3(IS(I),PR,PTG,DPT,1.,EYO,YO)
      CALL ETB3(IS(I),PR,PTG,DPT,1.,EL1,L1)
      CALL ETB3(IS(I),PR,PTG,DPT,1.,EL2,L2)
LT=L1+L2
      CALL ETB3(IS(I), PR, PTG, DPT, 1., EVS, AS)
      CALL ETB3(IS(I), PR, PTG, DPT, 1., EVC, ACV)
      FFXBAR=0.
      CALL PERFICER CITESTLE LEGENTAR ALL SYNCY OF YOU'VERS TO A
                        CIONA-SCHA-SAHA-IAMA, (I) (BE-A9.09.79 5
      FDBAR=0.
      FTBAR=O.
      L3=0.
      AT=O.
      IFFERO, UT. QUEL CALL XXPRY 16:1, MINSINE . ZGAP . ZGAYOAL O=TXTO
66
      CONTINUE
C
      IQ=IS(I)
      FREEL=LO(IQ)/(1.+EPI(IQ))
      EP=(LT-FREEL)/FREEL
C
C
   TEST FOR END OR SIDE ELEMENT
C
      IF(BET(I).EQ.O.) GO TO 77
C
      YBC=E*(YBA(I)+(.6667*YO-.3333*RA(I))*CSB(I))
      AC=.5*D(I)*YO*(YO+2.*RD(I))
      DVCS=.0005787+D(I)+(.5+ZC+(YO+RD(I))++2 - ACV)
      VCS=VCS+DVCS
      GO TO 88
      CONTINUE
      YBC=0.5*E*(YBA(I)+YO)
      AC=D(1)*(YA(1)+YO)
      DVCS=(ZC+AC-D(I)+ACV)+.0005787
      VCS=VCS+DVCS
 88
      CONTINUE
      DVTS=0(1) *AS*.0005787
      VTS=VTS+DVTS
```

```
XBC=XBA(I)+(.6667*Y0-.3333*RA(I))*SNB(I)
     FCBAR= (PC-PA)*AC
     FZT=FZT-FCBAR
     DTXT=-FCBAR+YBC+.08333
     TXT=TXT+DTXT
     DTYT=FCBAR*X8C*.08333
     TYT=TYT+DTYT
  COMPUTE AREA OF PERFORATIONS
     IF(AP(I).EQ.O.) GO TO 31
     CALL ETB3(IS(I),PR,PTG,DPT,ZR,EE1,E1)
     CALL ETB3(IS(I),PR,PTG,DPT,ZR,EE3,E3)
     SLP=LP(I)*(1.+E1)
     SLH=LH(I)+(1.+E3)
     DX=D(I)
     IF(BET(I) .NE.O.) DX=D(I) + (RA(I) + YOFS)
     CALL PERF(ZGAP,L1,L3,L3,SLP,SLH,RA(I),YO,YOFS,OX,AP(I),
    2 PT,PC,PA,BET(I),AHA1,AHA2,AHC2,AHC1)
31
     CONTINUE
  STORE DATA IN XXPRT
     IF(EPC.GT.0.9) CALL XXPRT(0,I,M,MS,NE,ZGAP,ZO,YO,L1,L3,DVTS,DVCS
    2 ,FFXBAR,FFYBAR,FDBAR,FTBAR,FCBAR,L2,DAGAP,EP,DTXT,DTYT,DTZT,AT,
    3 AC)
30
     CONTINUE
C CALCULATE FLOW RATES
     CACA=CDGAP*AGAP
     CATA=CDH1*AHA1+.6667*CDH2*AHA2
     CATC=CATV+CDH1*AHC1+.6667*CDH2*AHC2
 ** TEST FOR SYMMETRIC MODEL
     IF(ANE.GT.O.)GOTO 166
     FXT=2.*FXT (20) - C**(16)10 - C**(16)10 - C**(10)
     FYT=0.
     FZT=2.*FZT
     TXT=0.
     TYT=2.*TYT
     TZT=0.
     VCS=2.*VCS
     VTS=2.*VTS
     CACA=2. *CACA
     CATA=2. *CATA
     CATC=2. *CATC
     CONTINUE
156
    CALCULATE RELIEF VALVE AREA
```

```
C
     N=REL(2)
     AREL = TBLU1(PT-PA, REL(4), REL(N+4), 1,-N)
     CATA=CATA+CDA*AREL
C
 ** CALCULATE CUSHION VOLUME RATE OF CHANGE
     IF(IVC.NE.O) VCD=(VCS-VC)/TAU
C
 ** CALCULATE TRUNK AIR VOLUME RATE OF CHANGE
     IF(IVT.NE.O) VTD=(VTS-VT)/TAU
C
     CACA=AMIN1(3000.,CACA)
     CALL FNFLOW (PC, PA, TCU, CACA, 1., FN, WCA)
     CALL FNFLOW(PT,PA,TTR,CATA,1.,FN,WTA)
     CALL FNFLOW(PT, PC, TTR, CATC, 1., FN, WTC)
C
C
 ** CALCULATE CUSHION PRESSURE RATE OF CHANGE
C
C
 *** INTEGRATE CUSHION PRESSURE ***
     00=1.
     IF(TAU.EQ.0.99999) DD=0.
     PCD1=(.0001389*RG*TCU*(WCU+WTC-WCA)-1.2*PC*VCD*DD)/VC
     IF(IPC.NE.O)PCD=PCD1
C
 ** CALCULATE TRUNK AIR PRESSURE RATE OF CHANGE
C
 *** INTEGRATE TRUNK PRESSURE ***
C
C
     IF(IPT.NE.0)PTD=(.0001389*RG*TTR*(NTR-HTC-HTA)-1.2*PT*VTD*DD)/VT
C
  PRINT DATA IN XXPRT
     IF(EPC.GT.O.9) CALL XXPRT(1,I,M,MS,NE,ZGAP,ZO,YO,L1,L3,OVTS,DVCS
    2 , FFXBAR, FFYBAR, FDBAR, FTBAR, FCBAR, L2, DAGAP, EP, DTXT, DTYT, DTZT, AT,
    3 ACI
     RETURN
     END
```

* THE BOTH SHEET SHEET SHEET STORY IS NOT SEEN BOUNDED AND THE

--- TEST IS X NEG Y ILATTYUDG AND LINGUITUDGI ARE SOIN FACIEN

STREET AND LEGISLAR ASSISTED TON OUTPUT PURPOSES ONLY WARREN

Table 242: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE TT

```
CTT
      SUBROUTINE TT (W, WD, IW, Q, QD, IQ, PIT, PITD, IPIT, Z, ZD, IZ,
                    QDOT, WDOT, TY, YYI, ROL, U)
            TWO DEGREE OF FREEDOM RIGID BODY EQUATIONS OF MOTION(LONG)
   PURPOSE
    VERSION 2.
                                    AUG.22 1977
   METHOD
          EULER ANGLES
   CALL SEQUENCE
   **** OUTPUTS ****
    LINEAR VELOCITIES -- BODY AXES
C
                  - Z AXIS LINEAR VELOCITY, ACCEL, INT CONTROL, FT/SEC
       WI, OW, W
    ANGULAR VELOCITIES -- BODY AXES
C
C
       Q,QD,IQ
                  - Y AXIS ANGULAR VELOCITY, ACCEL, INT CONTROL, DEG/SEC
C
                  -- EARTH TO BODY - PITCH
    EULER ANGLE
       PIT, PITD, IPIT - PITCH ANGLE, RATE, INT CONTROL, DEG
C
    POSITION -- EARTH AXES
       Z,ZD,IZ
                  - - Z AXIS POSITION (ALT), VELOCITY, INT CONTROL, FT
    ANGULAR ACCELERATION -- BODY AXES
       QOOT
                   - Y AXIS ANGULAR ACCELERATION, DEG/SEC2
                   INPUTS
C
 ******
                              *********
C
    LINEAR ACCLERATIONS -- BODY AXES
C
                   - Z AXIS LINEAR ACCELERATION, FT/SEC2
       WDOT
C
    MOMENTS
C
                   - Y AXIS TORQUE, FTLBS
      TY
    MOMENT OF INERTIA
                   - Y AXIS MOMENTS OF INERTIA, SLUG-FT2
      YYI
C
    EULER ANGLES
                   - EARTH TO BODY - ROLL, YAW
C
       ROL
                   - ROLL ANGLE, DEG
C
      U
                   - X AXIS LINEAR VELOCITY, FT/SEC
      WRITTEN BY
                   MAHINDER WAHI
                                                  APRIL 1977
      DATA RPD, DPR /.01745329,57.29578/
      SP=SIN(PIT*RPD)
      CP=COS(PIT*RPD)
      CR = COS (ROL * RPD)
      Q1=Q*RPD
C ***********
                     LINEAR VELOCITY EQUATIONS *********
      IF (IW.NE.O)WD=WDOT
C ***********
                     ANGULAR VELOCITY EQUATION ********
      IF(IQ.NE.O)QD=(TY/YYI)*DPR
  ***********
                     EULER ANGLE EQUATION ********
      IF(IPIT.NE.O)PITD=Q+CR
 ******** POSITION EQUATIONS **********
      - TEST IF X AND Y (LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE) ARE BOTH FROZEN
      IF(IZ.NE.O)ZD= SP*U-CP*CR*W
  ****** ANGULAR ACCELERATION (FOR DUTPUT PURPOSES ONLY) *****
      QDOT=QD
      RETURN
      END
```

Table 243: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE TZ

```
CTZ
     SUBROUTINE TZ(X1,X100T,IX1,X2,X200T,IX2,F0,FIN,Z0,Z1,Z2,P0,P1)
C
SC
   PURPOSE - TO SIMULATE SECOND ORDER TRANSFER FUNCTION WITH SECOND ORDER
         NUMERATOR
                          FO
                                 Z2*S + Z1*S + Z0
C
C
  -x.y.z and axis times wellocity with wimp. Fire
C
  SEANOR LOWIN HTTW ZETAR SALEDINA ZIRA S + P1*S, + P0
C
C
    - NIC # CTYPHON ONE EDECES AND MONEYTS # DIM -
C
C
   METHOD - SELF EXPLANATORY
C
   - CIRCTION COSINES FOR SYNDTLIFY AKTS YRANSFORM
   WRITTEN BY - ADAM LLOYD LATEST REVISION NOV 75
C
C
C
C
C
  ( PANDIEMENTONOM ) ZETTIJODAN SULTAKNOTERN JOHN JOHN VOOT ...Y.Y-
C
C
   INPUT/OUTPUT LIST
C
C
             FIRST STATE VARIABLE ANY
C
                                                     OUTPUT STATE
   X100T FIRST STATE VARIABLE DERIVATIVE ANY
                                                     OUTPUT STATE
   IX1 INTEGRATOR CONTROL
            INTEGRATOR CONTROL
SECOND STATE VARIABLE ANY
                                                     PROGRAM VAR
C
                                                     QUTPUT STATE
   X2
          SECOND STATE VARIABLE DERIVATIVE ANY
                                                     OUTPUT STATE
   X2DOT
   IX2
             INTEGRATOR CONTROL
                                                     PROGRAM VAR
        TRANSFER FUNCTION OUTPUT ANY
                                                     OUTPUT VAR
   FO
          TRANSFER FUNCTION INPUT
                                                     INPUT VAR
   FIN
         NUMERATOR COEFFICIENT
NUMERATOR COEFFICIENT
                                                     INPUT PARAM
C
   20
C
   Z1
                                                     INPUT PARAM
             NUMERATOR COEFFICIENT ANY INPUT PARAM
   22
             DENOMINATOR COEFFICIENT 1/SEC2
   PO
                                                     INPUT PARAM
     DENOMINATOR 1/SEC COMMON/CIO/IREAD, IWRITE, IDIAG
                                                     INPUT
     F0=X2+FIN+72
     IF (IX1.NE.0)X1DOT=20*FIN-P0*FO
     IF(IX2.NE.0)X2COT=X1+Z1*FIN-P1*F0
     RETURN
     END
```

-SIX DOR FULL MEDEL IU.Y. W.P. G. R.

```
CVA
      SUBROUTINE VA(UO, VO, WO, PO, QO, RO, DIMO, QWO, RWO, CAS, SAS, AL, ALP,
     1 VBAR, BETA, WP, UP, EU, EV, EW, SIGZ, QCOM, QBAR, XMACH, U, V, W,
        P,Q,R,Z,PIT,ROL,DIM,VS,ALS,S,UW,VW,WW,PW,QW,RW,DIG)
      DIMENSION SIG(35).A(35)
    VERSION 2.
C
                                          JULY 13 1977
C
    PURPOSE: COMPUTE AERO VARIABLES FROM STATES
C
    CALL SEQUENCE:
C
    ***** OUTPUTS
    OUTPUT VARIABLES= INPUTS - -
                     -X,Y,Z BODY AXIS LINEAR VELOCITY WITH WIND, FT/SEC
      U0, V0, WO
C
                     -X,Y,Z BODY AXIS ANGULAR RATES WITH WIND, DEG/SEC
      PO,QO,RO
C
      DIMO
                     -INDICATOR FOR AERO FORCES AND MOMENTS = DIM
C
                     -Q AND R ANGULAR RATE GUSTS, DEG/SEC
      QWO, RWO
C
    AERO VARIABLES -
C
      CAS. SAS
                     -DIRECTION COSINES FOR STABILITY AXIS TRANSFORM
C
      AL,ALP
                     -ANGLE OF ATTACK IN BODY AND STABILITY AXES, DEG
C
      VBAR
                     -TRUE AIRSPEED, FT/SEC
C
      BETA
                     -SIDESLIP ANGLE, DEG
C
      WP,UP
                     -Z AND X STABILITY AXIS VELOCITIES, FT/SEC (DIMENSIONAL
C
                     -Z AND X PERTURBATION VELOCITIES (NONDIMENSIONAL)
C
      EU, EV, EW
                     -X,Y,Z BODY AXIS ACCELERATION TERMS FOR UDOT, VDOT,
C
                      WDOT SOLUTIONS, FT/SEC**2
    STANDARD ATMOSPHERE VARIABLES -
C
      SIGZ
                     -AIR DENSITY RATIO
CCC
                      -COMPRESSIBLE DYNAMIC PRESSURE, LBS/FT**2
      QCOM
      QBAR
                     -DYNAMIC PRESSURE TIMES REFERENCE AREA, LBS
C
      XMACH
                     -MACH NUMBER
C
    ***** INPUTS
                     *****
    STATE VARIABLES
C
C
      U.V.W
                     -X,Y,Z BODY AXIS LINEAR VELOCITIES, FT/SEC
C
                     -X,Y,Z BODY AXIS ANGULAR RATES, DEG/SEC
      P,Q,R
C
                     -ALTITUDE ABOVE SEA-LEVEL, FT
C
                     -PITCH AND ROLL, EARTH TO BODY AXIS EULER ANGLES, DEG
      PIT, ROL
C
    INDICATOR FUNCTION FOR AERO FORCES AND MOMENTS
C
      DIM = 0
                     -BODY AXIS, DIMENSIONAL
                     -BODY AXIS, NONDIMENSIONAL
C
                     -STABILITY AXIS, DIMENSIONAL
                     -STABILITY AXIS, NONDIMENSIONAL
C
    CONSTANTS -
                     -STEADY STATE AIRSPEED, FT/SEC
      VS
C
      ALS
                     -STEADY STATE ANGLE OF ATTACK, DEG
C
                     -REFERENCE AREA, FT**2
C
    WIND STATES -
C
      UW . VW . WW
                     -X,Y,Z BODY AXIS WIND VELOCITIES, FT/SEC
C
      PW,QW,RW
                     -X,Y,Z BODY AXIS WIND ANGULAR RATES, DEG/SEC
C
    INDICATOR FUNCTION FOR DEGREES OF FREEDOM (DOF)
C
      DIG = 2
                     -TWO DOF LONGITUDINAL (S,Q)
C
                     -THREE DOF LONGITUDINAL (U, W,Q)
C
                     -FOUR DOF LATERAL (V,P,R) + LONGI. (U)
C
             5
                     -THREE DOF LATERAL (V,P,R)
                     -SIX DOF FULL MODEL (U,V,W,P,Q,R)
     WRITTEN BY A.W. WARREN AS COMPONENT *AV* IN
                 FLT.CONTROL LIBRARY
                                          SEPT 1976
```

```
MODIFIED BY MAHINDER WAHI
                                                    MAY 1977
      COMMON /COVRLY/ DUM (3), CPUSEC
      DATA PS, ISW, G, SIG/ .0011884, 0, 32.174, 1.0, .9151, .8359,
     1 .7620, .6932, .6292, .5699, .5150, .4642, .4173, .3741, .3345,
     2 .2981, .2583, .2236, .1936, .1676, .1451, .1256, .10874, .09414,
     3 .08150,.07052,.06081,.05248,.04532,.03915,.03385,.02928,
     4 .02534,.02195,.01902,.01649,.01431,.01242/
      DATA DPR /57.29578/,CPUS /0./
      DATA A /1116.4,1104.9,1093.2,1081.4,1069.4,1057.4,1045.2,
     1 1032.8,1020.3,1007.6,994.9,981.9,968.7,968.1,968.1,968.1,
     2 968.1,968.1,968.1,968.1,968.1,968.1,968.2,970.2,972.2,
     3 974.3,976.3,978.3,980.3,982.3,984.3,986.3,988.3,990.2,992.2/
C
C
                   INITIALIZATION
      IF (CPUS.EQ.CPUSEC) GO TO 10
      IF (UW.EQ. .99999) UW=VW=WW=PW=QW=RW=0.
      IF(DIM.EQ. .99999) DIM= 0.
      IF(ALS.EQ. .99999) ALS= 0.
      IF (DIG.EQ.2.)
                    GO TO 40
      IF(DIG.EQ.3.)
                     GO TO 50
      IF (DIG.EQ.4.) GO TO 60
                    GO TO 70
      IF (DIG. 5Q.5.)
                              AC= A(TE) + (A(TE+E) + A(TE)+1E)
ORS= PS=STRER#FRARE
      IF (DIG.EQ.6.) GO TO 80
   40 V =P =R =UW =VW =PW =RW =0.
      GO TO 80
   50 V =P =R =VW =PW =RW =0.
      GO TO 80
   60 Q =WW =QW =0.
      GO TO 80
   70 Q =UW =WW =QW =0.
   80 CONTINUE
      CAS= COS(ALS/DPR)
      SAS= SIN(ALS/DPR)
      US=VS*CAS
      DIMO= DIM
      IF(DIM.GE.2.) GO TO 20
      CAS= 1.
      SAS= 0.
   20 CPUS= CPUSEC
                   OUTPUT STATES
   10 UO= U -UW
      VO= V - VW
      WO= W - WW
      PO= P+ PW
      20= Q+ QW
      RO= R+ RW
      QWO= QW
      RWO= RW
      IF (DIM.LT.2.) GO TO 30
      P1= PO*CAS+ RO*SAS
      RO= RO*CAS- PO*SAS
      PO= P1
                   AERO VARIABLES
```

Table 244: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE VA (CONCLUDED)

```
30 AL= ATAN(WO/UO)*OPR
      ALP= AL - ALS
      VBAR2= U0**2 + V0**2 + W0**2
      VBAR= SQRT(VBAR2)
BETA= ASIN(VO/VBAR)*DPR
      BETA= ASIN(VO/VBAR)*DPR
WP= WO*CAS- UO*SAS
UP= UO*CAS + WO*SAS
IF(DIM.EQ.1.) UP= (UO - US)/VS
IF(DIM.EQ.3.) UP= (UP - VS)/VS
C
      EU= (-Q*W + R*V)/DPR - G*SIN(PIT/DPR)
      G1 = G*COS(PIT/DPR)
      EV= (-R*U + P*W)/DPR +G1*SIN(ROL/DPR)
      EW= (-P*V + Q*U)/DPR +G1*COS(ROL/DPR)
C
CC
                     ATMOSPHERE VARIABLES
            LINEAR INTERPOLATION OF AIR DENSITY RATIO AND SOUND VELOCITY
      Z1 = Z/3000. +1.
      IZ= Z1
      IZ= MINO(MAXO(1, IZ), 34)
      SIGZ = SIG(IZ) + (SIG(IZ+1) - SIG(IZ))*(Z1-IZ)
      AZ = A(IZ) + (A(IZ+1) - A(IZ))*(Z1-IZ)
DPS= PS*SIGZ*VBAR2
      DPS= PS*SIGZ*VBAR2
      QBAR= DPS* S
      XMACH= VBAR/AZ
      XM2= XMACH**2
      QCCM= DPS*(1.+ XM2*.25*(1.+ XM2*0.1*(1.+ XM2*.025)))
       IF(XM2.GT.1.) QCOM= DPS*(1.839 -.772/XM2**2 + .035/XM2**3)
      RETURN
      END
```

Table 245: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE VALVE

CVALVE
SUBROUTINE VALVE
C PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE SUBROUTINE
C RELATION BETWEEN VENT AREA AND RELIEF VALVE DISPLACEMENT
C
COMMON/STATE/PPLM, PCH, PTK, SINKRT, YCG, DPHI, DTHETA, THETAE, PHIE, SIE
1, xv, vv, QFANX
COMMON/PRV/DPRV, PPLMB, XA, AKPRV, AMPRV, SPRV, NPRV, AVENT
C
AVENT=0.
IF(XV.LT.0.0) RETURN
C VALVE OPEN
AVENT=XV*SPRV
RETURN
END

```
CVLX
      SUBROUTINE VLX(P1, P2, T, D, DPOPP, OPEN, VAL, W)
C
    PURPOSE - TO CALCULATE THE WEIGHT FLOW OF AIR ACROSS BUTTERFLY,
C
              GATE AND GLOBE TYPE VALUES.
C
    METHOD - 1. BUTTERFLY VALVES - ASSUMES DISCHARGE COEFF 0.87
C
               2. GATE VALVES - USES INPUT TABLE OF K FACTOR VERSUS
                                FRACTIONAL OPENING
               3. GLOBE VALVES - CALCULATES GEOMETRIC FLOW AREA AND
C
                                 ASSUMES DISCHARGE COEFF = 0.80
C
    WRITTEN BY - ADAM LLOYD
C
                                         LATEST REVISION
                                                             NOV 75
C
    LIMITATIONS - FOR GLOBE VALVES, THE POPPET DIAMETER (DPOPP)
C
                  MUST BE GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO THE SEAT DIAMETER (D)
C
C
    INPUT/OUTPUT LIST
C
C
    PI
               INLET PRESSURE
                                                   PSIA
                                                                INPUT
               OUTLET PRESSURE
C
    P2
                                                   PSIA
                                                                INPUT
C
    T
               TEMPERATURE
                                                   DEGR
                                                                INPUT
C
               DUCT DIAMETER
                                                   INCH
                                                                INPUT
C
               (SEAT DIAMETER FOR GLOBE VALVES)
C
    DPOPP
               POPPET DIAMETER
                                                   INCH
                                                                INPUT
               (REQUIRED FOR GLOBE VALVES (IVAL=3) ONLY)
C
C
    OPEN
               VALVE OPENING
                                                                INPUT
               IVAL=1
                         DEGREES OPEN
C
               IVAL=2,3 FRACTIONAL OPENING (O.LE.OPEN.LE.1.)
               CODE IDENTIFYING TYPE OF VALVE
C
    VAL
                                                                INPUT
C
               =1. BUTTERFLY VALVE
C
               =2. GATE VALVE
C
               =3. GLOBE VALVE
               FLOW RATE
C
                                                   LS/MIN
                                                                 DUTPUT
      COMMON/CIO/IREAD, IWRITE, IDIAG
      DIMENSION AKF (21)
    DATA ARRAY OF K FACTOR FOR GATE VALVE
C
    INCREMENT IN FRACTIONAL OPENING IS 0.05
    ESTIMATED DATA FOR FRACTIONAL OPENING LESS THAN 0.12
      DATA AKF /
          1000-
                   ,600.
                             ,200.
                                        ,51.
                                                  ,27.
                   ,10.
                             ,6.5
                                                 ,3.0
          16.
                                        ,4.4
                   ,1.38
                                                 ,0.41
     3
          2.05
                           ,0.94
                                       ,0.63
          0.25
                   .0.162
                             ,0.096
                                        ,0.050
                                                 ,0.020
          0.010 /
      IVAL =VAL
      GO TO (10,20,30) IVAL
    SUTTERFLY VALVE ANALYSIS
    CHECK IF VALVE ANGLE OUTSIDE LIMITS
    ## (OPEN.GT.90.)GO TO 14
      1800 - 87*3.1-16*0*0*(1.-COS(OPEN/57.296))/4.
     CALL #WFLOW(P1.P2.T.AEFF, 1..FN.W)
```

Table 246: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE VLX (CONCLUDED)

```
IF (OPEN.LT.O.) W=-WY ON MARKE MARKET MARKET MARKET SALE DELETED AND THE
    GO TO/100
    AEFF#.87#3.1416#0#0/4.
    CALL FNFLOW(P1, P2, T, AEFF, 1., FN, W)
    W=W*(0.9+.1*OPEN/90.)
   GATE VALVE ANALYSIS
  CHECK IF VALVE OPENING OUTSIDE LIMITS

IF (OPEN.LT.0.05)GO TO 22

IF (OPEN.GT.1.)GO TO 24
20
    IF (OPEN.GT.1.)GO TO 24
    X1=OPEN/.05+1.
    X1=AMIN1(AMAX1(X1,1.),29.)
    T=X1
    I=MINO(MAXO(I,1),28)
    I=MINO(MAXQ(I,1),28)
AK=(X1-I)*(AKF(I+1)-AKF(I)) + AKF(I)
    AEFF=.7854*D*D
    CALL FNFLOW(P1, P2, T, AEFF, AK, FN, W)
    GO TO 100
    AEFF= .7854*D*D
22
    CALL FNFLOW(P1,P2,T,AEFF,600.,FN,W) W=W*(10.+OPEN)/10.05
    W=W*(10.+OPEN)/10.05
    GO TO 100
24
    AEFF= . 7854*D*D
     CALL FNFLOW(P1,P2,T,AEFF,.O1,FN,W)
    W=W*(0.90+.10*0PEN)
    GO TO 100
   CLOBE VALVE ANALYSIS
30
    XMAX=(SQRT(.25*(1.+SQRT(1.+4.*(DPOPP/D)**2.))**2.-1.)
    1 - SQRT((DPOPP/D)**2.-1.))*D/2.
   CHECK IF VALVE OPENING OUTSIDE LIMITS
     IF (OPEN.LT.0.05)GO TO 32
     IF (OPEN.GT.1.)GO TO 34
    X= XMA X+OPEN
    DUM=(2.*X/D + SQRT((DPOPP/D)**2.-1.))**2.+1.
     AGEO=(DUM-(DPOPP/D) **2.) *.7854*D*D/SQRT(DUM)
   CALCULATE EFFECTIVE AREA AND FLOW
     AEFF=0.80*AGEO
    CALL FNFLOW(P1,P2,T,AEFF,1.,FN,W)
     GO TO 100
32
     X=.05*XMAX
     DUM=(2.*X/D + SQRT((DPOPP/D)**2.-1.))**2.+1.
    AGEO=(DUM-(DPOPP/D)**2.)*.7854*D*D/SQRT(DUM)
     AEFF=.80=AGED
     CALL FNFLOW(P1,P2,T,AEFF,1.,FN,W)
     W=W#(10.+OPEN)/10.05
     GO TO 100
     X=XMAX
     DUM=(2.*X/D + SQRT((DPOPP/D)**2.-1.))**2.+1.
     AGEO=(DUM-(DPOPP/D) **2.) *.7854*0*D/SQRT(DUM)
    CALL FNFLOW(P1,P2,T,AEFF,1.,FN,W)
W=W#(.90+.10#0PFN)
     W=W#(.90+.10*0PEN)
100
    RETURN
     END
```

Table 247: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE VPRINB

```
CVPRINB
               SUBROUTINE VPRINB(K,I,M,MS,NE,ZGAP,ZO,YO,L1,L3,AS,UTY,FFXBAR,
                                               FFYBAR, FDBAR, FTBAR, CNT, CNTL, CNTF)
000000
                                                      REVISED 20 MARCH 1979
          VERSION 2.
            WRITTEN BY
                                             J.R.KILNER
            LIMITATIONS - CALLED ONLY BY COMPONENT AB AND A1
               COMMON/CTIME/T
               COMMON/COVRLY/INST
               COMMON/CSIMUL/D1, IRATE, D2(4), TINC, D3(7)
               COMMON/BMADTS/INT
               COMMON/CIO/IREAD, IWRITE, IDIAG
               REAL LI, L3
               DIMENSION A(50,11)
               DATA NTIM/O/
C
               IF(INST.EQ.27) GO TO 10 THE MET MAN THE STATE OF THE STAT
               NTIM=0
               IF(INST.NE.26)GOTO 99
               10
            IF(K.EQ.0)GD TO 22
C
CC
       LOAD PRINT STORAGE ARRAY
               J=I+(M-1)*NE
               A(J, 1) = ZGAP
               A(J.2)=Z0
               A(J,3)=Y0
               A(J,4)=L1
               A(J,5)=L3 /
               A(J,6)=AS
               A(J,7)=UTY
               A(J,8)=FFXBAR
               A(J,9)=FFYBAR
               A(J,10)=FDBAR
A(J,11)=FTBAR
               GOTO 99
              CONTINUE
               IF(INST.EQ.27.AND.NTIM.GT.0) GO TO 99
C
       PRINT DATA
               WRITE(IWRITE, 200)T
               DO 40 MM=1.MS
               DO 40 J=1.NE
               JC=J+(MM-1) *NE
               WRITE(IWRITE, 202)J, (A(JC,JR), JR=1,11)
40
200
               FORMATI/* TIME=*,F7.4/8X,*ZGAP
            * *L1 L3 AS
* *FFY FD FT
202
               FORMAT(1X,12,2X,11E10.3)
               CNTL=.5*CNTL/NE
               CNTF=.5*CNTF/NE
               WRITE(IWRITE, 204) CNT, CNTL, CNTF
```

Table 247: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE VPRINB (CONCLUDED)

LIMITATIONS - CALLED DWLY BY COMPENSINT IN

COMMONACTO/TRBAD, IMRETE, IDIAG

CO SE NWELLES

204 FORMAT(* CNT=*,E10.3,6X,*CNTL=*,E10.3,6X,*CNTF=*,E10.3)
CNT=0.
CNTF=0.
CNTF=0.
CNTM=1

RETURN

END

637

tsi-fastelatestial-fisses. Strawfistian

TA

对此的意味来来是一个工作。如此是一个工作,如此是主义的证明。

09

WRITE (INRITE , ZOA) AGAP

Table 248: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE VPRINT

```
CVPRINT
      SUBROUTINE VPRINT(K, I, M, MS, NE, ZGAP, ZO, YO, L1, L3, VTS, VCS, FFXBAR,
                    FFYBAR, FDBAR, FTBAR, FCBAR, AGAP)
C
C
    VERSION 2.
                        REWISED 20 MARCH 1979
C
C
     WRITTEN BY
                   J.R.KILNER
                                                             I=MITH
                                                             RETURN
     LIMITATIONS - CALLED ONLY BY COMPONENT TK
      COMMON/CTI ME/T
      COMMON/COVRLY/INST
      COMMON/CSIMUL/D1, IRATE, D2(4), TINC, D3(7)
      COMMON/BMADTS/INT
      COMMON/CIO/IREAD, IWRITE, IDIAG
      REAL L1,L3
      DIMENSION A(50,12)
      DATA NTIM/O/
      IF(INST.EQ.27) GO TO 10
      NTIM=0
      IFI INST.NE.26 ) GOTO 99
      IF(INT.NE.1) GO TO 99
  10 IF(K.EQ.0) GOTO 22
CCC
   LOAD PRINT STORAGE ARRAY
      J=I+(M-1)*NE
      A(J,1)=ZGAP
      A(J,2)=20
      A(J,3)=Y0
      A(J,4)=L1
      A(J,5)=L3
      A(J,6)=VTS
      A(J,7)=VCS
      A(J,8)=FFXBAR
      A(J,9)=FFYBAR
      A(J,10)=FDBAR
      A(J,11)=FTBAR
      A(J,12)=FCBAR
      GOTO 99
      CONTINUE
      IF (INST.EQ.27.AND.NTIM.GT.0) GO TO 99
   PRINT DATA
      WRITE(IWRITE, 200)T
      DO 40 MM=1, MS
      00 40 J=1.NE
      30+(1-MM)+L=3L
      WRITE(IWRITE, 202)J, (A(JC,JR),JR=1,12)
40
200
      FORMATI/# TIME=#,F7.4/8X,#ZGAP
                                                        YO
                                             ZO
     * *L1
                   L3
                             VT
                                                    FFX
     * *FFY
                   FD
                              FT
                                         FC
                                              *)
202
      FORMAT(1X, 12, 2X, 12E10.3)
      WRITE (IWRITE, 204) AGAP
```

Table 248: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE VPRINT (CONCLUDED)

TIMEAR AFFOCIATES -- SOLD TWE SC WILLINGE

CHANGE IN RIWO WITH ALTITUDE.WIND VECTOR ASSURED PARALLEL TO THE GROUND PLANE.THE WIND MAGNITUDE MODIFIED BY THEAR IS RESULVED ALONG THE RUNKAY COOPDINATES MORTH AND EASTERNO'S STORESAND TRANSPORMED INTO RODY AKES.

PORMAT(2X,*AGAP=*,E10.3) AND PARK THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY

TYRE YAR

639

Table 249: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE WS

```
CWS
      SUBROUTINE WS (TWS, UWS, VWS, WWS, WK, WAN, ALT, PIT, DNI)
      REAL ME
    VERSION 2.
C
                               MARCH 31 1978
C
    PURPOSE
              SIMULATE WIND SHEAR OR STEADY WIND COMPONENTS
000000
    METHOD
              WIND MAGNITUDE QUOTED AT TOWER ALTITUDE OF 50 FEET IS
              MODIFIED BY A NON-LINEAR SHEAR FACTOR TO REFLECT THE
              CHANGE IN WIND WITH ALTITUDE.WIND VECTOR ASSUMED
              PARALLEL TO THE GROUND PLANE. THE WIND MAGNITUDE MODIFIED
              BY SHEAR IS RESOLVED ALONG THE RUNWAY COORDINATES NORTH
              AND EAST(FWO + SIDE) AND TRANSFORMED INTO BODY AXES.
C
C
    CALL SEQUENCE
C
    ***** TABLE ****
C
      TWS
              -ONE DIMENSIONAL TABLE OF WIND SHEAR FACTOR AS A
C
              -FUNCTION OF AIRPLANE CG ALTITUDE
CCC
    *****
            CUTPUTS *****
    LINEAR VELOCITIES -- BODY AXES
      UWS
              -X AXIS STEADY OR SHEAR WIND VELOCITY, FT/SEC
CCC
      VWS
              -Y AXIS STEADY OR SHEAR WIND VELOCITY, FT/SEC
      NWS
              -Z AXIS STEADY OR SHEAR WIND VELOCITY, FT/SEC
    *****
            INPUTS *****
CC
      WK
              -WIND MAGNITUDE AT 50 FEET (TOWER), FT/SEC
      WAN
              -ANGLE BETWEEN THE WIND VECTOR AND RUNWAY CENTERLINE, DEG
C
      ALT
              -AIRPLANE CG ALTITUDE, FT
CCC
      PIT
                    -PITCH ANGLE EARTH TO BODY, DEG
    INDICATOR FOR STEADY OR SHEAR WIND
C
      DNI = C SHEAR WIND, TABLE LOCKUP FACTOR
C
         = 1 STEADY WIND, FACTOR=1.
C
    WRITTEN BY MAHINDER WAHI
                                                         MAY 1977
      DIMENSION TWS(1)
C
       SET DEFAULTS
      IF (ISW. EQ. 1)GO TO 10
      IF (WK . EQ. . 99999) WK=0.
      IF (WAN. EQ. .99999) WAN=0.
      IF (ALT.EQ. .99999) ALT=0.
      IF (PIT. EQ. .99999) PIT=0.
      ISW=1
    COMPUTE WIND SHEAR FACTOR
   10 IF(DNI.NE.C.) GO TO 20
      NX = TWS(2)
      MF= TBLU1(ALT, TWS(4), TWS(NX+4), 1,-NX)
      GO TO 30
   20 MF=1.
    RESOLVE WIND INTO NORTH AND EAST COMPONENTS
   30 WKN=-WK=MF*CDS(WAN+.01745)
      WKE= WK*MF*SIN(WAN*.01745)
    TRANSFORMATION FROM EARTH TO BODY AXIS
      UWS= WKN*COS(PIT*.01745)
      VWS= WKE
      WHS= -WKN*SIN(PIT*.01745)
      RETURN
      END
```

Table 250: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE XP

```
SUBROUTINE XP(T,P2,Q2,R2,P1,Q1,R1)

C VERSION: 1. REVISED: JUNE 10 1976

C PURPOSE: PERFORM STATIC TRANSFORMATION ON THREE VECTOR

C CALL SEQUENCE:

C T - TRANSFORMATION MATRIX

C P2,Q2,R2 - OUTPUT VECTOR COMPONENTS

C P1,Q1,R1 - INPUT VECTOR COMPONENTS

C DESIGNED BY: J.O. BURROUGHS JUNE 1976

DIMENSION T(18)

P2=P1*T(10)+Q1*T(11)+R1*T(12)

Q2=P1*T(13)+Q1*T(14)+R1*T(15)

R2=P1*T(16)+Q1*T(17)+R1*T(18)

RETURN

END
```

Table 251: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE XT

```
CXT
     SUBROUTINE XT(T,P2,Q2,R2,P1,Q1,R1)
                               REVISED: JUNE 10 1976
  VERSION: 1.
C
  PURPOSE: PERFORM STATIC TRANSFORMATION ON THREE VECTOR
  CALL SEQUENCE:
0000
                    TRANSFORMATION MATRIX
                                                 $9:50.59
       P2, Q2, R2 -
                    OUTPUT VECTOR COMPONENTS
                                            - 18,10,19
       P1,Q1,R1 - INPUT VECTOR COMPONENTS
                                          JUNE 1976
  DESIGNED BY: J.D. BURROUGHS
DIMENSION T(18)
     P2=P1*T(10)+Q1*T(11)+R1*T(12)
Q2=P1*T(13)+Q1*T(14)+R1*T(15)
     Q2=P1*T(13)+Q1*T(14)+R1*T(15)
                                  17#19#471117#10#16117#19#59
     R2=P1*T(16)+Q1*T(17)+R1*T(18)
     RETURN
     END
```

Table 252: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE XXPRT

```
CXXPRT
      SUBROUTINE XXPRT(K, I, M, MS, NE, ZGAP, ZO, YO, L1, L3, VTS, VCS, FFXBAR,
                   FFYBAR, FOBAR, FTBAR, FCBAR, L2, AGAP, EP, TX, TY, TZ, AT, AC)
C
000000000
    VERSION 2.
                                     REVISED MARCH 1979
    WRITTEN BY - GS DULEBA
    PURPOSE - TO STORE AND WRITE VALUES OF ELASTIC TRUNK
              VARIABLES DURING SIMULATION.
    LIMITATIONS - CALLED ONLY BY COMPONENT TS
C
      COMMON/CT INE/T
      COMMON/COVRLY/INST
      COMMON/CSIMUL/D1, IRATE, D2(4), TINC, D3(7)
      COMMON/BMADTS/INT
      COMMON/CIO/IREAD, IWRITE, IDIAG
REAL L1, L2, L3
      DIMENSION A(50,10), B(50,10)
      DATA NTIM/O/
C
      IF (INST.EQ.27) GO TO 10
      NTIM=0
      IF (INST.NE.26)GOTO 99
      IF (INT.NE.1) GO TO 99
 10
      CONTINUE
   LOAD PRINT STORAGE ARRAY
      IF (K.EQ.1) GO TO 22
      J= I+ (M-1) *NE
      A(J,1)=ZGAP
      A(J.2)=20
      A(J,3)=Y0
      A(J,4)=AGAP
      A(J,5)=L1
      A(J,6)=L2
      A(J.7)=L3
      A(J.8)=EP
      A(J,9)=VTS
      A(J,10)=VCS
C
      B(J,1)=FFXBAR
      B(J,2)=FFYBAR
      8(J,3)=FDBAR
      B(J,4)=FTBAR
      8(J,5)=FCBAR
      3(J.6)=TX
      8(J,7)=TY
      B(J.8)=TZ
      5(J,9)=AT
      B(J,10)=4C
      GO TO 99
 22
      CONTINUE
```

Table 252: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE XXPRT (CONCLUDED)

```
SUBROUTING XXPRT(X, I, M, MS, ME, 2GAP, 20, VO. LI, L3, VIS, VCS, SAXBARL
  IF (INST. EQ. 27. AND. NTIM. GT. 0) GO TO 99
C
   PRINT DATA
      WRITE(IWRITE, 200)T
      DO 40 MM=1.MS
      DO 40 J=1,NE
      JC=J+(MM-1)*NE
      WRITE(IWRITE, 202) J, (A(JC, JR), JR=1, 10)
 200 FORMAT(/* TIME=*,F7.4/10X, 4HZGAP, 9X, 2HZO, 10X, 2HYO, 2 8X, 4HAGAP, 10X, 2HL1, 1CX, 2HL2, 1CX, 2HL3, 1CX, 2HEP,
     3 10X, 2HVT, 10X, 2HVC)
202
      FORMAT(1X, 12, 2X, 10E12.4)
      WRITE(IWRITE, 300)
      DO 50 MM=1,MS
      00 50 J=1,NE
      JC=J+ (MM-1 ) +N=
      WRITE(IWRITE, 202) J,(B(JC, JR), JR=1, 10)
 50
 300 FORMAT(//,11X, 3HFFX, 9X, 3HFFY, 9X, 2HFD, 10X, 2HFT, 10X,
     2 2HFC, 10x, 2HTX, 10x, 2HTY, 10x, 2HTZ, 10x, 2HAT, 10x, 2HAC)
C
      NTIM=1
99
      RETURN
      END
```

Table 253: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE YC

```
CYC
      SUBROUTINE YC(FX, FXDOT, IFX, FY, TX, TZ, ED, TM, ST, SR, C1, C2, SIG, GA,
     1 TC, TH, XA, ZA)
   VERSION 2. AUG 1977
C--PURPOSE YAW CONTROL THRUSTER
C--METHOD
            VECTORED THRUST IS A FUNCTION OF SIG IN A SATURATION FUNCTION,
C
            WHERE SIG IS AN INPUT FROM AIRCRAFT CONTROL SYSTEM COMPONENT.
C
            IF THE ENGINE DEPENDENCE INDICATOR ED IS 1, VECTORED THRUST
C
            CAPABILITY IS DEPENDENT ON ENGINE THRUST ED=O SETS AVAILABLE
C
             VECTORED THRUST TO A CONSTANT.
C.
   -CALL SEQUENCE
   **** OUTPUTS
C
                   ****
C
                ENGINE THRUST REDUCTION
C
     FXDOT, IFX THRUST REDUCTION RATE, INT CONTROL
C
     FY
                VECTORED THRUST-SIDE FORCE
C
     TX
                ROLL MOMENT DUE TO THRUSTER NOT ON X-AXIS
C
     TZ
                YAW MOMENT DUE TO THRUSTER
C
   ****
          INPUTS
                  ****
C
                ENGINE DEPENDENCE INDICATOR (ED=1.0, YES ED=0.0, NO)
     ED
C
                THRUSTER MAXIMUM FORCE FOR ENGINE INDEPENDENT SYSTEM
     TM
C
     ST
                SLOPE FOR MAXIMUM AVAILABLE SIDE THRUST AS FUNCTION
C
                OF ENGINE THRUST
C
     SR
                SLOPE OF ENGINE THRUST REDUCTION AS FUNCTION OF VECTORED THE
C
     CI
                SATURATION FUNCTION SLOPE
C
     CZ
                SATURATION STOPE
C
     SIG
                AIRCRAFT CONTROL SYSTEM SIGNAL TO THRUSTER
C
     GA
                FIRST ORDER LAG GAIN
C
                FIRST ORDER LAG TIME CONSTANT
     TC
C
                ENGINE THRUST
     TH
C
                THRUSTER YAW MOMENT ARM
     XA
C
                THRUSTER ROLL MOMENT ARM
     ZA
C
   WRITTEN BY JOHN MCAVOY
C--SWITCH FOR ENGINE DEPENDENCE
      IF (ED.GT.0.5) GO TO 1
      TVA=TM
      GO TO 2
C--AVAILABLE VECTORED THRUST
    1 TVA=ST*TH
C--SATURATION INTERCEPT
    2 C3=TVA/C1
      C6=-C3
      C4=C1
      C5=C2
C--SATURATION FUNCTION, FY (SIG)
      CALL SAIFY, SIG, C1, C2, C3, C4, C5, C6)
      IF(ED.LT.0.5) GO TO 3
C--ENGINE THRUST REDUCTION FUNCTION
      FR =- SR + ABS (FY)
C-1ST ORDER LAG ON ENGINE RESPONSE
      IF(IFX.NE.O) FXDOT=(FR*GA-FX)/TC
    3 CONTINUE
C-VECTORED THRUST MOMENTS
```

Table 253: LISTING FOR SUBROUTINE YC (CONCLUDED)

VECTORED THRUST IS A PUNCTION OF SIG IN A SATURATION FUNCTION.

TX=FY*ZA CARACTERINTEGE ST. NT. YELVE MODEL VER DE BETTEGE ST. NT. YELVE MODEL VER DE

SECTION VII

ANALYSIS OF COMPONENTS

Although the EASY model generation and analysis program is primarily intended for the analysis of systems it is possible to use the program for the analysis of single components. The basic procedures and types of analysis and output are fully described in Reference 1, Volume III.

It should be recognized that there are some constraints in running single components. For example, a controller cannot be used in isolation if there is no feedback. Furthermore types of input variable must comply with the input/output lists of particular components. This means that for most single components, the inlet flow and temperature can be specified but not inlet pressure.

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EASY ACLS DYNAMIC ANALYSIS. VOLUME II. PART II. COMPONENT COMPU--ETC(U)

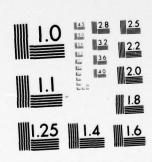
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SECTION VIII

USER ADDED COMPONENTS

It is recognized that users of the EASY program will wish to add their own dynamic models. As discussed in Reference 1, Volume III, this can be done by inserting the component model in Fortran directly into the model generation program. Alternatively, the new model can be added to the list of standard components.

Before constructing a model, the user should become familiar with the numerous standard functions and subroutines described in Section 3 of this volume. Use of these routines will save a great deal of unnecessary coding. The user should also become familiar with the required order of specifying inputs and outputs in the subroutine call statement, as described in Reference 1. Volume III.

The only other guidelines are really common sense and apply to any dynamics program. The programming of discontinous functions should be avoided wherever possible. Similarly excessive non-linearities are undesirable since they slow down steady state convergence and simulation. For example, if it is desired to represent the force when an actuator hits a stop, it is preferrable to model this by a spring force over the last 1% or 5% of travel rather than a step input at the limit. The eigenvalues of the model should always be examined, and modified if necessary, to avoid unnecessary high frequency dynamic effects.

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ACLS Permanent File

Eldenvalue Sentthity

EDML, Subroutine

Analysis Program

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					33300	

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ATT DET BY ME

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